BooX

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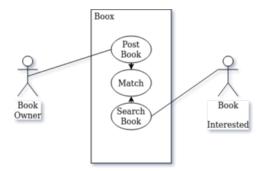
1 Project Description

1.1 What will the project do?

Our project, called BooX, consists of a web app that facilitates the sale and interchange of used books by allowing users to upload their entire library with minimal effort, thus enabling our quick search system to put this huge database at the request of enthusiasts that are looking for that specific book they can not find or afford, or people who just want to put their library in the web and see if they get any offers. The main activities in this app would be the sale of books via mutual agreement between the owner and the buyer, and the exchange of books between owners. Whenever a sale or exchange is agreed, the participants must agree on a common place of exchange, where they have to meet physically to finalize the transaction.

Another important feature of the website is its automation capability, meaning any user who uploads his/her library can receive a notification (via email) when a user is interested on his/her book and, similarly, users who haven't uploaded their libraries will see a list of the top searched books or genres, giving them the possibility of matching an offer with one of their books.

As a whole, this project will fill a spot in the second-hand market, potentially improving the sales of valuable second-hand books by giving the owners a secure and fast to platform to generate revenue or exchange through these items.



1.2 Objectives

Based on the OKR model, the team decided to focus the development of the project on the following:

1.2.1 Main objective

Become one of the top 3 sites with the most internet traffic for the sale and exchange of books. This objective considers the main competitors in the books business to be Amazon, due to them being the #1 seller for almost everything and also because of their past as an online bookstore.

In order to fulfill this objective, the following three indicators were selected as crucial.

1.2.2 Key Results

- The number of stored books must be reduced by 30%. This means that for every user that is registered in the platform, he must have gotten rid of at least 30% of his unused books, whether by selling them or leasing them.
- The number of transactions processed by books must be at least 70% of the transactions of other booksellers. This means that if a standard bookseller sells 10 books, BooX must sell or lease a minimum of 7 books.
- The sell of academic books through BooX must generate a 30% save in our customers. This means that students that decide to buy books through our platform must find prices at least 30% cheaper than in our competitors.

2 User Description

Taking into consideration that our system works with books, a survey was conducted to book-readers to get a good grasp on our target user. In said survey, the majority of the surveyed are university students. Their use in books is mostly temporary, given that they employ them for studying. As such, they would be

more willing to part ways with the academic books they have in possession, which is our focus with BooX.

However, in the context of this day and age, PDFs of books can be found easily and are the go-to option for students in need of them, as was observed by the survey. This means that our users would not be willing to pay a big amount of money for literature they will only use temporarily. Given that the methods they employ do not always take into account a legal system, we aim to provide a legalized and cheap method for acquiring books and fill that necessity of our target user.

This necessity has been proven by the survey, in which most people responded that when they do not find a desired book, they ask for people if they have it. They also prefer physical copies rather than digital, so using a PDF is mostly a last resort that we aim to prevent.

Lastly, the user keeps their books after they have finished using them, and in good condition most of the time. This helps with the market we are aiming to create, as we would not be the ones providing the users with stock.

3 Task Analysis

3.1 Task Environment

All user tasks are performed inside BooX website (main page for book search and live chat for contacting the seller), except the "receive book step", which occurs at the user's house (in case of delivery) or at the meeting point (previously discussed with the seller).

The first environment, BooX website, is modern, intuitive and friendly. The second environment is assumed to be a save and known place for the buyer and the seller, since it has been agreed by both.

3.2 Main Tasks

- Buy book
 - Look for book
 - Contact seller
 - Pay
- Exchange book
 - Look for book
 - Contact seller
 - Offer another book
- Sell book
 - Post book information

- Be contacted
- Get payed

3.3 Structured Task Analysis

In the following section we will analyse the "Buy book" task, one of the main tasks in BooX. "Buy book" is very similar to "Exchange book", but the "Pay" step is replaced by "Offer another book".

3.3.1 Textual Representation

Precondition: User has a BooX account

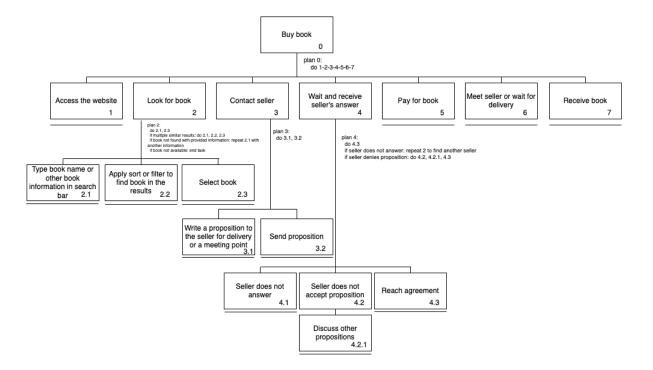
- 0. In order to buy book
 - 1 Access the website
 - 2 Look for book
 - 2.1 Type book name or other book information in search bar
 - 2.2 Apply sort or filter to find book in the results
 - 2.3 Select book
 - 3 Contact seller
 - 3.1 Write a proposition to the seller for delivery or a meeting point
 - 3.2 Send proposition
 - 4 Wait and receive seller's answer
 - 4.1 Seller does not answer
 - 4.2 Seller does not accept proposition
 - 4.2.1 Discuss other propositions
 - 4.3 Reach agreement
 - 5 Pay for book
 - 6 Meet seller or wait for delivery
 - 7 Receive book

Plan

- Plan 0: do 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7
- Plan 2:
 - Do 2.1, 2.3
 - $-\,$ If multiple similar results: do 2.1, 2.2, 2.3

- If book not found with provided information: repeat 2.1 with another information
- If book not available: End task
- Plan 3: do 3.1, 3.2
- Plan 4:
 - Do 4.3
 - If seller does not answer: Repeat 2 to find another seller
 - If seller denies proposition: do 4.2, 4.2.1, 4.3

3.3.2 Diagram Representation



4 Description of technical organization or social system

The BooX platform has the main purpose of incentivizing the exchange of used books by providing an interface for users to upload their libraries and giving them the option to either sell or lease, and also giving the ability to buy them to any other user in the platform. This service is aimed at two main user types: book enthusiasts that usually frequent book fairs in search for rare books, and university students that don't like having to pay heavy prices for their academic books.

As this platform wants to have a high amount of active users, while not requiring much resources on their part, the BooX platform has been designed as a commercial website, where every user has an account to track their library of books and their transactions, while allowing anonymous visitors to search through this libraries to find their desired products.

For the system to achieve its purpose correctly, it must organize its users in different processes, according to what they want to achieve with the platform. For example, a user that wants to search for a specific academic book will go through different interactions than someone who just wants to upload his library to see what offers he can get. The first characteristic of the platform, then, is to divide the interface in two: one that comprises the interactions for selling/exchanging books, and one that comprises the interactions for buying/searching for books. In the selling/exchanging section, a user must always be registered in order to upload his library. The platform gives every user a profile page where they can upload the books they have available through a form and choose whatever conditions they want for a transaction, for example, they can set if they want to 'sell only'/'exchange only'. When a user has finished uploading, it will confirm his library and proceed to wait until an offer is made.

On the other hand, the buying section is much more straightforward. Any user who wants to find a book can do so without being logged, but in order to fulfill a transaction they will be required to enter the necessary data, and they can create an account with that information if they decide to.

5 Analysis of existing systems

Currently, we can find systems that share some features with Boox. However they are focused in the European/US market. In this section we will explain a bit more about these systems.

5.1 Bookmooch

Founded in 2006, Bookmooch is a platform for exchanging books where users can post and get books. They receive 0.1 points for posting a book and 1 point for sending one. No fees or memberships are involved. Users only pay for the shipping. Its interface (figure 1) feels old and looks like it has not received maintenance in a long time. Despite of looking discontinued, it has registered activity in the last months.



Figure 1: Bookmooch interface

5.2 BookCrossing

Founded in 2001, BookCrossing defines itself as the act of releasing a book "in the wild" for a stranger to find it. With more than 1.8M users and 13M books, BookCrossing is present in 132 countries. About the interface it looks a little modern and friendly than BookMooch, however, the search feature is not intuitive since in first instance it asks only for the BCID code (figure 2).



Figure 2: Bookcrossing search

When the search is done, the results (figure 3) are not shown in a friendly way, it looks unarranged and not sorted by any relevant feature.

As explained above, the existing systems have some issues that can impact negatively in the user experience. Performing them in a better way can represent an advantage for Boox.

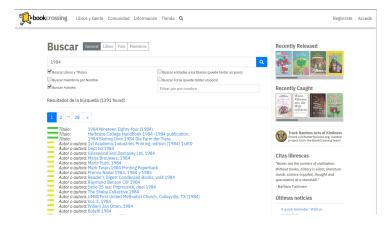


Figure 3: Bookcrossing results

6 Usability Criteria

It is necessary that the application meets the usability principles for learning, flexibility and robustness. As such, the interface has to be designed with the following in mind:

- **Predictability:** the user must know what each step of the process entails, be it for adding a book or to search for one.
- Familiarity: the user must interact with the interface with ease. The usage should be similar to other market-like systems.
- Consistency: Icons and interactive objects must follow the standard set up by previous systems.
- **Honesty:** the system should notify the user when someone is interested in their book, or show all the matching results of the searched title. Also, if a book is already being requested by another user, the interface should show so to prevent false availability.
- Substitutivity: the user should be able to log into their account successfully with their username or their email. Also, the capitalization of the titles should not matter in the process of searching for a book.

To evaluate our designed interface, we will use the following Nielsen heuristics that are better suited for this project:

- Visibility of system status
- Match between system and the real world
- Consistency and standards
- Error prevention

- Aesthetic and minimalist design
- \bullet Help users recognize, diagnose, and recover from errors
- Help and documentation

7 References

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- BookCrossing (2020). Available at www.bookcrossing.com
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