	Higher Institute of Technological Studies of Bizerte					
1 1	AY: 2022-2023 L3-S5: Dept. of Electrical Engineering Midterm Exam Machine Learning I5/11/22 (12:30→13:30) Feacher: A. Mhamdi	Full Name: ID: Class: Room: Time Limit:	 1h			
over	document contains 4 pages numbered to you, make sure that it is complete. ted in the order that suits you.	from 1/4 to 4/ 4	4. As s	oon as it	is hand	
Γhe	following rules apply:	Do Do	not wri	te anythii	ng in this	
0	A handwritten double-sided A4 sheet mitted.	is per-	Task	Points	Score	
2	The use of any electronic material, exce	ept ba-	1	10		
8	sic calculator, is prohibited. Mysterious or unsupported answers w	/ill not	2	5		
	receive full credit.		3	5		
	→••	50<>				
<u> Fask</u>	(a) (1 point) Machine Learning (ML) algo ○ intelligent machines. ✓ the hu				` .	
	(b) (1 point) Why should everyone learn					
	○ learning ML is fun and acce○ ML strategies are being use√ both of the above.	J		and dom	ains.	
	(c) (1 point) How is ML related to Artific O Al is form of unsupervised	G	e (AI)?			
	✓ ML is a type of AI that relie○ AI focuses on classification,	<u> </u>			data.	
	ML and AI are the same thi			3		
	(d) (1 point) In traditional computer product do you input with ML?○ Patterns. ○ Rules. ○ Progra	ogramming, yo ams. √ Data.	-	t comma	nds. W	
	O raccerns. O Ruics. O riogia	arrio. V Data.	•			

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*	
	Anomaly Detection.
	Recommendation Systems.
1	/ Numpy, Scipy & Scikit-Learn.
	Classification.
	Clustering.
) You are running a company, and you want to develop learning algoto address each of two problems.
	m #1: You have a large inventory of identical items. You want to dict how many of these items will sell over the next 3 months.
	m #2: You would like software to examine individual customer ac- ints, and for each account decide if it has been hacked/compromised.
Should	you treat these as classification or as regression problems?
	Treat both as classification problems.
	Treat both as regression problems.
	Treat problem #1 as a classification problem, problem #2 as a regres-
	sion problem.
١	/ Treat problem #1 as a regression problem, problem #2 as a classification problem.
) What is one reason not to use the same data for both your training your testing set?
	You will almost certainly underfit the model.
	You will pick the wrong algorithm.
	You might not have enough data for both.
1	/ You will almost certainly overfit the model.
`	To predict a quantity value. use classification.
(i) (1 point) You can use ML to:
١	/ predict the likelihood of disease from a patient's medical history or reports.
1	/ leverage weather data to predict weather events.
1	/ understand the sentiment of a text.
1	/ detect fake news to stop the spread of propaganda.

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(j) (1 point) You work for a music streaming service and want to use supervised ML to classify music into different genres. Your service has collected thousands of songs in each genre, and you used this as your training data. Now you pull out a small random subset of all the songs in your service. What is this subset called?

Big Data. Supervi	sed Set. √ Test Data.	Data Cluster
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Task №2

15mn | (5 points)

For some classification problem, we run the code given hereafter in order to display the confusion matrix, using the crosstab function.

```
[11]: Predicted 0 1 All Expected 0 52 15 67 1 30 38 68 All 82 53 135
```

For each case, calculate the accuracy, precision, recall and f1-score metrics.

(a) (2 points) 1^{st} Case: 0 is positive and 1 is negative.

TP	FP	TN	FN
52	30	38	15

Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-Score
0.667	0.634	0.776	0.69

(b) (2 points) 2^{nd} Case: 0 is negative and 1 is positive.

TP	FP	TN	FN
38	15	52	30

Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-Score
0.667	0.717	0.559	0.628

(c) (1 point) What does pd stand for?

PANDAS

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Task Nº3

25mn | (5 points)

y is a random variable whose value is considered to be a linear function of some variable x:

The linear regression model $y = \theta_0 + \theta_1 x$ is used. Determine the values of θ_0 , θ_1 using normal equation.

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} -5.5 \\ 0.5 \\ 2.5 \\ 4.5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \Longrightarrow X^{T}X = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ & \\ 4 & 18 \end{bmatrix}$$

The estimated vector θ is

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_0 \\ \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$