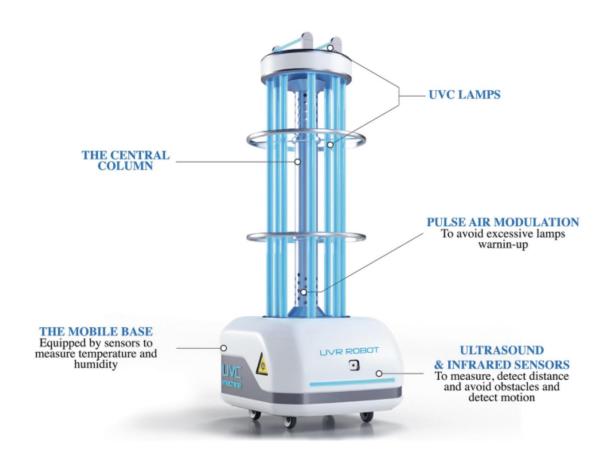


AUTONOMOUS AND MOBILE ROBOTICS

Group:

- Federico Fabbri
- Agatino Ricciardi





Sanitizer Robot Project

PROJECT SPECIFICS



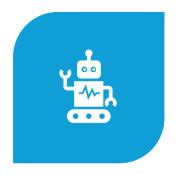


SETUP OF THE TURTLEBOT3 IN THE GAZEBO BIG HOUSE ENVIRONMENT



TASK 2

AUTONOMOUS EXPLORATION
OF THE ENVIRONMENT TO
CREATE A MAP



TASK 3

LOCALIZATION OF THE ROBOT AND NAVIGATION TO A SET OF GOALS



TASK 4

LOCALIZATION, NAVIGATION TO A SET OF ROOMS AND SANITIZATION

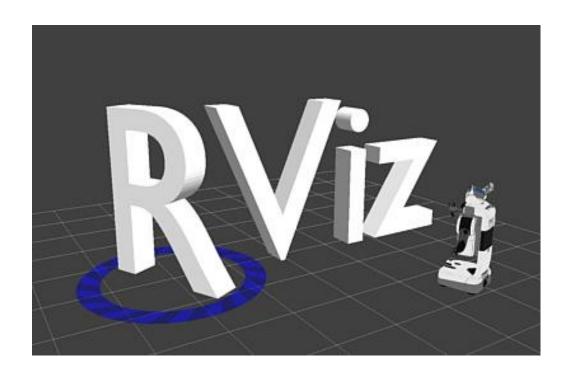




SIMULATION TOOLS



Open-source 3D robotics simulator for research, design and development

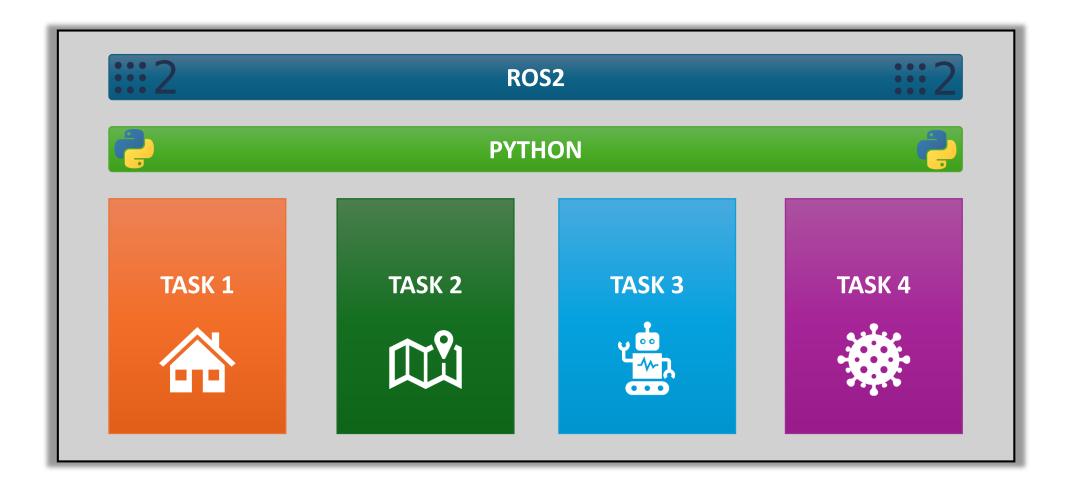


User-friendly visualization tool for ROS that allows exploration and data analysis in 3D





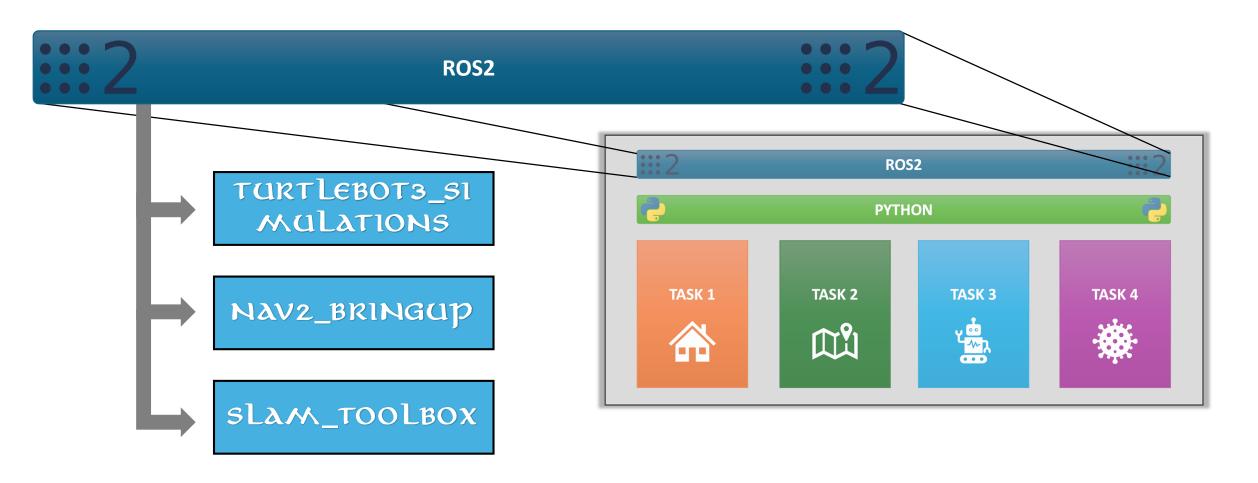
OVERALL PROJECT STRUCTURE







OVERALL PROJECT STRUCTURE — ROS2

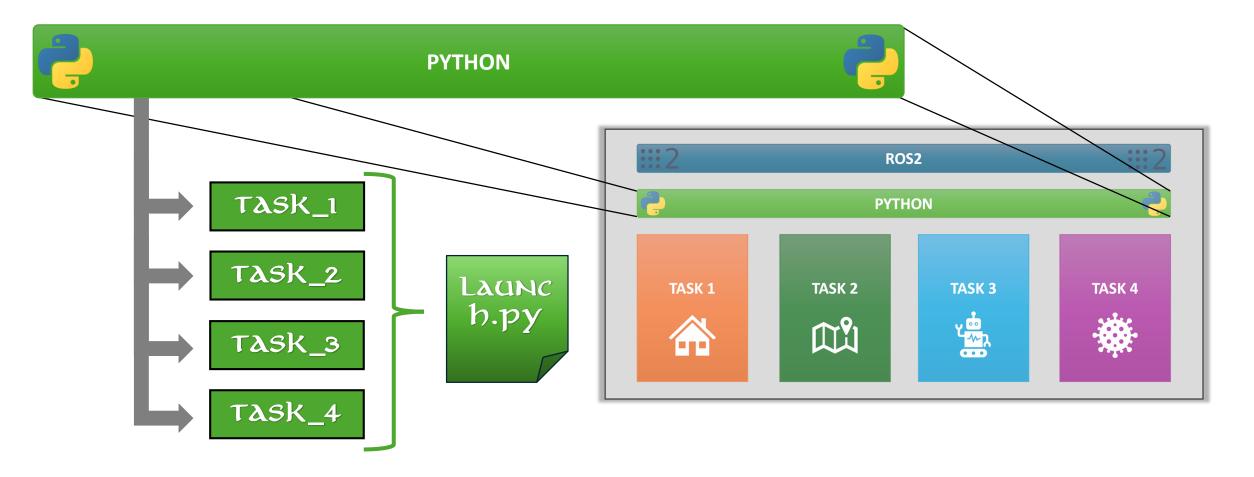








OVERALL PROJECT STRUCTURE - PYTHON









LAUNCH FILES

TASK 1

Taski.Launch.p

- Gazebo Big House;
- Rviz2;
- ❖ Nav2 BringUp;
- SLAM Toolbox.

TASK 2

Taskz.Launch.

M-Explore algorithm.

TASK 3

py

- Gazebo Big House;
- Rviz2;
- ❖ Nav2 BringUp.

Tasks.Launch.

- Localization task;
- Navigation task.

TASK 4

p.Ladiker)

- Gazebo Big House;
- Rviz2;
- Nav2 BringUp.

Task4.Launch.

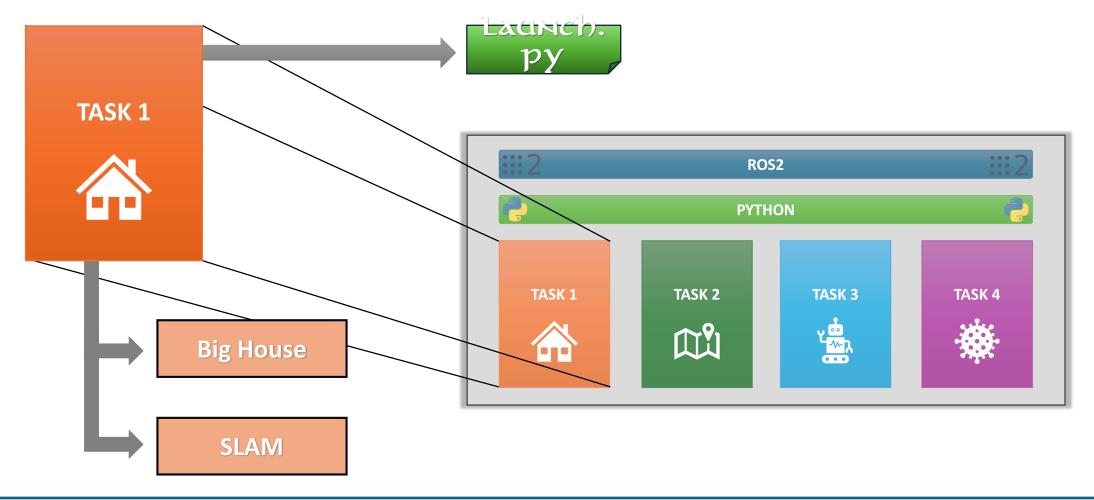
- Localization task;
- Sanification task.







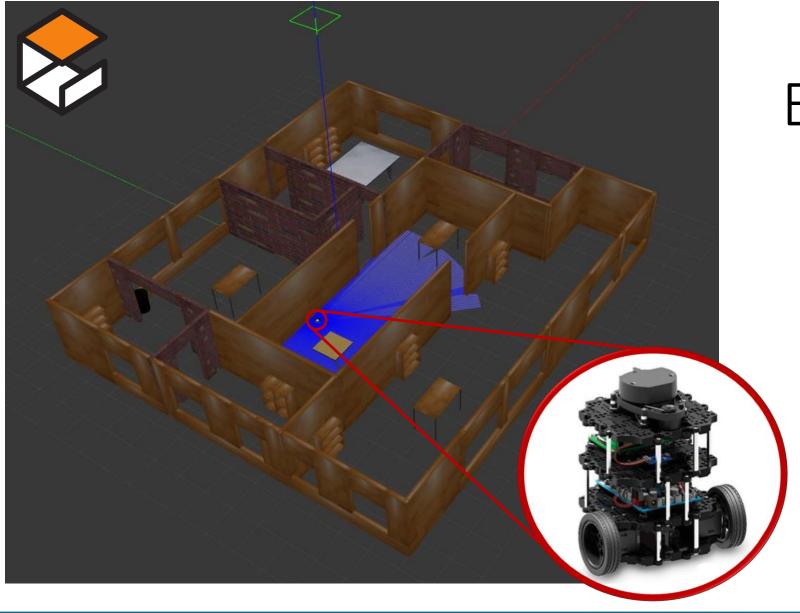
OVERALL PROJECT STRUCTURE – TASK 1











BIG HOUSE ENVIRONMENT

TARTLEBOT_3_MOOEL =

TURTLEBOT3_BIG_house.Launch.p

nav2_bringup bringup_launch.py



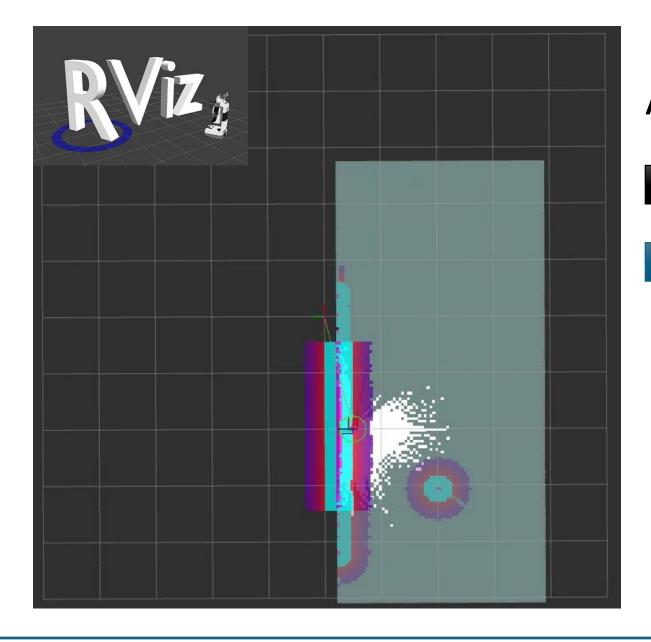
Navigation network designed to help mobile robots move safely and efficiently through various environments and perform complex tasks. Provides perception, planning, control, localization, visualization and much more.











AUTONOMOUS SLAM

RVIZ2 -8 /NAV2_SEFAULT_VIEW.RVIZ

slam_toolbox online_async_launch.py



<u>Simultaneous Localization and Mapping</u>. Technique used to create a map of an unknown environment while simultaneously keeping track of the robot's location within it.

The <u>async mode</u> is recommended for online execution The mapping process is not synchronized with the robot's motion. It uses the latest available data to perform mapping.

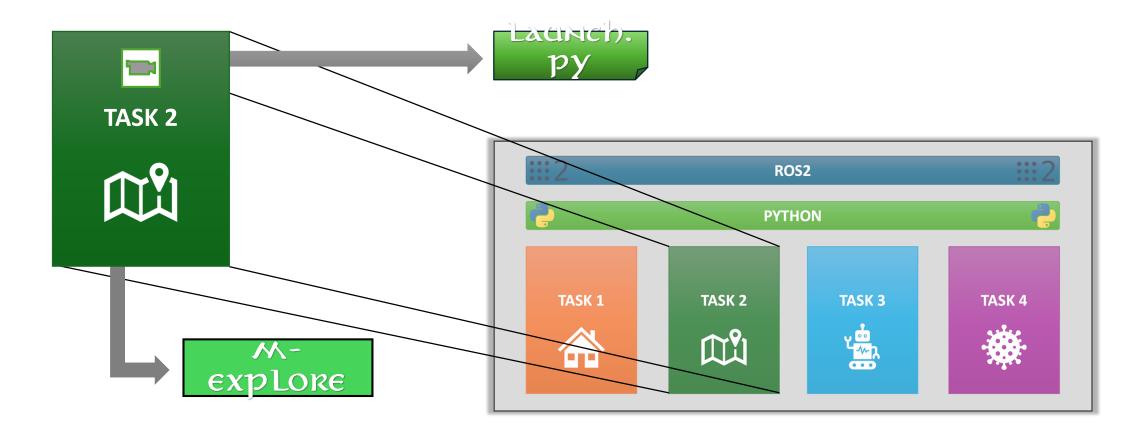








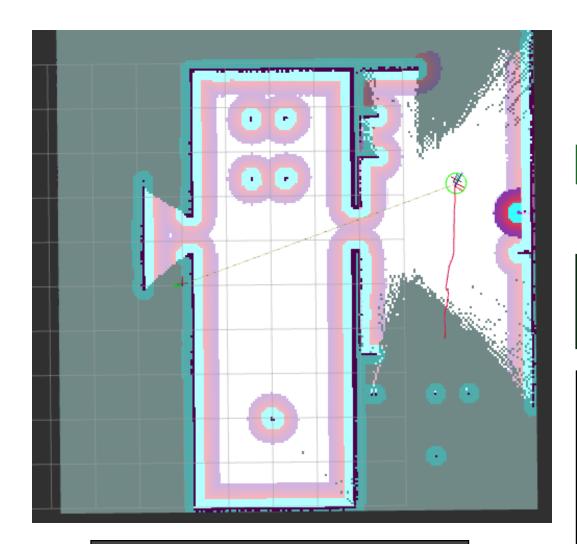
OVERALL PROJECT STRUCTURE — TASK 2











- ¹inside **explore_lite** package, in **params.yaml**;
- ²inside task_1, in nav2_config.yaml;
- ³inside turtlebot3 gazebo, in model.sdf;

M-EXPLORE LITE

explore_lite explore.launch.py



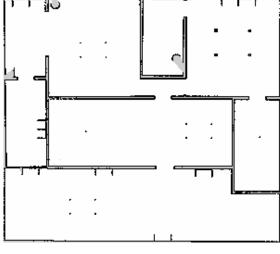
ROS 2 package for multi-robot autonomous exploration. It provides greedy <u>frontier-based exploration</u>, where the robot will greedily explore its environment until no frontiers could be found.

Modifications:

- MIN_FRONTIER_SIZE1: REDUCED
- PROGRESS_TIMEOUT1: **REDUCED**
- INFLATION_RADIUS2: INCREASED LIDAR RAYS MAX RANGE3: **INCREASED**

NAV2_MAP_SERVER Map_saver_cli



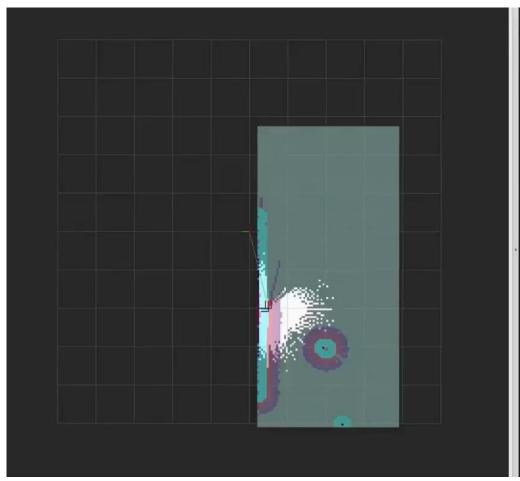












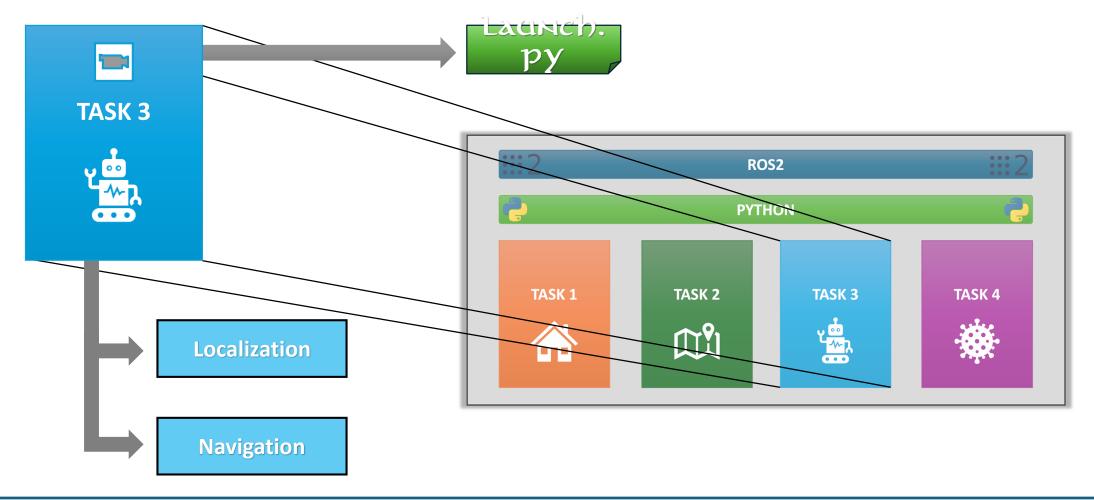








OVERALL PROJECT STRUCTURE – TASK 3

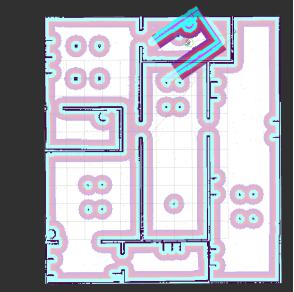












Process is done via <u>Adaptive Monte Carlo Localization</u> (<u>AMCL</u>), a probabilistic localization method for robots moving in 2D. Tracks the pose of a robot inside a known map using a <u>particle filter</u>.

Our solution implements a simple procedural wall follower algorithm to help the localization process. Process ends when the check on the eigenvalues of the <u>covariance matrix</u> is satisfied.

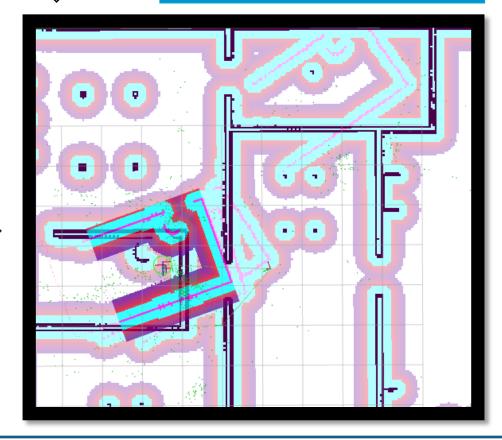
Modifications:

• Number of particles of the AMCL:

INCREASED - in nav2_config.yaml;



Task_3 Localization.py



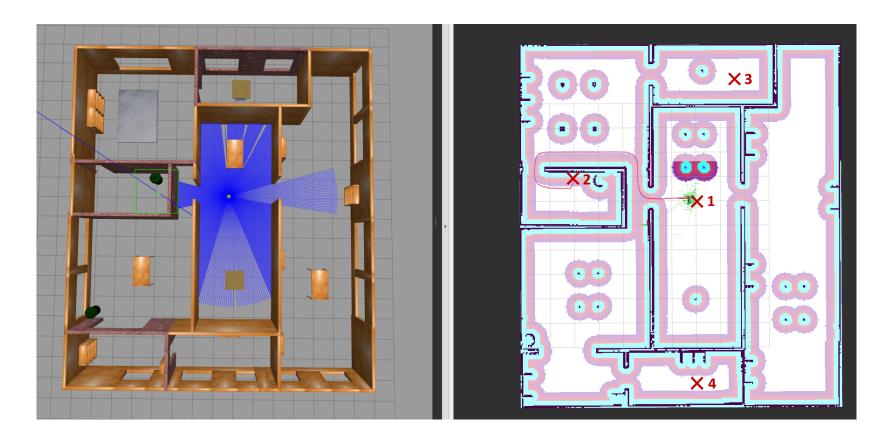












Navigation is synchronized with localization. Both processes are launched at the same time, communication between them is done via LOCALIZATION_CALLBACK.

Once the localization is completed, navigation starts following the ROUTE_MANAGER.py logic, reading the goals inside the ROUTES.yaML file and moving towards them.

NAVIGATION

TASK_3 ROUTE_MANAGER.py



ROUTES. YAML

```
mode: inorder
poses:
- pose:
| position:
| x: 1.0
| y: -2.0
| z: 0.0
| orientation:
| x: 0.0
| y: 0.0
| z: 0.70
| w: 0.70
```



















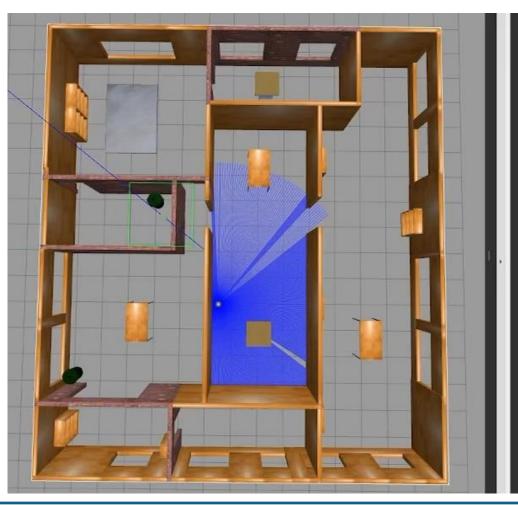


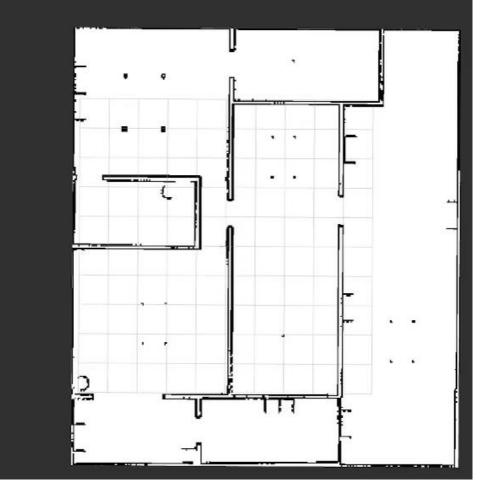




17







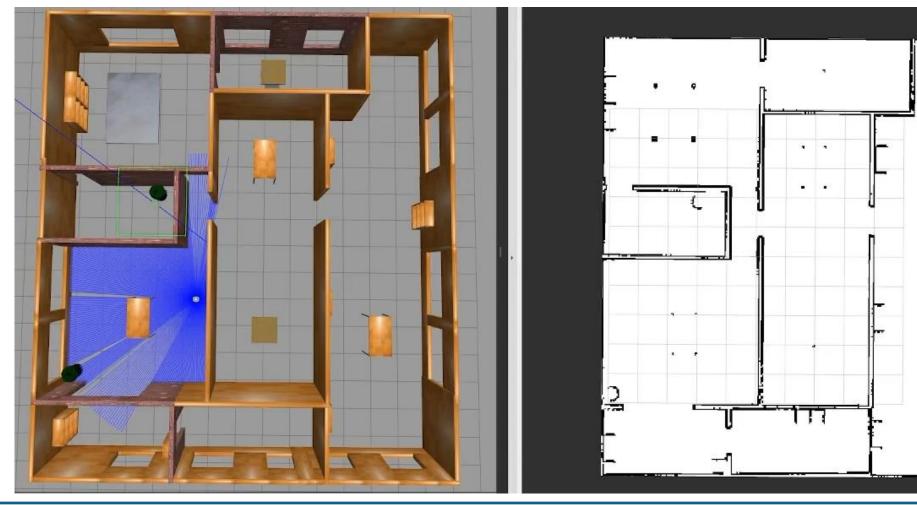
























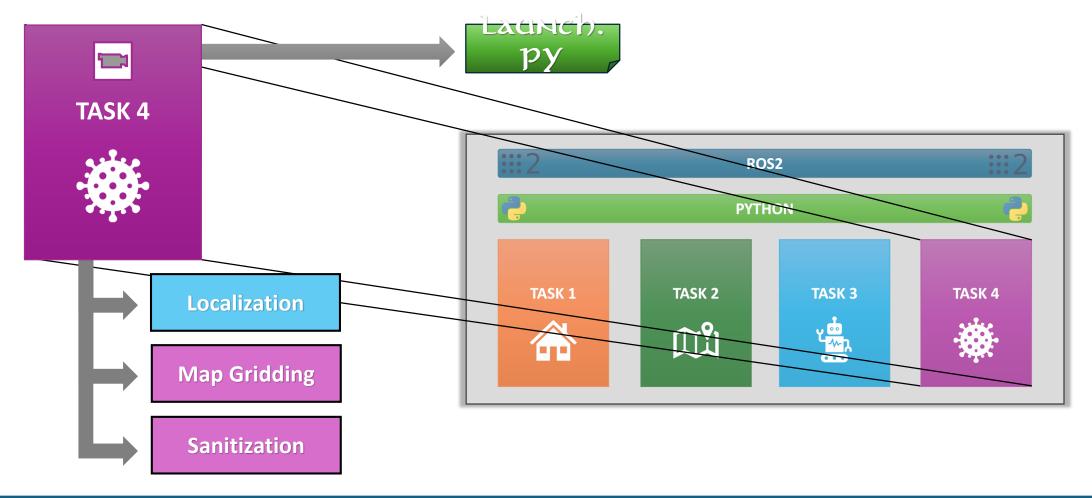








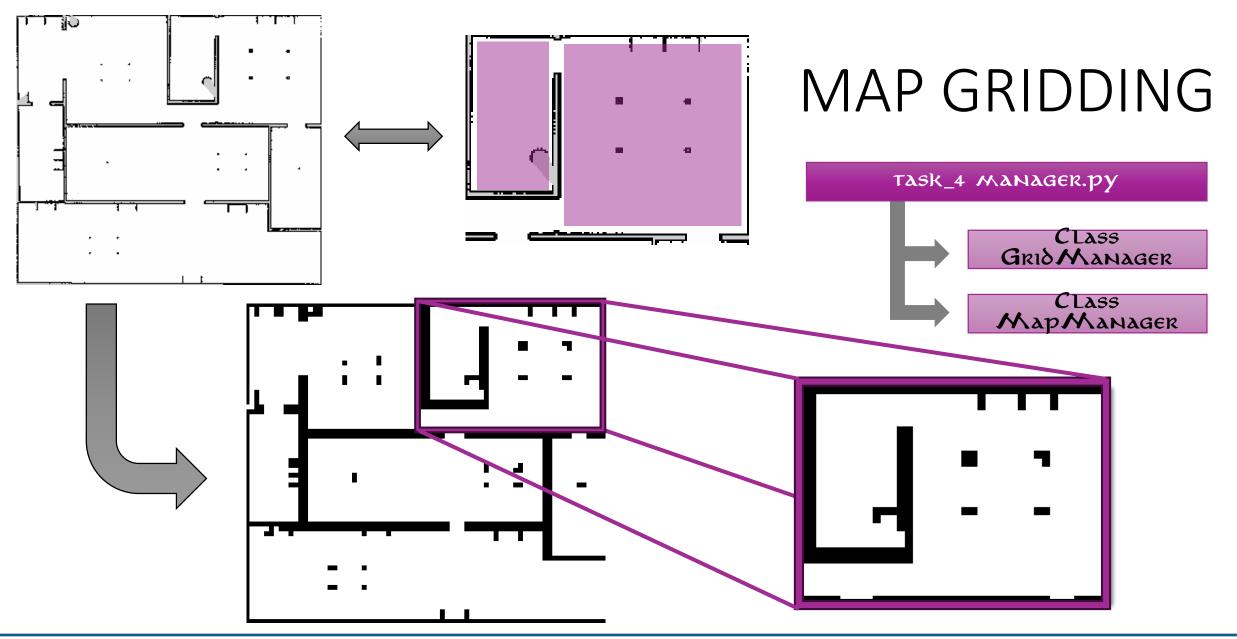
OVERALL PROJECT STRUCTURE – TASK 4





















Energy Evaluation

SANITIZATION



Goal Search & Navigation



Task_4 sanitizer.py

The SANITIZER.PY calls instances of the classes of the MANAGER.PY to perform

CLASS
GRIDMANAGE
R
CLASS
MAPMANAG
ER
CLASS
ROUTEPLANNE

Sanitization is synchronized with localization. Both processes are launched at the same time, communication between them is done via **LOCALIZATION_CALLBACK**.

Once the localization is completed, sanitization starts following the SANITIZER.PY logic, reaching the target room and starting the sanitization process.









ENERGY EVALUATION



$$E(x, y, k) = \sum_{i=0}^{k} \frac{P_{l} \Delta t}{(x - p_{x}(i\Delta t))^{2} + (y - p_{y}(i\Delta t))^{2}}$$

Data:

□ Light Power: $P_l = 100 \mu W m^2$

☐ Cell position: (x, y)

☐ Robot position: (p_x, p_y)

$$E \leq 5 mJ$$

$$5 \, mJ < E < 10 \, mJ$$

$$E \ge 10 \ mJ$$

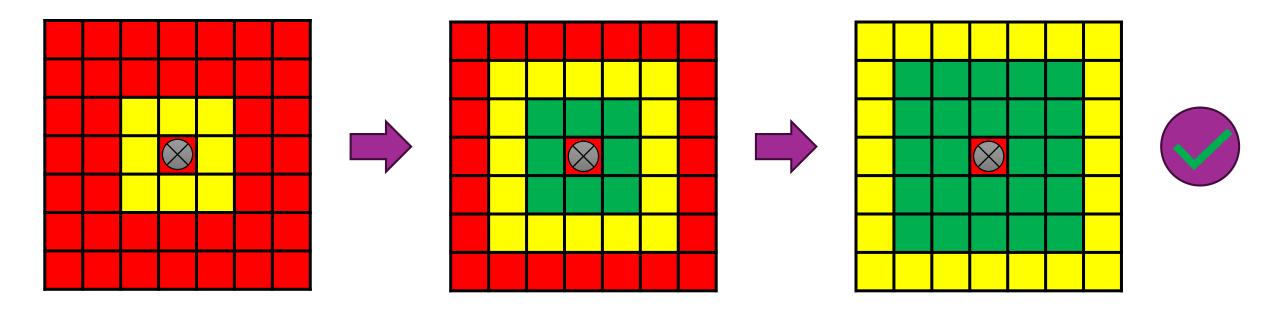






CELLS SANITIZATION





- Neighbourhood Sanitization: it can be modified to let the robot stay in place more/less;
- > Robot Encumbrance: robot doesn't sanitize in place.



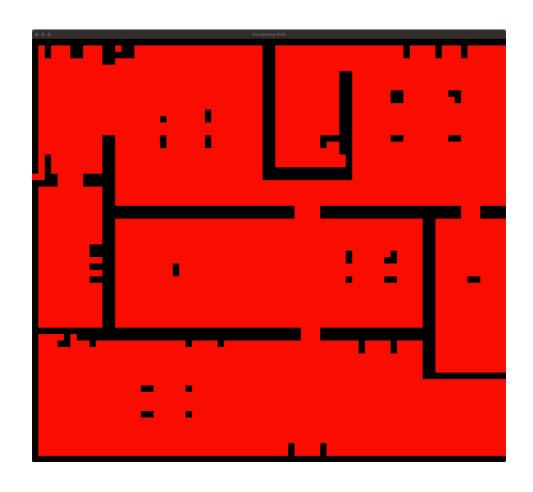






RAY TRACING - VISUALIZATION









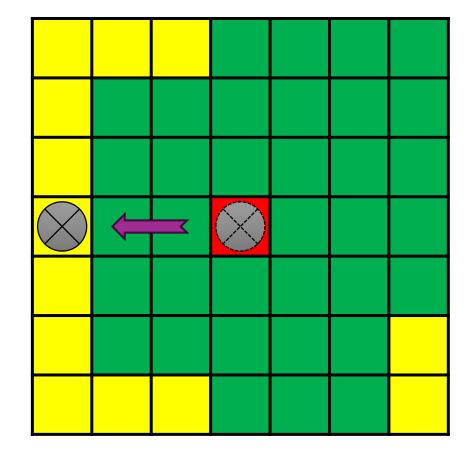


GOAL SEARCH & NAVIGATION



- ➤ Neighbourhood Check: when the robot can only see sanitized tiles surrounding it, starts to search for a new tile;
- Find Closest Target: the robot looks for the closest half-sanitized cell;
- Navigation to Goal: the robot starts to move to reach the defined goal;
- Sanification Callback: once the new goal is reached, the sanification restarts.
 - Policy Simulation in Big House











BIG HOUSE POLICY – VISUALIZATION



