Quantum Information Week 2

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1 Review

$$\begin{split} |u\rangle &= \cos\frac{\theta}{2}|0\rangle + e^{i\varphi}\sin\frac{\theta}{2}|1\rangle \\ \text{density matrix } \rho &= |\phi\rangle\langle\phi| \\ \rho^\dagger &= \rho, \, \text{Tr}(\rho) = 1. \\ \forall \langle\psi|\rho|\psi\rangle &\geq 0, \rho^2 = \rho \Rightarrow \rho(\rho-1) = 0. \text{ Eigenvalue 0 or 1.} \\ \langle\psi|M|\psi\rangle &= \text{Tr}(\langle\psi|M|\psi\rangle) = \text{Tr}(M|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|) = \text{Tr}(M\rho). \ M \text{ is a measurement (projection).} \\ \text{Unitary operation. } H &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}. \ H^\dagger H = \mathbf{1}. \end{split}$$
 Tensor product $|\phi\rangle|0\rangle$.

2 Two-Qubit System

2.1 Notation

Tensor Product.

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \\ b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_{12} \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \\ b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$$

Example. $|0\rangle_A|0\rangle_B$ \uparrow , $|1\rangle_A|1\rangle_B$ \downarrow . $|\psi\rangle_{AB}=a|0\rangle_A|0\rangle_B+b|1\rangle_A|1\rangle_B$. Then $|\psi\rangle_A=a|0\rangle+b|1\rangle$. Let $a=b=1/\sqrt{2}$, then $|\psi\rangle_A=|+\rangle$.

$$|+\rangle_A|+\rangle_B \longrightarrow \rightarrow, |-\rangle_A|-\rangle_B \longleftarrow \leftarrow.$$

$$|\psi'\rangle_{AB} = (|+\rangle|+\rangle+|-\rangle|-\rangle)/\sqrt{2}$$
. $|\psi'\rangle = (|+\rangle+|-\rangle)/\sqrt{2} = |0\rangle$. $|\psi\rangle_{AB} = |\psi'\rangle_{AB}$, but $|\psi\rangle_{A} = |\gamma'\rangle_{AB}$.

EPR paradox. If Bob measure by σ_z and get $|1\rangle$ then Alice learned that with some probability, so some information transmits instantly (faster than the light speed). Actually, Alice can not rule out any case. no-signaling(stronger, must non-local), non-locality.

(partial trace)

$$\rho_A = \operatorname{Tr}_B(\rho_{AB}) = \operatorname{Tr}_B((|0\rangle_A|0\rangle_B + |1\rangle_A|1\rangle_B)(\langle 0|_A\langle 0|_B + \langle 1|_A\langle 1|_B))$$
$$= |0\rangle_A\langle 0|_A + |1\rangle_A\langle 1|_A = \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{1}.$$

. $\rho_A^2=\frac{1}{4}\mathbf{1}\neq\rho_A.$ Mixed state. $(\rho^2=\rho$ for pure state.)

Property 1. $\rho_A^{\dagger} = \rho_A$

- 2. $\forall |\psi\rangle, \langle \psi | \rho_A | \psi \rangle \geq 0$.
- 3. $\operatorname{Tr}(\rho_A) = \operatorname{Tr}_A(\operatorname{Tr}_B(\rho_{AB})) = \operatorname{Tr}(\rho_{AB}) = 1$ $\rho_A = a_0 \sigma_1 + \dots \operatorname{Tr}(\rho_A) = 2a_0 = 1 \Rightarrow a_0 = \frac{1}{2}, \text{ so } \rho_A = \frac{1}{2}(\sigma_1 + \vec{P} \cdot \vec{\sigma}).$