Chapitre 2: Interpolation et Approximation

Exemple 1: (Problème d'interpolation)

$$L_{1}(x) = \frac{(x-1,1) (x-1,8) (x-2,4) (x-3,7)}{(0,0-1,1) (0,0-1,8) (0,0-2,4) (0,0-3,7)} = \frac{x^{4}-9,0 x^{3}+28,55 x^{2}-37,83 x+17,5824}{17,5824}$$

$$L_{2}(x) = \frac{(x-0,0) (x-1,8) (x-2,4) (x-3,7)}{(1,1-0,0) (1,1-1,8) (1,1-2,4) (1,1-3,7)} = \frac{x^{4}-7,9 x^{3}+19,86 x^{2}-15,984 x}{2,6026}$$

$$L_{3}(x) = \frac{(x-0,0) (x-1,1) (x-2,4) (x-3,7)}{(1,8-0,0) (1,8-1,1) (1,8-2,4) (1,8-3,7)} = \frac{x^{4}-7,2 x^{3}+15,59 x^{2}-9,768 x}{1,4364}$$

$$L_{4}(x) = \frac{(x-0,0) (x-1,1) (x-1,8) (x-3,7)}{(2,4-0,0) (2,4-1,1) (2,4-1,8) (2,4-3,7)} = \frac{x^{4}-6,6 x^{3}+12,71 x^{2}-7,326 x}{-2,4336}$$

$$L_{5}(x) = \frac{(x-0,0) (x-1,1) (x-1,8) (x-2,4)}{(3,7-0,0) (3,7-1,1) (3,7-1,8) (3,7-2,4)} = \frac{x^{4}-5,3 x^{3}+8,94 x^{2}-4,752 x}{23,7614}$$

$$P(x) = y_1 L_1(x) + y_2 L_2(x) + y_3 L_3(x) + y_4 L_4(x) + y_5 L_5(x)$$

= 0,5 L_1(x) + 1,1 L_2(x) + 2,1 L_3(x) + 2,9 L_4(x) + 4,0 L_5(x)
= 0,044462 x⁴ - 0,4706 x³ + 1,5695 x² - 0,67071 x + 0,5

Exemple 2: Problème d'approximation

$$L_{1}(x) = \frac{\left(x - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(x - \frac{2}{3}\right) \left(x - 1\right)}{\left(0 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(0 - \frac{2}{3}\right) \left(0 - 1\right)} = \frac{x^{3} - 2x^{2} + \frac{11}{9}x - \frac{2}{9}}{-\frac{2}{9}}$$

$$L_{2}(x) = \frac{\left(x - 0\right) \left(x - \frac{2}{3}\right) \left(x - 1\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{3} - 0\right) \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1\right)} = \frac{x^{3} - \frac{5}{3}x^{2} + \frac{2}{3}x}{\frac{2}{27}}$$

$$L_{3}(x) = \frac{\left(x - 0\right) \left(x - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(x - 1\right)}{\left(\frac{2}{3} - 0\right) \left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{2}{3} - 1\right)} = \frac{x^{3} - \frac{4}{3}x^{2} + \frac{1}{3}x}{-\frac{2}{27}}$$

$$L_{4}(x) = \frac{\left(x - 0\right) \left(x - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(x - \frac{2}{3}\right)}{\left(1 - 0\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(1 - \frac{2}{3}\right)} = \frac{x^{3} - x^{2} + \frac{2}{9}x}{\frac{2}{9}}$$

$$P(x) = 1,0000 L_1(x) + 0,7165 L_2(x) + 0,5134 L_3(x) + 0,3679 L_4(x)$$

= -0,1025 x³ + 0,4641 x² - 0,99372 x + 1