

For any language  $S \subseteq \Sigma^*$ , define  $C(S) = \{x \in \Sigma^* \mid \exists w \in \Sigma^*. y \in \Sigma^*. (xwxy \in S)\}$ .

For example, if  $S = \{ababc, aabaab\}$ , then  $C(S) = \{\lambda, a, aa, ab, aab\}$ .

**Question 1.** Describe the language  $S = L(((01)^* + 1^*)^*) = \{z \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid \dots\}$  by replacing the  $\dots$  with at most 10 words. ( $z$  counts as one word.) Briefly justify your answer.

**Question 2.** Describe the language  $T = L(\overline{\phi \cdot 00 \cdot \phi}) = \{x \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid \dots\}$  by replacing the  $\dots$  with at most 10 words. ( $x$  counts as one word.) Briefly justify your answer.

**Question 3.** Explain why  $C(S) = T$ .

**Question 4.** Give any deterministic finite automaton  $M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$ , construct a finite automaton  $M' = (Q', \Sigma, \delta', q'_0, F')$  such that  $L(M') = C(L(M))$ .

**Question 5.** briefly describe how  $M'$  works.

**Question 6.** Prove that  $L(M') = C(L(M))$ .