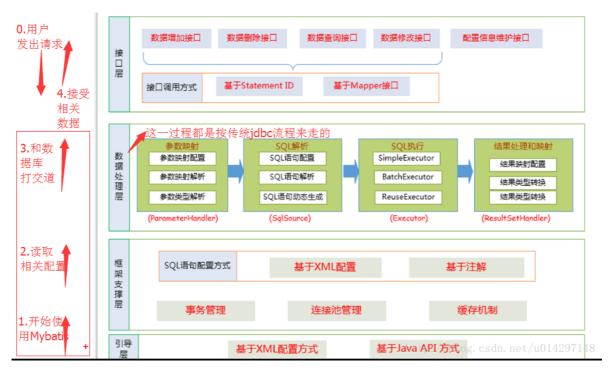
1.Mybatis**的架构**

1.1 Mybatis**的框架分层**



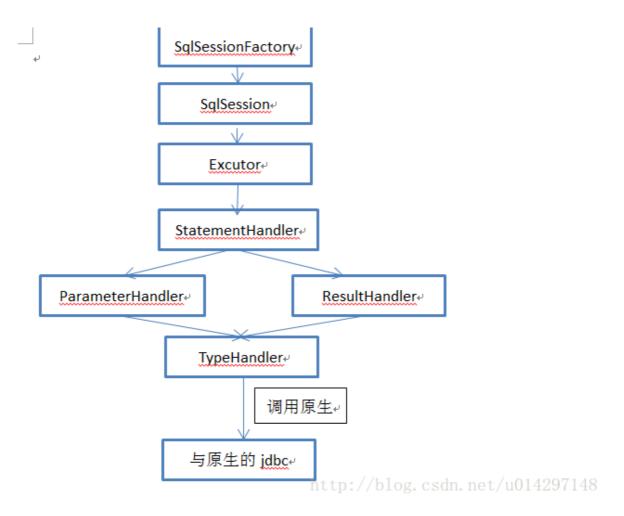
1.2 MyBatis**的实现原理**

mybatis底层还是采用原生jdbc来对数据库进行操作的,只是通过 SqlSessionFactory,SqlSession Executor,StatementHandler,ParameterHandler,ResultHandler和TypeHandler等几个处理器封装了这些过程

```
执行器: Executor (update, query, flushStatements, commit, rollback, getTransaction, close, isClosed)

参数处理器: ParameterHandler (getParameterObject, setParameters)
结构处理器 ResultSetHandler (handleResultSets, handleOutputParameters)
sql查询处理器: StatementHandler (prepare, parameterize, batch, update, query)
```

其中StatementHandler用通过ParameterHandler与ResultHandler分别进行参数预编译与结果处理。而ParameterHandler与ResultHandler都使用TypeHandler进行映射。如下图:



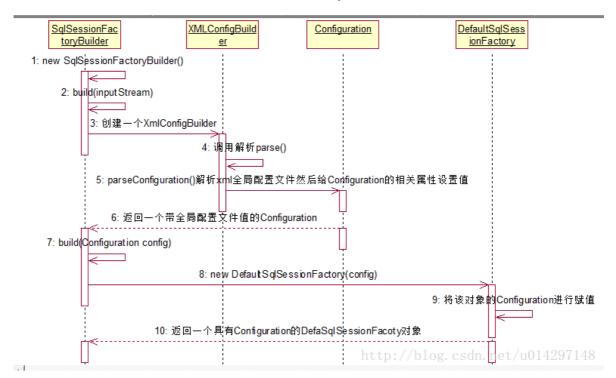
2.Mybatis**工作过程**

通过读mybatis的源码进行分析mybatis的执行操作的整个过程,我们通过debug调试就可以知道Mybatis每一步做了什么事,我先把debug每一步结果 截图,然后在分析这个流程。 第一步:读取配置文件,形成InputStream

2.1 创建SqlSessionFacotry的过程

```
this = {ConfigTest@815}
resourceAsStream = {BufferedInputStream@832}
  f configuration 2 (Configuration@1158)
     f environment = {Environment@1744}
        f safeRowBoundsEnabled = false
        f) safeResultHandlerEnabled = true
        f) mapUnderscoreToCamelCase = false
        f aggressiveLazyLoading = true
        f multipleResultSetsEnabled = true
        f) useGeneratedKeys = false
        f) useColumnLabel = true
        f cacheEnabled = true
        f callSettersOnNulls = false
        f logPrefix = null
        f logImpl = null
        f) vfsImpl = null
     ▶ f localCacheScope = {LocalCacheScope@1745} "SESSION"
     f) jdbcTypeForNull = {JdbcType@1746} "OTHER"
     f lazyLoadTriggerMethods = {HashSet@1747} size = 4
     f defaultStatementTimeout = {Integer@1748} "25"
     f) defaultFetchSize = {Integer@1749} "100"
     f defaultExecutorType = {ExecutorType@1750} "SIMPLE"
     ► PautoManningRehavior - JAutoManningRehavior@1751\ "DARTIAL"
```

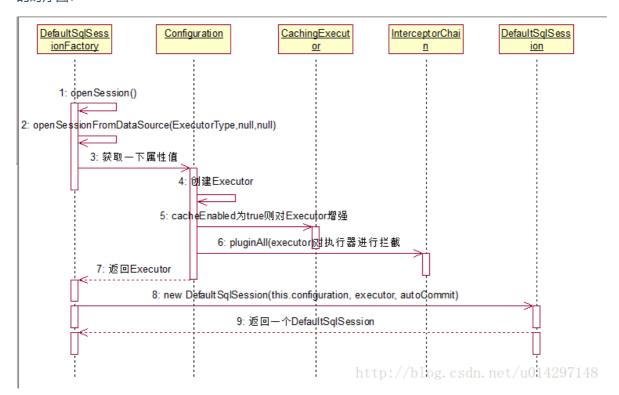
从debug调试看出 返回的 sqlSessionFactory 是DefaultSesssionFactory类型的,但是configuration此时已经被初始化了。查看源码后画如下创建DefaultSessionFactory的时序图:



2.2 **创建**SqlSession**的过程**

```
    ▼ sqlSession = {DefaultSqlSession@1725}
    ▶ f configuration = {Configuration@1653}
    ▶ f executor = {CachingExecutor@1717}
    f autoCommit = false
    f dirty = false
    ▶ sqlSessionFactory = {DefaultSqlSessionFactory@1637}
    http://blog.csdn.net/u014297148
```

从debug调试看出SqlSessinoFactory.openSession() 返回的sqlSession是 DefaultSession类型的,此SqlSession里包含一个Configuration的对象,和一个Executor对象。查看源码后画如下创建DefaultSession的时序图:

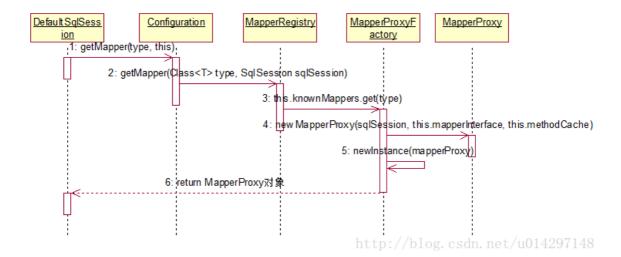


2.3 创建Mapper的过程

```
this = {ConfigTest@815}
sqlSession = {DefaultSqlSession@1725}
mapper = {$Proxy6@1754} "org.apache.ibatis.binding.MapperProxy@71e9ddb4"

▼ f h ≠ {MapperProxy@1745}
   ▼ ¶ sqlSession = {DefaultSqlSession@1725}
       f configuration = {Configuration@1653}
         f executor = {CachingExecutor@1717}
          f autoCommit = false
          <del>f) dirty = fa</del>lse
      mapperInterface = {Class@1632} "interface com.worldly.config.mapper.EmployeeMapper" ... Navigate
          f cachedConstructor = null
          f) newInstanceCallerCache = null
       f) name = "com.worldly.config.mapper.EmployeeMapper"
       for classLoader = {Launcher$AppClassLoader@1758}
        f reflectionData = {SoftReference@1759}
          f classRedefinedCount = 0
          f) genericInfo = null
          f enumConstants = null
          f enumConstantDirectory = null
         f annotationData = {Class$AnnotationData@1760}
          f annotationType = null
          f classValueMap = null
      methodCache = {ConcurrentHashMap@1741} size = 0
```

从debug调试可以看出,mapper是一个Mapper代理对象,而且初始化了Configuration对象,Executor的对象。查看源码后画如下创建Mapper的时序图:



2.4 执行CRUD过程

以select为例查看各步执行的源码

mapper.selectEmployeeList()其实是MapperProxy执行invoke方法,此方法显示是判断Method的方法是不是Object的toString等方法如果不是就执行MapperMethod

```
public Object invoke(Object proxy, Method method, Object[] args) throws Throwable {
// 判断Method的方法是不是Object的toString等方法
  if(Object.class.equals(method.getDeclaringClass())) {
        return method.invoke(this, args);
      } catch (Throwable var5) {
        throw ExceptionUtil.unwrapThrowable(var5);
   } else {
   //判断private final Map<Method, MapperMethod> methodCache;这个map里面有没有这个方法
的一级缓存, 如果没
      MapperMethod mapperMethod = this.cachedMapperMethod(method);
      return mapperMethod.execute(this.sqlSession, args);
 //查询一级缓存和设置一级缓存
private MapperMethod cachedMapperMethod(Method method) {
  MapperMethod mapperMethod = (MapperMethod)this.methodCache.get(method);
 if(mapperMethod == null) {
    mapperMethod = new MapperMethod(this.mapperInterface, method,
this.sqlSession.getConfiguration());
    this.methodCache.put(method, mapperMethod);
return mapperMethod;
```

```
//判断sql命令类型
public Object execute(SqlSession sqlSession, Object[] args) {
    Object param;
    Object result;
    if(SqlCommandType.INSERT == this.command.getType()) {
      param = this.method.convertArgsToSqlCommandParam(args);
      result = this.rowCountResult(sqlSession.insert(this.command.getName(), param));
   } else if(SqlCommandType.UPDATE == this.command.getType()) {
      param = this.method.convertArgsToSqlCommandParam(args);
      result = this.rowCountResult(sqlSession.update(this.command.getName(), param));
   } else if(SqlCommandType.DELETE == this.command.getType()) {
      param = this.method.convertArgsToSqlCommandParam(args);
      result = this.rowCountResult(sqlSession.delete(this.command.getName(), param));
   } else if(SqlCommandType.SELECT == this.command.getType()) {
   //我们测试的是select类型,则再判断这个方法的返回类型
      if(this.method.returnsVoid() && this.method.hasResultHandler()) {
        this.executeWithResultHandler(sqlSession, args);
        result = null;
      } else if(this.method.returnsMany()) {
       //我们是查询列表,此方法执行
        result = this.executeForMany(sqlSession, args);
      } else if(this.method.returnsMap()) {
        result = this.executeForMap(sqlSession, args);
     } else {
        param = this.method.convertArgsToSqlCommandParam(args);
        result = sqlSession.selectOne(this.command.getName(), param);
   } else {
      if(SqlCommandType.FLUSH != this.command.getType()) {
        throw new BindingException("Unknown execution method for: " +
this.command.getName());
      }
          result = sqlSession.flushStatements();
      }
      if(result == null && this.method.getReturnType().isPrimitive() &&
  !this.method.returnsVoid()) {
          throw new BindingException("Mapper method '" + this.command.getName() +
  " attempted to return null from a method with a primitive return type (" +
  this.method.getReturnType() + ").");
      } else {
          return result;
private Object executeForMany(SqlSession sqlSession, Object[] args) {
//将param做处理 自动处理为param1,param2...
    Object param = this.method.convertArgsToSqlCommandParam(args);
   if(this.method.hasRowBounds()) {
      RowBounds rowBounds = this.method.extractRowBounds(args);
      //调用该对象的DefaultSqlSession的selectList方法
```

```
result = sqlSession.selectList(this.command.getName(), param, rowBounds);
   } else {
      result = sqlSession.selectList(this.command.getName(), param);
      return !this.method.getReturnType().isAssignableFrom(result.getClass())?
  (this.method.getReturnType().isArray()?
  this.convertToArray(result):this.convertToDeclaredCollection(sqlSession.getConfi
  guration(), result)):result;
//处理参数方法
public Object convertArgsToSqlCommandParam(Object[] args) {
      int paramCount = this.params.size();
      if(args != null && paramCount != 0) {
        if(!this.hasNamedParameters && paramCount == 1) {
          return args[((Integer)this.params.keySet().iterator().next()).intValue()];
       } else {
          Map<String, Object> param = new MapperMethod.ParamMap();
          int i = 0;
              for(Iterator i$ = this.params.entrySet().iterator(); i$.hasNext();
  ++i) {
                   Entry<Integer, String> entry = (Entry)i$.next();
                   param.put(entry.getValue(),
  args[((Integer)entry.getKey()).intValue()]);
                   String genericParamName = "param" + String.valueOf(i + 1);
                   if(!param.containsKey(genericParamName)) {
                       param.put(genericParamName,
  args[((Integer)entry.getKey()).intValue()]);
              return param;
          }
      } else {
         return null;
```

调用DefaultSqlSession的selectList的方法

```
public List selectList(String statement, Object parameter, RowBounds rowBounds) {
    List var5;
    try {
        //获取MappedStatement对象
            MappedStatement ms = this.configuration.getMappedStatement(statement);
            //调用cachingExecutor执行器的方法
            var5 = this.executor.query(ms, this.wrapCollection(parameter), rowBounds,

Executor.NO_RESULT_HANDLER);
        } catch (Exception var9) {
            throw ExceptionFactory.wrapException("Error querying database. Cause: " + var9, var9);
```

```
} finally {
      ErrorContext.instance().reset();
      return var5;
//CachingExector的query方法
public List query(MappedStatement ms, Object parameterObject, RowBounds rowBounds,
ResultHandler resultHandler) throws SQLException {
    BoundSql boundSql = ms.getBoundSql(parameterObject);
    CacheKey key = this.createCacheKey(ms, parameterObject, rowBounds, boundSql);
    //调用下2代码
    return this.query(ms, parameterObject, rowBounds, resultHandler, key, boundSql);
 }
 //2代码
public List query(MappedStatement ms, Object parameterObject, RowBounds rowBounds,
ResultHandler resultHandler, CacheKey key, BoundSql boundSql) throws SQLException {
    Cache cache = ms.getCache();
    if(cache != null) {
      this.flushCacheIfRequired(ms);
      if(ms.isUseCache() && resultHandler == null) {
        this.ensureNoOutParams(ms, parameterObject, boundSql);
        List list = (List)this.tcm.getObject(cache, key);
        if(list == null) {
        //这里是调用Executor里的query方法 如果开启了缓存这掉CachingExecutor的 如果没有则
是调用BaseExecutor的
          list = this.delegate.query(ms, parameterObject, rowBounds, resultHandler, key,
boundSql);
          this.tcm.putObject(cache, key, list);
               return list;
      return this.delegate.query(ms, parameterObject, rowBounds, resultHandler,
  key, boundSql);
```

BaseExecutor的query方法

```
public List query(MappedStatement ms, Object parameter, RowBounds rowBounds, ResultHandler
resultHandler, CacheKey key, BoundSql boundSql) throws SQLException {
    ErrorContext.instance().resource(ms.getResource()).activity("executing a
    query").object(ms.getId());
    if(this.closed) {
        throw new ExecutorException("Executor was closed.");
    } else {
        if(this.queryStack == 0 && ms.isFlushCacheRequired()) {
```

```
this.clearLocalCache();
          List list;
          try {
              ++this.queryStack;
              list = resultHandler == null?
  (List)this.localCache.getObject(key):null;
             if(list != null) {
                  this.handleLocallyCachedOutputParameters(ms, key, parameter,
  boundSql);
              } else {
              //如果缓存中没有就从数据库中查询
                  list = this.queryFromDatabase(ms, parameter, rowBounds,
  resultHandler, key, boundSql);
             }
          } finally {
              --this.queryStack;
          if(this.queryStack == 0) {
              Iterator i$ = this.deferredLoads.iterator();
              while(i$.hasNext()) {
                  BaseExecutor.DeferredLoad deferredLoad =
  (BaseExecutor.DeferredLoad)i$.next();
                  deferredLoad.load();
              this.deferredLoads.clear();
              if(this.configuration.getLocalCacheScope() ==
 LocalCacheScope.STATEMENT) {
                 this.clearLocalCache();
         return list;
      }
//从数据库中查询
private List queryFromDatabase(MappedStatement ms, Object parameter, RowBounds rowBounds,
ResultHandler resultHandler, CacheKey key, BoundSql boundSql) throws SQLException {
   this.localCache.putObject(key, ExecutionPlaceholder.EXECUTION_PLACEHOLDER);
     List list;
     try {
      //此处是调用子Executor的方法,ExecutorType默认是使用的SimpleExecutor
          list = this.doQuery(ms, parameter, rowBounds, resultHandler, boundSql);
      } finally {
          this.localCache.removeObject(key);
      this.localCache.putObject(key, list);
      if(ms.getStatementType() == StatementType.CALLABLE) {
```

this.localOutputParameterCache.putObject(key, parameter);

```
}
return list;
}
```

SimpleExecutor的doQuery方法

```
public List doQuery(MappedStatement ms, Object parameter, RowBounds rowBounds,
ResultHandler resultHandler, BoundSql boundSql) throws SQLException {
   Statement stmt = null;
     List var9;
     try {
          Configuration configuration = ms.getConfiguration();
          //创建StateMentHandler处理器
          StatementHandler handler =
  configuration.newStatementHandler(this.wrapper, ms, parameter, rowBounds,
  resultHandler, boundSql);
         //调用下3的方法
          stmt = this.prepareStatement(handler, ms.getStatementLog());
          //调用no4的方法
         var9 = handler.query(stmt, resultHandler);
      } finally {
          this.closeStatement(stmt);
      return var9;
  //下3方法
private Statement prepareStatement(StatementHandler handler, Log statementLog) throws
SQLException {
   Connection connection = this.getConnection(statementLog);
   Statement stmt = handler.prepare(connection);
   //SatementHanlder 采用PreparedStatementHandler来实现此方法,而
PreparedStatementHandler调用的是父接口ParameterHandler的方法
   handler.parameterize(stmt);
   return stmt;
```

ParameterHandler参数处理器的方法

```
public interface ParameterHandler {
    Object getParameterObject();
    //此方法是用DefaultParameterHandler实现的
    void setParameters(PreparedStatement var1) throws SQLException;
}
```

```
public void setParameters(PreparedStatement ps) {
    ErrorContext.instance().activity("setting
parameters").object(this.mappedStatement.getParameterMap().getId());
    List parameterMappings = this.boundSql.getParameterMappings();
    if(parameterMappings != null) {
      for(int i = 0; i < parameterMappings.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        ParameterMapping parameterMapping = (ParameterMapping)parameterMappings.get(i);
        if(parameterMapping.getMode() != ParameterMode.OUT) {
          String propertyName = parameterMapping.getProperty();
          Object value;
          if(this.boundSql.hasAdditionalParameter(propertyName)) {
            value = this.boundSql.getAdditionalParameter(propertyName);
          } else if(this.parameterObject == null) {
            value = null;
          } else if(this.typeHandlerRegistry.hasTypeHandler(this.parameterObject.getClass())) {
            value = this.parameterObject;
            MetaObject metaObject = this.configuration.newMetaObject(this.parameterObject);
            value = metaObject.getValue(propertyName);
          //这里用调用 TypeHandler类型映射处理器来映射
          TypeHandler typeHandler = parameterMapping.getTypeHandler();
          JdbcType jdbcType = parameterMapping.getJdbcType();
          if(value == null && jdbcType == null) {
            jdbcType = this.configuration.getJdbcTypeForNull();
                   try {
                   //类型处理器设置参数映射
                                                 typeHandler.setParameter(ps, i + 1,
  value, jdbcType);
                   } catch (TypeException var10) {
                       throw new TypeException("Could not set parameters for
  mapping: " + parameterMapping + ". Cause: " + var10, var10);
                   } catch (SQLException var11) {
                       throw new TypeException("Could not set parameters for
  mapping: " + parameterMapping + ". Cause: " + var11, var11);
          }
      }
```

no4的方法

```
public List query(Statement statement, ResultHandler resultHandler) throws SQLException {
    //此处调用原生sql的处理器
    PreparedStatement ps = (PreparedStatement)statement;
    //发出原生sql命令
    ps.execute();
    //采用ResultHandler结果处理器对结果集封装
```

```
return this.resultSetHandler.handleResultSets(ps);
}
```

ResultHandler代码

```
public interface ResultSetHandler {
    //此处调用的是DefaultResultSetHandler的方法
    List handleResultSets(Statement var1) throws SQLException;
    void handleOutputParameters(CallableStatement var1) throws SQLException;
}
```

DefaultResultSetHandler的方法

```
public List handleResultSets(Statement stmt) throws SQLException {
    ErrorContext.instance().activity("handling results").object(this.mappedStatement.getId());
   List multipleResults = new ArrayList();
   int resultSetCount = 0;
    ResultSetWrapper rsw = this.getFirstResultSet(stmt);
   List resultMaps = this.mappedStatement.getResultMaps();
   int resultMapCount = resultMaps.size();
   this.validateResultMapsCount(rsw, resultMapCount);
      while(rsw != null && resultMapCount > resultSetCount) {
           ResultMap resultMap = (ResultMap)resultMaps.get(resultSetCount);
           this.handleResultSet(rsw, resultMap, multipleResults,
  (ResultMapping)null);
           rsw = this.getNextResultSet(stmt);
          this.cleanUpAfterHandlingResultSet();
          ++resultSetCount;
      }
      String[] resultSets = this.mappedStatement.getResulSets();
      if(resultSets != null) {
           while(rsw != null && resultSetCount < resultSets.length) {</pre>
               ResultMapping parentMapping =
  (ResultMapping)this.nextResultMaps.get(resultSets[resultSetCount]);
               if(parentMapping != null) {
                    String nestedResultMapId =
 parentMapping.getNestedResultMapId();
                    ResultMap resultMap =
  this.configuration.getResultMap(nestedResultMapId);
                    this.handleResultSet(rsw, resultMap, (List)null,
 parentMapping);
               rsw = this.getNextResultSet(stmt);
               this.cleanUpAfterHandlingResultSet();
               ++resultSetCount;
           }
      return this.collapseSingleResultList(multipleResults);
```

```
//处理结果集
private void handleResultSet(ResultSetWrapper rsw, ResultMap resultMap, List multipleResults,
ResultMapping parentMapping) throws SQLException {
      if(parentMapping != null) {
        this.handleRowValues(rsw, resultMap, (ResultHandler)null, RowBounds.DEFAULT,
parentMapping);
      } else if(this.resultHandler == null) {
        DefaultResultHandler defaultResultHandler = new DefaultResultHandler(this.objectFactory);
        this.handleRowValues(rsw, resultMap, defaultResultHandler, this.rowBounds,
(ResultMapping)null);
        multipleResults.add(defaultResultHandler.getResultList());
        this.handleRowValues(rsw, resultMap, this.resultHandler, this.rowBounds,
(ResultMapping)null);
     }
    } finally {
      this.closeResultSet(rsw.getResultSet());
private void handleRowValues(ResultSetWrapper rsw, ResultMap resultMap, ResultHandler<?>
resultHandler, RowBounds rowBounds, ResultMapping parentMapping) throws SQLException {
    if(resultMap.hasNestedResultMaps()) {
      this.ensureNoRowBounds();
      this.checkResultHandler();
      this.handleRowValuesForNestedResultMap(rsw, resultMap, resultHandler, rowBounds,
parentMapping);
    } else {
      this.handleRowValuesForSimpleResultMap(rsw, resultMap, resultHandler, rowBounds,
parentMapping);
    }
 private void handleRowValuesForNestedResultMap(ResultSetWrapper rsw, ResultMap resultMap,
ResultHandler<?> resultHandler, RowBounds rowBounds, ResultMapping parentMapping) throws
SQLException {
    DefaultResultContext resultContext = new DefaultResultContext();
    this.skipRows(rsw.getResultSet(), rowBounds);
    Object rowValue = null;
      while(this.shouldProcessMoreRows(resultContext, rowBounds) &&
  rsw.getResultSet().next()) {
           ResultMap discriminatedResultMap =
  this.resolveDiscriminatedResultMap(rsw.getResultSet(), resultMap, (String)null);
           CacheKey rowKey = this.createRowKey(discriminatedResultMap, rsw,
  (String)null);
           Object partialObject = this.nestedResultObjects.get(rowKey);
           if(this.mappedStatement.isResultOrdered()) {
                if(partialObject == null && rowValue != null) {
                     this.nestedResultObjects.clear();
```

```
this.storeObject(resultHandler, resultContext, rowValue,
parentMapping, rsw.getResultSet());
    //获取行的值
             rowValue = this.getRowValue(rsw, discriminatedResultMap, rowKey,
(String)null, partialObject);
        } else {
            rowValue = this.getRowValue(rsw, discriminatedResultMap, rowKey,
(String)null, partialObject);
             if(partialObject == null) {
                 this.storeObject(resultHandler, resultContext, rowValue,
parentMapping, rsw.getResultSet());
        }
    }
    if(rowValue != null && this.mappedStatement.isResultOrdered() &&
this.shouldProcessMoreRows(resultContext, rowBounds)) {
        this.storeObject(resultHandler, resultContext, rowValue, parentMapping,
rsw.getResultSet());
   }
String resultMapId = resultMap.getId();
    Object resultObject = partialObject;
    if(partialObject != null) {
        MetaObject metaObject =
this.configuration.newMetaObject(partialObject);
        this.putAncestor(partialObject, resultMapId, columnPrefix);
        this.applyNestedResultMappings(rsw, resultMap, metaObject, columnPrefix,
combinedKey, false);
        this.ancestorObjects.remove(resultMapId);
    } else {
        ResultLoaderMap lazyLoader = new ResultLoaderMap();
        resultObject = this.createResultObject(rsw, resultMap, lazyLoader,
columnPrefix);
        if(resultObject != null &&
!this.typeHandlerRegistry.hasTypeHandler(resultMap.getType())) {
             MetaObject metaObject =
this.configuration.newMetaObject(resultObject);
             boolean foundValues =
!resultMap.getConstructorResultMappings().isEmpty();
             if(this.shouldApplyAutomaticMappings(resultMap, true)) {
                 foundValues = this.applyAutomaticMappings(rsw, resultMap,
metaObject, columnPrefix) || foundValues;
             foundValues = this.applyPropertyMappings(rsw, resultMap,
metaObject, lazyLoader, columnPrefix) || foundValues;
             this.putAncestor(resultObject, resultMapId, columnPrefix);
             foundValues = this.applyNestedResultMappings(rsw, resultMap,
metaObject, columnPrefix, combinedKey, true) || foundValues;
             this.ancestorObjects.remove(resultMapId);
             foundValues = lazyLoader.size() > 0 || foundValues;
             resultObject = foundValues?resultObject:null;
        if(combinedKey != CacheKey.NULL_CACHE_KEY) {
```

```
this.nestedResultObjects.put(combinedKey, resultObject);
           }
      return resultObject;
private boolean shouldApplyAutomaticMappings(ResultMap resultMap, boolean isNested) {
    return resultMap.getAutoMapping() != null?resultMap.getAutoMapping().booleanValue():
(isNested?AutoMappingBehavior.FULL ==
this.configuration.getAutoMappingBehavior():AutoMappingBehavior.NONE !=
this.configuration.getAutoMappingBehavior());
private boolean applyAutomaticMappings(ResultSetWrapper rsw, ResultMap resultMap, MetaObject
metaObject, String columnPrefix) throws SQLException {
    List<DefaultResultSetHandler.UnMappedColumAutoMapping> autoMapping =
this.createAutomaticMappings(rsw, resultMap, metaObject, columnPrefix);
   boolean foundValues = false;
   if(autoMapping.size() > 0) {
      Iterator i$ = autoMapping.iterator();
           while(true) {
          //这里使用了内部类对参数和结果集进行映射
               DefaultResultSetHandler.UnMappedColumAutoMapping mapping;
                Object value;
                do {
                    if(!i$.hasNext()) {
                         return foundValues;
                    mapping =
  (DefaultResultSetHandler.UnMappedColumAutoMapping)i$.next();
                    value = mapping.typeHandler.getResult(rsw.getResultSet(),
 mapping.column);
                } while(value == null &&
  !this.configuration.isCallSettersOnNulls());
                if(value != null || !mapping.primitive) {
                    metaObject.setValue(mapping.property, value);
                foundValues = true;
           }
      } else {
           return foundValues;
private static class UnMappedColumAutoMapping {
   private final String column;
   private final String property;
    private final TypeHandler<?> typeHandler;
   private final boolean primitive;
```

```
//此处才类型器对结果进行映射
   public UnMappedColumAutoMapping(String column, String property,
TypeHandler<?> typeHandler, boolean primitive) {
        this.column = column;
        this.property = property;
        this.typeHandler = typeHandler;
        this.primitive = primitive;
   }
}
```