

$$5. 300 = 10x + 20y$$

I 若偏好為  $V = f(x, y) = x^{\frac{2}{3}} y^{\frac{1}{3}}$ , 則早餐消費為  $\text{Max } V = f(x, y) = x^{\frac{2}{3}} y^{\frac{1}{3}}$   
 $s.t. \quad 300 = 10x + 20y$

$$\text{根據最適條件} = MRS_{xy} = \frac{\frac{2}{3} x^{-\frac{1}{3}} y^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\frac{1}{3} x^{\frac{2}{3}} y^{-\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{P_x}{P_y} = \frac{10}{20}$$

$\Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{4}x$  代入  $300 = 10x + 20y$  得  $x = 20 \quad y = 5$   $\therefore$  每週會買 20 杯奶茶 5 個漢堡

II 若偏好為  $V = f(x, y) = x + 3y$ , 則消費決策為  $\text{Max } V = f(x, y) = x + 3y$ .

根據最適消費條件  $MRS_{xy} = \frac{1}{3} < \frac{P_x}{P_y} = \frac{1}{2}$   $s.t. \quad 300 = 10x + 20y$

$x = 0 \quad y = 15$   $\therefore$  每週買 0 杯奶茶 15 個漢堡

III 若偏好為  $V = f(x, y) = \min(x, y)$  則決策為  $\text{Max } V = f(x, y) = \min(x, y)$   
 $s.t. \quad 300 = 10x + 20y$

最適條件為  $x = y$  代入  $300 = 10x + 20y$

$\Rightarrow x = y = 10$   $\therefore$  每週各買 10 個

6.

$$400x + 600y = 12000 \quad U = \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$MRS_{xy} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{-\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3y = 2x \Rightarrow x = 15, y = 10$$

$$\textcircled{2} (S, C) \Rightarrow x + y = 23$$

$$\begin{cases} x + y = 23 \\ 400x + 600y = 12000 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 4y = 92 \\ 4x + 6y = 120 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 14 \\ x &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = y = 14, x = 9$$