ML HW6

b05902127 資工二 劉俊緯

請比較有無normalize的差別。並說明如何normalize.

- $\bullet \quad \mathsf{Normalize} \colon \tfrac{\mathit{score}-1}{4} \text{, } \mathsf{scale}[1,5] \mathsf{to}[0,1]$
 - Normalization is better I think because of kernel initializer are Xavier.

	Private Score	Public Score
With Normalize	0.84728	0.85456
Without Normalize	0.85355	0.86438

比較不同的embedding dimension的結果。

• In the result, I think larger embedding size with dropout will easily extract more features.

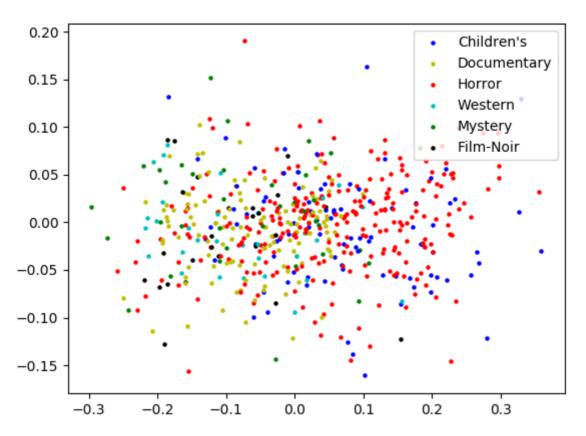
Embedding Size	Private Score	Public Score
300	0.84728	0.85456
100	0.86923	0.87387

比較有無bias的結果。

	Private Score	Public Score
With bias	0.86900	0.87477
Without bias	0.86923	0.87387

• In the result, adding bias will imporve a little bit both in private and public score.

請試著將movie的embedding用tsne降維後,將movie category當作label來作圖。



- 在這張圖我們可以看到Documentay和Children's是被明顯分開的。這與事實挺相符的,因為Children's與 Documentay的性質相差甚遠。
- 此外,我們也觀察到Film-Noir(黑色電影)與Children's也被隔開來了。

試著使用除了rating以外的feature, 並說明你的作法和結果,結果好壞不會影響評分。

	Private Score	Public Score
More Feature	0.84728	0.85456
Less Feature	0.87117	0.87963

- concat user_embedding (dim 300 + bias) and Dense(300,user information)
- concat movie_embedding(dim 300+bias) and Dense(300,movie information)
- both two Dense(1024), and then Dot together.
- More detail code is is below.

```
user_output = Add()([Embedding(6041,300, input_length=[1])(user_idx) ,
Embedding(6041,1, input_length=[1])(user_idx)])
movie_output = Add()([Embedding(3953,300, input_length=[1])(movie_idx),
Embedding(3953,1, input_length=[1])(movie_idx)])
user_output = Dropout(0.5)(Flatten()(user_output))
movie_output = Dropout(0.5)(Flatten()(movie_output))
user_info_output = Dropout(0.5)(Dense(300)(user_info))
movie_info_output = Dropout(0.5)(Dense(300)(movie_info))
```

```
user = concatenate([user_output,user_info_output])
movie = concatenate([movie_output,movie_info_output])
user_output = Dense(1024,activation='tanh')(user)
movie_output = Dense(1024,activation='tanh')(movie)
user_output = Dropout(0.5)(user_output)
movie_output = Dropout(0.5)(movie_output)
y = Dot(1)([user_output , movie_output])
y = Dense(1)(y)
```