Amadey_allunell---CyberDefenders

Q1: In the memory dump analysis, determining the root of the malicious activity is essential for comprehending the extent of the intrusion. What is the name of the parent process that triggered this malicious behavior?

lssass.exe

Resolution:

./vol.py -f /home/ubuntu/Desktop/'Start here'/Artifacts/'Windows 7 x64-Snapshot4.vmem' windows.pstree

		0009 0001 001111011	0/11/00/02/01/00/10	_	0.1	-		LULU UU UU LIIDEILII UUUUU	,
2748	2524	lssass.exe	0xfa800300a750	7	254	1	True	2023-08-09 21:33:04.000000	N/A

Q2: Once the rogue process is identified, its exact location on the device can reveal more about its nature and source. Where is this process housed on the workstation?

C:\Users\0XSH3R~1\AppData\Local\Temp\925e7e99c5\lssass.exe

Resolution:

./vol.py -f /home/ubuntu/Desktop/'Start here'/Artifacts/'Windows 7 x64-Snapshot4.vmem' cmdline | grep lssass.exe

2748resslssass.exe "C:\Users\0XSH3R~1\AppData\Local\Temp\925e7e99c5\lssass.exe"

Q3: Persistent external communications suggest the malware's attempts to reach out C2C server. Can you identify the Command and Control (C2C) server IP that the process interacts with?

41.75.84.12

Resolution:

./vol.py -f /home/ubuntu/Desktop/'Start here'/Artifacts/'Windows 7 x64-Snapshot4.vmem' netscan | grep lssass.exe

0x1d75b530 192.168.195.136 49167 TCPv4 41.75.84.12 80 2748 N/A CLOSED lssass.exe 0x1e94dcf0 TCPv4 192.168.195.136 49168 41.75.84.12 80 CLOSED 2748 lssass.exe

Q4: Following the malware link with the C2C, the malware is likely fetching additional tools or modules. How many distinct files is it trying to bring onto the compromised workstation?

2

Resolution:

./vol.py -f /home/ubuntu/Desktop/'Start here'/Artifacts/'Windows 7 x64-Snapshot4.vmem' windows.memmap.Memmap --pid 2748 --dump

strings pid.2748.dmp | grep 'GET /'

GET /rock/Plugins/cred64.dll HTTP/1.1
GET /rock/Plugins/clip64.dll HTTP/1.1

Q5: Identifying the storage points of these additional components is critical for containment and cleanup. What is the full path of the file downloaded and used

by the malware in its malicious activity?

C:\Users\0xSh3rl0ck\AppData\Roaming\116711e5a2ab05\clip64.dll

Resolution:

./vol.py -f /home/ubuntu/Desktop/'Start here'/Artifacts/'Windows 7 x64-Snapshot4.vmem' cmdline | grep dll

868gressdllhost.exe C:\Windows\system32\dllhost.exe /Processid:{02D4B3F1-FD88-11D1-960D-00805FC79235}
3064 rundll32.exe "C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe" C:\Users\0xSh3rl0ck\AppData\Roaming\116711e5a2ab05\clip64.dll, Main

Q6: Once retrieved, the malware aims to activate its additional components. Which child process is initiated by the malware to execute these files?

rundll32.exe

Resolution:

./vol.py -f /home/ubuntu/Desktop/'Start here'/Artifacts/'Windows 7 x64-Snapshot4.vmem' windows.pstree

2748	2524	lssass.exe	0xfa800300a750	7	254	1	True	2023-08-09 21:33:04.000000	N/A
* 3064	2748	rundll32.exe	0xfa8003042b30	1	64	1	True	2023-08-09 21:33:56.000000	N/A

Q7:Understanding the full range of Amadey's persistence mechanisms can help in an effective mitigation. Apart from the locations already spotlighted, where else might the malware be ensuring its consistent presence?

C:\Windows\System32\Tasks\lssass.exe

Resolution:

./vol.py -f /home/ubuntu/Desktop/'Start here'/Artifacts/'Windows 7 x64-Snapshot4.vmem' filescan | grep lssass.ex

```
0x517b290 100.0\Users\0XSH3R~1\AppData\Local\Temp\925e7e99c5\lssass.exe 216
0x1dad11e0 \Windows\System32\Tasks\lssass.exe 216
0x1e994b20 \Users\0XSH3R~1\AppData\Local\Temp\925e7e99c5\lssass.exe 216
```