AY: 2024-2025	Full Name:	
M1-S2: Dept. of Electrical Engineering	ID:	
Midterm NLP	Class:	RAIA1
Apr. 2025	Room:	
Teacher: A. Mhamdi	Time Limit:	1h

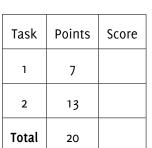
INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGICAL STUDIES OF BIZERTE

This document contains 6 pages numbered from 1/6 to 6/6. As soon as it is handed over to you, make sure that it is complete. The 2 tasks are independent and can be treated in the order that suits you.

1 A handwritten double-sided A4 sheet is permitted.

The following rules apply:

- **②** The use of any electronic material, except basic calculator, is prohibited.
- Mysterious or unsupported answers will not receive full credit.
- If the provided space is not sufficient, feel free to attach an additional sheet.
- **6** Task №2: Each correct answer will grant a mark with no negative scoring.



Do not write anything in this table.



Task Nº1

For each text sample below, provide the regular expression pattern that matches the specific information described in each case.

(a) (1 point) Extract dates in YYYY-MM-DD format

Text: "Project deadlines: 2023-10-25, Q4 ends on 2024-12-31. Event on 15/11/2023 is postponed."

Extract: 2023-10-25, 2024-12-31

Regex Pattern: $r'' d\{4\}-d\{2\}-d\{2\}''$

(b) (1 point) Extract social media handles

Text: "Follow us @python_team on Twitter and @official_python3 on Instagram! #regex101" **Extract:** @python_team, @official_python3

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Regex Pattern: r"@\w+"

(c) (1 point) Extract hashtags

Text: "Trending: #AI, #MachineLearning, and #coding101! Avoid #!!invalid_tags."

Extract: #AI, #MachineLearning, #coding101

Regex Pattern: r"#\w+"

(d) (1 point) Extract currency amounts

Text: "Prices: \$99.99, €50,00, ¥1000. Discount: 25%"

Extract: \$99.99, €50,00, ¥1000

Regex Pattern: r"[\\$€¥]\d+[\.,]?\d+'

(e) (1 point) Extract urls from text

Text: "Visit https://www.python.org or http://docs.python.org/tutorial. Avoid fake.site!"

Extract: https://www.python.org, http://docs.python.org/tutorial

Regex Pattern: r"https?://\S+[^\s\.]"

(f) (1 point) Extract usernames in logs

Text: "User 'alice_2023' logged in. Invalid user '123admin' failed."

Extract: alice_2023

Regex Pattern: r"'([a-zA-Z]\w+)'"

(g) (1 point) Extract license plate numbers

Text: "Plates: ABC-1234, XYZ-789 (invalid), DEF-5678."

Extract: ABC-1234, DEF-5678

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Regex Pattern: r"[A-Z]{3}-\d{4}"
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Task Nº2

```
(a) (1 point) What does the code print?
import re
text = "Python is fun"
result = re.match(r"is", text)
print(result is not None)
   ○ True √ False ○ Error
(b) (1 point) What is the output?
   import re
_{2} text = "2025-04-14"
pattern = r''(d\{4\})-(d\{2\})''
match = re.search(pattern, text)
print(match.group(2))

○ 2025 
√ 04 
○ 14 
○ Error

(c) (1 point) What does the code print?
import re
<sub>2</sub> text = "a1b2c3"
result = re.findall(r"\d", text)
print(result)
   \sqrt{['1', '2', '3']} \bigcirc [1, 2, 3] \bigcirc ['a1', 'b2', 'c3'] \bigcirc ['123']
(d) (1 point) What is the result?
import re
text = "Hello World"
new_text = re.sub(r"\s", "-", text)
print(new_text)
   ○ HelloWorld ○ Hello World ○ Hello-World √ Hello-World
```

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(e) (1 point) What does the code print? import re text = "<div>content</div>" greedy = re.search(r"<.*>", text).group() non_greedy = re.search(r"<.*?>", text).group() print(greedy, non_greedy) √ <div>content</div> <div> () <div> </div> (f) (1 point) Which regex matches "cat" or "cot" but not "cut"? \bigcirc c[a-z]t \bigcirc c[^u]t \checkmark c[ao]t \bigcirc c.o (g) (1 point) What does this regex pattern r"\d+(?=%)" match? $\sqrt{}$ Numbers that are followed by a % O Numbers preceded by a % O Numbers with at least two digits (h) (1 point) What does re. IGNORECASE do? O Makes the regex case-sensitive √ Makes matching case-insensitive O Ignores whitespace in the pattern ○ Enables multi-line mode (i) (1 point) What does r"^Python\$" match? Any string containing "Python" O "Python" at the start of a line $\sqrt{}$ The line containing only the string "Python" (no other characters) O "Python" at the end of a line (j) $(\frac{1}{2}$ point) What is tokenization in NLP? O Removing punctuation from text O Translating text into another language

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O Breaking text into sentences		
$\sqrt{}$ Breaking text into smaller un	its like words or	phrases
(k) $(\frac{1}{2}$ point) Which library is most suitab	le for tokenizing	multilingual text?
	○ PyTorch	
(l) $(1/_{\!\! 2}$ point) How does spaCy handle pur	nctuation during	tokenization?
 Punctuation marks are ignore 	d.	
O Punctuation marks are merge	d with the neare	st word.
$\sqrt{}$ Punctuation marks are treate	d as separate tok	kens.
 Punctuation marks are remove 	ed entirely from	the text.
(m) $(\frac{1}{2}$ point) What is the result?	~	
t = (1, [2, 3], 4)	16-	
₂ t[1].append(5)		
<pre>print(t)</pre>		
√ (1, [2, 3, 5], 4)	•	
O (1, [2, 3], 4)		
Error (tuples are immutable)		
\bigcirc (1, [2, 3], 5, 4)		
(n) $(\frac{1}{2}$ point) What is the output?		
nums = [1, 2, 3, 4]		
squares = [x**2 for x in nums i	f x % 2 == 0]	
<pre>print(squares)</pre>		
\bigcirc [1, 4, 9, 16] $\sqrt{[4, 16]}$ ([2, 4]	[4]
(o) $(1/_{\!\! 2}$ point) What does the code print?		
class Dog:		
SOUND = "Woof"		
<pre>definit(self, name):</pre>		
self.name = name		
5		
6 d = Dog("Buddy")		
<pre>Dog.SOUND = "Bark"</pre>		

8 print(d.SOUND)

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○ None ○ Error ○ Woof
                                    √ Bark
(p) (\frac{1}{2} point) What is the output?
   class Animal:
        def speak(self):
            print("Animal sound")
   class Cat(Animal):
        def speak(self):
            print("Meow")
   c = Cat()
  c.speak()
   ○ Animal sound
                      √ Meow
                                 O Error (no super())
(q) (\frac{1}{2} point) What does the code print?
   class A:
        def greet(self):
            print("Hello from A")
   class B(A):
        def greet(self):
            super().greet()
            print("Hello from B")
   b = B()
   b.greet()
         ○ Only "Hello from B"
          \sqrt{\mbox{"Hello from A" followed by "Hello from B"}}
         O Error in "super()"
         ○ "Hello from A"
```