

EXAMPLE 5.1**Inertial Navigation in Two Dimensions****INPUTS:****Initial navigation solution**

Initial position	$x_{pb}^p =$	0	m
	$y_{pb}^p =$	0	m
Initial velocity	$v_{pb,x}^p =$	0	m s^{-1}
	$v_{pb,y}^p =$	0	m s^{-1}
Initial heading	$\psi_{pb} =$	45	deg
		0.785398	rad

Epoch 1 Measurements

Time interval	$\tau =$	0.5	s	Note: The time interval would normally be much shorter.
Angular rate	$\omega_{pb,z}^b =$	0.5	rad s^{-1}	
Body x-axis acceleration	$a_{pb,x}^b =$	2	m s^{-2}	
Body y-axis acceleration	$a_{pb,y}^b =$	0.1	m s^{-2}	

Update Heading

From (5.5), $\psi_{pb}(t + \tau) = \psi_{pb}(t) + \omega_{pb,z}^b \tau$ Assuming a constant angular rate

$$\psi_{pb} = 1.035398163 \text{ rad} \quad 59.32394 \text{ deg}$$

Transform acceleration to p frame

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi_{pb} & -\sin \psi_{pb} \\ \sin \psi_{pb} & \cos \psi_{pb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^b \\ a_{pb,y}^b \end{pmatrix}$$

	Before update	After update
$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi_{pb} & -\sin \psi_{pb} \\ \sin \psi_{pb} & \cos \psi_{pb} \end{pmatrix} =$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.707106781 & -0.70711 \\ 0.707106781 & 0.707107 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.510184 & -0.86007 \\ 0.860066 & 0.510184 \end{pmatrix}$
	Average	
	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.608645154 & -0.78359 \\ 0.783586171 & 0.608645 \end{pmatrix}$	
$\begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} =$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.138931691 \\ 1.628036858 \end{pmatrix} \text{ m s}^{-2}$	

Update Velocity

$$\begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t + \tau) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t + \tau) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} \tau$$

$$v_{pb,x}^p = 0.569465845 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$v_{pb,y}^p = 0.814018429 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

Update Position

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{pb}^p(t + \tau) \\ y_{pb}^p(t + \tau) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{pb}^p(t) \\ y_{pb}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \left[\begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t + \tau) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t + \tau) \end{pmatrix} \right] \frac{\tau}{2}$$

$$x_{pb}^p = 0.142366461 \text{ m}$$

$$y_{pb}^p = 0.203504607 \text{ m}$$

Epoch 2 Measurements

Time interval	$\tau =$	0.5	s
Angular rate	$\omega_{pb,z}^b =$	0.2	rad s ⁻¹
Body x-axis acceleration	$a_{pb,x}^b =$	5	m s ⁻²
Body y-axis acceleration	$a_{pb,y}^b =$	0.1	m s ⁻²

Update Heading

From (5.5), $\psi_{pb}(t + \tau) = \psi_{pb}(t) + \omega_{pb,z}^b \tau$ Assuming a constant angular rate

$$\psi_{pb} = 1.135398163 \text{ rad} \quad 65.05352 \text{ deg}$$

Transform acceleration to p frame

From (5.6),
$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi_{pb} & -\sin \psi_{pb} \\ \sin \psi_{pb} & \cos \psi_{pb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^b \\ a_{pb,y}^b \end{pmatrix}$$

$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi_{pb} & -\sin \psi_{pb} \\ \sin \psi_{pb} & \cos \psi_{pb} \end{pmatrix} =$	Before update	After update								
	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <tr><td>0.510183526</td><td>-0.86007</td></tr> <tr><td>0.860065561</td><td>0.510184</td></tr> </table>	0.510183526	-0.86007	0.860065561	0.510184	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <tr><td>0.421771</td><td>-0.9067</td></tr> <tr><td>0.906702</td><td>0.421771</td></tr> </table>	0.421771	-0.9067	0.906702	0.421771
	0.510183526	-0.86007								
	0.860065561	0.510184								
0.421771	-0.9067									
0.906702	0.421771									
Average										
<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <tr><td>0.465977488</td><td>-0.88338</td></tr> <tr><td>0.883383871</td><td>0.465977</td></tr> </table>	0.465977488	-0.88338	0.883383871	0.465977						
0.465977488	-0.88338									
0.883383871	0.465977									

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2.241549055 \text{ m s}^{-2} \\ 4.463517102 \text{ m s}^{-2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Update Velocity

From (5.3),
$$\begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t + \tau) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t + \tau) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} \tau$$

$$v_{pb,x}^p = 1.690240373 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$v_{pb,y}^p = 3.04577698 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

Update Position

From (5.4),
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{pb}^p(t + \tau) \\ y_{pb}^p(t + \tau) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{pb}^p(t) \\ y_{pb}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \left[\begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t + \tau) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t + \tau) \end{pmatrix} \right] \frac{\tau}{2}$$

$$x_{pb}^p = 0.707293016 \text{ m}$$

$$y_{pb}^p = 1.168453459 \text{ m}$$

Epoch 3 Measurements

Time interval	$\tau =$	0.5	s
Angular rate	$\omega_{pb,z}^b =$	0.1	rad s ⁻¹
Body x-axis acceleration	$a_{pb,x}^b =$	2	m s ⁻²
Body y-axis acceleration	$a_{pb,y}^b =$	-0.05	m s ⁻²

Update Heading

From (5.5), $\psi_{pb}(t + \tau) = \psi_{pb}(t) + \omega_{pb,z}^b \tau$ Assuming a constant angular rate

$$\psi_{pb} = 1.185398163 \text{ rad} \quad 67.91831 \text{ deg}$$

Transform acceleration to p frame

From (5.6),
$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi_{pb} & -\sin \psi_{pb} \\ \sin \psi_{pb} & \cos \psi_{pb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^b \\ a_{pb,y}^b \end{pmatrix}$$

	Before update	After update
$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi_{pb} & -\sin \psi_{pb} \\ \sin \psi_{pb} & \cos \psi_{pb} \end{pmatrix} =$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.42177145 & -0.9067 \\ 0.90670218 & 0.421771 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.375928 & -0.92665 \\ 0.926649 & 0.375928 \end{pmatrix}$
	Average	
	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.398849787 & -0.91668 \\ 0.916675503 & 0.39885 \end{pmatrix}$	
$\begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} =$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.84353335 \text{ m s}^{-2} \\ 1.813408516 \text{ m s}^{-2} \end{pmatrix}$	

Update Velocity

From (5.3),
$$\begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t+\tau) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t+\tau) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} \tau$$

$v_{pb,x}^p = 2.112007048 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
 $v_{pb,y}^p = 3.952481238 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

Update Position

From (5.4),
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{pb}^p(t+\tau) \\ y_{pb}^p(t+\tau) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{pb}^p(t) \\ y_{pb}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \left[\begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t+\tau) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t+\tau) \end{pmatrix} \right] \frac{\tau}{2}$$

$x_{pb}^p = 1.657854871 \text{ m}$
 $y_{pb}^p = 2.918018014 \text{ m}$

Epoch 4 Measurements

Time interval	$\tau =$	0.5	s
Angular rate	$\omega_{pb,z}^b =$	-0.1	rad s ⁻¹
Body x-axis acceleration	$a_{pb,x}^b =$	0	m s ⁻²
Body y-axis acceleration	$a_{pb,y}^b =$	0	m s ⁻²

Update Heading

From (5.5), $\psi_{pb}(t+\tau) = \psi_{pb}(t) + \omega_{pb,z}^b \tau$ Assuming a constant angular rate

$\psi_{pb} = 1.135398163 \text{ rad} \quad 65.05352 \text{ deg}$

Transform acceleration to p frame

From (5.6),
$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi_{pb} & -\sin \psi_{pb} \\ \sin \psi_{pb} & \cos \psi_{pb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^b \\ a_{pb,y}^b \end{pmatrix}$$

	Before update	After update
$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi_{pb} & -\sin \psi_{pb} \\ \sin \psi_{pb} & \cos \psi_{pb} \end{pmatrix} =$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.375928124 & -0.92665 \\ 0.926648825 & 0.375928 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.421771 & -0.9067 \\ 0.906702 & 0.421771 \end{pmatrix}$
	Average	
	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.398849787 & -0.91668 \\ 0.916675503 & 0.39885 \end{pmatrix}$	

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{m s}^{-2}$$

Update Velocity

From (5.3),
$$\begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t+\tau) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t+\tau) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} a_{pb,x}^p \\ a_{pb,y}^p \end{pmatrix} \tau$$

$$\begin{aligned} v_{pb,x}^p &= 2.112007048 \text{ m s}^{-1} \\ v_{pb,y}^p &= 3.952481238 \text{ m s}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

Update Position

From (5.4),
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{pb}^p(t+\tau) \\ y_{pb}^p(t+\tau) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{pb}^p(t) \\ y_{pb}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \left[\begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} v_{pb,x}^p(t+\tau) \\ v_{pb,y}^p(t+\tau) \end{pmatrix} \right] \frac{\tau}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_{pb}^p &= 2.713858395 \text{ m} \\ y_{pb}^p &= 4.894258633 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$