### NAME

append\_rec, create\_file, create\_id, create\_rec, create\_rec\_id, destroy\_file, destroy\_rec, lfid\_of\_lrid, truncate\_rec, update\_rec, update\_rec\_hdr - Class ss\_m Methods for File/Record Operations

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <sm_vas.h> // which includes sm.h
   /* Logical-ID version */
                          create_file(const lvid_t& lvid,
static rc_t
                    serial_t& lfid,
                    store_property_t property);
   /* Physical-ID version */
                         static rc_t
                    stid_t& fid,
                    store_property_t property,
const serial_t& logical_id = serial_t::null,
                     shpid_t cluster_hint = 0); // not used
   /* Logical-ID version */
                          destroy_file(const lvid_t&
static rc_t
                                                        lvid,
                    const serial_t& lfid);
   /* Physical-ID version */
static rc_t
                          destroy_file(const stid_t&
                                                       fid);
   /* Logical-ID version */
                         create_rec(const lvid_t& lvid,
static rc_t
                    const serial_t& lfid, const vec_t& hdr, smsize_t len_hint,
                     const vec_t&
serial_t&
                                      data,
                    serial_t&
                                       lrid);
   /* Logical-ID version */
static rc_t
                         create_id(const lvid_t&
                                                   lvid,
                                  id_count,
                     int
                    serial_t&
                                      id_start);
   /* Logical-ID version */
static rc_t
                 create_rec_id(const lvid_t&
                                                       lvid,
                    const serial_t&
                                            lfid,
                    const vec_t&
                                      hdr,
                    smsize_t len_hint,
const vec_t& data,
const serial_t& lri
                                             lrid);
   /* Physical-ID version */
static rc_t
                          create_rec(const stid_t& fid,
                   const vec_t& hdr,
```

```
smsize_t len_hint,
const vec_t& data,
rid_t& new_rid,
const serial_t& serial = serial_t::null );
   /* Logical-ID version */
static rc_t destroy_rec(const lvid_t& lvid,
                   const serial_t& lrid);
   /* Physical-ID version */
static rc_t destroy_rec(const rid_t& rid);
   /* Logical-ID version */
static rc_t
                 update_rec(const lvid_t& lvid,
                   const serial_t& lrid,
smsize_t start,
const vec_t& data);
   /* Physical-ID version */
static rc_t update_rec(const rid_t& rid,
                   smsize_t start,
                    const vec_t& data);
  /* Logical-ID version */
                 update_rec_hdr(const lvid_t& lvid,
static rc_t
                   const serial_t& lrid,
smsize_t start,
const vec_t& hdr);
   /* Physical-ID version */
static rc_t update_rec_hdr(const rid_t& rid,
                    smsize_t start,
const vec_t& hdr);
                    // see also pin_i::update_rec*()
   /* Logical-ID version */
static rc_t append_rec(const lvid_t& lvid,
                   const serial_t& lrid,
const vec_t& data);
   /* Physical-ID version */
static rc_t append_rec(const rid_t& rid,
                    const vec_t& data,
bool allow_forward);
   /* Logical-ID version */
                truncate_rec(const lvid_t& lvid,
static rc_t
                   const serial_t& lrid,
```

### DESCRIPTION

The above class **ss\_m** methods all deal with manipulating files and records. The logical-ID and physical-ID APIs have direct analogues, except when it comes to creating records. When using logical IDs, it is possible to pre-allocate logical IDs to apply to records upon creation of the records. For this, there is no counterpart in the physical-ID API.

### **Common Parameters**

There are a number of common parameters for these methods:

- lvid Logical volume ID of volume containing a file/record.
- lfid Logical file ID, the serial number of a file.
- lrid Logical record ID, the serial number of a record.
- data A vector pointing to data used to fill/overwrite the body of a record.
- hdr A vector pointing to data used to fill/overwrite the header of a record.

# create\_file(lvid, lfid, property)

The **create\_file** method creates a new file on the volume *lvid*, and returns its serial number in *lfid*. The *property* parameter specifies whether the file is temporary or not. See **enum(ssm)** for more information on file properties.

See the "ROOT INDEX METHODS" section of **volume(ssm)** for information on how to keep track of the files on a volume.

### destroy file(lvid, lfid)

The **destroy\_file** method destroys all records in the file and deallocates space used by a file. The space used by the file is not available for reuse until the transaction destroying the file commits.

## create\_rec(lvid, lfid, hdr, len\_hint, data, lrid)

The **create\_rec** method creates a record in a file. The ID of the new record is returned in the *lrid* parameter. The *len\_hint* parameter is a "hint" about the final length of the record. If the creation will be followed by appends, *len\_hint* should ideally be set to the final length of the record. This will allow the SM to place the record in a location with sufficient contiguous space for the record. A value of 0 should be used if the final length is unknown. No order is defined on the records in a file: when a new record is created, the I/O subsystem may place the record anywhere in the file.

## create\_id(lvid, id\_count, id\_start)

The **create\_id** method generates  $id\_count$  new IDs that can be used later by **create\_rec\_id** to associate a records with the IDs. The first ID is returned in  $id\_start$ . The other IDs should be obtained by calling **id\_start::increment(1)**  $id\_count$  -1 times.

### create\_rec\_id(lvid, lfid, hdr, len\_hint, data, lrid)

The **create\_rec\_id** method is identical to **create\_rec** except that the record ID is specified by the caller with the *lrid* parameter rather than being generated and returned in *lrid* as is done in **create\_rec.** 

### destroy\_rec(lvid, lrid)

The **destroy\_rec** method destroys the specified record.

### update rec(lvid, lrid, start, data)

The **update\_rec** method updates a range of bytes in the body of the record specified by *lvid*, *lrid*. The byte offset, from the beginning of the record body, for the beginning of the range is specified by the *start* parameter. The length of the range is the length of the *data* vector. The range is replaced by the bytes pointed to by the *data* parameter. Note that **update\_rec** cannot be used to change the size of the record. It is an error to specify a starting location and vector length that imply updating beyond the end of the record.

### update\_rec\_hdr(lvid, lrid, start, hdr)

The **update\_rec\_hdr** method updates a range of bytes in the header of the record specified by *lvid*, *lrid*. The byte offset, from the beginning of the header, for the beginning of the range is specified by the *start* parameter. The length of the range is the length of the *hdr* vector. The range is replaced by the bytes pointed to by the *hdr* parameter.

**Note:** There are no methods for appending to a record header or truncating a record header (as there are for a record body). If these methods would be useful for you, please contact the Shore developers.

### append\_rec(lvid, lrid, data)

The **append\_rec** method appends the bytes pointed to by *data* to the end of the record body.

### truncate\_rec(lvid, lrid, amount)

The **truncate\_rec** method removes *amount* bytes from the end of a record body.

## lfid\_of\_lrid(lvid, lrid, lfid)

The **lfid\_of\_lrid** method returns, in *lfid*, the ID of file containing the record, *lrid*.

### UNINITIALIZED DATA

The functions **create\_rec**, **append\_rec**, and **update\_rec** can be used to write blocks of data that are all zeroes, with minimal logging. This is useful, for example, when a value-added server creates a record of a known size but with uninitialized data. To make use of this feature, these functions are called with data vectors of a specialized type, *zvec\_t*, whose constructor takes only a size:

### **ERRORS**

All of the above methods return a **w\_rc\_t** error code. If an error occurs during a method that is updating persistent data (the create, update, append, and truncate methods will update data) then the record/file could be in an inconsistent state. The caller then has the choice of aborting the transaction or rolling back to the nearest save-point (see **transaction(ssm)**).

See **errors**(ssm) for more information on error handling.

#### **EXAMPLES**

To Do.

### VERSION

This manual page applies to Version 2.0 of the Shore Storage Manager.

### **SPONSORSHIP**

The Shore project is sponsored by the Advanced Research Project Agency, ARPA order number 018 (formerly 8230), monitored by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory under contract DAAB07-91-C-Q518. Further funding for this work was provided by DARPA through Rome Research Laboratory Contract No. F30602-97-2-0247.

# COPYRIGHT

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### SEE ALSO

vec\_t(common), pin\_i(ssm), scan\_file\_i(ssm), intro(ssm),