1. 
$$S = 3 + 9 + ... + 89$$
  
 $Q_{1} = 5$   
 $Q_{1} = 5$   
 $Q_{2} = 4$   
 $Q_{3} = 6$   
 $Q_{4} = 4$   
 $Q_{5} = 5 + 4(N - 1)$   
 $Q_{5} = 5 + 4(N - 1)$   
 $Q_{5} = 5 + 4(N - 1)$   
 $Q_{5} = 5 + 4(N - 1)$ 

2. 
$$\sum_{K=3}^{15} (2K+1)$$
;  $i = K-2$   $K = 2+\overline{i}$ ;  $\sum_{i=1}^{18} (2(2+i)+1) = \sum_{i=1}^{13} (2i+5)$ 

3. 
$$Q_{10} = 57$$
  $57 = 12 + 8d$   $8d = 45$   $d = 5$ 

$$Q_{10} = 57$$

$$Q_{75} = 7$$

$$Q_{75} = 12 + 24.5 = 132$$

4. 
$$Q_1 = 105$$
  $d = 7$   $u = \frac{Q_1 - Q_1}{\sqrt{1 + 1}} = \frac{994 - 105}{7} + 1 = 12f$ 

$$S_{n} = \frac{N(Q_{1}+Q_{4})}{Z} = \frac{125 \cdot 1088}{2} = 70336$$

S. 
$$S = \sum_{K=1}^{N} (3K+2)$$
  $S = 2660$   $S = \frac{N(Q_1 + Q_1)}{2} = \frac{N(Q_1 + 3N + 2)}{2}$ 

$$Q_{y} = Q_{1} + (N-1) Q = 3N+2$$
  $2S = Q_{1}N + 3N^{2} + 2N$ 

$$2.2650 = 3N^2 + 7N$$

$$Q_{15} = 60$$
  $Q_{5} = Q_{1} + 4d$   $Q_{5} = Q_{1} + 4d$   $Q_{15} = Q_{1} + 14d$   $Q_{15} = Q_{1} + 14d$ 

$$Q_1 = 20 - 16 = 9$$
 $Q_2 = 20 - 16 = 9$ 

$$Q_{1} = Y$$

$$Q_{10} = Y + 9.4 \neq 90$$

$$\frac{20160}{2} \leq 40$$

7. 
$$20 \text{ S-10ps}$$
  $0, = 5$   $0, = 5+19.0, = 5+\frac{19}{2} = \frac{29}{2} = 14.5$   $0 = 0.5$ 

$$S_{N} = \frac{20(5+14.5)}{2} = 10 \cdot 18.5 = 185$$

$$S_{N} = \frac{20(5+14.5)}{2} = 10 \cdot 18.5 = 185$$

$$S_{N} = \frac{11}{2} =$$

9. 
$$Q_{2}=-6$$
  $Q_{2}=Q_{1}\cdot N$   $Q_{1}N=-6$   $Q_{3}=\frac{-6}{-2}=3$ 
 $Q_{5}=48$   $Q_{5}=Q_{1}\cdot N^{4}$   $Q_{1}N^{4}=48$ 
 $N^{3}=-8$   $N=-2$ 
 $Q_{10}=3\cdot (-2)=-3\cdot 512=-1536$ 
10.  $P(x)=x^{5}-4x^{3}+x^{2}-7$  degree: 5

n of terms = y

11. 
$$24x^{3}y^{2} + \frac{3}{3}x^{5}$$
  
 $gcd: 12x^{3}y^{2} + \frac{2}{3}x^{5}$   
 $lcm: 72x^{5}y^{3} + \frac{3}{3}x^{5}$   
12.  $6x^{3} + \frac{11x^{2} - 31x + 15}{2x^{2} + 15x^{2} - 2}$   
 $-\frac{6x^{3} - 4x^{2}}{15x^{2} - 31x + 15}$   
 $-\frac{15x^{2} - 10x}{-21x + 15}$   
 $-\frac{21x + 15}{-21x + 14}$ 

$$=(3x-7)(2x^2+5x-7)+1$$