

# tic-tac-toe by alpha-beta or min-max algorithm

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## 程式說明:

主要就是參考老師上課講解的alpha beta演算法進行修改，評估的函數為O獲勝的分支+1分，X獲勝的分支-1分，平局則0分，最後透過alpha beta進行剪枝優化搜索效率，alpha為最大化玩家的最優分數，beta為最小化玩家的最優分數，如果 $\beta \leq \alpha$ 就可以剪枝，後續的搜索無法改變結果沒有意義，然後在做的途中有發現到一個問題，就是電腦對下的時候，不管下幾局所有的盤面都會一致，所以就增加了隨機初始步的函數增加對局的多樣性

## 函數介紹:

initialize\_board(): 創建一個 3x3 的二維列表，代表井字棋的初始棋盤

print\_board(board): 輸出當前棋盤狀態，以數字列顯示行和列，便於玩家識別位置

check\_winner(board): 檢查是否有玩家獲勝或平局

minimax(board, depth, is\_maximizing, alpha, beta): 使用 minimax 演算法進行遞迴搜尋，並使用 alpha beta剪枝優化

computer\_move(board, player): 根據 minimax 函數的評分，決定電腦的最佳移動

human\_move(board, row, col): 執行玩家的移動

play\_human\_vs\_computer(): 人機對下的邏輯

random\_first\_move(board, player): 隨機初始步

simulate\_self\_play(games): 電腦對下的邏輯

## 執行結果:

```
$ python alpha-beta-homework.py
Choose mode: (1) Human vs Computer, (2) Self Play: 1
Initial Board:
  1 2 3
1 _ _ _
2 _ _ _
3 _ _ _

Enter your move (row col): 2 2
After your move:
  1 2 3
1 _ _ _
2 _ X _
3 _ _ _

Computer's move:
  1 2 3
1 0 _ _
2 _ X _
3 _ _ _

Enter your move (row col): 1 3
After your move:
  1 2 3
1 0 _ X
2 _ X _
3 _ _ _

Computer's move:
  1 2 3
1 0 _ X
2 _ X _
3 0 _ _

Enter your move (row col): 2 1
After your move:
  1 2 3
1 0 _ X
2 X X _
3 0 _ _

Computer's move:
  1 2 3
1 0 _ X
2 X X 0
3 0 _ _

Enter your move (row col): 1 2
After your move:
  1 2 3
1 0 X X
2 X X 0
3 0 _ _
```

Computer's move:

```
  1 2 3
1 0 X X
2 X X 0
3 0 0 _
```

Enter your move (row col): 3 3

After your move:

```
  1 2 3
1 0 X X
2 X X 0
3 0 0 X
```

It's a draw!

```
$ python alpha-beta-homework.py
```

Choose mode: (1) Human vs Computer, (2) Self Play: 2

Enter the number of games: 5

Results: Wins: 0, Losses: 0, Draws: 5

Game 1 Result: Draw

```
  1 2 3
1 0 X X
2 X X 0
3 0 0 X
```

Game 2 Result: Draw

```
  1 2 3
1 X 0 X
2 X 0 0
3 0 X X
```

Game 3 Result: Draw

```
  1 2 3
1 0 X 0
2 X 0 X
3 X 0 X
```

Game 4 Result: Draw

```
  1 2 3
1 X 0 X
2 0 0 X
3 X X 0
```

Game 5 Result: Draw

```
  1 2 3
1 X 0 X
2 0 0 X
3 X X 0
```

