

# **EVALUATING EBAY'S INFORMATION SYSTEMS STRATEGY**



Imperial College Business School | Information, Incentives, and Contracts

Group 3

## **Business Overview**

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#### **Background**

- eBay Inc., founded in 1995, is a multinational e-commerce corporation based in San Jose, California
- It operates as an online auction and shopping website in which people and businesses buy and sell a wide variety of goods and services worldwide



#### **Revenue Streams**

- Listing fees & final value fees
- Promoted listing
- eBay Plus subscription
- Advertising revenue
- Income from subsidiaries

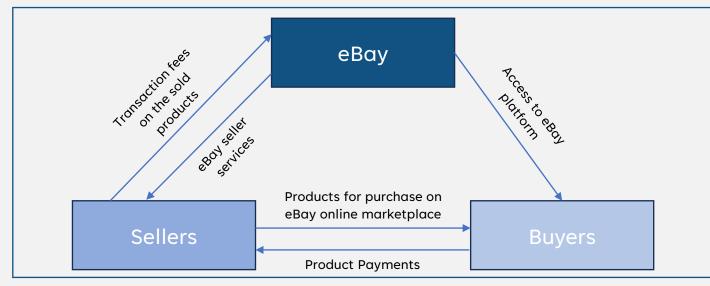


#### **Market Places**

- C2C: individual sellers list items for sale to other individuals
- B2C: businesses sell directly to consumers
- C2B: consumers sell directly to businesses

#### **Business Model**

Mission: "We connect people and build communities to create economic opportunity for all"







Surplus

**Sellers:** Desire Sales Volume & Repeated Sales



eBay: Desire Sales Volume, High Quality Sellers, Repeated Sales





# Strategic Rationale for eBay

### **eBay's Contractual Challenges**

Sellers possess more information about **Asymmetric** the quality and condition of their items Information than buyers do Without proper contracts, eBay can eBay's become a market dominated by low-Adverse Contractual quality sellers, driving away high-Selection Incompleteness quality sellers and buyers eBay Sellers may be incentivized to provide misleading information about Moral products if they believe they can avoid Hazard repercussions.

#### **Decision Drivers**



#### **Scale and Impact**

eBay's global reach and high transaction volume provide a case for examining how large-scale marketplaces manage contractual issues, offering insights into scalable solutions for similar platforms



#### **Innovative Solutions**

eBay's innovative mechanisms, such as reputation systems and defect rates, allow us to analyze the practical application of theoretical models on information asymmetry and incentive alignment, showcasing realworld effectiveness



#### **Evolution over Time**

eBay's evolution in its policies and mechanisms to handle contractual incompleteness illustrates the dynamic nature of managing online marketplaces and allows us to evaluate the effectiveness of each strategy in mitigating these issues





# Understanding eBay's Necessity for Feedback and Reputation Systems using Game Theory and Principal-Agent Frameworks

### **Modeling Reputation**

### **Nature** Dishonest Honest Pr = 1 - pPr = pBuyer Don't Don't Trust Trust Trust Trust Seller Seller 0, 0 Abuse Honor Honor -15, 15 10, 10 10, 10

### **Explanation**

#### **Reputation** is a vital aspect for eBay to function as a marketplace

One-Period Game: Suppose Price = 15, Buyer WTP = 25, Seller Costs = 5

- 1
- Buyers, aware of this tendency will anticipate cheating, and will only trust sellers if the probability of 'Honest' (p) meets a specific threshold

An opportunistic seller will always cheat, due to no negative consequences

$$10p + (-15)(1-p) \ge 0 \rightarrow p \ge 0.6$$

#### **Two-Period Game**

- 2
- An opportunistic seller may honour the first transaction to secure future gains. They will be honest in the first period if  $\delta \ge 1/3$  ( $\delta =$  discount factor)
- Buyer's Condition for trust:  $p(10+10\delta) + (1-p)(10-15\delta) \ge 0$
- As  $\delta$  approaches 1, p  $\geq$  0.2 : If no [or low] discounting, repeated sales induce honesty

#### **Infinitely-Repeated Game**

- 00
- 'Honest' sellers will always have future sales & profits to look forward to
- If  $\delta$  is large:
  - Dishonest sellers always behave
  - Buyers always trust sellers
  - By cheating, sellers destroy future profit Grim Trigger Strategy



Theory shows that eBay needs to **enhance and enforce feedback and reputation systems** to sustain an environment where sellers are incentivized to be honest and buyers can always trust seller service is high quality





# **eBay Timeline**









# Overview of eBay's Feedback System Evolution

#### 1996

#### eBay Launching Feedback System

- Targeting Issue: Asymmetric Information
- Desc.: Feedback System independent of transactions (bilateral)

#### 2007

#### **Detailed Seller Review**

- Contractual Issue: Moral Hazard
- Desc.: Buyers give feedback on seller behaviour (bilateral)

#### 2000

#### Feedback System Updated

- Targeting Issue: Asymmetric Information
- Desc.: Feedback System dependent of transactions (bilateral)

### 2008

#### **Changes to Feedback System**

- Contractual Issue: Moral Hazard & Asymmetric Information
- Desc.: Sellers could only leave positive feedback or none at all (unilateral)





# eBay Launching Feedback System

1996 2000 2007 2008

#### Overview

#### Aim:

 Build trust and transparency by reducing information asymmetry and promoting honest behaviour through reputational incentives

#### Mechanism:

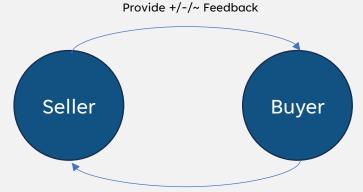
- Allowed both buyers & sellers to rate each others transaction
- Ratings can be positive, neutral, or negative with a textual comment

#### **Feedback Score:**

 Score calculated through subtracting number of negative ratings from positive ratings

#### Visibility:

Immediately visible to trading partner and the entire eBay community



Provide +/-/~ Feedback

- ✓ **Moral hazard:** Motivate good behaviour through transparency
- ✓ **Information Asymmetry:** Transparency of behaviour

### Challenges



#### **Reciprocity and Retaliation:**

Both parties could rate each other, leading to concerns about reciprocal positive ratings and retaliatory negative feedback

#### **Strategic Feedback:**



- Users often left positive feedback in anticipation of receiving positive feedback in return,
- Thereby, avoided leaving negative feedback and prevented retaliation

#### Feedback Withdrawal:



- Feedback could be mutually withdrawn if both parties agreed,
- Can lead to strategic negative feedback to force mutual withdrawal and avoid visible negative ratings





# **Ebay Feedback System Update**

1996 2000 2007 2008

#### Overview

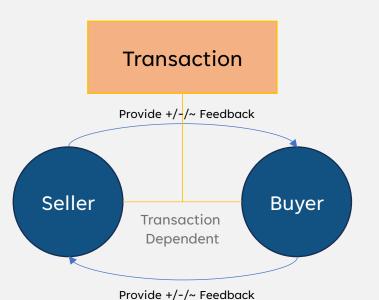
#### Aim:

 Make the feedback dependent on completed transactions, to ensure that ratings are actually based on actual occurrences



#### Improves Asymmetric Information:

- Reduces the risk of arbitrary or nontransactional feedback
- Increases reliability of the feedback system by ensuring feedback is based on actual transactions
- Improves information gap between buyers and sellers



### Challenges



#### **Reciprocity and Retaliation:**

Both parties could rate each other, leading to concerns about reciprocal positive ratings and retaliatory negative feedback

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# **Detailed Seller Rating (DSR)**

1996 2000 2007 2008

#### Overview

#### Aim:

 Provide a more comprehensive and transparent feedback mechanism that allows buyers to evaluate multiple aspects of a seller

#### **Mechanism:**

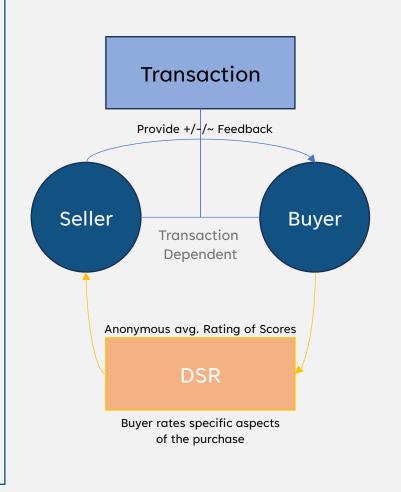
- Buyer rates seller on 4 criteria: item description accuracy, communication, shipping speed, and shipping charges
- Ratings scored on a scale from 1-5 stars

#### Feedback Score:

- Given on as an aggregated average score
- Anonymity at >10 reviews left, deminishing

#### Visibility:

- Visible on sellers profile
- Anonymity drives move against moral hazard



#### **Issues Addressed**

#### **Moral Hazard**

- Granularity: Provides specific feedback across multiple dimensions, incentivizing sellers to maintain high standards and reflecting actual performance
- Anonymity: Ensures accurate feedback by eliminating fear of seller retaliation, encouraging honest and truthful feedback

#### **Adverse Selection**

 Allows buyers to make informed decisions by showing seller performance across different criteria, reducing adverse selection

#### **Information Asymmetry**

Allows buyers to make more informed decisions





# Revamping the Feedback Systems

1996 2000 2007 2008

#### Overview

#### Aim:

 Reduce the moral hazard, enhancing feedback reliability and assure a lack of retaliation from the seller

#### **Mechanism:**

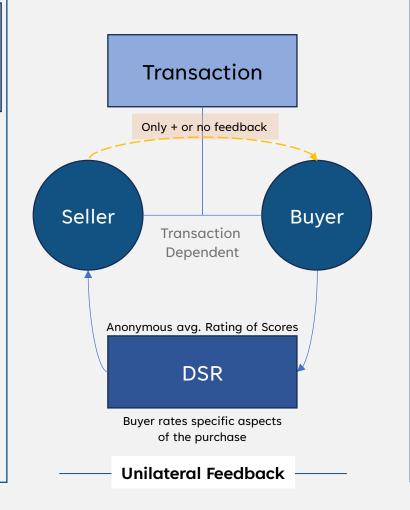
- Shift to unilateral feedback mechanism by only allowing sellers to place positive feedback or no none at all
- Prevents any retaliations

#### Feedback Score:

Will increase the positivity

#### **Drivers:**

 Industry experts saw the change as necessary to address the existing issues with the feedback system and improve the overall buyer experience



#### **Issues Addressed**

#### **Moral Hazard**

- Encourages honest feedback without fear of retaliation
- Sellers maintain high standards to avoid negative feedback

#### **Adverse Selection**

- Easier to identify and avoid bad sellers
- Honest feedback helps buyers make informed decisions

#### **Information Asymmetry**

- Reliable feedback reduces information gaps
- Buyers access trustworthy feedback, enhancing market transparency







# Timeline of eBay Seller Developments



defect rate





# Top Rated Seller (TRS) Program

2009 2010 2010

#### **Overview**

#### **Issues Addressed**

#### Aim:

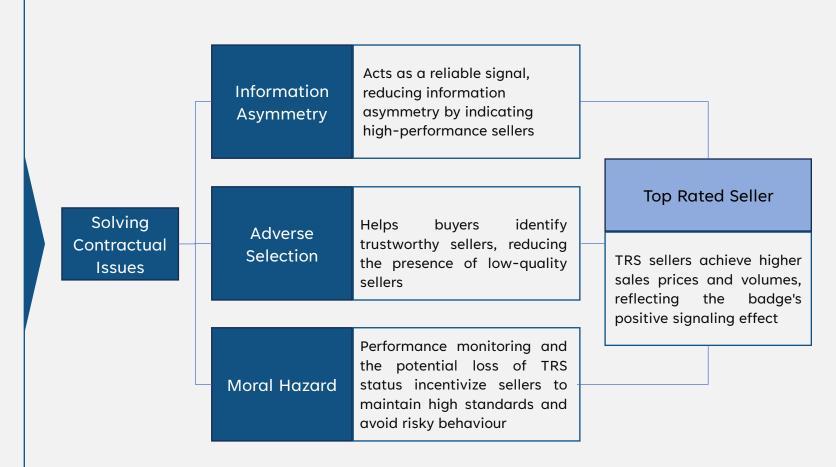
 Designed to align incentives of sellers and eBay, as sellers strive for advantage through the badge, and eBay maintains standards

#### **Mechanism:**

- Sellers receive a badge if they meet specific performance standards and criteria:
  - Sales Volume: >100 transactions & £1,000 in sales yearly
  - Account Standing: >90 days active
  - Late Shipment Rate: <3% of late transactions are shipped late
  - Case Resolution Rate: <0.3%</li>
  - Tracking Information: >95%

#### **TRS Advanatages:**

- Signaling of high quality seller/product
- 20% discount on final value fee
- Visbility on best match







# **Buyer Protection (eBP)**

2009 2010 2014

#### **Overview**

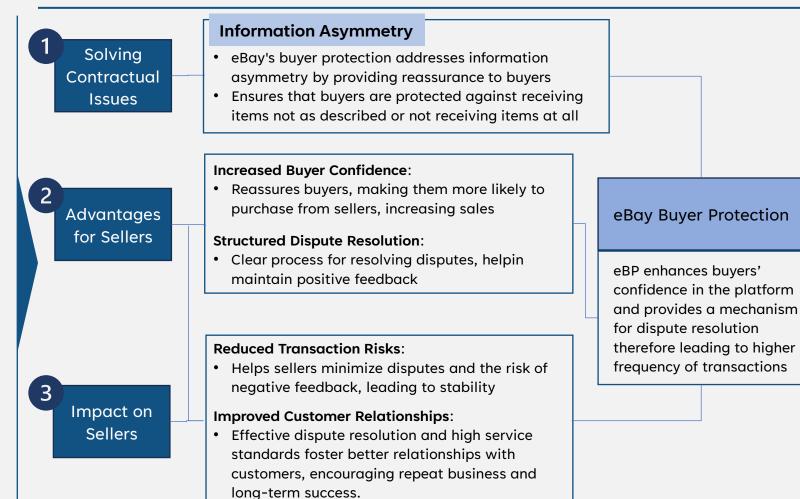
#### **Issues Addressed**

#### Aim:

 Designed to enhance the overall trust and reliability of eBay's marketplace, thereby benefiting sellers by fostering a secure and reputable trading environment

#### Mechanism:

- Seller Requirements:
  - Sellers must comply with eBay's performance standards, which include timely shipping, accurate item descriptions, and effective resolution of conflict to minimise disputes and claims
- Protection Process:
  - Buyers can file claims item not received / item not as described
  - Sellers are encouraged to resolve issues directly with customers to avoid escalation to eBay Resolution Center
  - eBay may step in if sellers are unable to do so







### **Defect Rate**

2019 2010 2014

#### Overview

#### Aim:

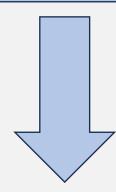
 Measures the percentage of a seller's transactions with defects, thereby ensuring higher quality and reliability in the marketplace.

#### **Components of Defect Rate:**

- Cases Closed Without Seller Resolution:
  - Buyer opens a case, and it is closed without a resolution from the seller
- Returns for Items Not as Described:
  - Buyers return items because they do not match the listing description
- Late Shipment Rate:
  - Items shipped after the expected handling time
- $\rightarrow$  To maintain good standing, sellers must keep their defect rate below 2%

#### **Contractual Issue Addressed**

#### **Adverse Selection**



- Defect rate penalizes sellers with high defect rates, addressing adverse selection by discouraging low-quality sellers.
- ightarrow Incentivises sellers to maintain high standards, promoting trust and reliability in the marketplace.







# **Evaluation of eBay's Reputation Systems**



#### **Price Premiums**



#### **Increased Sales Likelihood**



#### **Market Efficiency and Welfare Effects**

#### **Higher Repuation Sellers**

8.1%

**Price Premium**: High-reputation sellers receive an average price premium of 8.1% over new sellers

#### **High Feedback Scores**

3.4%

Increased Likelihood: Sellers with higher feedback scores have a 3.4% increased likelihood of their items being purchased compared to those with lower feedback scores

#### **Increase in Market Efficiency**

2.9%

Increase in Welfare: By mitigating adverse selection, eBP increased overall welfare

#### **Badged Sellers**

3%

**Price Premium:** Badged sellers receive a price premium of about 3% on average

#### **Buyer Protection Program**

eBay Buyer Protection program increased market share of high-quality sellers and results in a higher probability of sales for badged sellers

#### **Reduction in Negative Ratings**

**23**%

Decrease in negative feedback: The eBP policy led to a significant reduction in negative feedback ratings by about 23%

Buyers are willing to pay a premium for the assurance of dealing with a reputable seller

High-reputation sellers contribute to a more trustworthy and efficient marketplace, encouraging repeat business

The reduction in negative feedback enhances the trust signal provided by positive feedback and reduces perceived risk for buyers





### Conclusion

### **Contractual Challenges**

### **Mechanisms Implemented**

### Impacts and outcomes

Asymmetric Information

Adverse Selection

> Moral Hazard

Feedback and Rating Systems

> Buyer Protection Programs

Seller Performance Standards

#### **Enhanced Market Outcomes**

eBay has improved trust levels among users and increased transaction volumes through enhanced transparency and accountability.

#### **Reduction in Low-Quality Sellers**

Stricter performance standards and monitoring have effectively filtered out unreliable sellers.

#### **Increased Buyer Confidence**

Protective measures and transparent feedback systems have significantly boosted buyer confidence, leading to more repeat transactions.



eBay's

Contractual

Incompleteness



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