Lab₀₂

Object-Oriented Programming

A. Multiple Choice (24 points, 6 points each question)

- 1. In Python, a class is ______ for a concrete object.
 - (a) an instance

(b) a nuisance

(c) distraction

- (d) a blueprint
- 2. The correct way to instantiate the following Dog class is:

```
class Dog:
    def __init__(self, name, age):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
```

- (a) Dog("Rufus", 3)
- (b) Dog.__init__("Rufus", 3)
- (c) Dog.create("Rufus", 3) (d) Dog()
- 3. In Python, a function within a class definition is called a:
 - (a) a callable
- (b) an operation
- (c) a method

- (d) a factory
- (e) a class function
- 4. What's the output of the following code snippet?

```
>>> class Dog:
...    def walk(self):
...        return "*walking*"
...    def speak(self):
...        return "Woof!"
...
>>> class JackRussellTerrier(Dog):
...    def speak(self):
...    return "Arff!"
...
>>> bobo = JackRussellTerrier()
>>> bobo.speak()
```

(a) *walking*

(b) Arff!

(c) Woof!

(d) CanineError: Dog malfunction

B. Reading and Programming (24 points, 6 points each question)

The datetime module provides time objects that are similar to the Time objects in the class, but they provide a rich set of methods and operators. Read the following article and complete the #TODO part in LabO2_B.py.

Using Python datetime to Work With Dates and Times (<u>https://realpython.com/python-datetime/</u>) The documentation can be found at http://docs.python.org/3/library/datetime.html.

- 1. Use the datetime module to write a program that gets the current date and prints the day of the week.
- 2. Write a program that takes a birthday as input and prints the user's age and the number of days, hours, minutes and seconds until their next birthday.
- 3. For two people born on different days, there is a day when one is twice as old as the other. That's their Double Day. Write a program that takes two birth dates and computes their Double Day.
- 4. For a little more challenge, write the more general version that computes the day when one person is n times older than the other.

C. Spot the Bug (26 points)

This exercise is a cautionary tale about one of the most common, and difficult to find, errors in Python.

- 1. The Array class in Lab02_C.py is a self-defined sequential data type. Look at the code in the main function to see how the Array class works then complete the class definition. (Hint: you have to add two special functions) (10 points)
- 2. The program contains a BIG, NASTY BUG that could be seen after printing arr2. Find and fix the bug directly in Lab02_C.py. Remember to explain the problem and how you fix it in the document (.pdf). (16 points)

D. MyEnumerate (26 points)

The built-in enumerate function allows us to get not just the elements of a sequence, but also the index of each element, as in:

```
for index, letter in enumerate('abc'):
    print(f"{index}: {letter}")
```

Create your own MyEnumerate class, such that someone can use it instead of enumerate. It takes a data list and a label list as parameters, and returns a tuple containing 3 elements each iteration. Find the usage example in the main function in Lab02_D.py and complete the MyEnumerate class.