3_10_2023_A4_final

October 3, 2023

```
[]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import yfinance as yf
     import seaborn as sns
     import plotly.express as px
     import plotly.graph objects as go
     from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     def ma(df):
         for i in [60,120,250]:
             df[f"MA_{i}"] = df["Close"].rolling(i).mean()
         df = df.dropna()
     def get_variable_name(variable):
         for name in globals():
             if id(globals()[name]) == id(variable):
                 return name
         for name in locals():
             if id(locals()[name]) == id(variable):
                 return name
         return None
     def magraph(df):
         fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True,
                         vertical_spacing=0.01, row_heights=[0.7,0.3])
         fig.add_trace(go.Candlestick(x=df.index,
                                     open=df['Open'], high=df['High'],
                                     low=df['Low'], close=df['Close'],
                                     showlegend=True, name='Close_
      ⇔Price'),row=1,col=1)
         fig.add_scatter(x=df.index, y=df['MA_60'], name='MA60')
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fig.add_scatter(x=df.index, y=df['MA_120'], name='MA120')
   fig.add_scatter(x=df.index, y=df['MA_250'], name='MA250')
   fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=df.index, y=df.Volume,
                        showlegend=True, name='Volume',
                        marker=dict(color='rgb(125,125,222)')),row=2,col=1)
   name = get_variable_name(df).upper()
   name = name[3:]
   fig.update layout(title=f'{name} Share Price (Close) US$',
                    xaxis_rangeslider_visible=False,width=1000)
   fig.show()
def reset():
   global df_amd_2000, df_nvda_2000
   df_nvda_2000 = yf.download('NVDA', start='2000-01-01',
                      end='2024-01-01', auto_adjust=True)
   df_nvda_2000 = df_nvda_2000[['Close']].dropna()
   df_amd_2000 = yf.download('AMD', start='2000-01-01',
                      end='2024-01-01', auto_adjust=True).dropna()
   df amd 2000 = df amd 2000[['Close']].dropna()
   return df_amd_2000, df_nvda_2000
def future(df, future):
   i=future
   df['Prediction'] = df[['Close']].shift(-i)
   X = np.array(df.drop(['Prediction'],axis=1))[:-i]
   y = np.array(df['Prediction'])[:-i]
   pd.options.mode.chained_assignment = None
   df['Date'] = df.index
   df['day shift'] = int(i+1)
   df['Date'] = df['Date'] + pd.TimedeltaIndex(df['day shift'], unit='D')
   df=df.drop(['day shift'],axis=1)
   df.index = df['Date']
   df = df.drop(['Date'],axis=1)
   X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.25)
   tree = DecisionTreeRegressor().fit(X_train, y_train)
   X_future = df.drop('Prediction',axis=1)[:-future]
   X_future = X_future.tail(future)
   X_future = np.array(X_future)
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tree_prediction = tree.predict(X_future)
    valid = df[X.shape[0]:]
    valid['Prediction'] = tree_prediction
    df.fillna(valid,inplace=True)
    plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
    plt.xlabel("time")
    plt.ylabel('Close Price')
    plt.plot(df['Close'])
    plt.plot(valid[['Close', 'Prediction']])
    plt.legend(['Orig','Val','Pred'])
    pd.set_option('display.max_rows', 9999)
    valid = valid['Prediction']
    return print(valid.drop(columns = ['Close']).tail(10))
print('MA Graph of AMD and Nvidia')
df_nvda = yf.download('NVDA', start='2017-01-01',
                      end='2024-01-01', auto_adjust=True)
df_amd = yf.download('AMD', start='2017-01-01',
                      end='2024-01-01', auto_adjust=True)
ma(df nvda)
ma(df amd)
magraph(df_nvda)
magraph(df_amd)
print('Prediction of AMD and Nvidia')
df_nvda_2000 = yf.download('NVDA', start='2000-01-01',
                      end='2024-01-01', auto_adjust=True)
df_nvda_2000 = df_nvda_2000[['Close']].dropna()
df_amd_2000 = yf.download('AMD', start='2000-01-01',
                      end='2024-01-01', auto_adjust=True).dropna()
df_amd_2000 = df_amd_2000[['Close']].dropna()
reset()
future(df_amd_2000,30)
plt.title('The Predict Stock price of AMD')
plt.show()
reset()
future(df_nvda_2000,30)
plt.title('The Predict Stock price of Nvidia')
plt.show()
```

```
print('Market Share of Graphic Card Brands')
data = ['198 other', '4403 AMD', '11465 NVIDIA', '3375 Intel']
units = [int(x.split()[0]) for x in data]
grapic_cards = [x.split()[-1] for x in data]
myexplode = [x / max(units)/5 for x in units]
def func(pct,allvals):
   absolute = int(np.round(pct/100.*np.sum(allvals)))
   return '{:.1f}%\n({:d} Units)'.format(pct,absolute)
wedges, text, autotexts = plt.pie(units,autopct=lambda pct:func(pct,units),
                                 textprops =

¬dict(color='black'), explode=myexplode)
plt.legend(wedges,grapic_cards,title='Graphic Card',
          loc = 'center left',bbox_to_anchor=(1,0,0.5,1))
plt.setp(autotexts, size=8,weight='bold')
plt.title("Video Card Manufacturer Market Share (Last 30 Days)", fontsize=18)
plt.suptitle("Last updated on the 27th of September 2023", fontsize=18,x=0.
 5, y=0.1
plt.show()
print('Performance of Graphic Card')
df = pd.DataFrame(dict(
   grapic cards = ["GeForce RTX 4090 (Nvidia)", "GeForce RTX 4080 (Nvidia)", |
 →"Radeon PRO W7800 (AMD)", "GeForce RTX 4070 Ti (Nvidia)", "Radeon RX 7900⊔

¬XTX (AMD)"],
   G3Dmark = [38939, 34822, 32146, 31651, 31140]))
fig1 = px.bar(df, x = 'G3Dmark', y = 'grapic_cards',color =_
 ⇔'grapic_cards',color_discrete_sequence=[
                 "green", "green", "red", "green", "red"], width = 800)
fig1.update(layout xaxis range = [30000,40000], layout title text = [1]
 → 'Performance', layout_xaxis_title="G3D mark", layout_yaxis_title="Grapic_"

→Cards")
fig1.show()
print('Price (USD) per Performance of Graphic Card')
df = pd.DataFrame(dict(
   grapic_cards = ["Radeon RX 6650 XT (AMD)", "GeForce RTX 3060 (Nvidia)", __
 ⇔"GeForce RTX 2060 (Nvidia)", "Radeon RX 6600M (AMD)", "GeForce RTX 4060⊔
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G3Dmark_Price = [76.2, 71.4, 67.2, 64.8, 64.6]))
fig2 = px.bar(df, x = 'G3Dmark_Price', y = __
 "red", "green", "green", "red", "green"], width = 800)
fig2.update(layout xaxis range = [60,80], layout title text = 'Performance / |
 ⇔Price (USD)',layout_xaxis_title="G3D mark / Price_
 ⇔(USD)", layout yaxis title="Grapic Cards")
fig2.show()
print('Polynomial Regression Line of AMD and Nvidia')
df_nvda_2018 = yf.download('NVDA', start='2018-01-01',
                   end='2024-01-01', auto_adjust=True)
df_nvda_2018 = df_nvda_2018[['Close']].dropna()
df_nvda_2018['Date'] = df_nvda_2018.index
df_amd_2018 = yf.download('AMD', start='2018-01-01',
                   end='2024-01-01', auto_adjust=True).dropna()
df_amd_2018 = df_amd_2018[['Close']].dropna()
df_amd_2018['Date'] = df_amd_2018.index
df = df_nvda_2018
fig = px.scatter(df, x="Date", y="Close",
               trendline="ols", trendline_options=dict(log_y=True),
               title="Nvidia Polynomial Regression Line")
fig.show()
df = df_amd_2018
fig = px.scatter(df, x="Date", y="Close",
               trendline="ols", trendline_options=dict(log_y=True),
               title="AMD Polynomial Regression Line")
fig.show()
MA Graph of AMD and Nvidia
[******** 100%%********* 1 of 1 completed
[******** 100%%********* 1 of 1 completed
Prediction of AMD and Nvidia
[********* 100%%********** 1 of 1 completed
[********* 100%%********* 1 of 1 completed
[********* 100%%********* 1 of 1 completed
Date
2023-10-20
           115.370003
2023-10-21 105.449997
2023-10-22 102.470001
2023-10-23
           96.199997
```

 2023-10-26
 97.379997

 2023-10-27
 94.509998

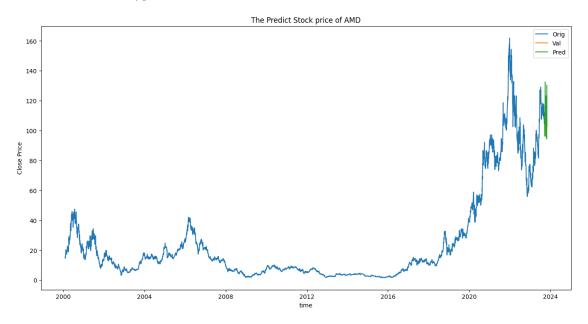
 2023-10-28
 98.070000

 2023-10-29
 102.760002

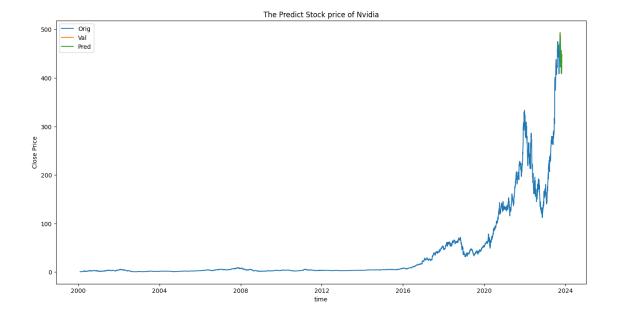
 2023-10-30
 130.529999

 2023-11-02
 103.269997

Name: Prediction, dtype: float64

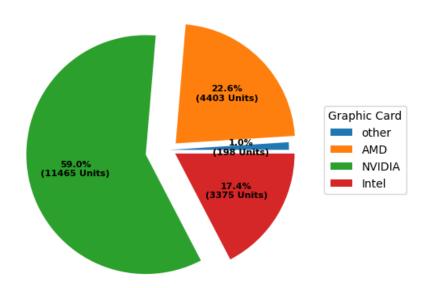


```
Date
2023-10-20
         435.200012
2023-10-21
         422.390015
2023-10-22
         432.954315
2023-10-23
         456.642365
2023-10-26
         408.516327
2023-10-27
         419.109985
2023-10-28
         424.679993
2023-10-29
         430.890015
2023-10-30
         434.989990
2023-11-02
         434.989990
Name: Prediction, dtype: float64
```



Market Share of Graphic Card Brands

Video Card Manufacturer Market Share (Last 30 Days)



Last updated on the 27th of September 2023

Performance of Graphic Card

Price (USD) per Performance of Graphic Card