

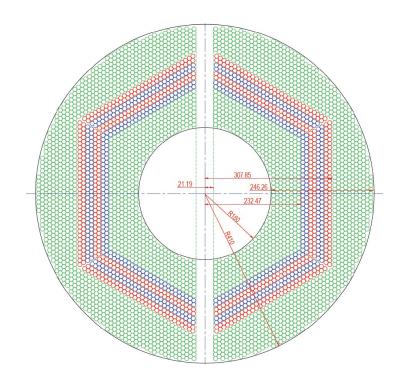
# Pattern recognition in the PANDA experiment with neural networks

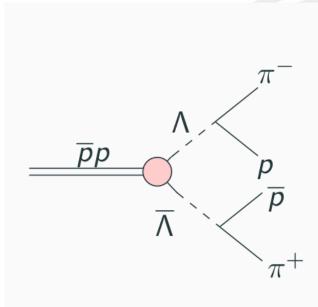
Arvi Jonnarth & Adam Hedkvist



#### Introduction

- Straw tube tracker (STT)
- Decay reaction

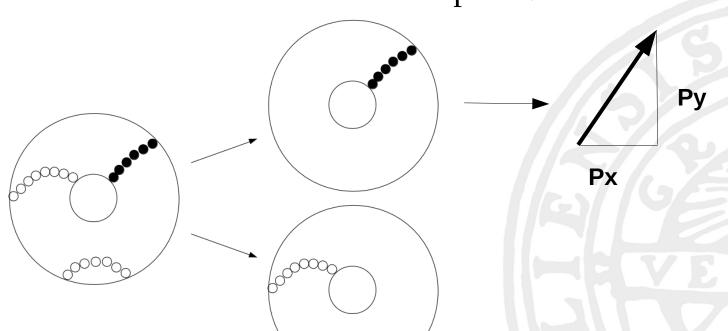






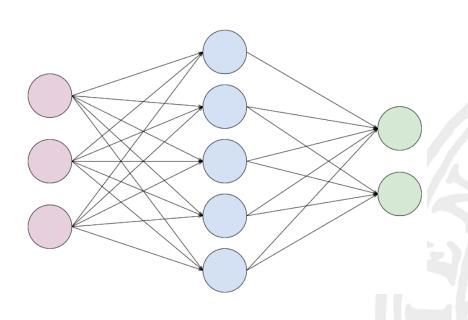
## Problem description

- Identify specific particle tracks
- Extract physical observables
- Are neural networks a viable option?



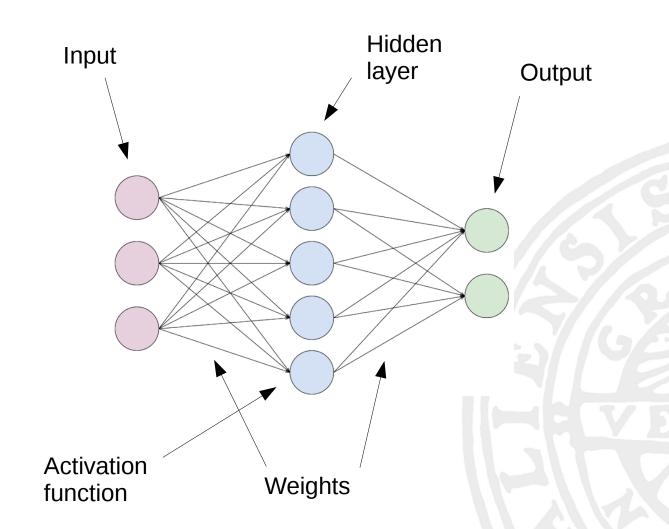


### Neural networks



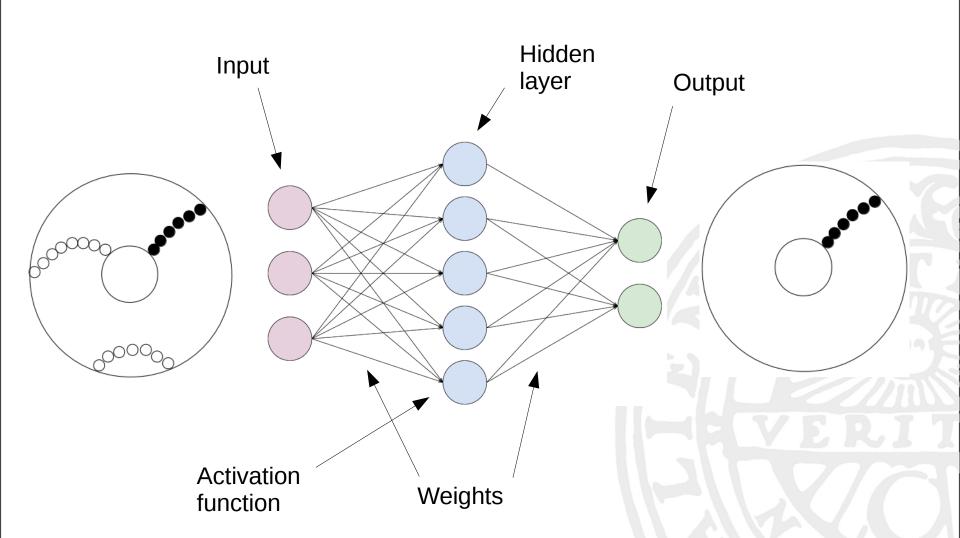


#### Neural networks





#### Neural networks





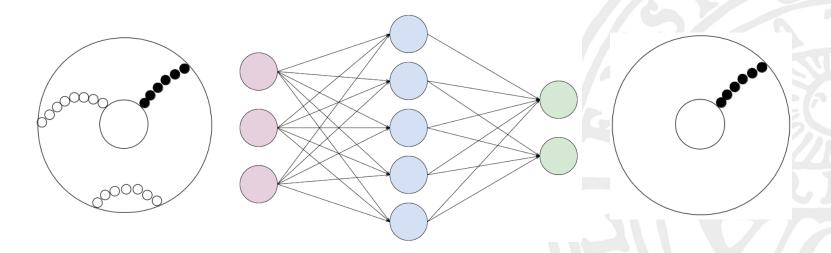
#### Method

- Two neural networks:
  - Pattern recognition
  - Momentum regression
- Trained on simulated data
- Implemented in Matlab



# Method – Pattern recognition

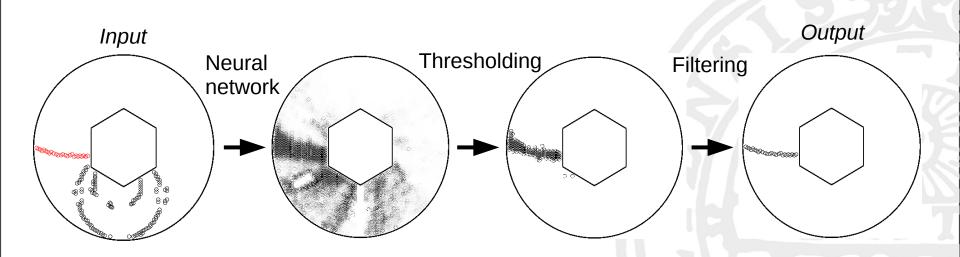
- Identify the track of a specified particle
- Input: Raw STT signals (tube hits)
- Output: Specific particle track
- Four hidden layers





# Method – Post processing

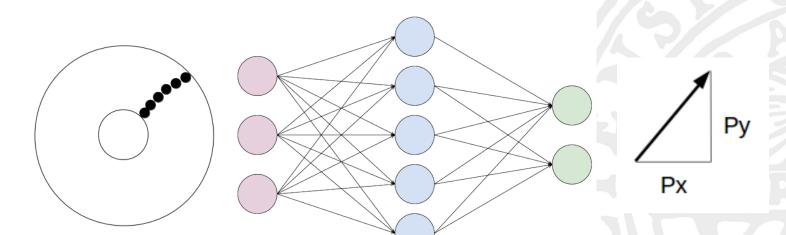
- Thresholding
- Filtering





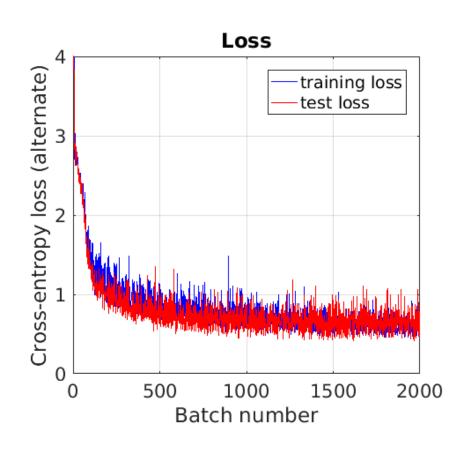
# Method – Momentum regression

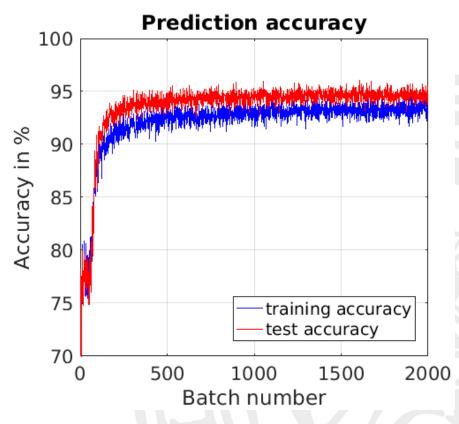
- Extract the momentum of a specified particle
- Input: Specific particle track
- Output: 2D momentum vector
- Six hidden layers





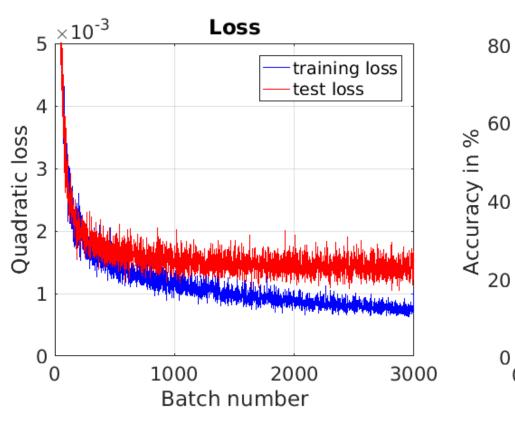
## Results – Pattern recognition

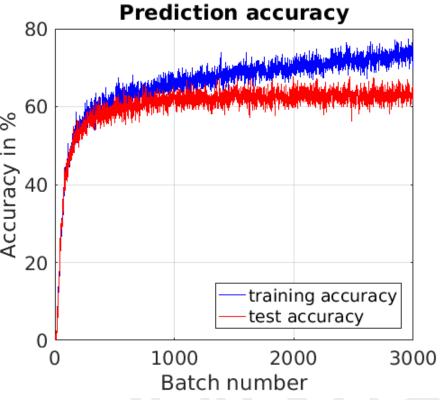






# Results – Momentum regression

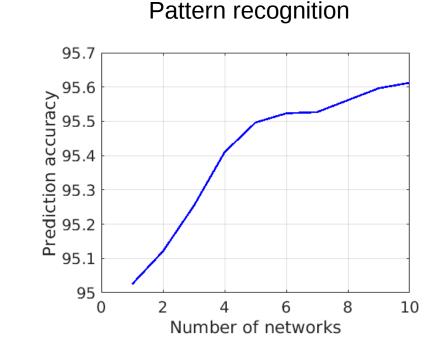


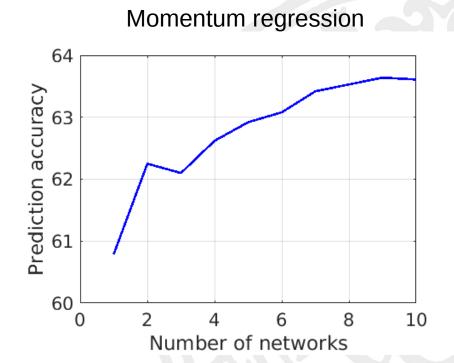




## Results – Multiple networks

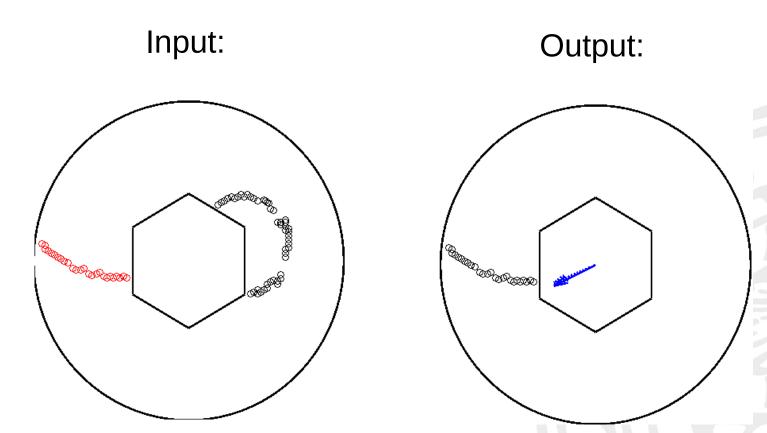
- 10 networks combined
- Slight accuracy increase, longer computational time





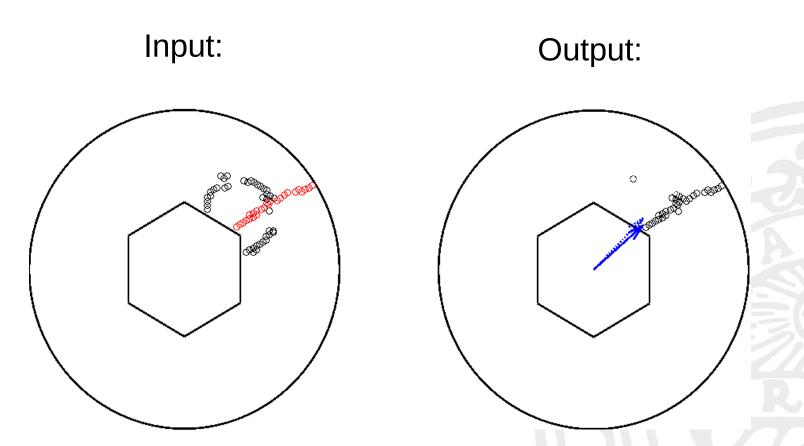


# Visualization – Easy case





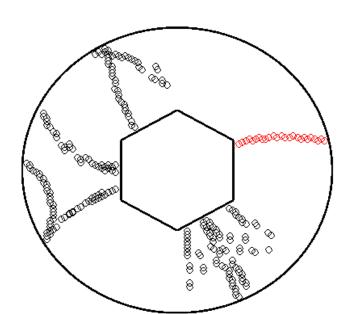
### Visualization – Hard case



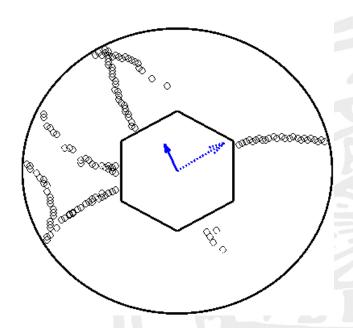


## Visualization – Failure case

Input:



Output:





#### Discussion and conclusions

- Finding good parameters can be difficult
- Large networks require large data sets
- One network for each particle
- Requires sufficient hardware
- Is machine learning a viable option?



# Future improvements

- Include other detectors
- Include different decay reactions
- Study different network structures
- Optimize hyperparameters with different optimization methods



Thank you for listening!

