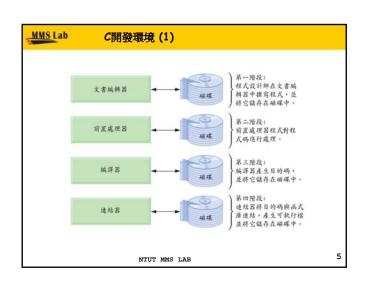
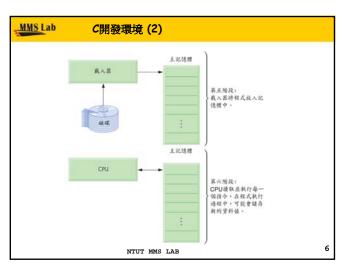


## C的演進 - 1972年由Dennis Ritchie與Ken Thompson在貝爾實驗室 (Bell Laboratory)所發展出來的。 - 1980 Bjarne Stroustrup將C擴充成C++,加入「物件導向」的觀念,與「封裝」、「繼承」、「多型」等功能,使程式設計者多了不少好用的工具。 C的版本很多 - Dev C/C++, Visual C/C++, Microsoft Visual C/C++ 2010, - Turbo C/C++, Borland C/C++, Lattice C/C++, - Quick C/C++, Linux C/C++ 等等。

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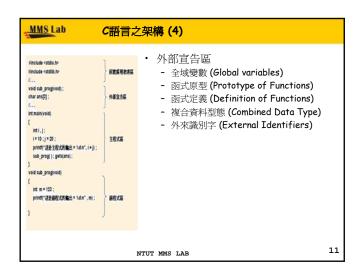


```
MMS Lab
                   C語言之架構 (1)
                                                           1. 前置處理敘述區
                                                           (Pre-processor directive)
     #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
     void sub_prog(void);
char ans[3];
                                                            外部宣告區
                                                            2. 外部宣告區
(External Decoration)
     int main(void)
        inti.j;
i= 10 ; j = 20 ;
                                                            主程式區
         printf("這是主程式的輸出 = %d\n", i + j);
sub_prog(); gets(ans);
                                                           3. 主程式區
                                                            (Main program)
      void sub_prog(void)
        int m = 123 :
         printf("运是副程式的输出 = %d\n", m);
                                                            副程式區
                                                            4. 副程式區
                                                             (Subprogram)
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```



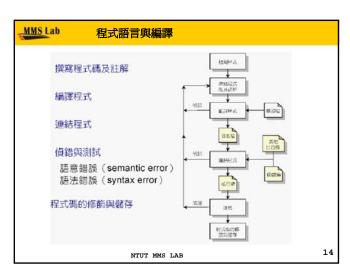


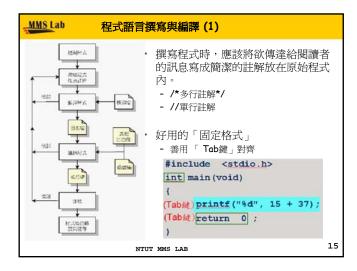






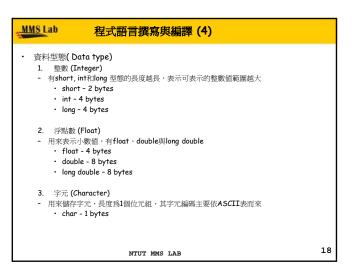












```
MMS Lab
                 程式語言撰寫與編譯 (5)
資料型別
                          printf 的轉換指定詞
                                                    scanf 的轉換指定詞
long double
                          %Lf
                                                    %Lf
double
                          %f
                                                    %1 f
                          %f
                                                    %f
unsigned long int
                          %lu
                                                    %1u
long int
                          %Id
                                                    %1d
unsigned int
                          %и
                                                    %и
                          %d
                                                    %d
int
                          %hu
                                                    %hu
unsigned short
                          %hd
short
                                                    %hd
char
                                                                   20
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```

```
MMS Lab
                     程式語言撰寫與編譯 (9)
   程式範例: 將兩個數相加
    1 E#include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
                                                            Enter first integer
        int main(void)
                                                            Enter second integer
            int integerl;
            int integer2;
int sum;
                                                                  is 117
            printf("Enter first integer\n");
scanf("%d", &integer1);
                                                                                45
            printf("Enter second integer\n");
scanf("%d", &integer2);
  12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
                                                                                72
            sum=integer1+integer2;
                                                                               117
            printf("Sum is %d\n",sum);
                                                               圖 2.8 在計算執行之後的記憶體情形
            system("pause");
return 0;
                                                                                            23
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```



```
MMS Lab
             程式語言撰寫與編譯 (11)
 C的運算子執行的順序
      步骤 1 y = 2 * 5 * 5 + 3 * 5 + 7; (最左逢的乘法先運算)
             2 * 5 is 10
      步麻 2 y = 10 * 5 + 3 * 5 + 7;
                               (最左邊的乘法先運算)
             10 * 5 is 50
      今森 3 y = 50 + 3 * 5 + 7;
                               (表法在加法之前)
                3 * 5 is 15
     (最左逢的加法)
             50 + 15 is 65
      今株 5 y = 65 + 7;
                               (最後一個加法)
             65 + 7 is 72
      少株 6 y = 72
                               (最後一個運算一把72放入y中)
                                                         25
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```

```
MMS Lab
                      程式語言撰寫與編譯 (12)
• 程式範例: 整數與浮點數的資料型態
       #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
       int main(void)
                                                         射變數n×之值:9
射變數n×∕2之值:4
型別變數d×之值:9.990000
型別變數d×⁄2.8之值:4.99500
            int nx:
            double dx;
            nx=9.99;
            dx=9.99;
            printf("int 型別變數nx之值:%d\n",nx);
printf("int 型別變數nx/2之值:%d\n",nx/2);
  11
12
  13
14
15
16
            printf("double 型別變數dx之值:%f\n",dx);
printf("double 型別變數dx/2.0之值:%f\n",dx/2.0);
                                                               HW1·練習設計計算機
 17
18
19 )
            system("pause");
             return 0;
                                                                                           26
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```

```
MMS Lab
                           程式語言撰寫與編譯 (13)
    程式範例:整數與浮點數的資料型態
         #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
                                                      18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
                                                                   printf("nl=%d\n",nl);
                                                                   printf("n2=%d\n",n2);
printf("n3=%d\n",n3);
          int main(void)
                                                                  printf( n3=%d\n',n3);
printf( n4=%d\n',n4);
printf( d1=%f\n',d1);
printf( d2=%f\n',d2);
printf( d3=%f\n',d3);
               int n1,n2,n3,n4;
double d1,d2,d3,d4;
               n1=5/2;
                                                                   printf("d4=%f\n",d4);
               n2=5.0/2.0;
n3=5.0/2;
                                                                   system("pause");
  11
12
13
14
15
16
                n4=5/2.0;
               d1=5/2;
d2=5.0/2.0;
d3=5.0/2;
                                                                                     n2=2
n3=2
                                                                                     n4=2
d1=2.000000
                d4=5/2.0;
                                                                                     d3=2.500000
                                                                                     d4=2.500000
                                                                                                                27
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```

```
MMS Lab
                             程式語言撰寫與編譯 (15)
    C的條件運算
     nt main(void)
       int num1;
int num2;
                                                                      printf("%d is less than or equal to %d\n", num1, num2);
       printf("Enter two integers, and I will tell you\n");
printf("the relationships they satisfy: ");
                                                                     printf("%d is greater than or equal to %d\n", num1, num2);
       scanf("%d%d", &nunl, &nun2);
        f(nunl=nun2)
          printf("%d is equal to %d\n", num1, num2);
       if(numl != num2) {
      printf("%d is not equal to %d\n", numl, num2);
          printf("%d is less than %d\n", numl, num2);
                                                                                            or equal to 7
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```



MMS Lab	Homework	
程式碼,執 1) 2.21 2) 2.23 3) 2.24 4) 2.25 5) 2.26 6) 2.27 7) 2.31	行檔和電子報告	
8) 2.32 9) 2.33	NTUT MMS LAB	31