# Remaining Useful Life





# **Remaining Useful Life**

### The Remaining Useful Life is a key concept in predictive maintenance

The RUL refers to the time until a component becomes unusable

- If we can estimate the RUL of a component
- ...We can schedule maintenance operations only when they are needed

### Current best practices are based on preventive maintenance

I.e. on having a fixed maintenance schedule for each component family

- RUL prediction can lead to significant savings
- ...By delaying maintenance operations w.r.t. the schedule
- ...But only as long as we are still able to prevent critical failures

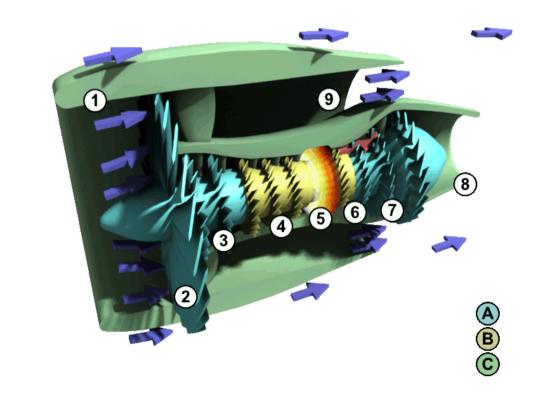




#### The Dataset

### We will consider the NASA <u>C-MAPSS dataset</u>

- The Modular Aero-Propulsion System Simulation (MAPSS)
- ...Is a NASA-developed simulator for turbofan engines



It comes with both a Military (MAPSS) and commercial versionn (C-MAPSS)



### The Dataset

### The C-MAPSS system can simulate a number of faults and defects

...And it was used to build a high-quality dataset for the PHM08 conference

- The dataset consists of 4 "training set" files and 4 "test set" files
- The training set files contain multiple run-to-failure experiments
- The test set files contain truncated experiments

### PHM-08 hosted a competition based on this dataset

The goal was to predict the RUL at the end of each truncated experiment

- This is fine as long as the focus is on pure prediction
- ...But we want to tackle the whole predictive maintenance problem

As a consequence, we will focus only on the "training" data





### The Dataset

### Each training file refes to different faults and operating conditions

Dataset	Operating conditions	Fault modes
FD001	1 (sea level)	HPC
FD002	6	HPC
FD003	1 (sea level)	HPC, fan
FD004	6	HPC, fan

Fault modes refer to degration of either:

- The High Pressure Compressor
- The fan at the "mouth" of the engine



### Inspecting the Data

#### Let's have a look at the row data

```
In [2]: data_folder = os.path.join('...', 'data')
          data = util.load data(data folder)
          data.head()
Out[2]:
                     src machine cycle
                                                                                                 s13
                                                                                                          s14
                                           p1
                                                   p2
                                                                                       s4 ...
                                                                                                                     s16 s1
           0 train FD001 1
                                                      100.0 518.67 641.82 1589.70 1400.60 ... 2388.02 8138.62 8.4195
                                       -0.0007 -0.0004
           1 train FD001 1
                                       0.0019
                                               -0.0003
                                                      100.0 518.67 642.15 1591.82 1403.14 ... 2388.07
                                                                                                     8131.49 8.4318
                                                                                                                     0.03 39
           2 train FD001 1
                                       -0.0043 0.0003
                                                      100.0 518.67
                                                                   642.35 1587.99 1404.20 ... 2388.03
                                                                                                     8133.23 8.4178
                                                                                                                    0.03 390
           3 train FD001 1
                                                                   642.35 1582.79 1401.87 ... 2388.08
                                                                                                     8133.83 8.3682
                                       0.0007
                                               0.0000
                                                      100.0
                                                           518.67
                                                                                                                     0.03 39:
           4 train FD001 1
                                       -0.0019 -0.0002 100.0 518.67 642.37 1582.85 1406.22 ... 2388.04 8133.80 8.4294
                                                                                                                     0.03 39
           5 rows × 28 columns
```

- Columns "p1, p2, p3" refer to controlled parameters
- Columns "s1" to "s21" refer to sensor reading
- Binning has already been applied in the original dataset





### **Statistics**

#### Let's check some statistics

```
In [3]: dt_in = list(data.columns[3:-1]) # Exclude metadata
          data[dt in].describe()
Out[3]:
                                            p2
                                                           р3
                             p1
                                                                                                       s3
                                                                                                                      s4
            count 160359.000000
                                                160359.000000
                                                              160359.000000
                                                                             160359.000000
                                                                                            160359.000000
                                                                                                          160359.000000
                                                                                                                         160359.00
                                 160359.000000
                 17.211973
                                 0.410004
                                                95.724344
                                                                             597.361022
                                                                                            1467.035653
                                                                                                           1260.956434
                                                                                                                          9.894999
                                                               485.840890
            mean
                  16.527988
                                 0.367938
                                                12.359044
                                                               30.420388
                                                                             42.478516
                                                                                            118.175261
                                                                                                           136.300073
                                                                                                                          4.265554
            std
                  -0.008700
                                 -0.000600
                                                60.000000
                                                              445.000000
                                                                             535.480000
                                                                                            1242.670000
                                                                                                           1023.770000
                                                                                                                          3.910000
            min
                  0.001300
                                 0.000200
                                                100.000000
                                                              449.440000
                                                                                                           1126.830000
            25%
                                                                              549.960000
                                                                                            1357.360000
                                                                                                                          5.480000
                                 0.620000
                                                                                                           1271.740000
                                                                                                                          9.350000
                                                100.000000
                                                              489.050000
                                                                             605.930000
            50%
                  19.998100
                                                                                            1492.810000
            75%
                  35.001500
                                 0.840000
                                                100.000000
                                                               518.670000
                                                                             642.340000
                                                                                            1586.590000
                                                                                                           1402.200000
                                                                                                                          14.620000
                  42.008000
                                 0.842000
                                                100.000000
                                                              518.670000
                                                                             645.110000
                                                                                            1616.910000
                                                                                                           1441.490000
                                                                                                                          14.620000
            max
            8 rows × 24 columns
```

### There are no missing values:

```
In [4]: data[dt_in].isnull().any().any()
```





#### Let's prepare for displaying all time series

First, we standardize each column:

```
In [5]: data_sv = data.copy()
  data_sv[dt_in] = (data_sv[dt_in] - data_sv[dt_in].mean()) / data_sv[dt_in].std()
```

Then, we split our data based on the source file:

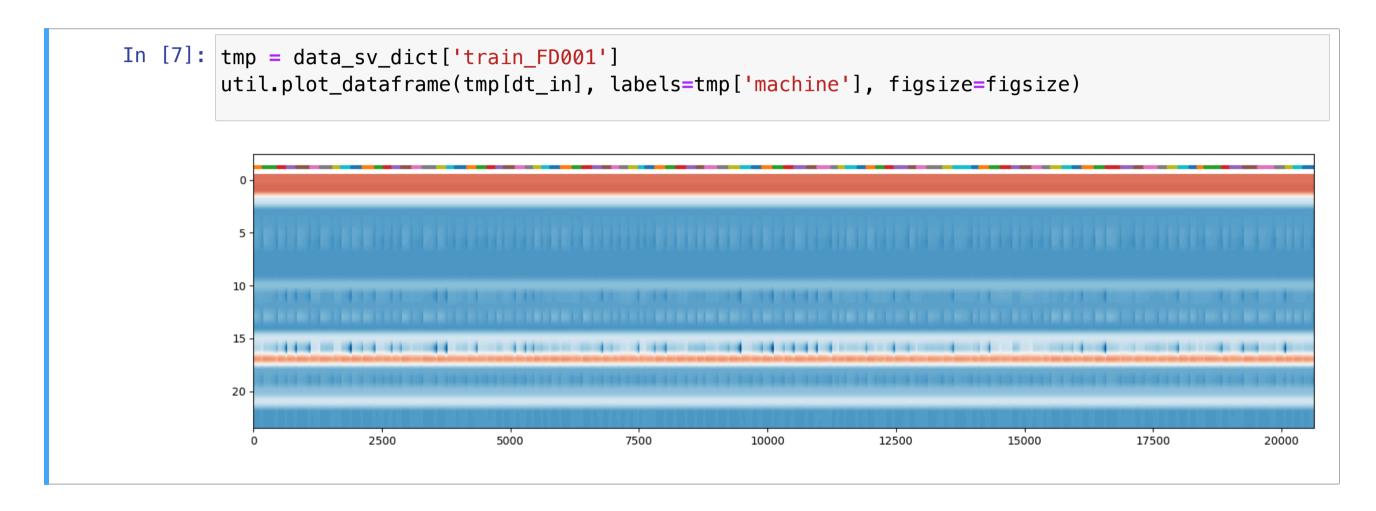
```
In [6]: data_sv_dict = util.split_by_field(data_sv, field='src')
    print('{{{}}}'.format(', '.join(f'{k}: ...' for k in data_sv_dict.keys())))

{train_FD001: ..., train_FD002: ..., train_FD003: ..., train_FD004: ...}
```





### Now, let's plot all parameters and sensors for FD001

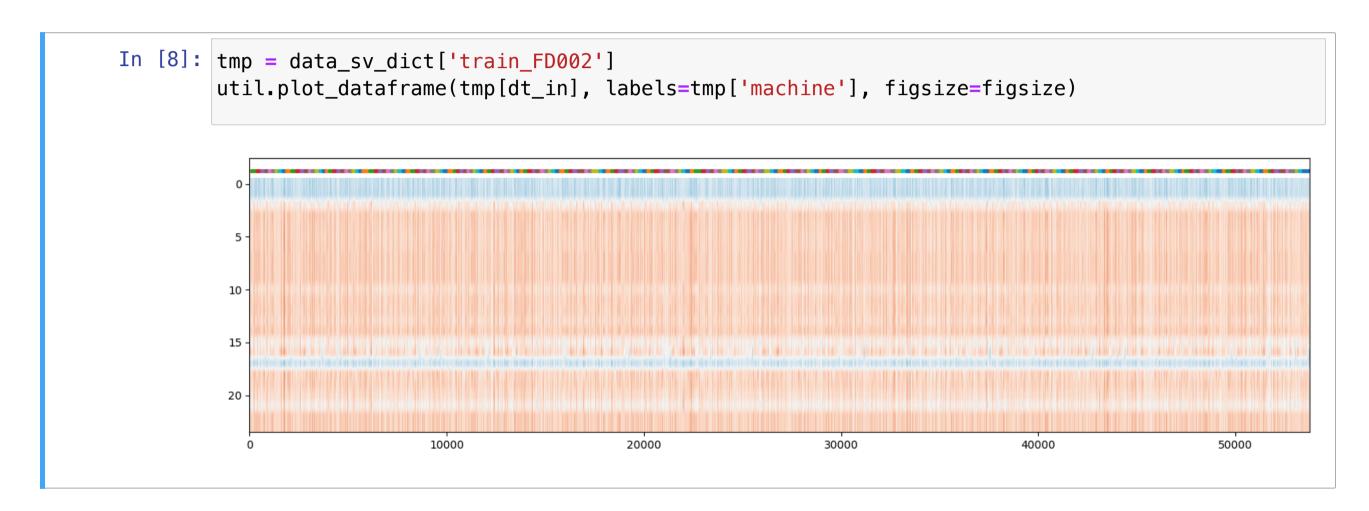


- The data contains series for multiple machines
- These are highlighted at the top with different colors





### Now, let's plot all parameters and sensors for FD002

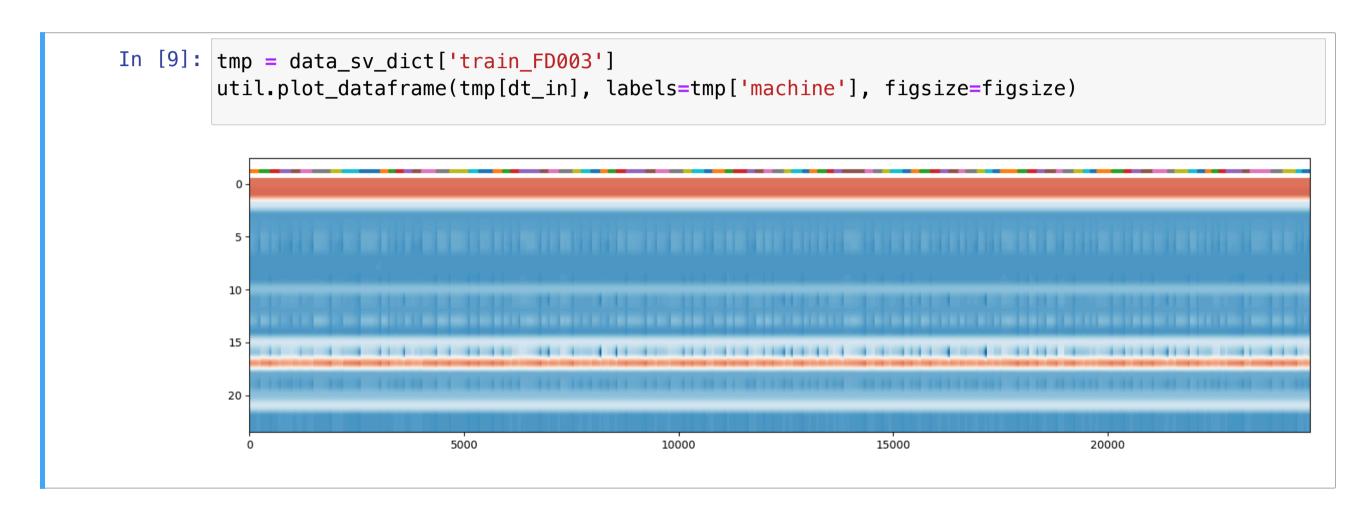


- The series is much more variable in this case
- This is due to the multiple operating conditions





### Now, let's plot all parameters and sensors for FD003

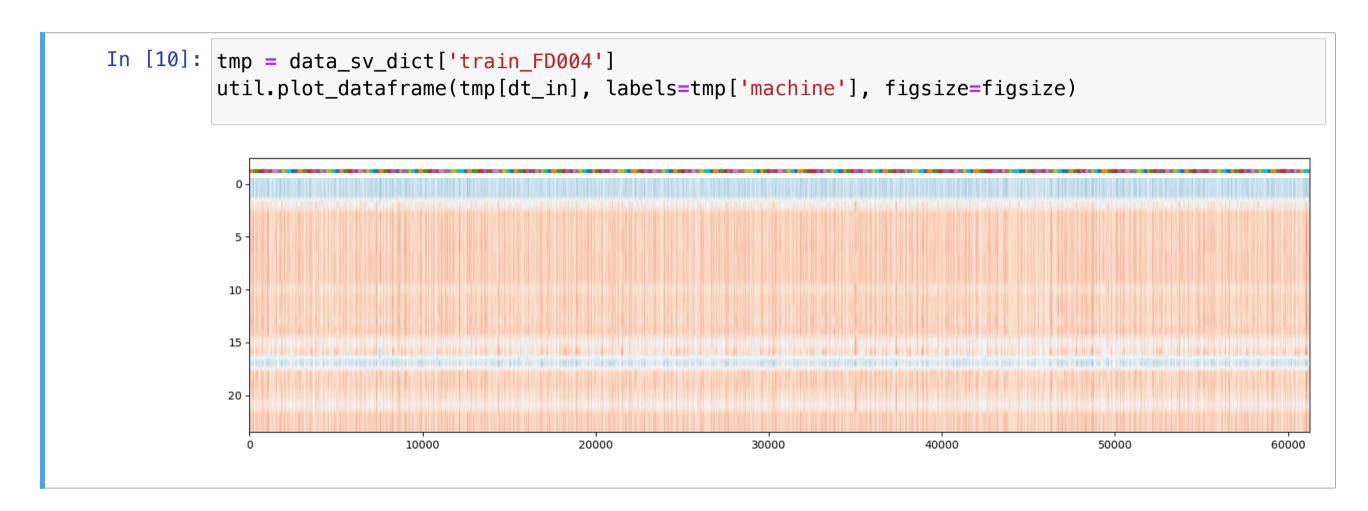


- Only one operating condition in this case (but two fault modes)
- The series is similar to FD001





### Finally, let's plot all parameters and sensors for FD004

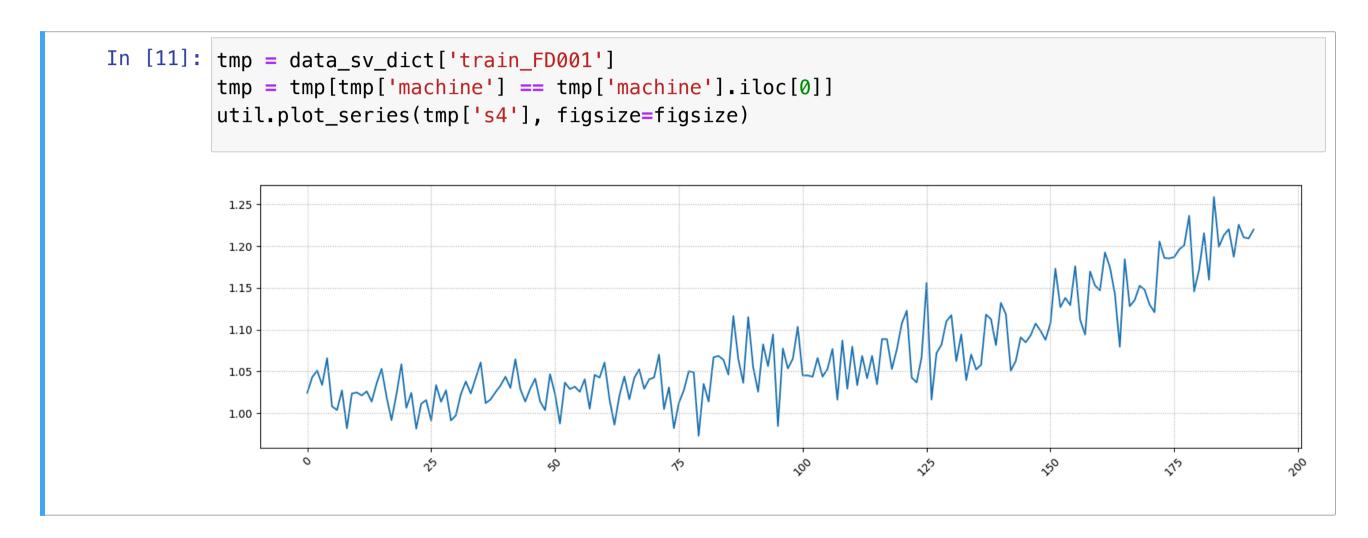


- Again six operating conditions
- ...And the series is similar to FD004





### Let's plot one column in deeper detail for a single machine in FD001



A clear trend, possibly correlated to component wear





#### Let's see the same column for FD002

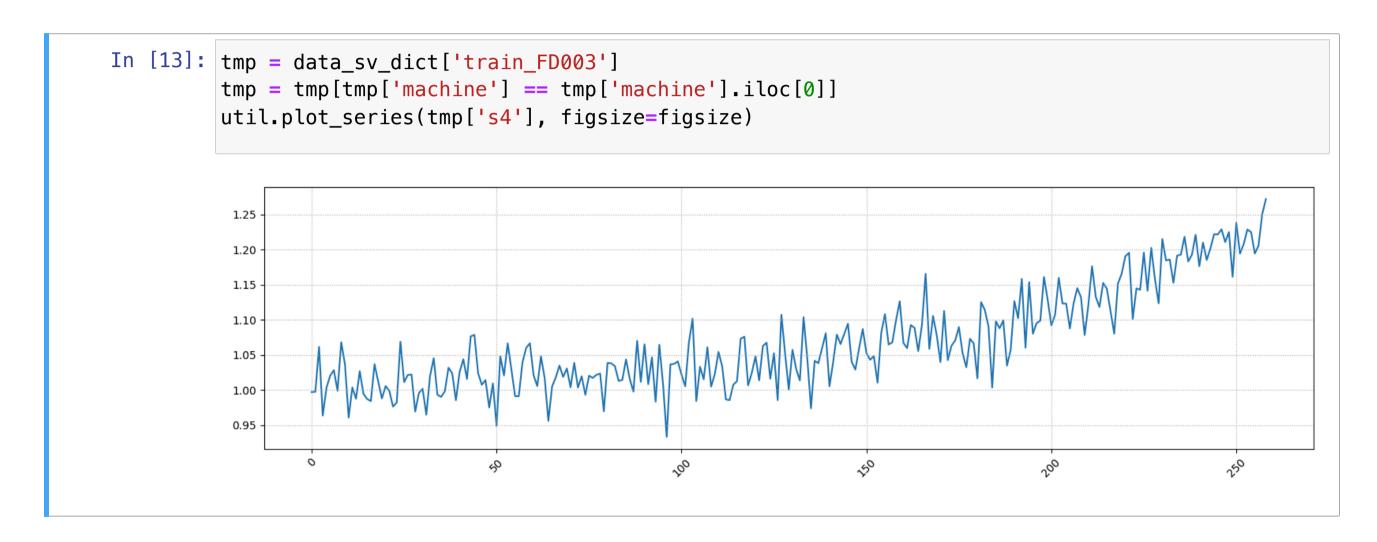
```
In [12]: tmp = data_sv_dict['train_FD002']
          tmp = tmp[tmp['machine'] == tmp['machine'].iloc[0]]
          util.plot_series(tmp['s4'], figsize=figsize)
           1.0
            0.5
            0.0
           -0.5
           -1.0
           -1.5
```

■ The trend is still present, but weaker and hidden by wide oscillations





#### ...And then the same column for FD003



Clear trend, with small oscillations that are more frequent than FD001





#### Let's see the same column for FD004

```
In [14]: tmp = data_sv_dict['train_FD004']
          tmp = tmp[tmp['machine'] == tmp['machine'].iloc[0]]
          util.plot_series(tmp['s4'], figsize=figsize)
           1.0
            0.5
            0.0
           -0.5
           -1.0
           -1.5
```

Very weak trend, wide and frequent oscillations



