Secure IP Ownership Management System using Blockchain Technology

A Vinil - 2022A3PS1648H Abhinav Reddy Kallem - 2021B4A32408H Himanshu Singh - 2022AAPS0306H Nishant Raut - 2022B5AA0689H

November 2024

INTRODUCTION

What is Intellectual Property (IP)?

- Definition: Intellectual Property (IP) refers to the creations of the mind, including inventions, ideas, and artistic works.
- Management: IP can be transferred, licensed, or registered to protect and commercialize rights.
- Record Keeping: A ledger is maintained to store details of IP ownership and transactions.
- Example: Like a bank tracks monetary assets, an IP ledger tracks ownership and usage
 of intellectual assets.

Disadvantages of Centralised Intellectual Property (IP) Management System:

- Lack of Transperency
- Difficulty Verifying Authenticity
- Risk of Duplicates
- Need for Trusted Intermediaries

SYSTEM STRUCTURE

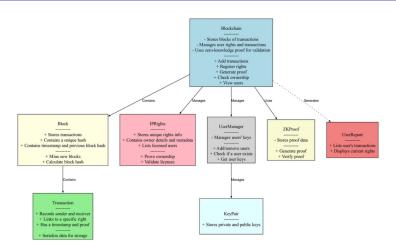


Figure: Class Diagram for IP Right Management System

Implementing Blockchain

- Cryptographic Components:
 - 1. Hash function
 - 2. Public Key Infrastructure
- Blockchain: A chain of blocks that stores data securely in a decentralized manner.
- Block: Previous hash, vector of 10 Transactions, Current Hash
- Transaction: fromUser, toUser, IP, timestamp, Type
- **Problem:** Transparency of Confidential Information
 - Solution: ZKP.

ZKP

- Prove Ownership of IP Rights without revealing Private Key
- The key security properties are
 - Zero-Knowledge: The proof doesn't reveal Owner's private key
 - Soundness: Only someone who knows the private key can generate valid proofs
 - Completeness: Valid proofs are always accepted

Implementation

1. Setup

- Large Prime Number p and Generator g
- Private key x and corresponding Public key y = g^x mod(p) of each user

2. Proof Generation

- Create a random value r
- Compute t = g^r mod(p)
- Generate challenge c using hash of commitment t reduced to modulo(p-1) to fit the group
- Calculate response s = r + c * xmod(p 1)
- Send (t, s) to verifier

3. Verification

- Receive Public Key y and (t, s)
- Rederive c from t
- Verify $g^s = t * y^c mod(p)$