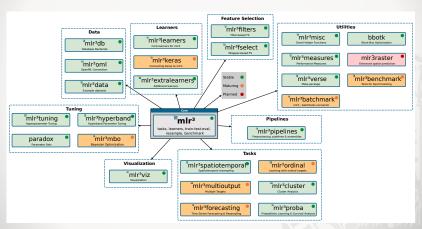
mlr3automl - Automated Machine Learning in R

Martin Binder, Bernd Bischl, Alexander Hanf 2021-07-06

https://github.com/a-hanf/mlr3automl

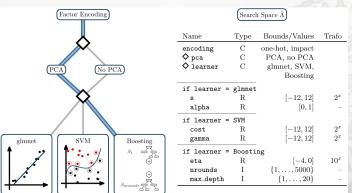
mlr3 [5] - Machine Learning in R

- powerful, object-oriented and extensible framework for ML
- rich package ecosystem providing general-purpose ML tools

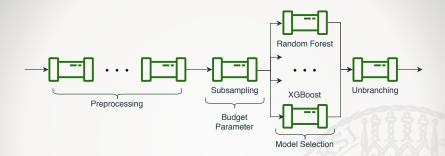


What is AutoML?

- Automating machine learning workflows (preprocessing, model selection, hyperparameter tuning)
- · Provides baseline models with little effort or expertise
- Many approaches, e.g. Combined Algorithm Selection and Hyperparameter Optimisation [9]



mlr3automl - AutoML in mlr3



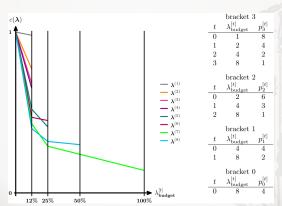
AutoML package for regression and classification based on mlr3

- · Automatic preprocessing using mlr3pipelines [1],
- · Few, but well-tested learning algorithms,
- Joint optimisation of pipeline and model hyperparameters with Hyperband,
- · Static portfolio of known good pipelines

Tuning in mlr3automl

First step: evaluate 8 fixed hyperparameter configurations Second step: continue tuning with Hyperband [7]:

- Multi-fidelity approach to speed up random search
- Budget parameter: subsampling rate ∈ [10%, 100%]
- mlr3hyperband provides implementation for any tuning scenario in mlr3



Basic usage

```
automl_model = AutoML(task = train_tsk)
automl_model$train()
predictions = automl_model$predict(predict_tsk)
```

Only required argument: regression or classification Task

AutoML() customisation options:

- runtime: Time budget
- measure: Performance measure to optimise for
- learner_list: Learners to choose from
- preprocessing: Type of preprocessing
- additional_params: Additional parameters for tuning

Example 1 - custom learner & runtime budget

```
automl_model = AutoML(
  task=tsk("mtcars"),
  learner_list=c("regr.ranger", "regr.lm"),
  learner_timeout=10,
  runtime=300)
automl_model$train()
```

- default learners:
 - Random Forest (ranger)
 - Gradient Boosting (xgboost)
 - Logistic / Support Vector Regression (LiblineaR)
- accepts any learner from mlr3 or extension packages
- · timeouts for individual learners and overall runtime
- learners are encapsulated in separate R sessions: failing learners do not tear down main session

Example 2 - custom parameters & transformation

```
new_params = ParamSet$new(list()
   ParamInt new ("classif.kknn.k",
   lower = 1, upper = 5, default = 3, tags = "kknn")))
my_trafo = function(x, param_set) {
   if ("classif.kknn.k" %in% names(x)) {
      x[["classif.kknn.k"]] = 2^{x}[["classif.kknn.k"]]
   return(x)
automl_model = AutoML(task=tsk("iris"),
 learner_list="classif.kknn",
  additional_params=new_params,
  custom_trafo=my_trafo)
```

- predefined parameter spaces for integrated learners
- support for custom parameter spaces via paradox package
- parameters can be transformed with user-defined functions

Example 3 - custom preprocessing

```
library(mlr3pipelines)
imbalanced_preproc = po("imputemean") %>>%
  po("smote") %>>%
  po("classweights", minor_weight=2)

automl_model = AutoML(task=tsk("pima"),
    preprocessing = imbalanced_preproc)
```

- three pre-defined preprocessing settings
 - "none" no preprocessing
 - "stability" for missing data, numerical and high-cardinality features
 - "full" tunable imputation, factor encoding and PCA
- alternative: custom Graph object from mlr3pipelines

Evaluation

We evaluated mlr3automl in the AutoML Benchmark [4]:

- 39 challenging classification tasks
- Time budget: 10 minutes for small tasks, 1 hour otherwise¹
- Competitors: AutoGluon-Tabular[2], auto-sklearn[3], H2O AutoML[6], TPOT[8]

Comparison to winning framework (AutoGluon-Tabular):

- binary classification: 1.1% worse in mean AUC
- multi-class: 2.8% worse in mean ACC
- only other library to finish all tasks without failures

¹A more extensive benchmark by the OpenML team is currently under way

Acknowledgements

Thanks to everyone in the open source community!



Give it a try: github.com/a-hanf/mlr3automl

Keep in touch: linkedin.com/in/alexander-hanf

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