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**Class: TYBSC CS A**

**Subject: Data Science**

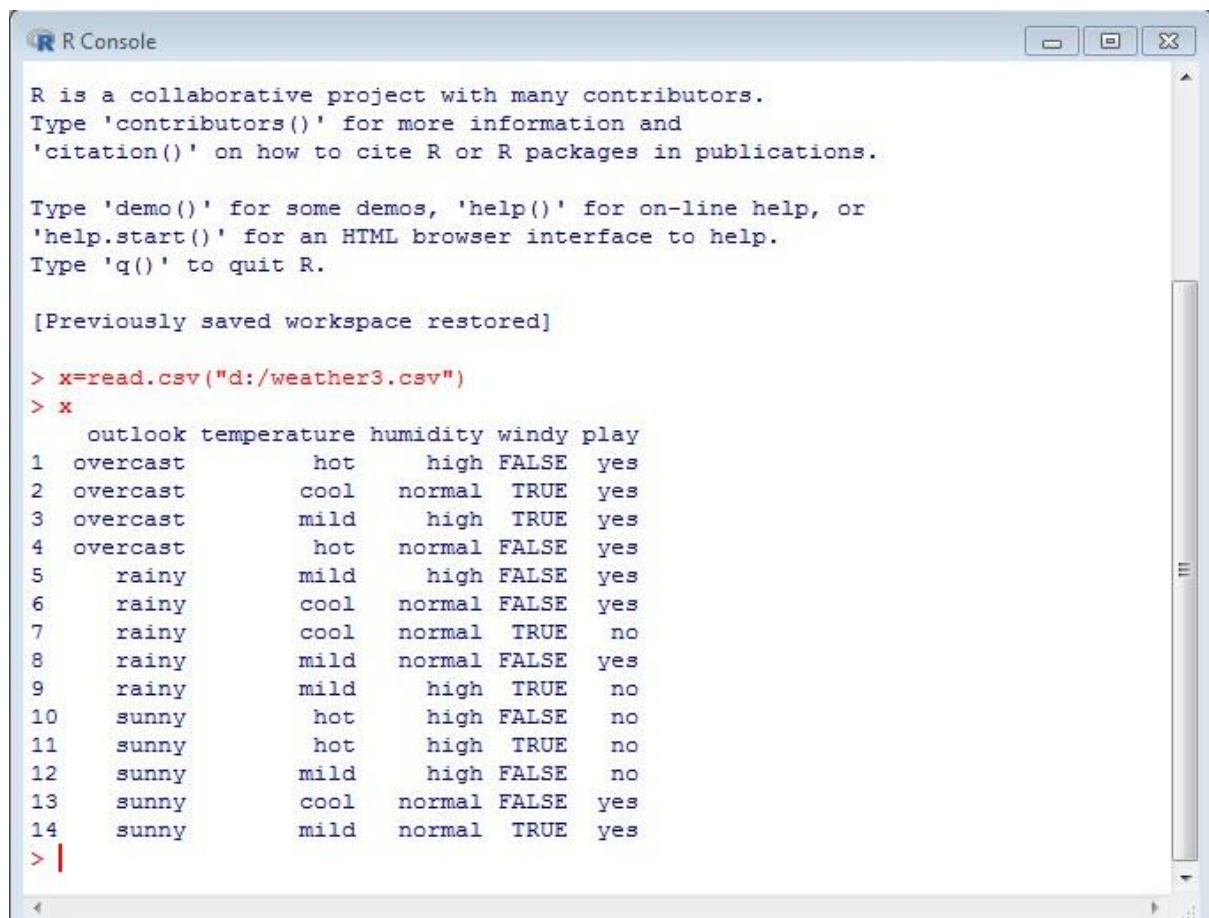
**Practical No : 3**

**Aim:** Demonstration of Logistics Regression.

**Code:**

```
X<-read.csv("C:/Users/Admin/Documents/SampleStudentData.csv") >
```

X



The screenshot shows an R Console window with the following content:

```
R is a collaborative project with many contributors.
Type 'contributors()' for more information and
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.

Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
Type 'q()' to quit R.

[Previously saved workspace restored]

> x=read.csv("d:/weather3.csv")
> x
```

	outlook	temperature	humidity	windy	play
1	overcast	hot	high	FALSE	yes
2	overcast	cool	normal	TRUE	yes
3	overcast	mild	high	TRUE	yes
4	overcast	hot	normal	FALSE	yes
5	rainy	mild	high	FALSE	yes
6	rainy	cool	normal	FALSE	yes
7	rainy	cool	normal	TRUE	no
8	rainy	mild	normal	FALSE	yes
9	rainy	mild	high	TRUE	no
10	sunny	hot	high	FALSE	no
11	sunny	hot	high	TRUE	no
12	sunny	mild	high	FALSE	no
13	sunny	cool	normal	FALSE	yes
14	sunny	mild	normal	TRUE	yes

### **PRINTING THE DATASET**

```
>x$humidity=ifelse(test=x$humidity=="high",yes=1,no=0) >x
```

```
> x$humidity=ifelse(test=x$humidity=="high",yes=1,no=0)
> x
```

	outlook	temperature	humidity	windy	play
1	overcast	hot	1	FALSE	yes
2	overcast	cool	0	TRUE	yes
3	overcast	mild	1	TRUE	yes
4	overcast	hot	0	FALSE	yes
5	rainy	mild	1	FALSE	yes
6	rainy	cool	0	FALSE	yes
7	rainy	cool	0	TRUE	no
8	rainy	mild	0	FALSE	yes
9	rainy	mild	1	TRUE	no
10	sunny	hot	1	FALSE	no
11	sunny	hot	1	TRUE	no
12	sunny	mild	1	FALSE	no
13	sunny	cool	0	FALSE	yes
14	sunny	mild	0	TRUE	yes

**>x\$play=ifelse(test=x\$play=="yes",yes=1,no=0) >x**

```
> x$play=ifelse(test=x$play=="yes",yes=1,no=0)
> x
```

	outlook	temperature	humidity	windy	play
1	overcast	hot	1	FALSE	1
2	overcast	cool	0	TRUE	1
3	overcast	mild	1	TRUE	1
4	overcast	hot	0	FALSE	1
5	rainy	mild	1	FALSE	1
6	rainy	cool	0	FALSE	1
7	rainy	cool	0	TRUE	0
8	rainy	mild	0	FALSE	1
9	rainy	mild	1	TRUE	0
10	sunny	hot	1	FALSE	0
11	sunny	hot	1	TRUE	0
12	sunny	mild	1	FALSE	0
13	sunny	cool	0	FALSE	1
14	sunny	mild	0	TRUE	1

---

```
>x$windy=ifelse(test=x$windy=="FALSE",yes=0,no=1) >x
```

```
> x$windy=ifelse(test=x$windy=="FALSE",yes=0,no=1)
```

```
> x
```

	outlook	temperature	humidity	windy	play
1	overcast	hot	1	0	1
2	overcast	cool	0	1	1
3	overcast	mild	1	1	1
4	overcast	hot	0	0	1
5	rainy	mild	1	0	1
6	rainy	cool	0	0	1
7	rainy	cool	0	1	0
8	rainy	mild	0	0	1
9	rainy	mild	1	1	0
10	sunny	hot	1	0	0
11	sunny	hot	1	1	0
12	sunny	mild	1	0	0
13	sunny	cool	0	0	1
14	sunny	mild	0	1	1

```
> |
```

## **PARTIONING DATASET**

```
> s=sample(nrow(x),.7*nrow(x))
```

```
>x_tr=x[s,]
```

```
>x_test=x[-s,]
```

```
>nrow(x)
```

```
>nrow(x_tr)
```

```
>nrow(x_test)
```

```
> s=sample(nrow(x),.7*nrow(x))
```

```
> x_tr=x[s,]
```

```
> x_test=x[-s,]
```

```
> nrow(x)
```

```
[1] 14
```

```
> nrow(x_tr)
```

```
[1] 9
```

```
> nrow(x_test)
```

```
[1] 5
```

```
> |
```

## **DATA MODELING**

```
>lmod=glm(play~windy,data=x_tr,family=binomial,control=list(maxit=100)) >lmod
```

```

> lmod=glm(play~windy,data=x_tr,family=binomial,control=list(maxit=100))
> lmod

Call:  glm(formula = play ~ windy, family = binomial, data = x_tr, control = list(maxit = 100))

Coefficients:
(Intercept)      windy
      20.57      -19.87

Degrees of Freedom: 8 Total (i.e. Null);  7 Residual
Null Deviance:      6.279
Residual Deviance: 3.819      AIC: 7.819
> |

> summary(lmod)

Call:
glm(formula = play ~ windy, family = binomial, data = x_tr, control = list(maxit = 100))

Deviance Residuals:
    Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-1.48230   0.00005   0.00005   0.00005   0.90052

Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)    20.57     7238.39   0.003   0.998
windy         -19.87     7238.39  -0.003   0.998

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

    Null deviance: 6.2790  on 8  degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 3.8191  on 7  degrees of freedom
AIC: 7.8191

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 19
> |

```

---

```

>lmod=glm(play~humidity,data=x_tr,family=binomial,control=list(maxit=100))
>summary(lmod)

```

```
> lmod=glm(play~humidity,data=x_tr,family=binomial,control=list(maxit=100))
> summary(lmod)
```

Call:

```
glm(formula = play ~ humidity, family = binomial, data = x_tr,
     control = list(maxit = 100))
```

Deviance Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-1.97277	0.00008	0.55525	0.55525	0.55525

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z )
(Intercept)	1.792	1.080	1.659	0.0971 .
humidity	17.774	7604.236	0.002	0.9981

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 6.2790 on 8 degrees of freedom  
 Residual deviance: 5.7416 on 7 degrees of freedom  
 AIC: 9.7416

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 18

```
> |
```

```
>lmod=glm(play~temperature,data=x_tr,family=binomial,control=list(maxit=100))
>summary(lmod)
```

```
> lmod=glm(play~temperature,data=x_tr,family=binomial,control=list(maxit=100))
> summary(lmod)
```

Call:

```
glm(formula = play ~ temperature, family = binomial, data = x_tr,
     control = list(maxit = 100))
```

Deviance Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-1.66511	0.00005	0.00005	0.75853	0.75853

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z )
(Intercept)	1.099	1.155	0.951	0.341
temperaturehot	19.467	12537.265	0.002	0.999
temperaturemild	19.467	10236.634	0.002	0.998

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 6.2790 on 8 degrees of freedom  
 Residual deviance: 4.4987 on 6 degrees of freedom  
 AIC: 10.499

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 19

```
> |
```

## #PREDICTION:

```
> p=predict(lmod,x_test,type="response")
```



```
>p
> p=predict(lmod,x_test,type="response")
> p
           3           9          10          11          12
1.000000e+00 5.800756e-11 1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00
> |
```

## (2) SECOND DATA SET:

### #IMPORT THE DATA

```
>x2=read.csv("D:/grade_logit.csv")
```

```
>x2
```

```
! > x2=read.csv("D:/grade_logit.csv")
> x2
```

	Exam1	Exam2	Exam3	Exam4	Final_score	Grade
1	60	10	16	7.0	40.79	1
2	90	0	0	0.0	69.23	1
3	130	20	24	1.0	76.75	1
4	130	10	24	8.5	75.66	1
5	90	5	22	9.5	55.48	1
6	100	30	20	3.0	67.11	1
7	105	20	22	8.0	67.98	1
8	120	40	18	16.0	85.09	1
9	120	20	30	18.0	82.46	1
10	130	45	22	10.5	91.01	1
11	90	40	20	7.0	68.86	1
12	130	30	28	10.5	87.06	1
13	100	30	22	6.5	69.52	1
14	0	30	18	0.0	60.00	1
15	0	30	18	0.0	60.00	1
16	80	0	24	3.0	60.11	1
17	105	40	22	6.5	76.10	1
18	10	0	0	8.0	12.16	0
19	130	35	24	0.0	90.00	1
20	0	15	20	7.0	42.86	1
21	40	10	14	6.0	30.70	0
22	90	15	28	8.5	62.06	1
23	110	0	24	9.5	80.62	1
24	65	5	24	1.0	41.67	1
25	55	15	18	0.0	41.90	1
26	100	50	30	11.5	83.99	1
27	95	40	24	8.0	73.25	1
28	0	10	24	0.0	42.50	1
29	0	0	18	0.0	60.00	1
30	65	20	20	0.0	50.00	1
31	110	25	18	6.0	69.74	1
32	130	45	24	8.0	90.79	1
33	120	40	30	9.0	87.28	1
34	70	20	24	1.0	50.44	1
35	130	45	10	16.5	88.38	1

```
> lmod2=glm(Grade~Exam1,data=x2_train,family=binomial,control=list(maxit=100)) >summary(lmod2)
```

```

> lmod2=glm(Grade~Exam1,data=x2_train,family=binomial,control=list(maxit=100))
> summary(lmod2)

Call:
glm(formula = Grade ~ Exam1, family = binomial, data = x2_train,
     control = list(maxit = 100))

Deviance Residuals:
    Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-2.2051   0.1834   0.2442   0.4444   0.9351

Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)  0.600860   0.396710   1.515   0.12987
Exam1        0.028971   0.009424   3.074   0.00211 **
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

    Null deviance: 68.589  on 82  degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 54.049  on 81  degrees of freedom
AIC: 58.049

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6

```

## Prediction data 1's and 0's form

```
>prediction=ifelse(p>.5,1,0)
```

```
>prediction
```

```

> prediction=ifelse(p>.5,1,0)
> prediction
 4 10 13 14 23 37 45 50 51 55 64 66 67 76 81 84 89 91 93 96 97
1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  0  1  1  1  0  1  1  1  0  1  1  1  1
> |

```

## PREDICTION MATRIX

```
>table(x2_test$Grade,prediction)
```

```

> table(x2_test$Grade,prediction)
      prediction
      0      1
0      2      1
1      1     17

```

```
> x2_test
```

```

> x2_test
  Exam1 Exam2 Exam3 Exam4 Final_score Grade
4     130    10    24    8.5      75.66    1
10    130    45    22   10.5      91.01    1
13    100    30    22    6.5      69.52    1
14      0    30    18    0.0      60.00    1
23    110     0    24    9.5      80.62    1
37      0    25    24    0.0      61.25    1
45     95    30    30   12.0      73.25    1
50    130    40    28   16.5      94.08    1
51      0     0     0   15.5      86.11    1
55    110    25    20    3.0      69.30    1
64    125    30    30   11.5      86.18    1
66     75    15    16    0.0      50.48    1
67      0     0     0    5.0      27.78    0
76    100    35    24    0.0      75.71    1
81     50    20    20    1.0      39.91    0
84    100    35    24   10.5      74.34    1
89      0     0     0    2.0      11.11    0
91    110    25    24    4.0      71.49    1
93     85    30    20    2.5      60.31    1
96    100    35    20    0.0      73.81    1
97      0     0    26    0.0      86.67    1
> |

```

### #actuals predicted

```

> ac_pr<- data.frame(cbind(actuals=x2_test$Grade, predicted=prediction)) >ac_pr
> ac_pr <- data.frame(cbind(actuals=x2_test$Grade, predicted=prediction))
> ac_pr
  actuals predicteds
4        1          1
10       1          1
13       1          1
14       1          1
23       1          1
37       1          1
45       1          1
50       1          1
51       1          0
55       1          1
64       1          1
66       1          1
67       0          0
76       1          1
81       0          1
84       1          1
89       0          0
91       1          1
93       1          1
96       1          1
97       1          1
> |

```

### >vif(lmod2) // variable influence factor

```

> vif(lmod2)
  Exam1    Exam2    Exam3
1.023350 1.117704 1.122152
> |

```

Conclusion: Hence we successfully performed Logistic regression.