## Московский Авиационный Институт (Национальный исследовательский Университет)

Факультет: «Информационные технологии и прикладная математика» Кафедра: 806 «Вычислительная математика и программирование»

# Лабораторная работа по курсу «ООП»

## **Тема:** Основы работы с коллекциями: итераторы.

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Вариант:	14
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Дата:	

Москва 2019

#### 1. Код программы на языке С++:

```
point.h:
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
template <class T>
struct point {
  T x, y;
  point (T a,T b) { x = a, y = b;};
  point() = default;
};
template <class T>
std::istream& operator >> (std::istream& npt,point <T>& p ) {
  return npt >> p.x >> p.y;
}
template <class T>
std::ostream& operator << (std::ostream& out,const point <T>& p) {
  return out << p.x << ' ' << p.y << '\n';
}
pentagon.h:
#pragma once
template <class T>
struct pentagon
{
  point <T> a1,a2,a3,a4,a5;
  pentagon (point T > x1, point T > x2, point T > x3, point T > x4, point T > x5)
{
     a1 = x1; a2 = x2; a3 = x3; a4 = x4; a5 = x5;
  }
  pentagon() = default;
  point <T> center() const {
     T x, y;
     x = (a1.x + a2.x + a3.x + a4.x + a5.x) / 5;
     y = (a1.y + a2.y + a3.y + a4.y + a5.y) / 5;
     point T> p(x,y);
     return p;
  }
  void print(std::ostream& out) {
     out << "Coordinates are:\n"<<"{\n"<< a1 << a2 << a3 << a4 << a5 <<"}\n";
  T area() const {
```

```
return (0.5) * std::abs((a1.x*a2.y + a2.x*a3.y + a3.x*a4.y + a4.x*a5.y + a
a5.x*a1.y) - ( a1.y*a2.x + a2.y*a3.x + a3.y*a4.x + a4.y*a5.x + a5.y*a1.x ));
       }
      pentagon(std::istream& is) {
              is >> a1 >> a2 >> a3 >> a4 >> a5;
};
hexagon.h:
#pragma once
template <class T>
struct hexagon
       point <T> a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6;
       hexagon() = default;
      point <T> center() const {
              T x,v;
             x = (a1.x + a2.x + a3.x + a4.x + a5.x + a6.x) / 6;
              y = (a1.y + a2.y + a3.y + a4.y + a5.y + a6.y) / 6;
             point T> p(x,y);
             return p;
       }
       void print(std::ostream& out) {
              out << "Coordinates are:\n{\n"}<< a1 << a3 << a4 << a5 << a6 << "}\n";
       }
      T area() const {
              return 0.5 * std::abs((a1.x*a2.y + a2.x*a3.y + a3.x*a4.y + a4.x*a5.y + a5.x*a6.y)
+ a6.x*a1.y) - ( a1.y*a2.x + a2.y*a3.x + a3.y*a4.x + a4.y*a5.x + a5.y*a6.x +
a6.y*a1.x ));
      hexagon(std::istream& is) {
             is >> a1 >> a2 >> a3 >> a4 >> a5 >> a6;
};
octagon.h:
#pragma once
template<class T>
struct octagon
      point <T> a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8;
      point <T> center() const {
              T x,y;
              x = (a1.x + a2.x + a3.x + a4.x + a5.x + a6.x + a7.x + a8.x) / 8;
```

```
y = (a1.y + a2.y + a3.y + a4.y + a5.y + a6.y + a7.y + a8.y) / 8;
     point T> p(x,y);
     return p;
  void print(std::ostream& out) {
     out << "Coordinates are:\n{\n"}<< a1 << a3 << a4 << a5 << a6 << a7 <<
a8 << "}\n";
  }
  T area() const {
     return 0.5 * std::abs((a1.x*a2.y + a2.x*a3.y + a3.x*a4.y + a4.x*a5.y + a5.x*a6.y)
+ a6.x*a7.y + a7.x*a8.y + a8.x*a1.y) - ( a1.y*a2.x + a2.y*a3.x + a3.y*a4.x +
a4.y*a5.x + a5.y*a6.x + a6.y*a7.x + a7.y*a8.x + a8.y*a1.x));
  octagon(std::istream& is) {
     is >> a1 >> a2 >> a3 >> a4 >> a5 >> a6 >> a7 >> a8;
};
tempaltes.h:
#pragma once
#include <tuple>
#include <type_traits>
#include "point.h"
template<class T>
struct is_vertex : std::false_type {};
template<class T>
struct is_vertex<point<T>> : std::true_type {};
template<class T>
struct is_figurelike_tuple : std::false_type {};
template<class Head, class... Tail>
struct is_figurelike_tuple<std::tuple<Head, Tail...>> :
std::conjunction<is_vertex<Head>,
     std::is_same<Head, Tail>...> {};
template<class Type, size_t SIZE>
struct is figurelike tuple<std::array<Type, SIZE>> :
is_vertex<Type> {};
```

```
template<class T>
inline constexpr bool is figurelike tuple v =
     is figurelike tuple<T>::value;
template<class T,class = void>
struct has_area_method : std::false_type {};
template<class T>
struct has area method<T,
     std::void_t<decltype(std::declval<const T>().area())>> :
std::true_type {};
template<class T>
inline constexpr bool has area method v =
    has area method<T>::value;
template<class T>
std::enable if t<has area method v<T>, double>
area(const T& figure) {
  return figure.area();
}
template<class T,class = void>
struct has_print_method : std::false_type {};
template<class T>
struct has print method<T,
    std::void_t<decltype(std::declval<const T>().print(std::cout))>> :
     std::true_type {};
template<class T>
inline constexpr bool has print method v =
    has print method<T>::value;
template<class T>
std::enable_if_t<has_print_method_v<T>, void>
print (const T& figure,std::ostream& os) {
  return figure.print(os);
template<class T,class = void>
struct has_center_method : std::false_type {};
template<class T>
```

```
struct has center method<T,
     std::void t<decltype(std::declval<const T>().center())>> :
     std::true_type {};
template<class T>
inline constexpr bool has_center_method_v =
     has center method<T>::value;
template<class T>
std::enable_if_t<has_center_method_v<T>,
                                                point<
                                                           decltype(std::declval<const
T>().center().x)>>
center (const T& figure) {
  return figure.center();
}
template<size_t ID, class T>
double single area(const T& t) {
  const auto& a = std::get<0>(t);
  const auto b = std::get < ID - 1 > (t);
  const auto& c = std::get < ID > (t);
  const double dx1 = b.x - a.x;
  const double dy1 = b.y - a.y;
  const double dx2 = c.x - a.x;
  const double dy2 = c.y - a.y;
  return std::abs(dx1 * dy2 - dy1 * dx2) * 0.5;
}
template<size_t ID, class T>
double recursive_area(const T& t) {
  if constexpr (ID < std::tuple size v < T >){
     return single_area<ID>(t) + recursive_area<ID + 1>(t);
  }else{
    return 0;
  }
}
template<class T>
std::enable_if_t<is_figurelike_tuple_v<T>, double>
area(const T& fake) {
  return recursive_area<2>(fake);
}
template<size_t ID, class T>
double single_center_x(const T& t) {
  return std::get<ID>(t).x / std::tuple_size_v<T>;
```

```
}
template<size_t ID, class T>
double single_center_y(const T& t) {
  return std::get<ID>(t).y / std::tuple_size_v<T>;
}
template<size_t ID, class T>
double recursive center x(const T& t) {
  if constexpr (ID < std::tuple_size_v<T>) {
     return single center x<ID>(t) + recursive center <math>x<ID + 1>(t);
  } else {
     return 0;
  }
}
template<size_t ID, class T>
double recursive_center_y(const T& t) {
  if constexpr (ID < std::tuple size v < T >) {
     return single center y<ID>(t) + recursive center <math>y<ID + 1>(t);
  } else {
     return 0;
  }
}
template<class T>
std::enable_if_t<is_figurelike_tuple_v<T>, point<double>>
center(const T& tup) {
  return {recursive_center_x<0>(tup), recursive_center_y<0>(tup)};
}
template<size_t ID, class T>
void single_print(const T& t, std::ostream& os) {
  os << std::get<ID>(t) << ' ';
}
template<size_t ID, class T>
void recursive_print(const T& t, std::ostream& os) {
  if constexpr (ID < std::tuple_size_v<T>) {
     single_print<ID>(t, os);
     os << '\n';
     recursive_print<ID + 1>(t, os);
  } else {
     return;
```

```
}
template<class T>
std::enable_if_t<is_figurelike_tuple_v<T>, void>
print(const T& tup, std::ostream& os) {
  recursive_print<0>(tup, os);
  os << std::endl;
}
main.cpp:
#include <algorithm>
#include <iostream>
#include "point.h"
#include "pentagon.h"
#include "list.h"
int main()
{
  std::string i;
  size_t j;
  containers::list<pentagon<double>> l;
  while (true) {
      std::cout << "1- insert by index\n2 - delete by index\n3 - count if(Количество
фигур с площадью больше вводимого значения)\n4 - print by index\n5 - print all\
n6 - quit\n";
     std::cin >> i;
     if (i == "1") {
       std::cout << "Enter coordinates:\n";</pre>
       pentagon <double> p(std::cin);
       std::cout << "Enter index:\n";</pre>
       std::cin >> j;
       try {
          l.insert_by_number(j, p);
        } catch (std::logic_error &err) {
          l.delete_by_number(j);
          std::cout << err.what() << "\n";
          break;
        }
     if (i == "2") {
       std::cout << "Enter index:\n";</pre>
       std::cin >> j;
       if (j == (l.length()-1)){}
          l.pop_back();
        }else {
```

```
try {
             l.delete_by_number(j);
           } catch (std::logic error &err) {
             std::cout << err.what() << std::endl;</pre>
             break;
          }
        }
     }
     if (i == "3") {
        std::cout << "Enter the value:\n";</pre>
        double val:
        std::cin >> val;
             std::cout << std::count_if(l.begin(), l.end(), [val](pentagon<double> el)
{return el.area() > val; }) << " pentagons\n";
     }
     if (i == "4") {
        std::cout << "Enter index:\n";</pre>
        std::cin >> j;
        l[j].print(std::cout);
     if (i == "5") {
        for (auto elem: l) {
          elem.print(std::cout);
        }
     if (i == "6") {
        break;
     }
  }
}
list.h:
#pragma once
#include <iterator>
#include <memory>
#include "pentagon.h"
namespace containers {
  template<class T>
  class list {
  private:
     struct element;
```

```
unsigned int size = 0;
public:
  list() = default;
  class forward iterator {
  public:
     using value_type = T;
     using reference = T&;
     using pointer = T^*:
     using difference_type = std::ptrdiff_t;
     using iterator_category = std::forward_iterator_tag;
     explicit forward_iterator(element* ptr);
     T& operator*();
     forward_iterator& operator++();
     forward_iterator operator++(int);
     bool operator== (const forward_iterator& other) const;
     bool operator!= (const forward_iterator& other) const;
  private:
     element* it_ptr;
     friend list:
  };
  forward_iterator begin();
  forward_iterator end();
  void pop_back();
  void pop_front();
  size_t length();
  void delete by it(forward iterator d it);
  void delete_by_number(size_t N);
  void insert by it(forward iterator ins it, T& value);
  void insert_by_number(size_t N, T& value);
  T& operator[](size_t index);
  list& operator=(list&& other);
private:
  struct element {
     T value:
     std::shared_ptr<element> next_element = nullptr;
     std::shared_ptr<element> prev_element = nullptr;
     forward iterator next();
  };
  static std::shared_ptr<element> push_impl(std::shared_ptr<element> cur);
  static std::shared_ptr<element> pop_impl(std::shared_ptr<element> cur);
  std::shared ptr<element> first = nullptr;
```

```
};
  template<class T>
  typename list<T>::forward_iterator list<T>::begin() {
     return forward iterator(first.get());
  }
  template<class T>
  typename list<T>::forward_iterator list<T>::end() {
     return forward_iterator(nullptr);
  }
  template<class T>
  size_t list<T>::length() {
     return size;
  }
  template<class T>
                                                                    list<T>::element>
                                  std::shared_ptr<typename
list<T>::push_impl(std::shared_ptr<element> cur) {
     if (cur -> next_element != nullptr) {
       return push_impl(cur->next_element);
     return cur;
  template<class T>
  void list<T>::pop_front() {
     if (size == 0) {
       throw std::logic_error ("stack is empty");
     }
     first = first->next_element;
     first->prev_element = nullptr;
     size--;
  }
  template<class T>
  void list<T>::pop_back() {
     if (size == 0) {
       throw std::logic_error("can`t pop from empty list");
     first = pop_impl(first);
     size--;
  template<class T>
                                                                    list<T>::element>
                                  std::shared_ptr<typename
list<T>::pop_impl(std::shared_ptr<element> cur) {
     if (cur->next_element != nullptr) {
```

```
cur->next element = pop impl(cur->next element);
       return cur;
     }
    return nullptr;
  template<class T>
  void list<T>:::delete by it(containers::list<T>:::forward iterator d it) {
     if (d it.it ptr == nullptr) {
       throw std::logic_error("попытка доступа к несуществующему элементу");
    if (d_it == this->begin()) {
       this->pop_front();
       size --:
       return;
    if (d_it == this -> end()) {
       this->pop back();
       size --;
       return;
     }
     d_it.it_ptr->prev_element->next_element = d_it.it_ptr->next_element;
     d it.it ptr->next element->prev element = d it.it ptr->prev element;
    size--;
  }
  template<class T>
  void list<T>::delete_by_number(size_t N) {
     forward iterator it = this->begin();
     for (size_t i = 1; i \le N; ++i) {
       ++it:
    this->delete_by_it(it);
  }
  template < class T >
  void list<T>::insert_by_it(containers::list<T>::forward_iterator ins_it, T& value) {
     if (first != nullptr) {
       if (ins_it == this->begin()) {
                    std::shared ptr<element> tmp = std::shared ptr<element>(new
element{ value });
          tmp->next element = first;
          first->prev_element = tmp;
          first = tmp;
          if (tmp->value.area() > tmp->next_element->value.area()) {
            throw std::logic_error("Area is too big");
```

```
}
         size++;
         return;
       }else {
         if (ins_it.it_ptr == nullptr) {
                     std::shared_ptr<element> tmp = std::shared_ptr<element>(new
element{value});
            tmp->prev_element = push_impl(first);
            push impl(first)->next element = std::shared ptr<element>(tmp);
            if (tmp->value.area() < tmp->prev element->value.area()) {
              throw std::logic_error("Area is too low");
            }
            size++;
            return;
          } else {
                     std::shared_ptr<element> tmp = std::shared_ptr<element>(new
element{value});
            tmp->prev_element = ins_it.it_ptr->prev_element;
            tmp->next element = ins it.it ptr->prev element->next element;
            ins_it.it_ptr->prev_element = tmp;
            tmp->prev_element->next_element = tmp;
            if (tmp->value.area() > tmp->next_element->value.area()) {
              throw std::logic_error("Area is too big");
            if (tmp->value.area() < tmp->prev_element->value.area()) {
              throw std::logic_error("Area is too low");
            }
          }
     } else first=std::shared_ptr<element>(new element{value});
     size++;
  }
  template<class T>
  void list<T>::insert by number(size t N, T& value) {
     forward iterator it = this->begin();
     for (size_t i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
       ++it;
     this->insert_by_it(it, value);
  template<class T>
```

```
typename list<T>::forward_iterator list<T>::element::next() {
  return forward iterator(this->next element.get());
}
template < class T >
list<T>::forward_iterator::forward_iterator(containers::list<T>::element *ptr) {
  it ptr = ptr;
}
template<class T>
T& list<T>::forward_iterator::operator*() {
  return this->it_ptr->value;
}
template<class T>
typename list<T>::forward_iterator& list<T>::forward_iterator::operator++() {
  if (it_ptr == nullptr) throw std::logic_error ("Выход за границу списка");
  *this = it_ptr->next();
  return *this;
}
template<class T>
typename list<T>::forward_iterator::operator++(int) {
  forward iterator old = *this;
  ++*this:
  return old;
}
template<class T>
bool list<T>::forward iterator::operator==(const forward iterator& other) const {
  return it_ptr == other.it_ptr;
}
template<class T>
list<T>& list<T>::operator=(list<T>&& other){
  size = other.size;
  first = std::move(other.first);
}
template<class T>
bool list<T>::forward_iterator::operator!=(const forward_iterator& other) const {
  return it_ptr != other.it_ptr;
}
template<class T>
T& list<T>::operator[](size_t index) {
  if (index < 0 \parallel index >= size) {
```

```
throw std::out_of_range("Выход за границу списка");
}
forward_iterator it = this->begin();
for (size_t i = 0; i < index; i++) {
    it++;
}
return *it;
}
```

## 2. Ссылка на репозиторий на GitHub.

## https://github.com/a1dv/oop\_exercise\_05.git

3. Набор тестов.

```
test_01.txt:
1
0020221302
0
1
-40404406-44
1
3
0
3
5
5
2
1
5
6
test_02.txt:
0 0 -2 0 -2 -2 -1 -3 0 -2
0
40-40-4-40-64-4
1
3
0
3
5
5
2
0
```

```
5
6
test_01.result:
1 pentagons
Coordinates are:
{
0 0
20
2 2
13
02
}
Coordinates are:
-40
40
44
06
-44
}
Coordinates are:
{
0 0
20
2 2
13
02
test_02.result:
2 pentagons
Coordinates are:
0 0
-20
-2 -2
-1 -3
0 -2
Coordinates are:
40
-40
-4 -4
```

4. Результаты выполнения тестов.

```
0 -6
4 -4
}
Coordinates are:
{
4 0
-4 0
-4 -4
0 -6
4 -4
```

#### 5. Объяснение результатов работы программы.

- 1) Ввод осуществляется через поток стандартного ввода
- 2) Вывод осуществляется через поток стандартного вывода.
- 3)C помощью класса point реализуется запись в память координат в двухмерном пространстве.
- 4)В классе pentagon реализованы функции для работы с пятиугольниками
- 5)В классе hexagon реализованы функции для работы с шестиугольниками
- 6)В классе octagon реализованы функции для работы с восьмиугольниками
- 7)В классе list реализованы функции для работы со списками

### 6. Вывод.

Изучил основы работы с итераторами.