```
import requests
def make_request(endpoint, payload=None):
  Make a request to a specific endpoint on the weather API
  passing headers and optional payload.
  Parameters:
  - endpoint: The endpoint of the API you want to
  make a GET request to.
  - payload: A dictionary of data to pass along
  with the request.
  Returns:
  Response object.
  return requests.get(
    \verb|f'| \frac{\text{https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/api/v2/{endpoint}}|', \\
    headers={
      'token': 'KFwvUbvvdsWskOidlBysYFNxyWtdtVcV'
    },
    params=payload
response = make_request('datasets', {'startdate':'2018-10-01'})
response.status_code # if 200, request is success
     200
# response object can be accessed with .json()
response.json().keys() # keys are the main identifiers (?)
     dict_keys(['metadata', 'results'])
response.json()['metadata'] # metadata are information about the request
     {'resultset': {'offset': 1, 'count': 11, 'limit': 25}}
response.json() \hbox{['results'][0].keys() \# results are the actual data results we requested} \\
     dict_keys(['uid', 'mindate', 'maxdate', 'name', 'datacoverage', 'id'])
response.json()['results'] # prints the actual results for clearer picture
       'maxdate': '2024-02-01',
       'name': 'Global Summary of the Month',
       'datacoverage': 1,
       'id': 'GSOM'},
      {'uid': 'gov.noaa.ncdc:C00947',
       'mindate': '1763-01-01', 
'maxdate': '2024-01-01',
       'name': 'Global Summary of the Year',
       'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'GSOY'},
{'uid': 'gov.noaa.ncdc:C00345',
        'mindate': '1991-06-05',
       'maxdate': '2024-03-12'
       'name': 'Weather Radar (Level II)',
       'datacoverage': 0.95,
       'id': 'NEXRAD2'},
      {'uid': 'gov.noaa.ncdc:C00708',
        'mindate': '1994-05-20',
       'maxdate': '2024-03-10',
       'name': 'Weather Radar (Level III)',
       'datacoverage': 0.95,
       'id': 'NEXRAD3'},
      {'uid': 'gov.noaa.ncdc:C00821',
```

```
name : Normals Daily ,
          'datacoverage': 1,
         'id': 'NORMAL_DLY'},
        {'uid': 'gov.noaa.ncdc:C00824',
          'mindate': '2010-01-01',
         'maxdate': '2010-12-31',
'name': 'Normals Hourly',
         'datacoverage': 1,
         'id': 'NORMAL_HLY'},
       {'uid': 'gov.noaa.ncdc:C00822', 
'mindate': '2010-01-01',
         'maxdate': '2010-12-01',
         'name': 'Normals Monthly',
         'datacoverage': 1,
         'id': 'NORMAL_MLY'},
        {'uid': 'gov.noaa.ncdc:C00505',
         'mindate : '1970-05-12',
         'maxdate': '2014-01-01'
         'name': 'Precipitation 15 Minute',
         'datacoverage': 0.25,
         'id': 'PRECIP_15'},
        {'uid': 'gov.noaa.ncdc:C00313',
         'mindate': '1900-01-01',
'maxdate': '2014-01-01',
         'name': 'Precipitation Hourly',
         'datacoverage': 1,
         'id': 'PRECTP HLY'}]
[(\mathsf{data}[\mathsf{'id'}],\;\mathsf{data}[\mathsf{'name'}])\;\mathsf{for}\;\mathsf{data}\;\mathsf{in}\;\mathsf{response.json}()[\mathsf{'results'}]]\;\mathsf{\#}\;\mathsf{gets}\;\mathsf{the}\;\mathsf{id}\;\mathsf{and}\;\mathsf{name}\;\mathsf{of}\;\mathsf{data}
      [('GHCND', 'Daily Summaries'),
       ('GSOM', 'Global Summary of the Month'), ('GSOY', 'Global Summary of the Year'),
        ('NEXRAD2', 'Weather Radar (Level II)'),
        ('NEXRAD3', 'Weather Radar (Level III)'),
       ('NORMAL_ANN', 'Normals Annual/Seasonal'), ('NORMAL_DLY', 'Normals Daily'),
       ('NORMAL_HLY', 'Normals Hourly'),
('NORMAL_HLY', 'Normals Monthly'),
('PRECIP_15', 'Precipitation 15 Minute'),
('PRECIP_HLY', 'Precipitation Hourly')]
# get data category id
response = make_request( # changes the content of response variable
  \verb|'datacategories'|,
  payload={
      'datasetid' : 'GHCND' # gets the GHCND, daily summaries
  }
response.status_code # returns 200, request success
      200
response.json()['results']
      {'name': 'Precipitation', 'id': 'PRCP'},
       {'name': 'Sky cover & clouds', 'id': 'SKY'}, {'name': 'Sunshine', 'id': 'SUN'},
        {'name': 'Air Temperature', 'id': 'TEMP'},
       {'name': 'Water', 'id': 'WATER'}, 
{'name': 'Wind', 'id': 'WIND'},
        {'name': 'Weather Type', 'id': 'WXTYPE'}]
# get data type id
response = make_request(
  'datatypes',
  payload={
     'datacategoryid' : 'TEMP',
     'limit' : 100 # get 100 data points
  }
response.status_code # returns 200, request success
      200
```

```
def get_item(name, what, endpoint, start=1, end=None):
 Grab the JSON payload for a given field by name using binary search.
 Parameters:
  - name: The item to look for.
 - what: Dictionary specifying what the item in `name` is.
 - endpoint: Where to look for the item.
  - start: The position to start at. We don't need to touch this, but the
 function will manipulate this with recursion.
 - end: The last position of the cities. Used to find the midpoint, but
        like `start` this is not something we need to worry about.
 Returns:
   Dictionary of the information for the item if found otherwise
    an empty dictionary.
 # find the midpoint which we use to cut the data in half each time
 mid = (start + (end if end else 1)) // 2
 # lowercase the name so this is not case-sensitive
 name = name.lower()
 # define the payload we will send with each request
 payload = {
    'datasetid' : 'GHCND',
    'sortfield' : 'name',
    'offset' : mid, # we will change the offset each time
    'limit' : 1 # we only want one value back
 # make our request adding any additional filter parameters from `what`
 response = make_request(endpoint, {**payload, **what})
    # if response is ok, grab the end index from the response metadata the first time through
    end = end if end else response.json()['metadata']['resultset']['count']
    # grab the lowercase version of the current name
    current_name = response.json()['results'][0]['name'].lower()
    # if what we are searching for is in the current name, we have found our item
    if name in current name:
      return response.json()['results'][0] # return the found item
    else:
      if start >= end:
      # if our start index is greater than or equal to our end, we couldn't find it
       return {}
      elif name < current_name:</pre>
      # our name comes before the current name in the alphabet, so we search further to the left
       return get_item(name, what, endpoint, start, mid - 1)
      elif name > current name:
      # our name comes after the current name in the alphabet, so we search further to the right
       return get item(name, what, endpoint, mid + 1, end)
  else:
    # response wasn't ok, use code to determine why
    print(f'Response not OK, status: {response.status_code}')
def get_location(name):
 Grab the JSON payload for the location by name using binary search.
 Parameters:
  - name: The city to look for.
 Returns:
 Dictionary of the information for the city if found otherwise
 an empty dictionary.
 return get_item(name, {'locationcategoryid' : 'CITY'}, 'locations')
# get NYC id
nyc = get_location('New York')
nyc
     {'mindate': '1869-01-01',
       maxdate': '2024-03-11'
      'name': 'New York, NY US',
      'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'CITY:US360019'}
# gets the central park station at NY
central_park = get_item('NY City Central Park', {'locationid' : nyc['id']}, 'stations')
central_park
```

```
{'elevation': 42.7,
       'mindate': '1869-01-01',
       'maxdate': '2024-03-10',
      'latitude': 40.77898,
      'name': 'NY CITY CENTRAL PARK, NY US',
      'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'GHCND:USW00094728',
      'elevationUnit': 'METERS',
      'longitude': -73.96925}
# get NYC daily summaries data
response = make_request(
  'data',
    'datasetid' : 'GHCND', # daily summaries
    'stationid' : central_park['id'], # from central park station
    'locationid' : nyc['id'], # at ny
    'startdate' : '2018-10-01', \# gets from oct 1, 2018
    'enddate' : '2018-10-31', # to oct 31, 2018
    'datatypeid' : ['TMIN', 'TMAX', 'TOBS'], # temperature at time of observation, min, and max
    'units' : 'metric',
    'limit' : 1000
 }
)
response.status_code
     200
import pandas as pd
df = pd.DataFrame(response.json()['results']) # transforms to a pandas dataframe
df.head()
                                                                                \blacksquare
                      date datatype
                                                  station attributes value
      0 2018-10-01T00:00:00
                               TMAX GHCND:USW00094728
                                                               "W,2400
                                                                         24.4
                                                                                ıl.
      1 2018-10-01T00:00:00
                                TMIN GHCND:USW00094728
                                                               "W,2400
                                                                         17.2
      2 2018-10-02T00:00:00
                               TMAX GHCND:USW00094728
                                                               "W,2400
                                                                         25.0
      3 2018-10-02T00:00:00
                                TMIN GHCND:USW00094728
                                                                         18.3
                                                               "W,2400
      4 2018-10-03T00:00:00
                               TMAX GHCND:USW00094728
                                                               ..W.2400
                                                                         23.3
 Next steps:
              View recommended plots
df.datatype.unique()
# we want to get the temp at time of observation (TOBS)
# however, only TMAX and TMIN are available
     array(['TMAX', 'TMIN'], dtype=object)
if get_item(
  'NY City Central Park', {'locationid' : nyc['id'], 'datatypeid': 'TOBS'}, 'stations'
  print('Found!')
# it found a value which has TOBS,
\# which means that maybe the TOBS is at a different date
     Found!
laguardia = get_item( # changed station to laguardia airport
  'LaGuardia', {'locationid' : nyc['id']}, 'stations'
laguardia
     {'elevation': 3,
       mindate': '1939-10-07'
      'maxdate': '2024-03-11',
      'latitude': 40.77945,
      'name': 'LAGUARDIA AIRPORT, NY US',
      'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'GHCND:USW00014732',
      'elevationUnit': 'METERS',
      'longitude': -73.88027}
```

```
# get NYC daily summaries data
response = make_request(
  'data',
  {
    'datasetid' : 'GHCND',
    'stationid' : laguardia['id'],
    'locationid' : nyc['id'],
'startdate' : '2018-10-01',
    'enddate' : '2018-10-31',
    'datatypeid' : ['TMIN', 'TMAX', 'TAVG'], # temperature at time of observation, min, and max
    'units' : 'metric',
    'limit' : 1000
 }
)
response.status_code
     200
df = pd.DataFrame(response.json()['results'])
df.head() # results contain TAVG
                       date datatype
                                                   station attributes value
                                                                                  \overline{\Pi}
      0 2018-10-01T00:00:00
                                TAVG GHCND:USW00014732
                                                                   H,,S,
                                                                          21.2
      1 2018-10-01T00:00:00
                                TMAX GHCND:USW00014732
                                                                "W,2400
                                                                          25.6
      2 2018-10-01T00:00:00
                                 TMIN GHCND:USW00014732
                                                                "W,2400
                                                                          18.3
      3 2018-10-02T00:00:00
                                 TAVG GHCND:USW00014732
                                                                    H,,S,
                                                                           22.7
```

TMAX GHCND:USW00014732

"W,2400

26.1

4 2018-10-02T00:00:00