

## RLC Resonance

$$Z = R + j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C}$$

$$= R + j(\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C})$$

$$\omega_L = \frac{1}{\omega_C}$$

### At the Resonance

$$Z = R$$

At Resonance,  $\text{Im}(Z) = 0$

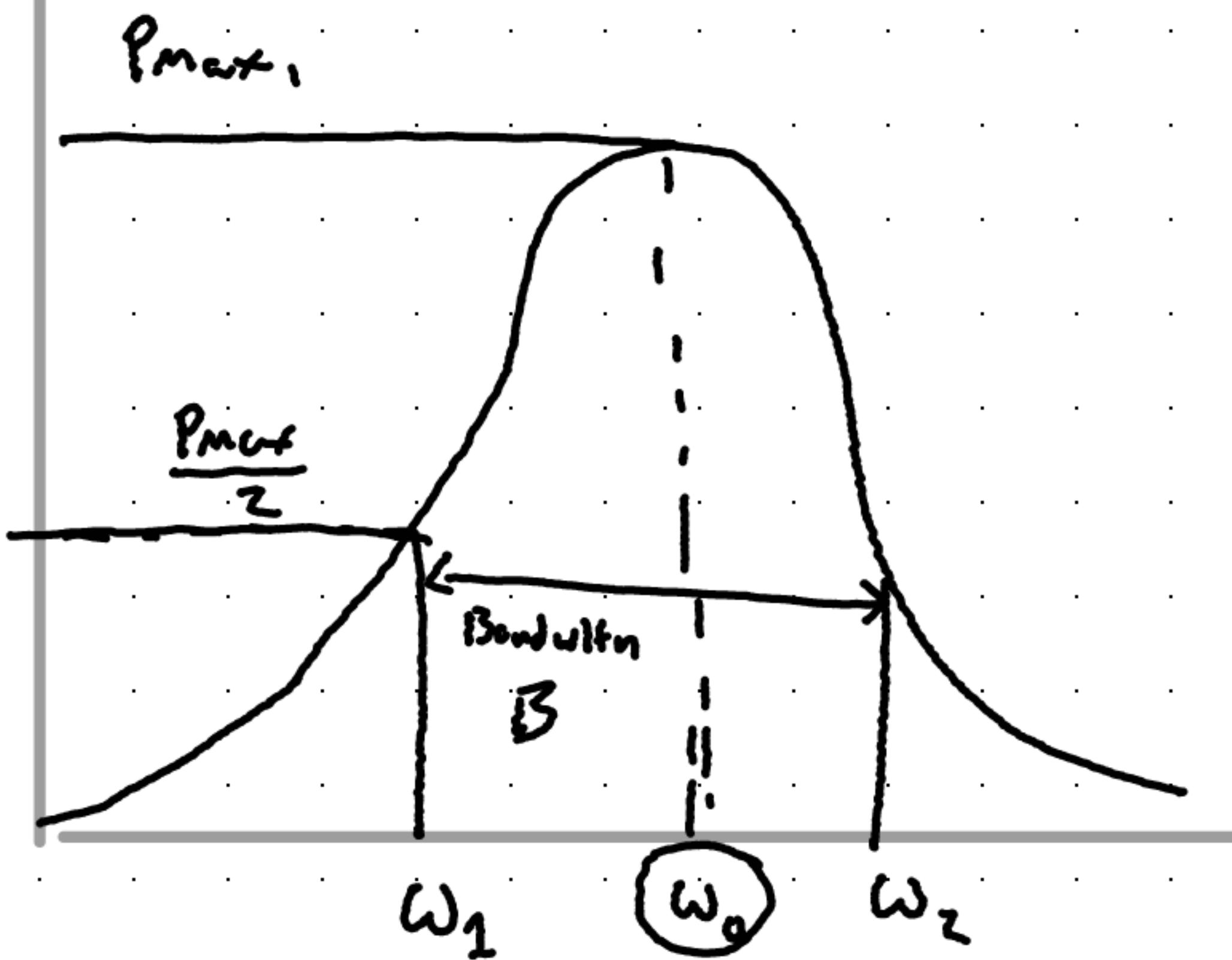
$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{1}{LC}$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

$$2\pi f_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

rads/sec

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} \text{ Hz}$$



Resonant Frequency

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} \text{ rad/s}$$

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$$

Quality Factor (Q)

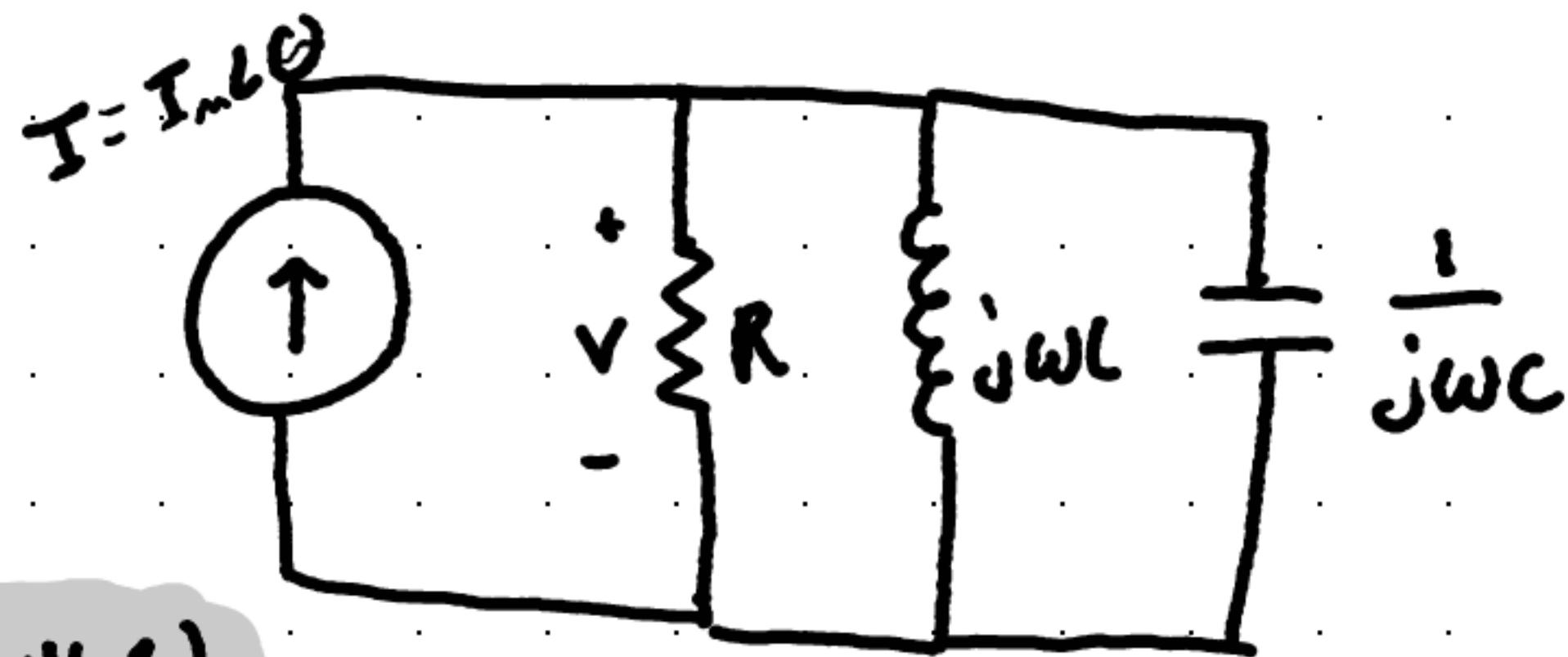
$$Q = \frac{\omega_0 L}{R} = \frac{1}{\omega_0 C R}$$

$$Q = \frac{\omega_0}{B}$$

$$B = 2\pi f_0 \Delta f$$

$$\frac{P_{max}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{V_m^2}{R}$$

## Parallel Resonance



$$Y = \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{jWL} + jWC$$

Resonance occurs when the imaginary part of  $Y$  is zero.

Resonant frequency is still  $\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$

## For Parallel Resonance

Halt Power (Cutoff) frequencies

$$\omega_1 = \frac{1}{Z_{RC}} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{Z_{RC}}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

$$\omega_2 = \frac{1}{Z_{RC}} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{Z_{RC}}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

Bandwidth

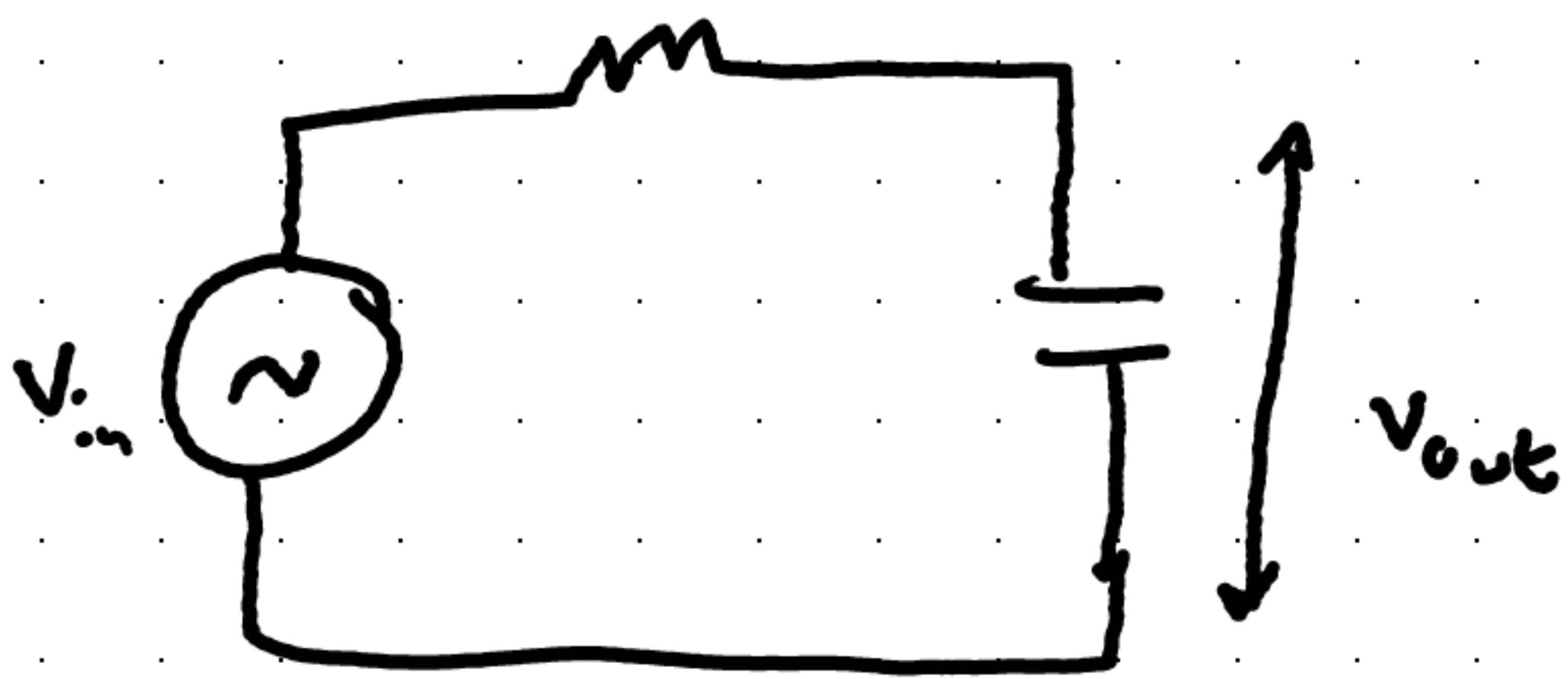
$$B = \omega_2 - \omega_1 = \frac{1}{RC}$$

Quality factor

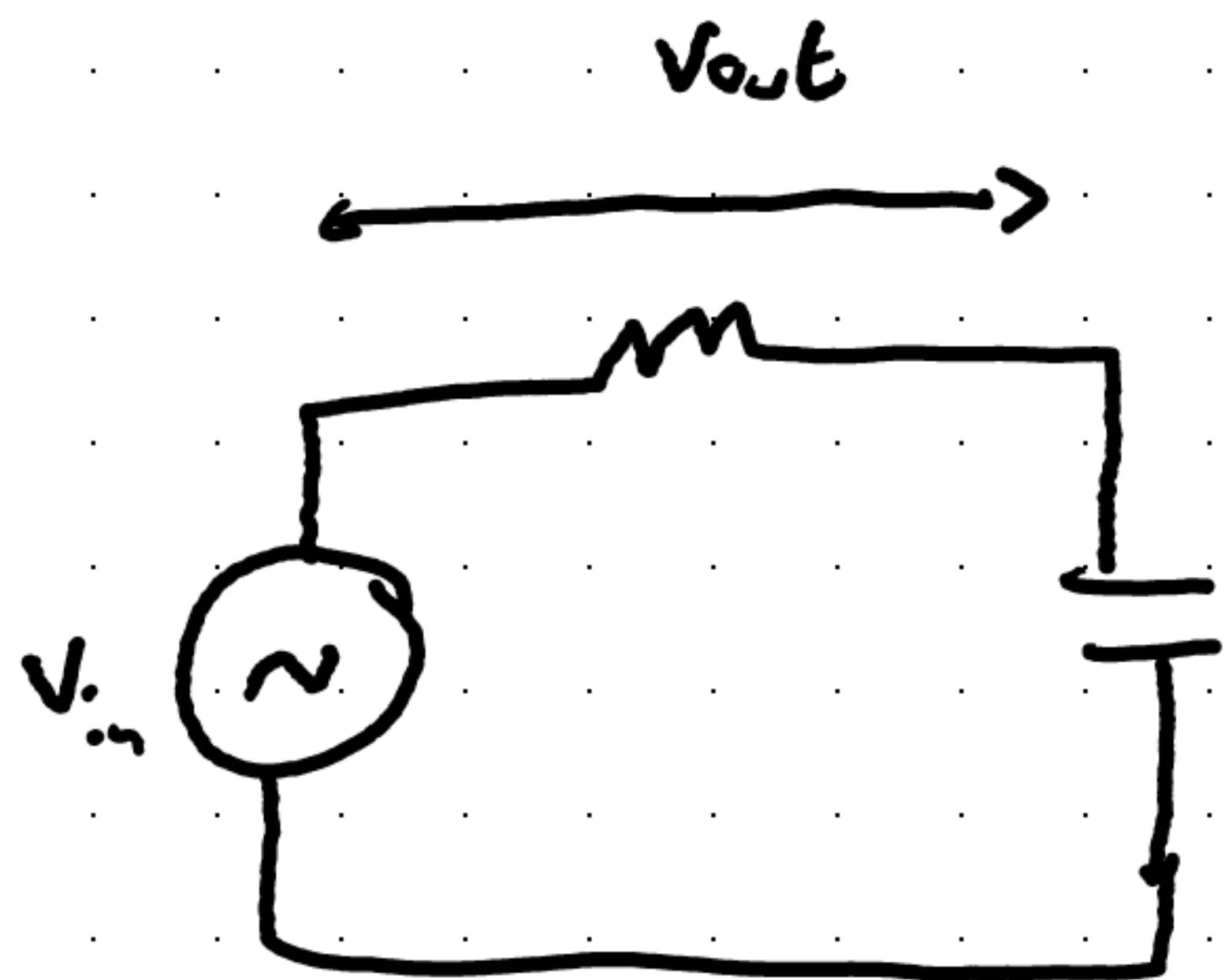
$$Q = \frac{\omega_0}{B} = \omega_0 RC = \frac{R}{\omega_0 L}$$

Resonant Frequency

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$



Low  
Pass  
Filter

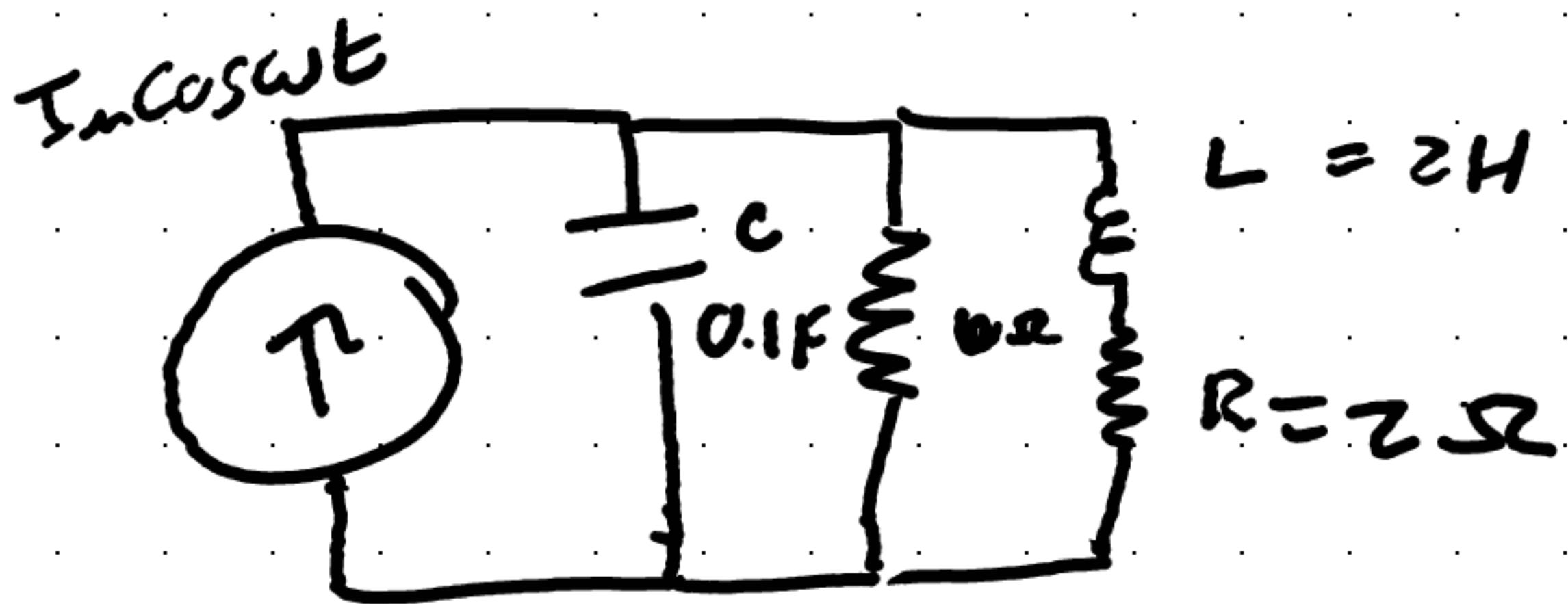


High  
Pass  
Filter

Source Transformer Formulas

$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$





$$\gamma = \frac{1}{10} + j\omega(0.1) + \frac{1}{z + 2j\omega}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{10} + j\omega(0.1) + \frac{z + 2j\omega}{4 + 4\omega^2}$$

$$\gamma = \left(0.1 + \frac{z}{4 + 4\omega^2}\right) + j\left(0.1\omega - \frac{z}{4 + 4\omega^2}\right)$$

RE

Im

The resonance occurs when  $\text{Im}(\gamma) = 0$

$$0.1\omega_0 - \frac{z\omega_0}{4 + 4\omega_0^2} = 0$$

$$4 + 4\omega_0^2 = 20$$

$\omega_0 = 2 \text{ rad/s}$

