

APPLICATIONS OF MATLAB IN ENGINEERING

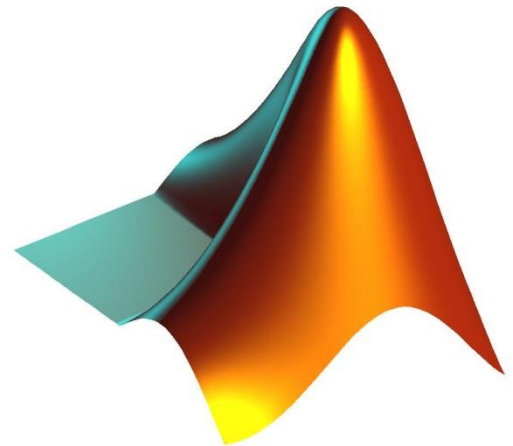
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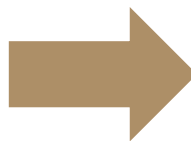
Today:

- Introduction to digital image



Problem Setup

- Improve the quality of binary image (e.g., fingerprint)
- What are your strategies?

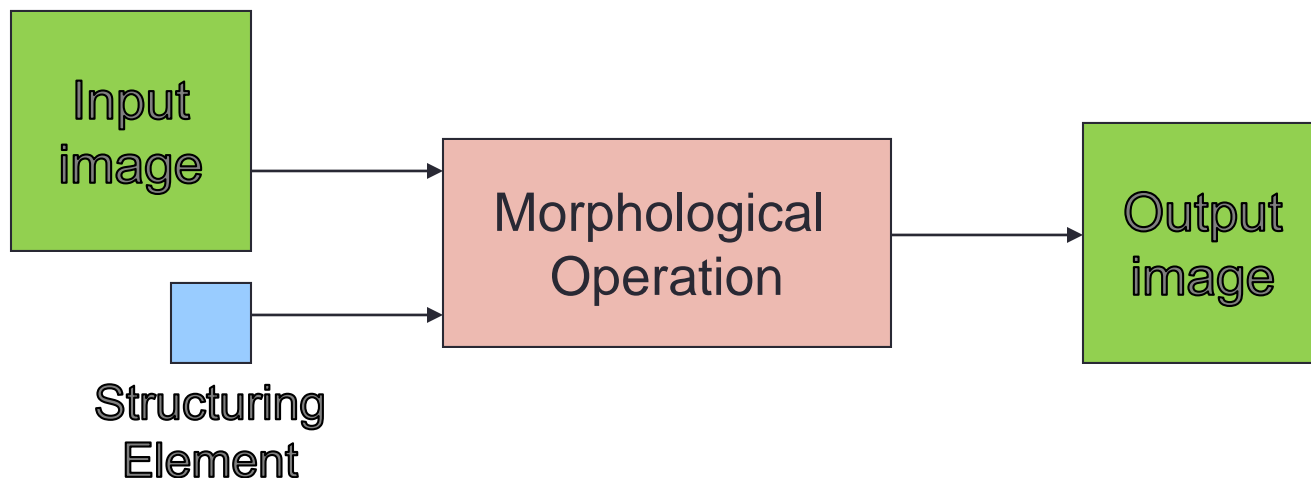


Morphology

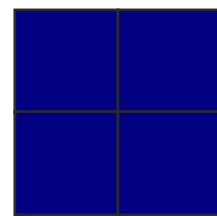
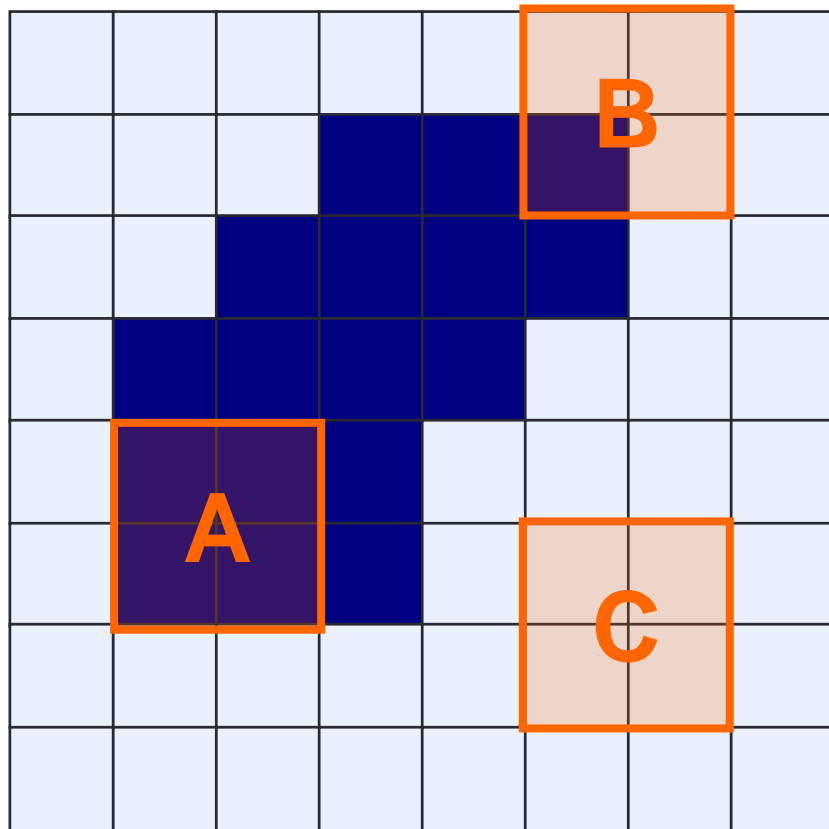
- Techniques that deal with the shape of features in an image
- Also called “morphological” image processing
- Typically applied to remove imperfections

Morphology Operations

- Inputs
 - A binary image
 - A “structuring element” image
- Going through the input image to find the regions that “fit” or “hit” the structure elements



Structuring Elements, Fit, and Hit

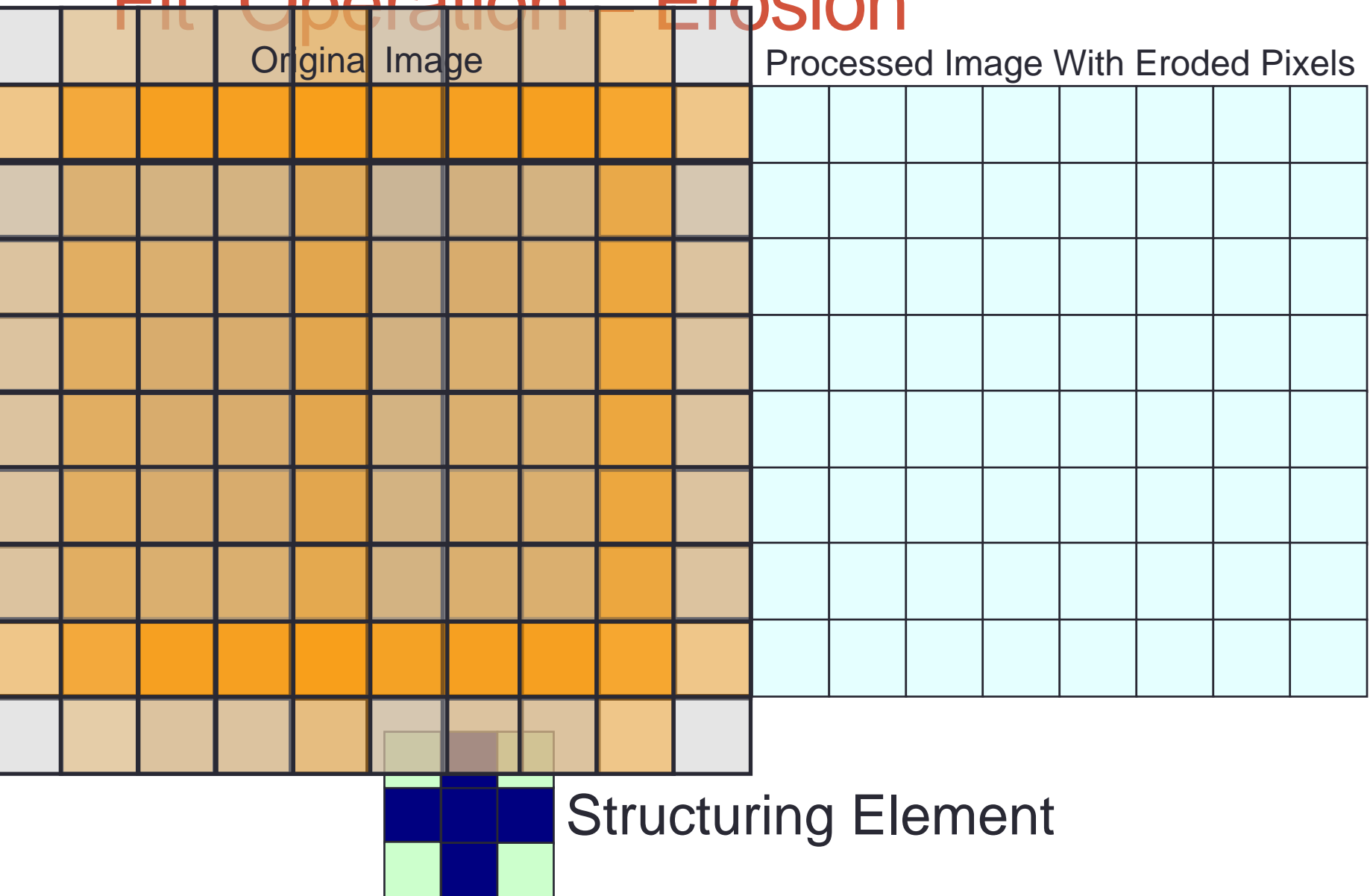


Structuring Element

Fit: All on pixels in the structuring element cover on pixels in the image

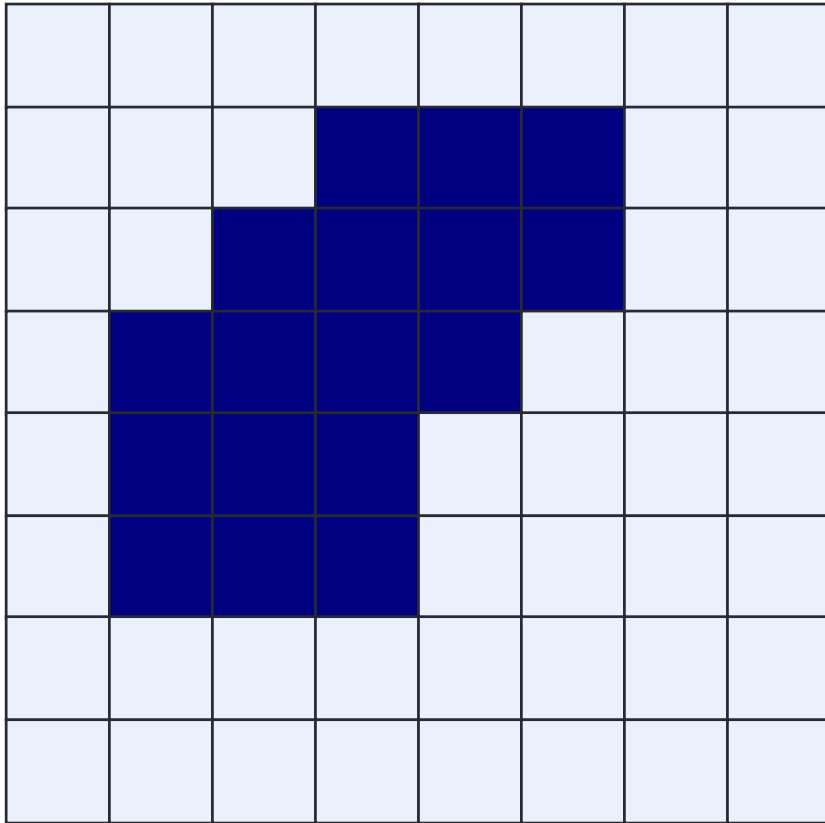
Hit: Any on pixel in the structuring element covers an on pixel in the image

“Fit” Operation – Erosion

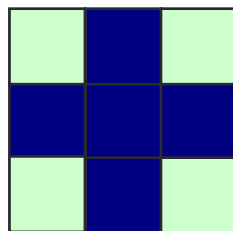
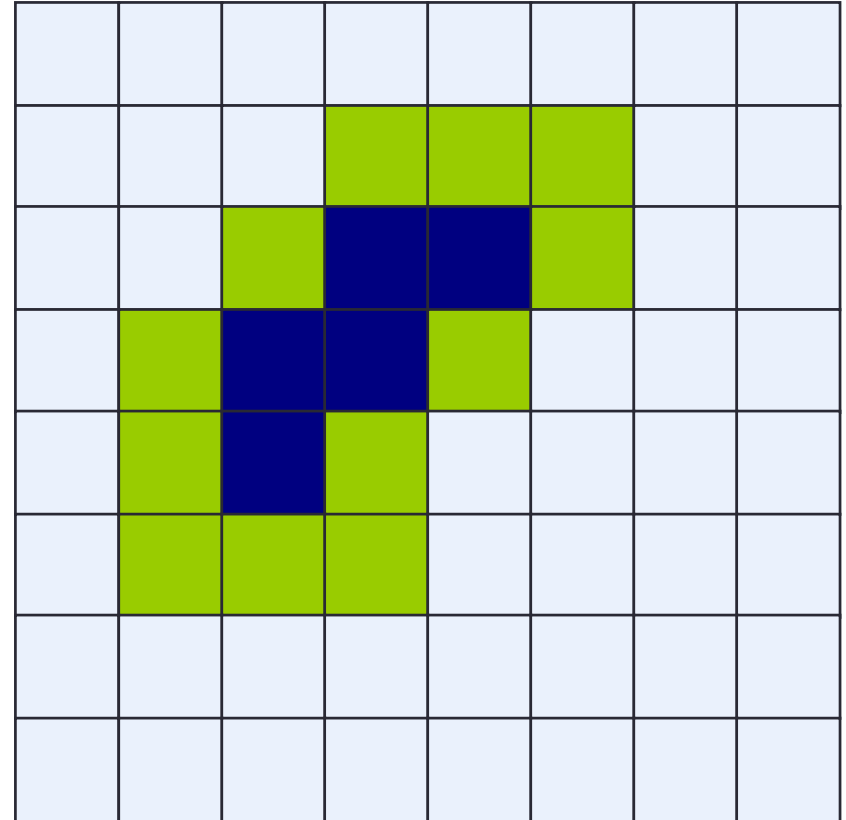


“Fit” Operation – Erosion

Original Image



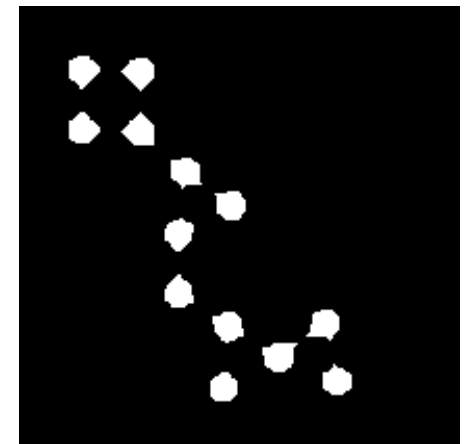
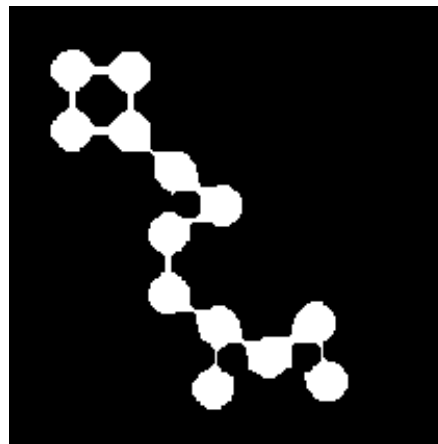
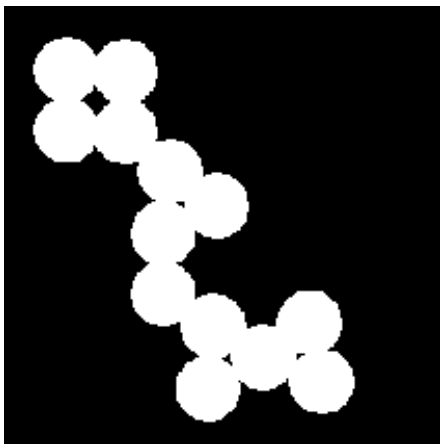
Processed Image



Structuring Element

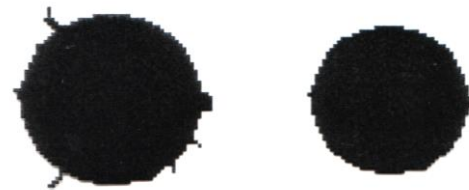
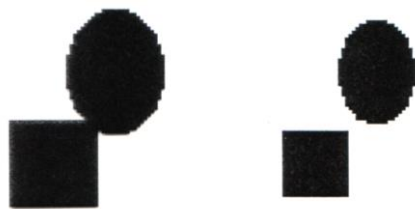
imerode()

```
originalBW = imread('circles.png');  
subplot( 1, 3, 1); imshow(originalBW);  
se = strel('disk', 7);  
erodedBW = imerode(originalBW, se);  
subplot( 1, 3, 2); imshow(erodedBW);  
se = strel('disk', 11);  
erodedBW = imerode(originalBW, se);  
subplot( 1, 3, 3); imshow(erodedBW);
```



Effects of Erosion

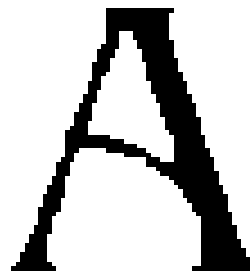
- Splitting joined objects and stripping extrusions



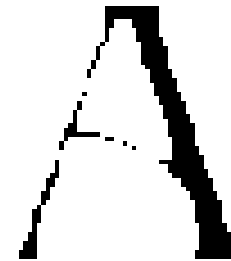
- Erosion example



Original image



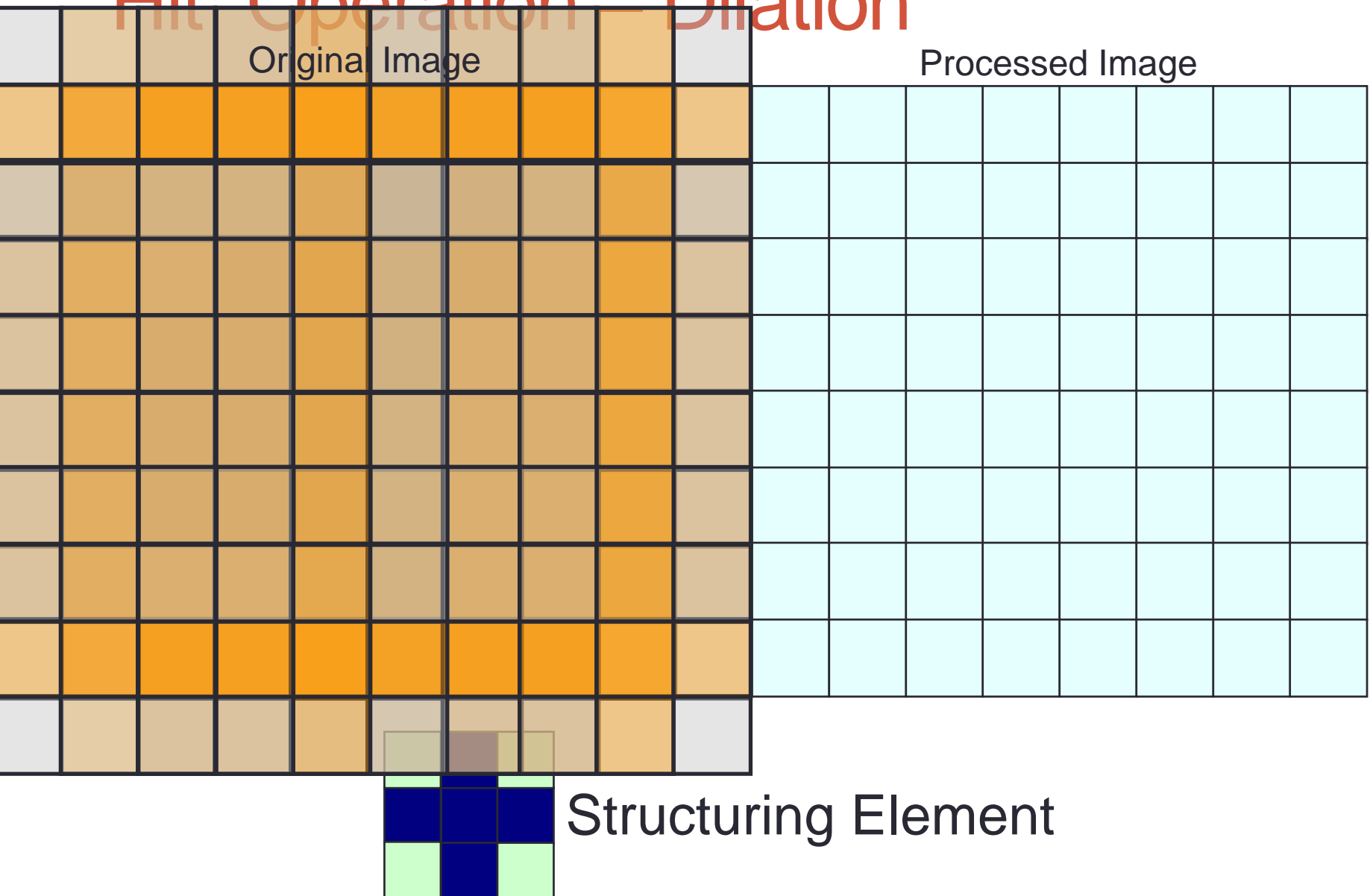
Erosion by 3×3
square structuring
element



Erosion by 5×5
square structuring
element

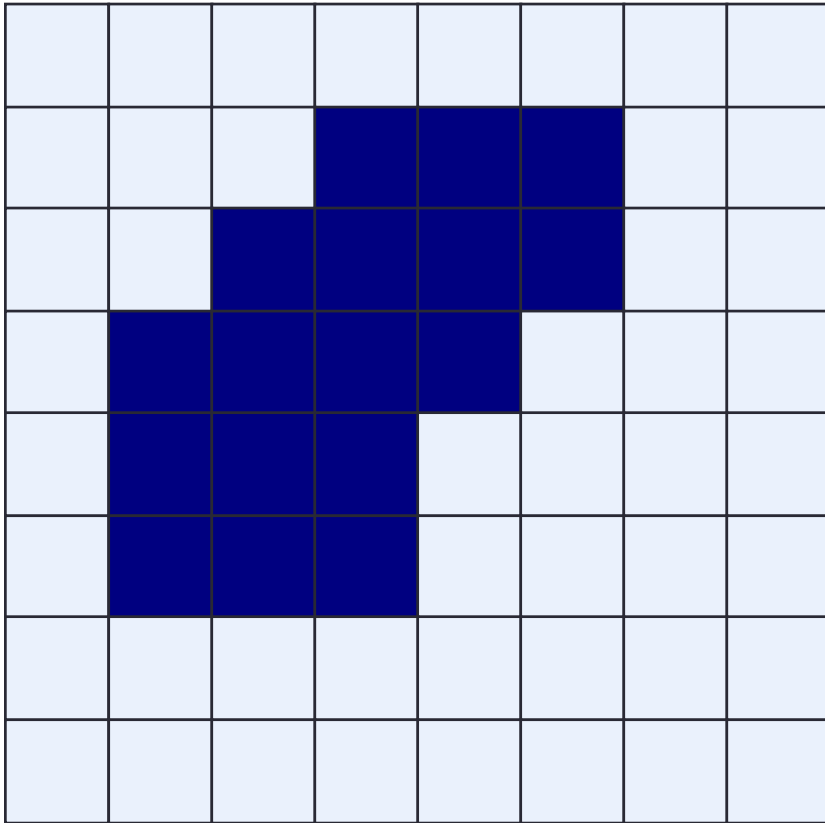
Note: In these examples a 1 refers to a black pixel!

“Hit” Operation – Dilation

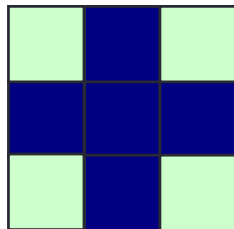
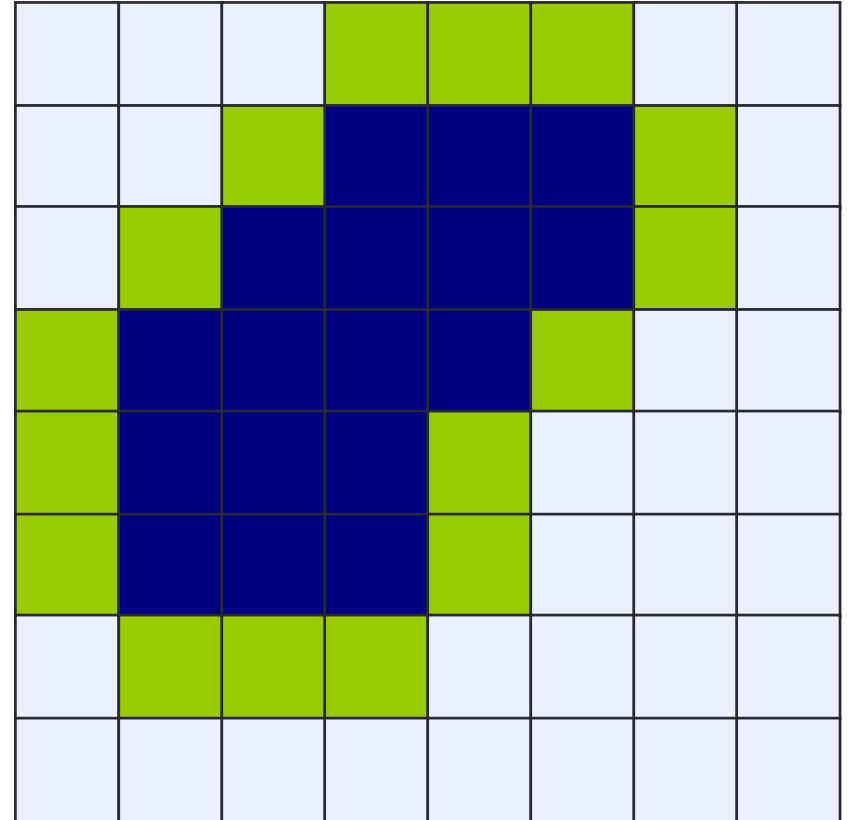


“Hit” Operation – Dilation

Original Image



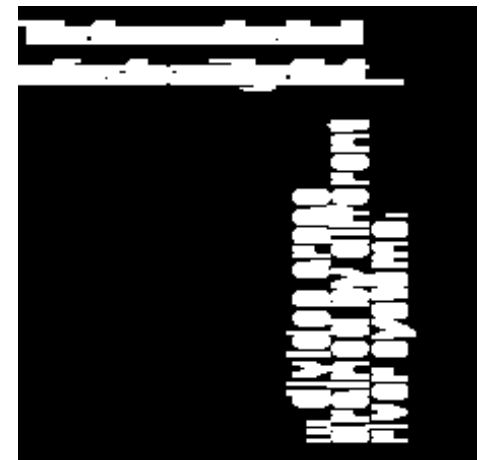
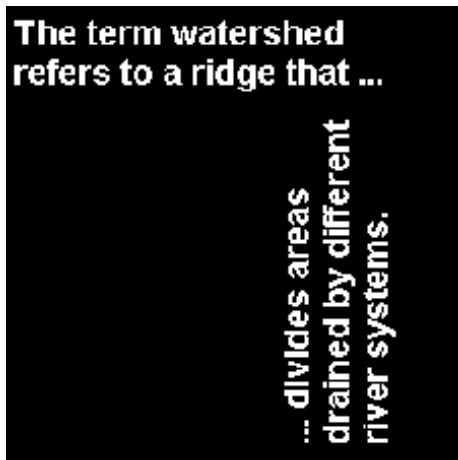
Processed Image With Dilated Pixels



Structuring Element

imdilate()

```
bw = imread('text.png');  
subplot( 1, 3, 1); imshow(bw);  
se = strel('line', 11, 90);  
dilatedBW = imdilate(bw, se);  
subplot( 1, 3, 2); imshow(dilatedBW);  
se = strel('line', 11, 0);  
dilatedBW = imdilate(bw, se);  
subplot( 1, 3, 3); imshow(dilatedBW);
```

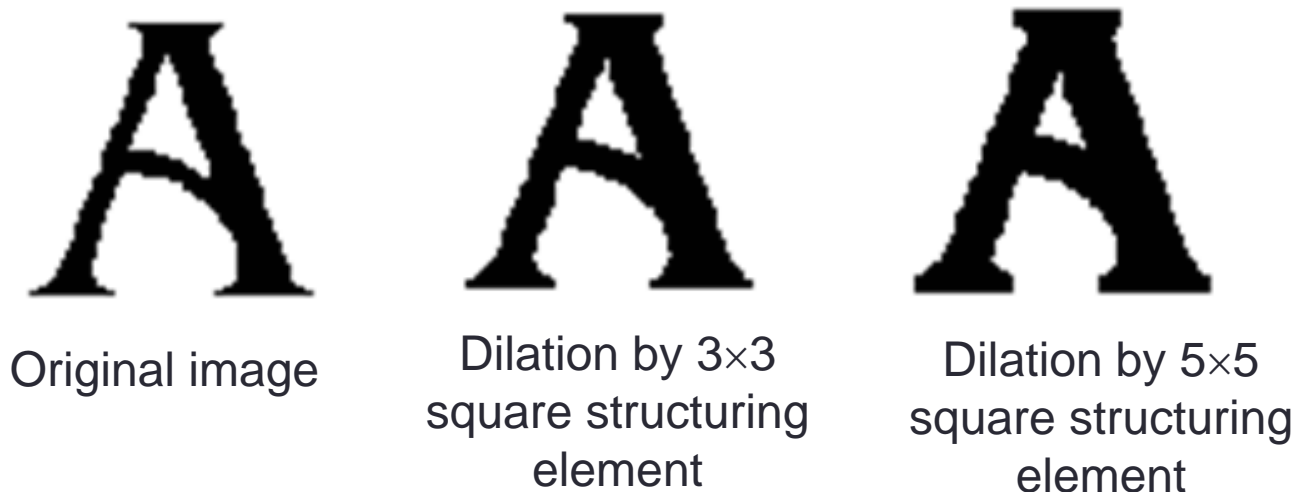


Effects of Dilation

- Repairing breaks and intrusions



- Erosion example



Structuring Element

- Can be any size and make any shape
- Check `strel()`

Flat Structuring Elements

'arbitrary'

'pair'

'diamond'

'periodicline'

'disk'

'rectangle'

'line'

'square'

'octagon'

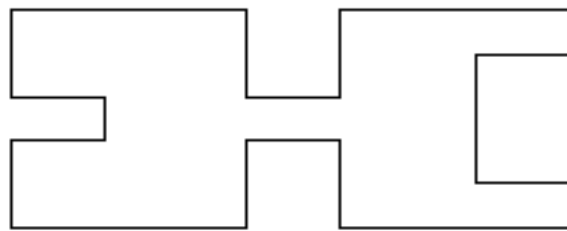
0	1	0
1	1	1
0	1	0

1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

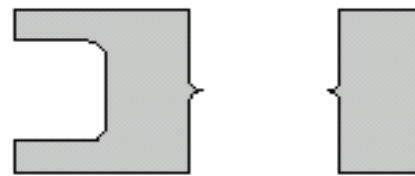
0	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	0
0	0	1	0	0

Compound Operations – Opening and Closing

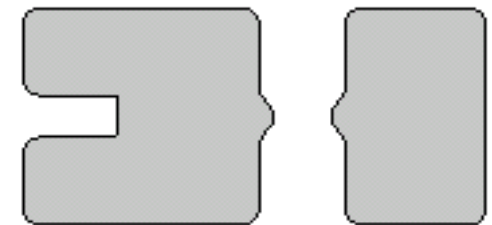
- **Opening**: erosion \rightarrow dilation

 A

Original shape

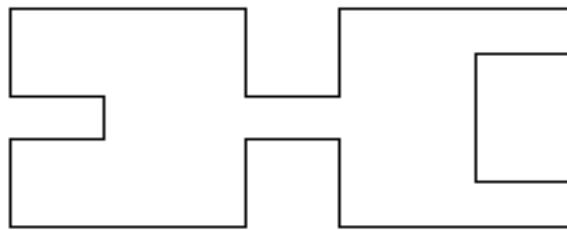
 $A \ominus B$

After erosion

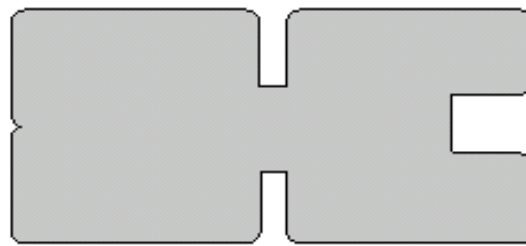
 $A \circ B = (A \ominus B) \oplus B$

After dilation

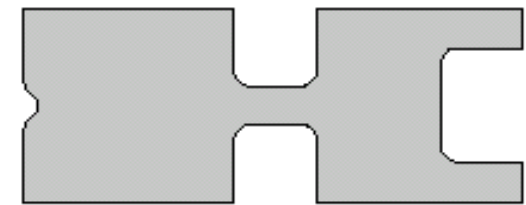
- **Closing**: dilation \rightarrow erosion

 A

Original shape

 $A \oplus B$

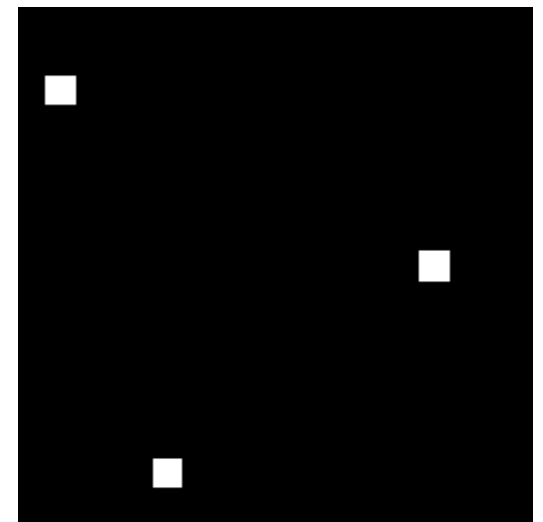
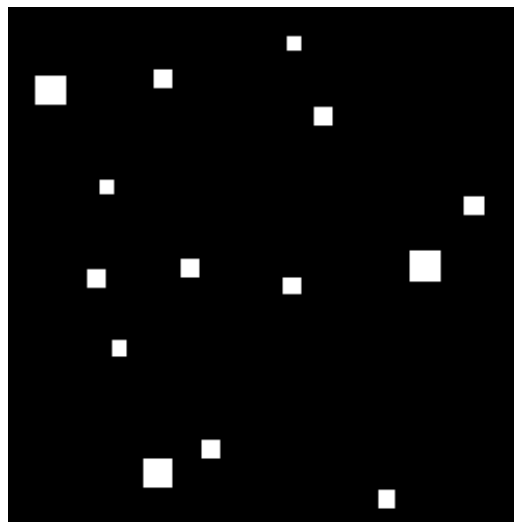
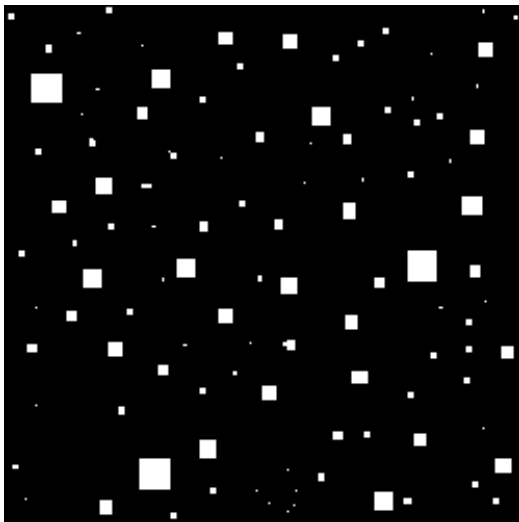
After dilation

 $A \bullet B = (A \oplus B) \ominus B$

After erosion

Elimination of Small Objects Using Opening

```
I = imread('07Squares_example.tif');  
subplot( 1, 3, 1); imshow(I);  
J = imopen( I, strel('square', 10));  
subplot( 1, 3, 2); imshow(J);  
K = imopen( I, strel('square', 18));  
subplot( 1, 3, 3); imshow(K);
```



Fingerprint Example

```
I = imread('07FP_example.jpg');  
subplot( 1, 2, 1); imshow(I);  
J = imopen( I, strel('square',3));  
K = imclose( J, strel('square',3));  
subplot( 1, 2, 2); imshow(K);
```



End of Class

