

# Essential Research Toolkit for the Humanities

## Week 3: Looking at data

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Anna Pryslopska

April 25, 2022

Psycholinguistics and Cognitive Modeling Lab

Questions?

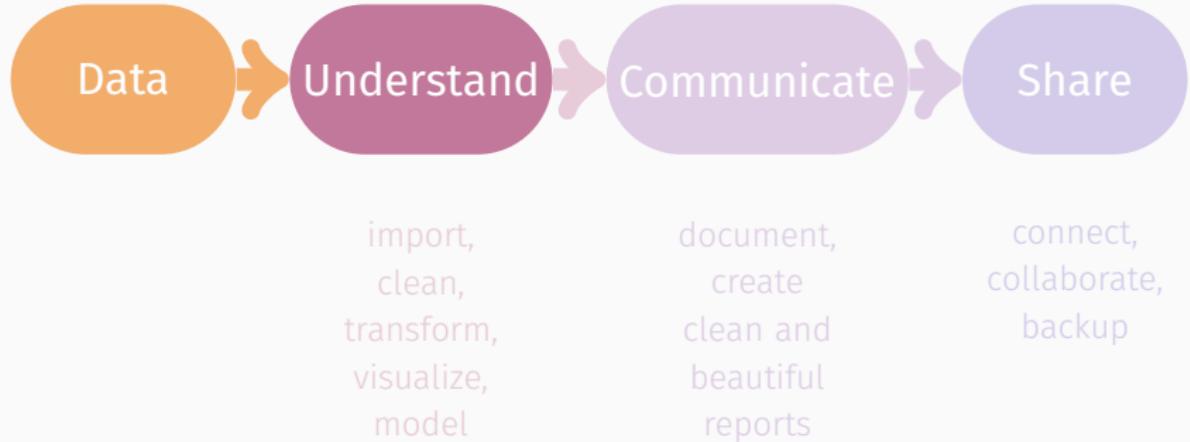
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Where are we this week?

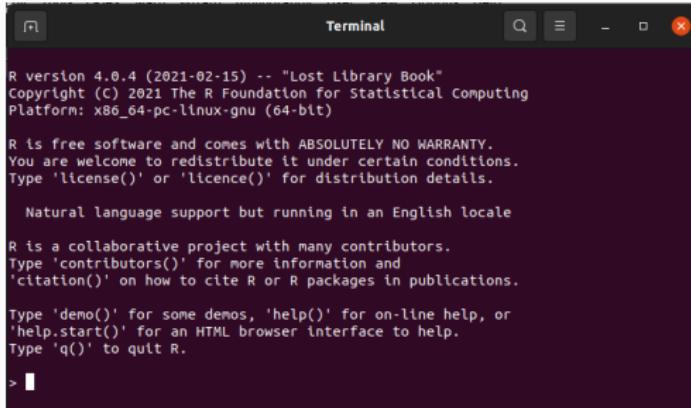
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# Workflow



## R and RStudio

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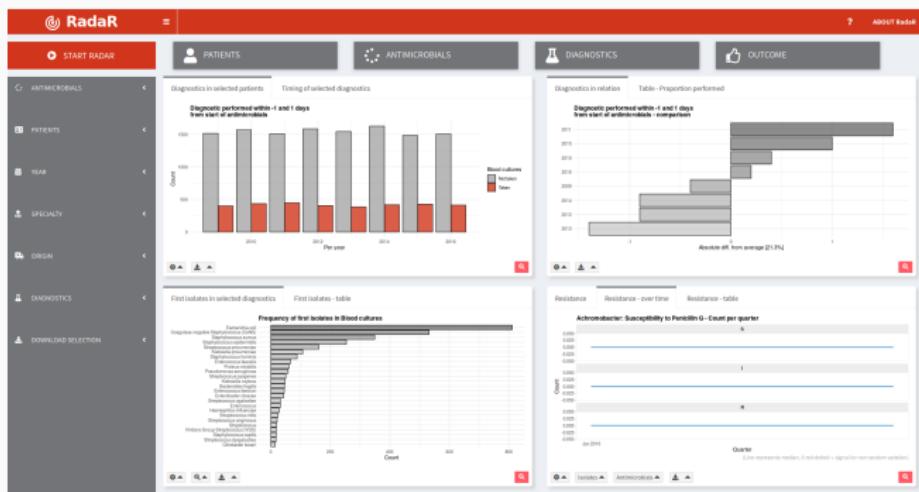
R version 4.0.4 (2021-02-15) -- "Lost Library Book"  
Copyright (c) 2021 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing  
Platform: x86\_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)  
  
R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY.  
You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.  
Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details.  
  
Natural language support but running in an English locale  
  
R is a collaborative project with many contributors.  
Type 'contributors()' for more information and  
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.  
  
Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or  
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.  
Type 'q()' to quit R.

- language & environment for statistical computing & graphics
- used by data miners & statisticians for data analysis & developing statistical software
- developed by R Core Team & the R Foundation for Statistical Computing <https://www.r-project.org/>
- base + packages

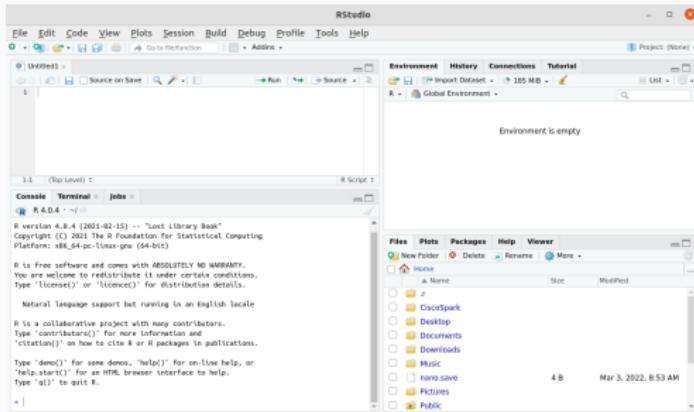
R: Why bother?



# R: Why bother?



# RStudio



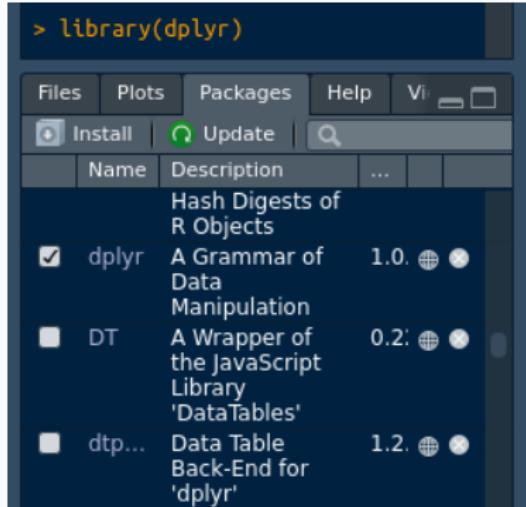
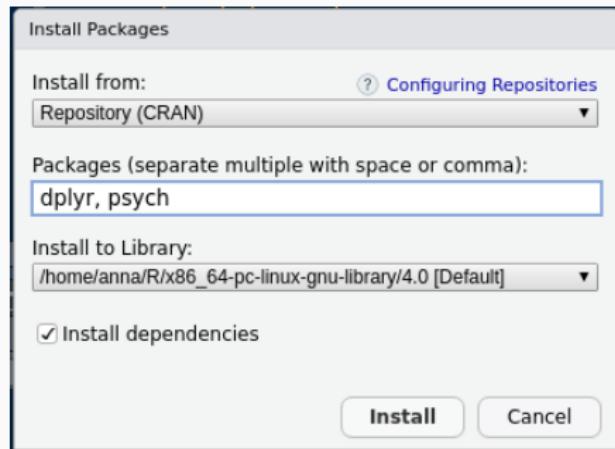
- Integrated Development Environment (=IDE) for R (& Python)
- free, open source
- “friendlier” than pure R
- developed by RStudio, who develop, maintain, and promote many awesome packages (e.g. tidyverse, RMarkdown, knitr)
- source, console, environment, plots, packages, help

## R packages

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# Installing, loading, checking

`install.packages("NAME", "NAME2")` install from repository  
`library(NAME)` load into workspace (=activate)  
`sessionInfo()` collect information about current R session



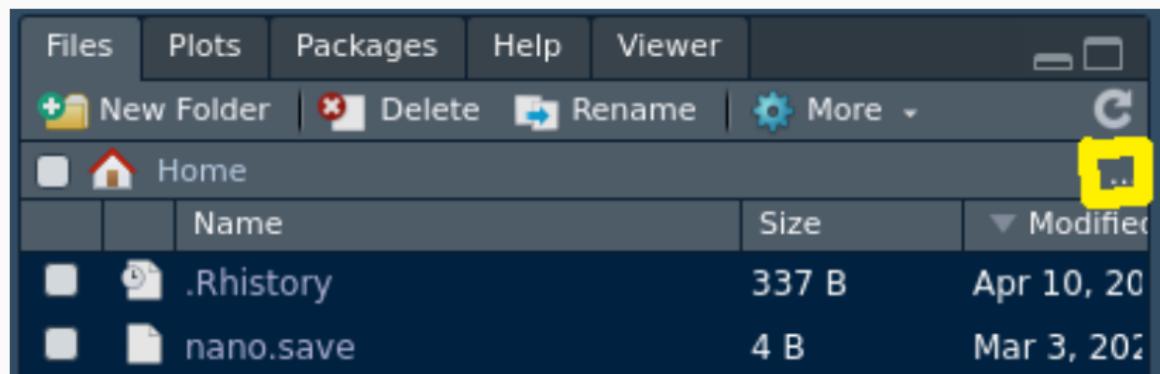
# Working with RStudio

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# Make a home for your project

Create a new folder and set it as the working directory

- where R will look for files
- where R will save visible and hidden files
- where R will automatically load files from



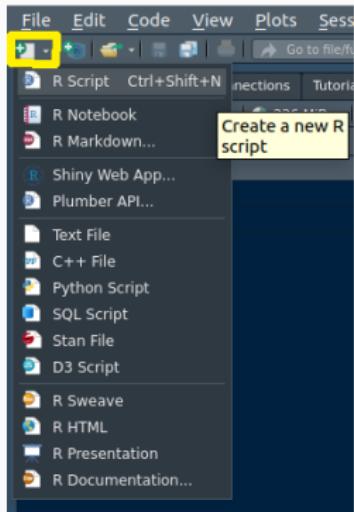
```
setwd("PATH")
```

set working directory

```
getwd()
```

check working directory

# Don't You Forget About Me

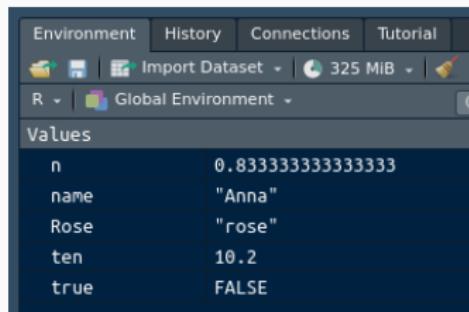


	Windows	Mac
work with scripts	CTRL+SHIFT+N	CMD+SHIFT+N
leave comments #	CTRL+SHIFT+C	CMD+SHIFT+C
make sections	CTRL+SHIFT+R	CMD+SHIFT+R
use autocompletion	TAB	TAB
run selected code	CTRL+ENTER	CMD+RETURN

# Assignment

Saves information for later, keeps it in the environment, but overwrites existing values.

x <- value	ten <- 10.2
value -> x	"rose" -> Rose
x = value	name = "Anna"
x <<- value	true <<- FALSE
value ->> x	13/12 ->> n



The screenshot shows the RStudio interface with the Global Environment tab selected. The pane displays a list of variables and their current values:

Values	
n	0.8333333333333333
name	"Anna"
Rose	"rose"
ten	10.2
true	FALSE

Questions?

## Data types, formats, and encoding

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# What's your type?

From a statistical point of view:

- nominal marital status, religion
- ordinal grades, energy efficiency classes
- interval IQ, temperature in C and F
- ratio reaction times, population

From an empirical point of view:

- reading times
- brain waves
- transcription
- recordings → text files (txt, csv, tsv)
- acceptability judgments
- texts
- annotation

# The shape of data

From R's point of view:

- logical TRUE
- integer 1 or 1L
- double 1.0
- complex 1+0i
- character “one”
- double “not a number” NaN
- double “infinity” Inf
- double “negative infinity” -Inf
- logical “missing” value NA
- special variable without a type NULL

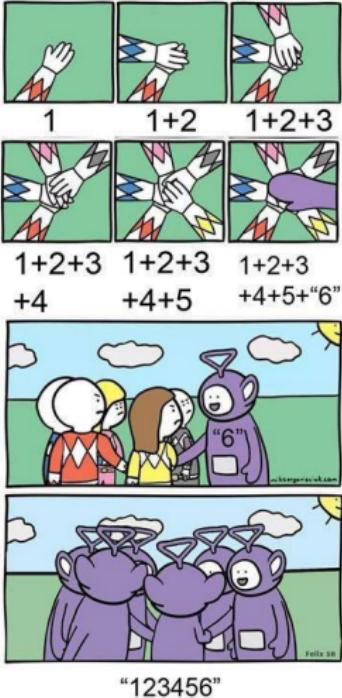
## Reap what you sow

Unsure? `typeof(1L)` or `is.numeric(1)`

Certain? `as.character(1)`

<code>5L + 2</code> = 7	integer
<code>3.7 * 3L</code> = 11.1	double
<code>99999.0e-1 - 3.3e+3</code> = 9999.9 - 3300 = 6699.9	double
<code>10 / as.complex(2)</code> = 5+0i	complex
<code>as.character(5) / 5</code> = $\emptyset$	non-numeric argument!

# Lost in translation



- Be careful and know what you put in
- Be mindful of the character encoding (when in doubt, UTF-8)

恰擦挡徽曾拔淡瘠湯堠汹灯漠浮獵步僚匪讴  
戮敷牧醫映坊淡娘敷果H編 歐\*檀恭撒拥慾物  
僅映 整飭<sup>4</sup>散率時捺淮<sup>1</sup>\*狹蟲 雜<sup>2</sup>菌<sup>3</sup>蟲<sup>4</sup>  
菌<sup>5</sup>菌<sup>6</sup>菌<sup>7</sup>菌<sup>8</sup>菌<sup>9</sup>菌<sup>10</sup>菌<sup>11</sup>菌<sup>12</sup>菌<sup>13</sup>菌<sup>14</sup>菌<sup>15</sup>  
鮑菌<sup>16</sup>蟲<sup>17</sup>菌<sup>18</sup>菌<sup>19</sup>菌<sup>20</sup>菌<sup>21</sup>菌<sup>22</sup>菌<sup>23</sup>菌<sup>24</sup>菌<sup>25</sup>

Falsches Äben von Xylophonmusik  
quält jeden gräßeren Zwerg.  
Dis aux filles de faire la fâate  
À l'heure du cinq à sept.  
áf'áf<0x90>áf<0xa0>áf-áf'áf'sáf'i  
áf'áf<0x90>áf<0xa0>áf"áf<0x90>  
áf;áf@áf<0x90>  
áf"áf@áf<0x90>áf-áf" áf'sáf<0x90>-áf  
žáf<0x90>áf<0xa0>áf<0x90>áf"áf  
<0x9d>áf'áf-?

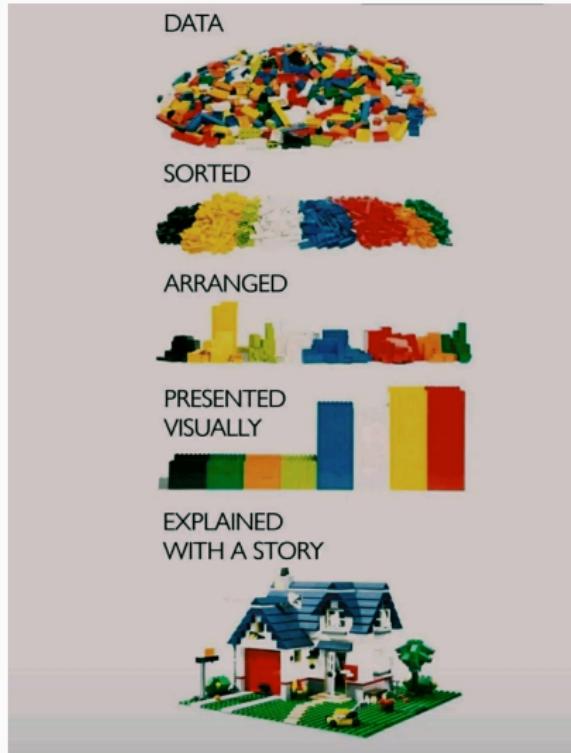
Falsches Üben von Xylophonmusik  
quält jeden gräßeren Zwerg.  
Dis aux filles de faire la fâte  
à l'heure du cinq à sept.  
SÉ•SÉzSÉtSÉoSÉSÉoSÉ<sup>°</sup>  
SÉiSÉzSÉtSÉdSÉz SÉ<sup>°</sup>SégSÉeSÉz  
SÉeSÉuSÉzSÉeSÉE  
SÉoSÉzSÉzSÉzÉtSÉzSÉoSÉEÉdSÉo?

Falsches Üben von Xylophonmusik  
quält jeden größeren Zwerp.  
Dis aux filles de faire la fete à  
l'heure du cinq à sept.  
ქართულს გარდა სხვა ენაზე  
ძაბარაკიძმ?

## Data

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# Tell a story



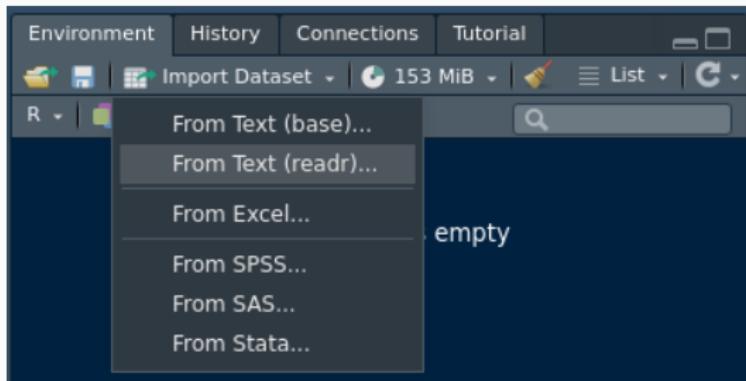
# Reading in data

Install and load the package **tidyverse**

Download **moses.csv** from ILIAS and save it to your working directory

Read in the file **moses.csv** and assign it to the name **moses**

Select Environment > Import Dataset > **readr**



or `read_csv("moses.csv")`

# Experiment week 1

Q: Can a man marry his widow's sister?

No 🤔💀🌐

Q: According to the Bible, how many animals of each kind did Moses take on the ark?

can't answer

Q: How many numbers are in the English alphabet?

can't answer



Moses Illusions or semantic illusions occur when readers fail to recognize inconsistency in a text even if they were warned and know the correct word (Erickson and Mattson 1981).

# Inspecting data



U.s.a



U.k



China



Stuttgart

# Look at what you did

- in the RStudio window
- `View(moses)`

## Wrap-up

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# Summary

- R and RStudio IDE
- packages (installing and loading)
- working directory
- scripts
- assignment
- data types and encoding
- reading in and inspecting data

# Homework assignment due May 2

- Read chapters 4–6 of *R for Data Science*  
<https://r4ds.had.co.nz/>
- Complete assignment 1 (→ ILIAS)

Next week: R programming basics