## Stata Recitation - Week 3 - Graphs

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#### CONTENTS:

- Graph Intro
- Graph dialogue box
- Graph commands
- Graph editor window
- Save/Export graphs

#### **GOALS:**

- Create graphs using graph dialogue window
- Edit graphs using graph editor
- Find graph examples in graph intro in help file and manual
- Find examples for individual commands in manual
- Save and export a graph

## **Drawing Graphs**

#### Basic graphs from the twoway family

• Example from Definition section of help graph\_twoway:

```
help graph twoway
sysuse uslifeexp2
list in 1/8
twoway scatter le year
twoway line le year
twoway connected le year
twoway (scatter le year) (lfit le year)
```

- know how to create these graphs using graph dialogue box (not recommanded) (from drop-down menu: Graphics>Twoway Graph (Scatter Line, etc.))
- Select Create to create a new graph:
  - Basic plots > Scatter for twoway scatter of selected Y and X variables.

- Basic plots > Line for twoway line graph.
- Basic plots > Connected for twoway datapoints and line graph.
- Fit plots > Linear prediction for graph of line that best fits the data. Shows best guess for linear trend/relationship between Y and X variables.
- Can overlay multiple graphs by creating more than one and then submitting all at once from the dialogue window.
  - To change a graph, select it and then hit edit from the dialogue window
  - Select a graph from the dialogue window and hit disable to have it not appear/run.
  - Use other tabs in the graph dialogue window to
    - \* Change to which observations are included (if/in)
    - \* The layout and title of the axes (Y axis/X axis)
    - \* Title, Legend, etc.
- To clear all graphs and labels hit the reset button in the lower left of the graph dialogue window, small button with a R icon.
- Can keep adding options to graph dialogue box until you have a long command like this:

```
twoway (scatter le year) (lfit le year), ytitle(Life Expectancy (Years)) ///
title (Life Expectancy by Year) subtitle(with linear fit line) ///
legend(order(1 `Actual` 2 `Fitted`))
```

- Note: When you change the **Legend** options in the graph dialogue window, use the [?] icon to get help on how to specify labels
  - \* Keep adding options and submitting, and note how the command changes
- When submitting graphs through the dialogue window, the commands are printed out in results window.
- You can copy these from results back into the command line & make tweaks to the graph by changing the text until you get what you want and are familiar with how to specify different options for the graph such as axes titles, etc.
  - Make sure you keep the ordering of your variable names consistent when entering commands that overlay multiple graphs as switching the order will screw up the Y and X axes.

twoway (scatter y-var\_name x-var\_name) (lfit y-var\_name x-var\_name)

#### [INCORRECT]

twoway (scatter y-var\_name x-var\_name) (lfit x-var\_name y-var\_name)

- When your command is complete, save the final version in a do-file.
- Commands can also be copied to clipboard using copy icon on graph dialogue box.

## Graph Editor

- Another way to modify graphs, titles, etc., is with the graph editor
- Right click on graph and select open graph editor
- But, changes that you make here are not saved in a command.
- If the data changes, or you have to remake this graph, you will have to re-do any changes you made in the graph editor.
- Better to use options to get your graph as complete as possible, then make final changes using graph editor.

### Saving and Exporting Graphs

- In graph window, can save graph using File > Save, save final graph as
  .gph file type.
  - The .gph file type is Stata specific and can be opened by the program and modified again later.
    - \* However, it is not compatible with other programs, so you will either have to copy and paste each graph one-by-one (right-click and select copy to copy it) into other programs or use the export function.
- In graph window, select, file>Save as .gph for future use or editing within Stata. Export for use with other programs using File > Save as, export final graph as file types: .png, .tif, .wmf, .pdf, .jpg, ...
- File type depends on how you will be using it.
- Saving and exporting graphs can also be done from the do-file

```
help graph export
graph export `...\MyNewGraph.pdf`, as(png) replace
help graph save
graph save Graph_name `G:...\MyNewGraph.pdf`, as(tif) replace
```

#### Exercise I

• Use auto.dta from the Stata example datasets.

```
sysuse auto.dta
```

• Create a scatterplot with mpg on the x axis and price on the y axis.

```
twoway scatter price mpg
```

• Impose a linear prediction fit line on the graph (along with the scatter plot).

```
twoway (scatter price mpg) (lfit price mpg)
```

• Title the y axis "Price in Dollars"

Or use graph dialogue window.

```
twoway (scatter price mpg) (lfit price mpg), ytitle(Price in Dollars)
```

## Other Types of Graphs

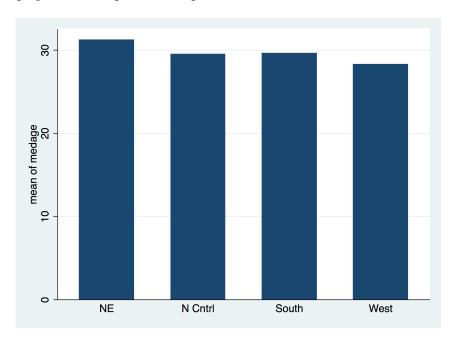
help graph intro \* Also see > Manual \* Show examples of other graphs from the manual entry \* This gives an idea of the types of graphs that are available \* You can find detailed information on specific graphs using help graph graphtype or by looking through the pdf manuals' bookmarks

#### Bar Graphs

help graph bar

- Major distinction from scatter (from help file's Description section):
  - Scatter plots actual values of x and y variables
- Bar displays calculated statistics of y-variable over x-variable categories.
- Bar graphs are conceptually similar to tabstat command that we used last week.
- From after class exercises last week:

sysuse census.dta
tabstat medage, by(region)
graph bar medage, over(region)



- Other example bar graphs are in the Remarks Introduction section of help graph bar file.
- Remarks Examples of Syntax section of help graph bar file shows you how to enter the commands.
- Can also experiment using graph dialogue window: (from the drop-down menu: Graphics>Bar Chart)

## **Distributional Plots**

• Single variable graphs showing its distribution

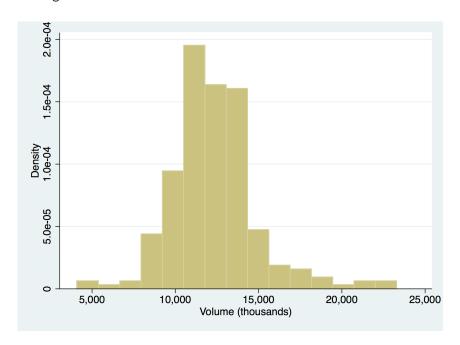
### Histogram

• Histogram is the most common distributional graph

## help histogram

• example 1, from the Remarks > Histograms of continuous variables section of help file:

# sysuse sp500 histogram volume



- Stata automatically determines the number of bars or bins approriate to show the distribution of your variable.
- example 2, from the Remarks > Histograms of discrete variables section of help file:

sysuse auto
histogram mpg, discrete

- the , discrete option forces stata to show each distinct value of the variable in a separate bar/bin. Useful for categorical variables or numeric variables that can only take on a certain, relatively limited number of values, i.e. years of education.
- Can also experiment using graph dialogue window: (from the drop-down menu: Graphics>Histogram)

## Kernel Density

• A smoothed version of histogram

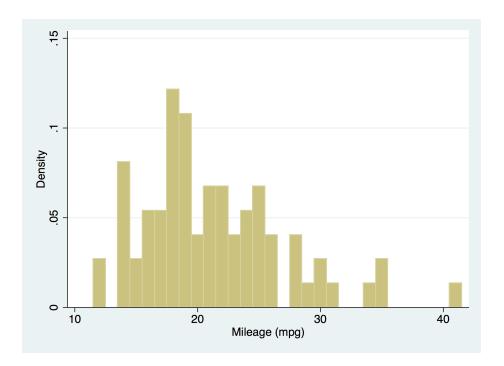


Figure 1: histogram plot

- Creates a line, rather than a series of rectangles
- Can be used as an option to histogram

```
sysuse sp500 histogram volume , kdensity
```

• Or as a stand-alone command

kdensity volume

## Diagnostic Plots

## help diagnostic plots

- Compares the distribution of a variable to some known distribution.
- Some quant professors will use these commands in class, but the
- concepts have not been covered yet.

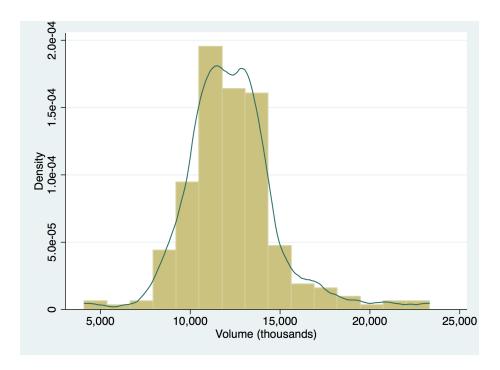


Figure 2: kdensity

- Students should know how to find documentation on these commands, but do not
- need to know how to interpret them.
- Show extended examples in manual page.

#### Exercise II

• Use auto.dta from the Stata example datasets.

sysuse auto

• Create a bar graph that shows the mean gear ratio for foreign and domestic cars.

graph bar gear\_ratio, over(foreign)

• Change the color of the bars to your favorite color.[for black bars]

graph bar (mean) gear\_ratio, over(foreign) bar(1, fcolor(black))

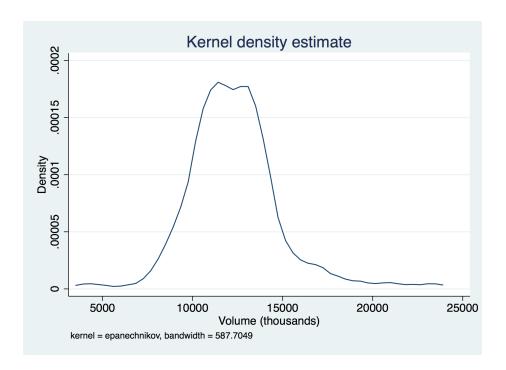


Figure 3: kdensity

Or (not recommanded): right-click on graph and select start graph editor Then right-click on a bar and select Rectangle Properties to change the color of both bars. Or right-click on a bar and select Object Specific Properties to change the color of that specific bar.

- Create a graph of your choice using the auto.dta.
  - To see & compare the distribution of price for foreign and domestic cars:

histogram price, by (foreign)

Or use the graph dialogue windows accessible via the drop down menu.

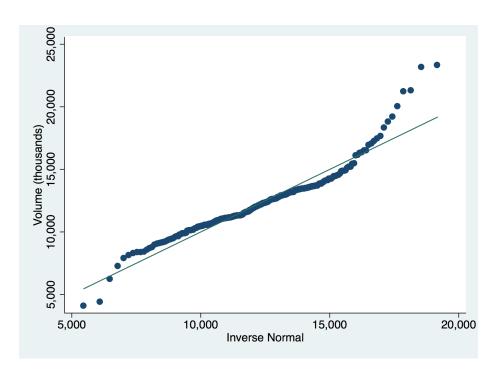


Figure 4: qnorm