

2.

统计words文件 (/usr/share/dict/words) 中包含至少三个a 且不以's 结尾的单词个数: 6830

```
cat words | egrep -i "(.*)"a(.*)"a(.*)"a([^\s]*)$" | wc -l
```

这些单词中，出现频率前三的末尾两个字母是什么？

```
> cat words | egrep -i "(.*)"a(.*)"a(.*)"a([^\s]*)$" | sed -E "s/.*(..)$/\1/" | sort | uniq -c > ~/ddd.txt | sort -nk1,1 -r | head -n3
1039 al
814 ia
763 an
!w /usr/share/dict
```

对数字进行排序

-n
-k1,1

-k1,1 则表示“仅基于以空格分割的（第1列）到（第1列）为止来排序。”

共存在多少种词尾两字母组合？

```
> cat words | egrep -i "(.*)"a(.*)"a(.*)"a([^\s]*)$" | sed -E "s/.*(..)$/\1/" | sort | uniq -c | wc -l
133
!w /usr/share/dict
```

哪个组合从未出现过？

```
> cd /usr/share/dict/
!w /usr/share/dict comm -23 -i <(<-run.sh) <(cat words | egrep -i "(.*)"a(.*)"a(.*)"a([^\s]*)$" | sed -E "s/.*(..)$/\1/" | sort | uniq -c | awk '{ print$2 }')
```

543 ↑

3. sed s/REGEX/SUBSTITUTION/ input.txt > input.txt 表达式中后一个 input.txt 会首先被清空，而且是发生在前的。所以前面一个 input.txt 在还没有被 sed 处理时已经为空了。在使用正则处理文件前最好是首先备份文件。

找到文本pattern并输出的该pattern的办法：分别用 sed 和 grep ⚠ !

```
20.5
21.796
20.664
22.802
cat system-boot.txt | grep -o -E "[0-9\.]+" | grep -o -E "[0-9]+\.[0-9]+"
21.796
20.664
22.802
cat system-boot.txt | sed -E 's/.*= (.*)s./\1/'
```

5

转换xls dao csv:

```
hide these hints with HOMEBREW_NO_ENV_HINTS (see man brew)
> ssconvert data.xls data.csv
> cat data.csv
```

求min and max

```
Execution halted
> cat data.csv | grep -E '^\\d.*\\d$' | sed -E 's/,//g' | awk '{ print $1" "$2 }' | R --no-echo -e 'x <- scan(file="stdin", quiet=TRUE); summary(x)'
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
1997 2008 133901882 149319292 299954152 323127513
```

求两列之间差的总和

```
2016, 323127513
> cat data.csv | grep -E '^\\d.*\\d$' | sed -E 's/,//g' | awk -v s1=0 -v s2=0 '{ s1+=s1; s2+=s2;}END{print(s1-s2);}'
-5972619104
```

用curl下载文件

```
> curl https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2016/crime-in-the-u.s.--2016/tables/table-1/table-1.xls/output.xls -o ~/data.xls
% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Time Current
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 81920 100 81920 0 0 44500 0 0:00:01 0:00:01 --:--:-- 44643
```