



# Strategic Habitat Selection

For the reintroduction of the  
endangered Thick-billed parrot  
to U.S. National Parks

# Can We **Save** The **Parrots**?

## History

1940s

Driven out of the US due to pet trade, habitat loss and predation

1980s

Failed reintroduction attempt in Arizona Madrean Sky Islands

Present

Endangered; <2,500 parrots mainly in northern Mexico's Sierra Madre Occidental

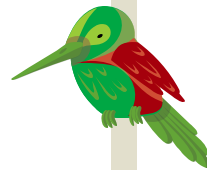
Only surviving parrot species native to North America

## Factors to Consider

### Biome

1

Temperate Forests



### Temperatures

2

Doesn't mind the cold; sometimes eats snow as a water source



### Food Sources

3

Mainly seeds from various pine species



### Predators

4

Humans, hawks, owls, snakes



### Elevation

5

4,000 to 12,000 feet to avoid predators



# Challenge of Data Collection



## Food Sources

46 foods that the Thick-billed parrot can feed on



## Predators

56 species that can hunt the Thick-billed parrot



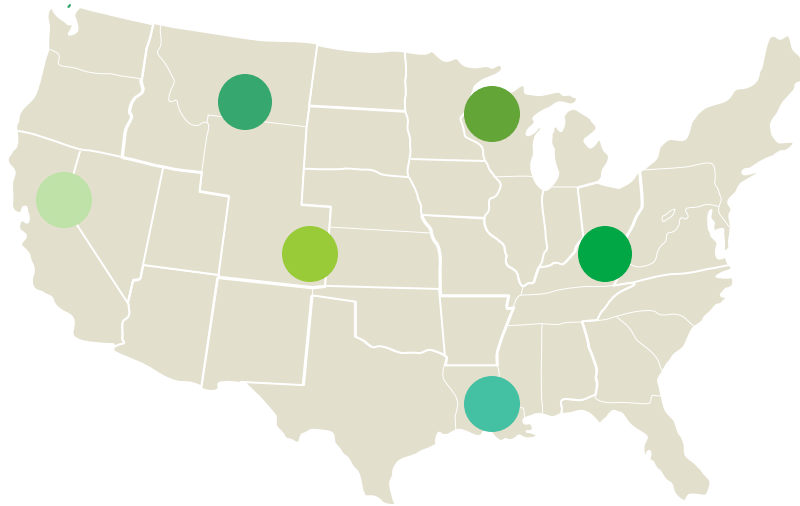
## Temperature

Monthly average and yearly min - max



## 56 US National Parks

*No integrated data source*



## Biome



## Elevation Range



## Total Park Area

# Integer Optimization Modelling

Maximize Habitat Suitability to Reintroduce the Thick-Billed Parrot



**Suitability  
Maximization\***

## Hard Constraints

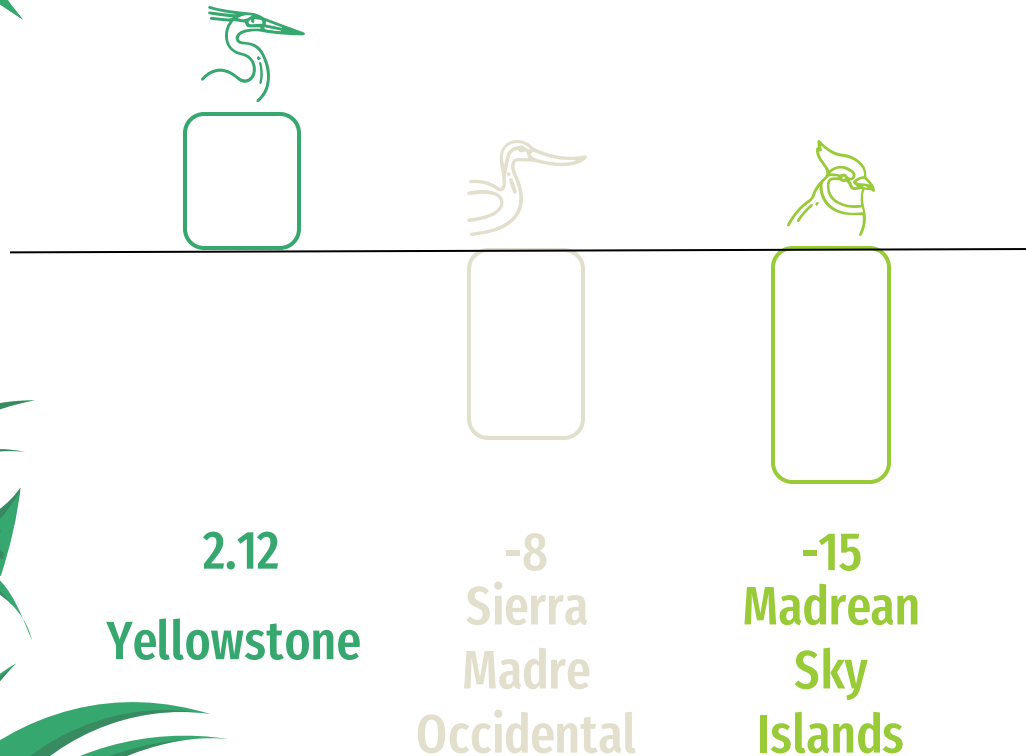
- One release site
- Correct biome and elevation range
- Within min-max temperatures
- Enough known food sources
- Few known threats

## Soft Constraints

- Add **number of food sources** to reward additional sustenance
- Subtract sum of predators to **punish presence of threats**
- Subtract **average monthly temperature** deviation from Sierra Madre Occidental
- Add **location area** compared to Sierra Madre Occidental

\* Compared to current living location, the Sierra Madre Occidental

## Selected Release Site vs Baselines



**Yellowstone** achieves the largest feasible objective due to food prevalence, large elevation range, and predator scarcity



**Sierra Madre Occidental** achieves a lower objective due to imbalance of food sources and predation



**Madrean Sky Islands** achieve a low objective due to imbalance of food sources and predation, smaller elevation range, and smaller area



# Thank you!

Any questions?



# Appendix: Results against Baselines

Aspect	Yellowstone	Sierra Madre Occidental	Madrean Sky Islands
Food (#important)	23 (8)	18 (10)	12 (8)
Predators (#important)	19 (2)	26 (4)	25 (3)
Biome	Temperate Forests	Temperate Forests	Temperate Forests
Elevation Range (ft)	5250 – 11350	3900 – 10860	1500 – 7250
Area (acres)	2,219,790	55,030,368	2,000,000
Temperature Range (°F)	39 – 94	39 – 86	38 – 93

Table 2: Comparison of Yellowstone, Sierra Madre Occidental, and Madrean Sky Islands

Location	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Yellowstone	47	52	57	62	68	74	79	77	74	66	55	47
Sierra Madre Occidental	55	59	62	67	69	69	67	67	65	62	59	56
Madrean Sky Islands	49	52	58	64	72	81	80	78	75	67	57	49

Table 3: Average Daily Temperatures (°F)