Olin College ENGR3410: Computer Architecture   Fall 2022

Name:

Collaborators:

Homework 4

1. Reading and Review

- *Continue referring back to Ch3, Ch4, and the Verilog Cheatsheet as needed*
- Reread Ch1, 1.4.5, 1.4.6
- Chapter 5: 5.1 to 5.2.3
 - Section on Cary-Lookahead/Prefix Adders is optional

These questions are to make sure you get enough from the reading. Show your work!

a) Review: Flip Flops

Sketch the waveforms for the following circuit under different types of set/reset. Note that for this flip flop set and reset are active low (action occurs when the voltage is zero).

i) assume synchronous set/reset

ii) assume asynchronous set/reset
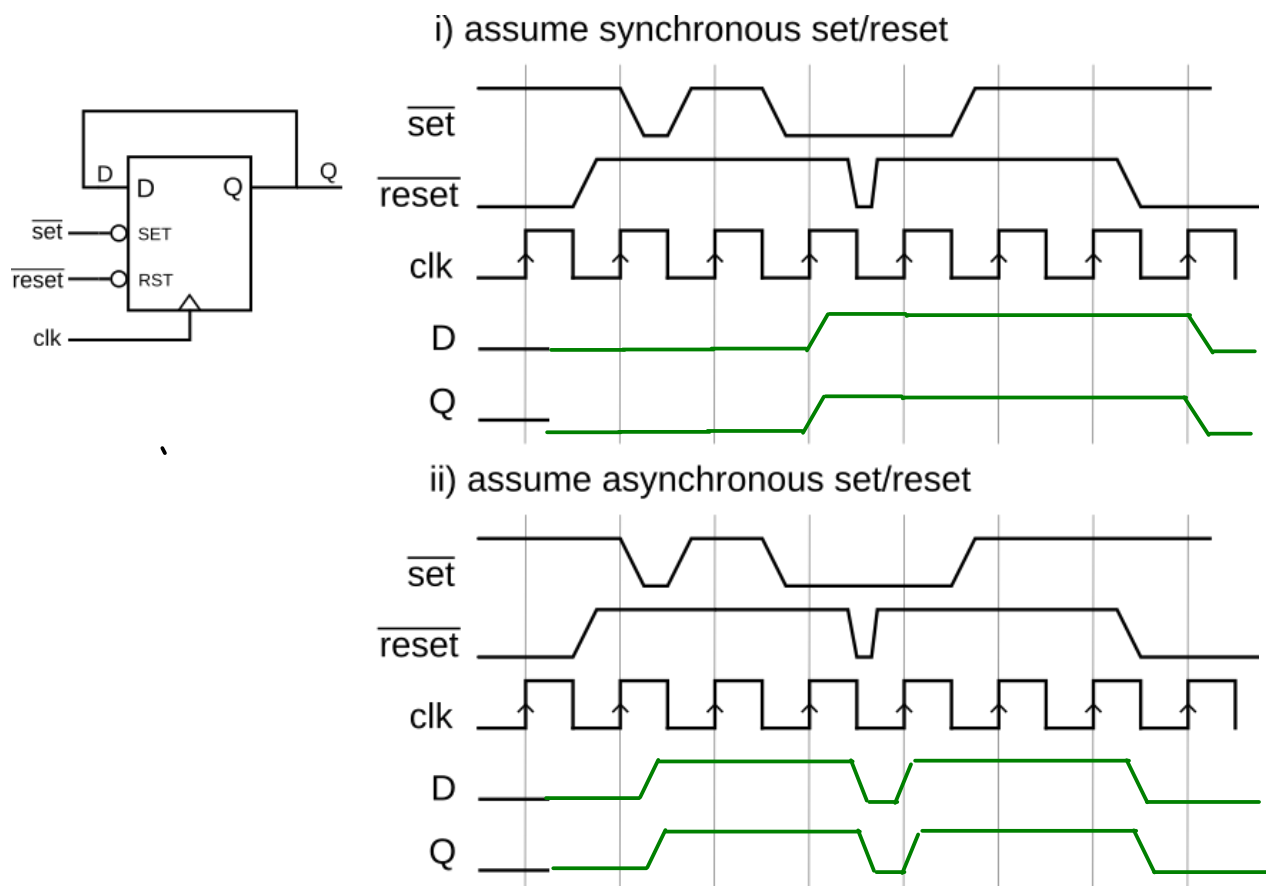
iii) Assume reset is active high **and** synchronous. Sketch the waveforms for D and Q below.
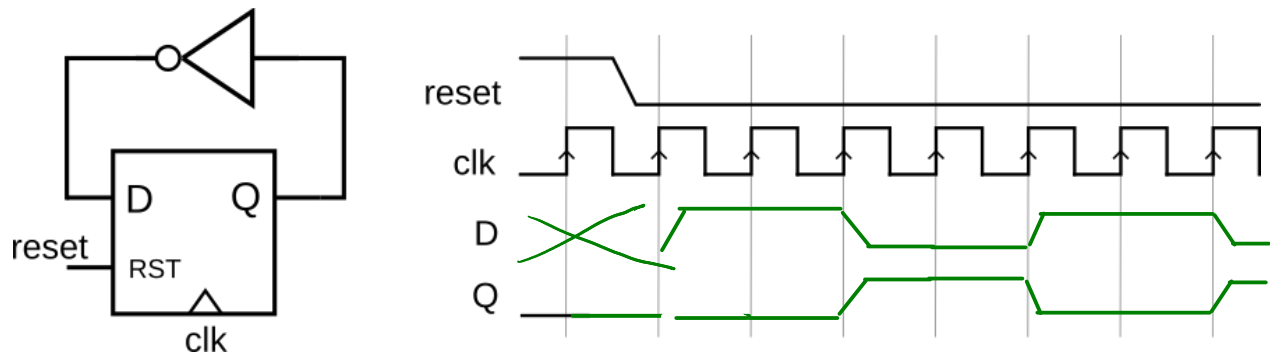

2. Verilog Skillbuilding

a) Verilog to Schematic

For each output, draw an equivalent gate level schematic *and* write a phrase or sentence describing what that output does in terms of the inputs.
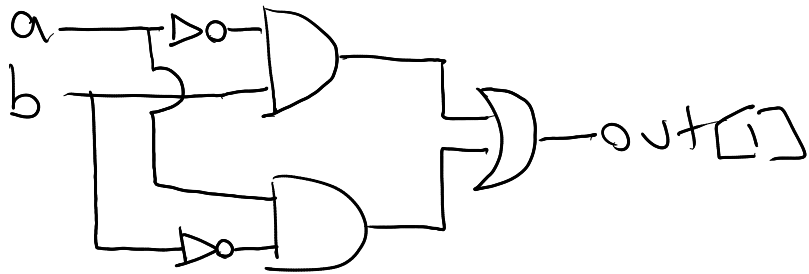
```verilog
module mystery(a,b,c, out);
 input wire a, b, c;
 output logic out[3:0];
  always_comb begin
   out[0] = b ? a : c;
   out[1] = (~a & b) | (~b & a);
   out[2] = c | ( b & c);
 end
 logic d;
 always_comb d = b ? a : 1'b0;
 always_ff @(posedge c) begin
   out[3] <= d;
 end
endmodule
```
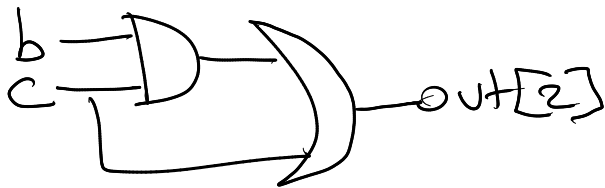
out[0]: If b is HIGH, pass a to out[0]. If b is LOW, pass c to out[0].
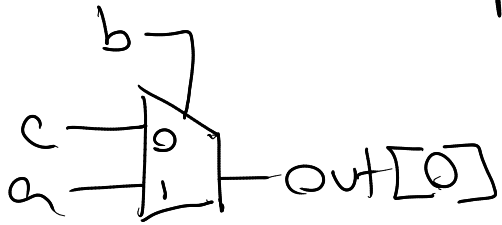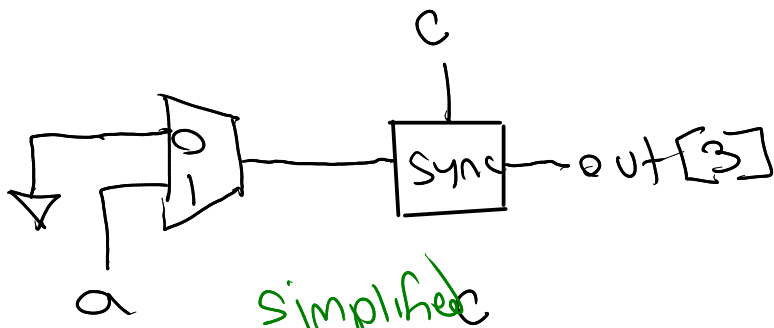
out[1]: XOR a and b

out[2]: HIGH if c

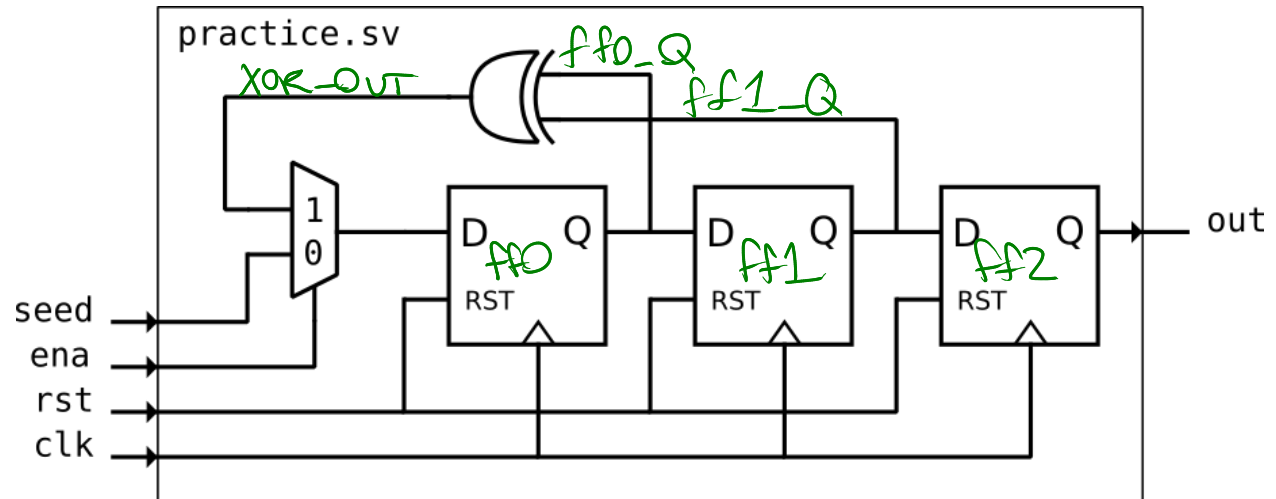out[3]: On rising edge on c, update out[3] to be a if b is HIGH, or LOW if b is LOW.

Simplified

b) Schematic to Verilog

Create this module as part of your zipped submission. There's a testbench to go with it so you can see what it does (it's not an obviously useful circuit but it has some interesting use cases).

3. Combinational Design Challenge - ALU Part One

An arithmetic logic unit is a critical building block for a CPU. It does a variety of mathematical operations on two inputs (addition, subtraction, comparison, etc.). The next few problem sets will have us build up the different units inside it. For this phase we will focus on making a 32-bit adder and a 32:1 32-bit mux. The homework folder is a starting point, but you will need to create/edit the following:

- a mux32.sv file
- an add32.sv file (or an adder_n.sv file that you can parametrize up to N=32).
- all submodule files that you used to make the above
- testbenches that give you confidence that you implemented them correctly
- a Makefile that runs your tests
- a README.md file with
  - A description of how you implemented the modules (you can include pictures or reference notes in your homework pdf)
  - A description of how you tested the mux32.
  - How to run your tests

You may use any of the basic gates for this task (and, or, xor, nor, nand, not, mux2), and are encouraged to build up any modules you want to reuse. This cannot have any sequential logic. See the examples directory in the git repository for how to approach this!

Bonus: there's enough code in the examples to make a ripple carry adder, but that's the slowest way to do this. Instead, implement a faster adder, like Carry Look Ahead!

Submission

Put a pdf copy of all of your written responses in the hws/4/ folder, then run `make submission` to generate a zip you can upload on canvas.
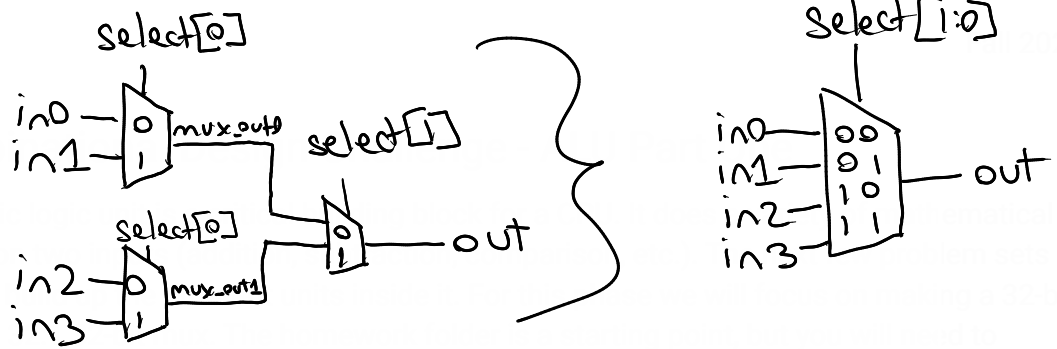
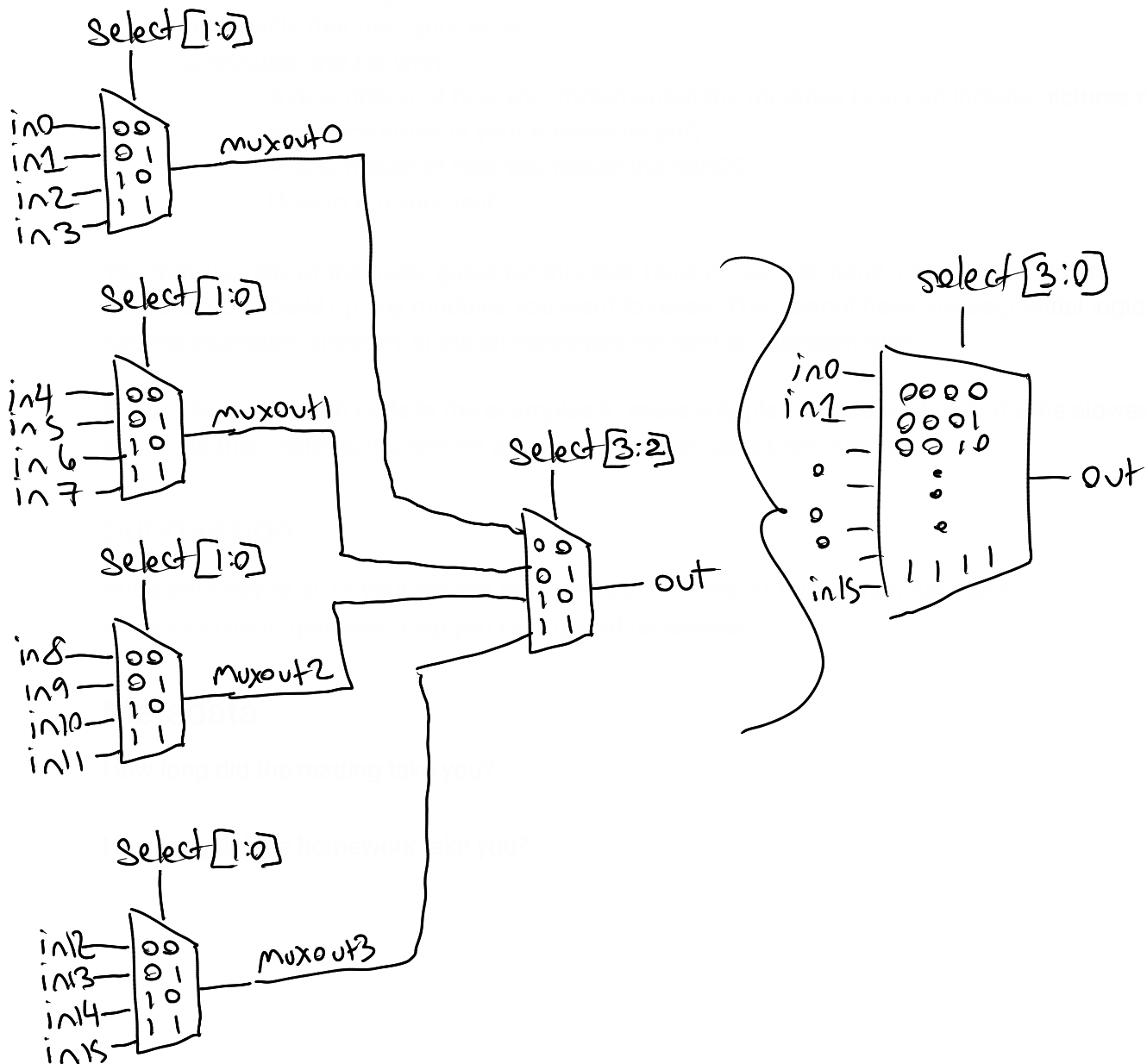## Metadata

How long did the reading take you?

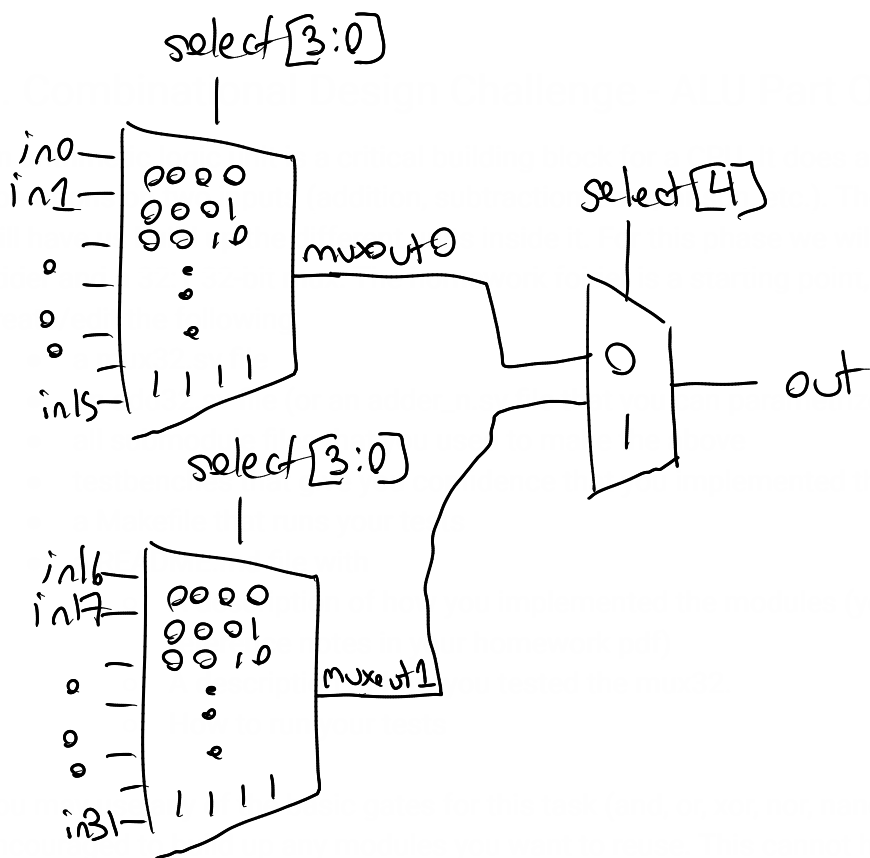**30 minutes**

How long did the homework take you?

2.5 hours

mux 4:

select[0]

in0 in1 → mux_out0

select[1]

select[0]

in2 in3 → mux_out1

0 1 → out

}

select[1:0]

in0 in1 in2 in3

00 01 10 11 → out

mux16:

select[1:0]

in0 in1 in2 in3

00 01 10 11 → muxout0

select[1:0]

in4 in5 in6 in7

00 01 10 11 → muxout1

select[3:2]

00 01 10 11 → out

select[1:0]

in8 in9 in10 in11

00 01 10 11 → muxout2

}

select[3:0]

in0 in1 ... in15

0000 0001 0010 ... 1111 → out

select[1:0]

in12 in13 in14 in15

00 01 10 11 → muxout3

Mux 32:

select[3:0]

in0
in1
o
o
o
in15
muxout0

select[4]

0
1
out

select[3:0]

in16
in17
o
o
o
in31
muxout1

1 bit adder:

a
b
c
a
b
c
sum

a
b
c
a
b
c
c_out

c_in
a
b
sum
c_out

32 bit adder: w/ a[30:0] and b[30:0]

0
a[0]
b[0]
sum[0]

c_out[0]
a[1]
b[1]
sum[1]

o o o

c_out[29]
a[30]
b[30]
sum[30]

sum[31]