```
from google.colab import drive
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, UpSampling2D, Input, concatenate
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout, BatchNormalization, Activation
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
drive.mount('/content/drive')
Exprise already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remoun
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
input_data = np.load('/content/drive/My Drive/Data Arrays/ATLASX_uint8.npy')
input_label = np.load('/content/drive/My Drive/Data Arrays/ATLASY_uint8.npy')
inp data = []
inp label = []
for i in range(len(input label)):
    r = np.sum(input_label[i]) / input_label[i].size
    if r > 0.05:
        inp data.append(input data[i].copy())
        inp_label.append(input_label[i].copy())
inp_data = np.array(inp_data)
inp_label = np.array(inp_label)
images = inp data / 255.0
masks = inp label
images.shape
→ (2183, 256, 256, 1)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(images, masks, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

    Loss Functions

class Custom CE Loss(tf.keras.losses.Loss):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
    def call(self, y_true, y_pred):
        log_y_pred = tf.math.log(y_pred)
        elements = -tf.math.multiply_no_nan(x=log_y_pred, y=y_true)
        return tf.reduce_mean(tf.reduce_sum(elements,axis=1))
```

```
def soft_n_cut_loss_single_k(weights, enc, batch_size, img_size, radius=5):
    channels = 1
   h, w = img_size
   p = radius
   kh, kw = radius*2 + 1, radius*2 + 1
   dh, dw = 1, 1
   encoding = F.pad(input=enc, pad=(p, p, p, p), mode='constant', value=0)
   seg = encoding.unfold(2, kh, dh).unfold(3, kw, dw)
   seg = seg.contiguous().view(batch size, channels, -1, kh, kw)
   seg = seg.permute(0, 2, 1, 3, 4)
    seg = seg.view(-1, channels, kh, kw)
   nom = weights * seg
   nominator = torch.sum(enc * torch.sum(nom, dim=(1,2,3)).reshape(batch_size, h, w), dim=(1,2,3))
   denominator = torch.sum(enc * torch.sum(weights, dim=(1,2,3)).reshape(batch_size, h, w), dim=(1,2,
   return torch.div(nominator, denominator)
import numpy as np
from skimage import color
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
def compute soft ncut loss(image1, image2, patch size=(16, 16), stride=(8, 8), k=2):
    image1_gray = np.array(image1)
    image2 gray = np.array(image2)
    rows = np.arange(0, image1 gray.shape[0] - patch size[0] + 1, stride[0])
   cols = np.arange(0, image1 gray.shape[1] - patch size[1] + 1, stride[1])
   num patches = len(rows) * len(cols)
   similarity matrix = np.zeros((num patches, num patches))
   patch_idx = 0
    for i in rows:
        for j in cols:
           patch1 = image1 gray[i:i+patch size[0], j:j+patch size[1]].flatten()
            patch_idx2 = 0
            for k in rows:
                for l in cols:
                    patch2 = image2_gray[k:k+patch_size[0], l:l+patch_size[1]].flatten()
                    similarity matrix[patch idx, patch idx2] = np.exp(-np.sum(np.square(patch1 - patch
                    patch idx2 += 1
            patch idx += 1
    degree_matrix = np.diag(np.sum(similarity_matrix, axis=1))
    laplacian matrix = degree matrix - similarity matrix
   _, eigenvectors = np.linalg.eigh(laplacian_matrix)
   kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=k)
   kmeans.fit(eigenvectors[:, 1:k])
   cluster assignments = kmeans.labels
   soft ncut loss = np.sum(similarity matrix * (cluster assignments[:, None] != cluster assignments[None]
    return soft_ncut_loss
# Example usage
```

```
def normalize_output(array1):
    result = [[0 for i in range(len(array1[0]))] for j in range(len(array1))]
    for i in range(len(array1)):
        for j in range(len(array1[i])):
            mx = 0
            for k in range(1):
                if array1[i][j][k] > array1[i][j][mx]:
                 mx = k
            result[i][j] = mx
    result = np.array(result)
    return result
```

## Model Generation

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
def unet_model(input_size=(256, 256, 1)):
    inputs = layers.Input(input_size)
    # Encoder
    conv1 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(inputs)
    conv1 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(conv1)
    pool1 = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(conv1)
    conv2 = layers.Conv2D(64, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(pool1)
    conv2 = layers.Conv2D(64, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(conv2)
    pool2 = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(conv2)
    conv3 = layers.Conv2D(128, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(pool2)
    conv3 = layers.Conv2D(128, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(conv3)
    pool3 = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(conv3)
    # Bottleneck
    conv4 = layers.Conv2D(256, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(pool3)
    conv4 = layers.Conv2D(256, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(conv4)
    up5 = layers.Conv2D(128, 2, activation='relu', padding='same')(layers.UpSampling2D(size=(2, 2))(co
    merge5 = layers.concatenate([conv3, up5], axis=3)
    conv5 = layers.Conv2D(128, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(merge5)
conv5 = layers.Conv2D(128, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(conv5)
    up6 = layers.Conv2D(64, 2, activation='relu', padding='same')(layers.UpSampling2D(size=(2, 2))(con
    merge6 = layers.concatenate([conv2, up6], axis=3)
    conv6 = layers.Conv2D(64, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(merge6)
    conv6 = layers.Conv2D(64, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(conv6)
    up7 = layers.Conv2D(32, 2, activation='relu', padding='same')(layers.UpSampling2D(size=(2, 2))(con
    merge7 = layers.concatenate([conv1, up7], axis=3)
    conv7 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(merge7)
    conv7 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(conv7)
    conv8 = layers.Conv2D(1, 1, activation='sigmoid')(conv7)
    model = models.Model(inputs, conv8)
    return model
def wnet_model(input_size=(256, 256, 1)):
    # First U-Net
    unet1 = unet model(input size)
    inputs = layers.Input(input_size)
    unet1_output = unet1(inputs)
    # Second U-Net
    unet2 = unet_model(input_size)
    unet2_output = unet2(unet1_output)
    model = models.Model(inputs, unet2_output)
    return model
wnet_model = wnet_model()
wnet_model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
wnet_model.summary()
→ Model: "model_8"
    Layer (type)
                             Output Shape
                                                   Param #
    input_9 (InputLayer)
                             [(None, 256, 256, 1)]
```

```
(None, 256, 256, 1)
                                                  1925025
    model 6 (Functional)
                            (None, 256, 256, 1)
    model_7 (Functional)
                                                  1925025
    Total params: 3850050 (14.69 MB)
    Trainable params: 3850050 (14.69 MB)
   Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
# Initialize the loss function, optimizer, and metrics
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.losses import BinaryCrossentropy
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import Callback
from tensorflow.keras.metrics import Mean
epochs = 10
batch_size = 8
# Convert the training and testing data into TensorFlow datasets
train_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((X_train, y_train)).batch(batch_size)
val_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((X_test, y_test)).batch(batch_size)
loss_fn = BinaryCrossentropy()
optimizer = Adam()
train loss = Mean(name='train loss')
val_loss = Mean(name='val_loss')
for epoch in range(epochs):
    print(f'Start of epoch {epoch + 1}')
    ncut_l = 0
    # Training loop
    for step, (x_batch_train, y_batch_train) in enumerate(train_dataset):
        obj = np.expand_dims(x_batch_train[0], axis=0)
        with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
            logits = wnet_model(x_batch_train, training=True)
            loss_value = loss_fn(y_batch_train, logits)
            with tape.stop recording():
              output = wnet_model.predict(obj)[0]
              output = normalize output(output)
            temp = compute soft ncut loss(output, y batch train[0])
            ncut l += temp
            temp_tensor = tf.convert_to_tensor(temp, dtype=loss_value.dtype)
            loss value += temp tensor
        grads = tape.gradient(loss_value, wnet_model.trainable_weights)
        optimizer.apply_gradients(zip(grads, wnet_model.trainable_weights))
        train_loss(loss_value)
    ncut_l /= (step + 1)
    # Validation loop
    for x_batch_val, y_batch_val in val_dataset:
        val logits = wnet model(x batch val, training=False)
        val_loss_value = loss_fn(y_batch_val, val_logits)
        val_loss(val_loss_value)
    print(f'Epoch {epoch + 1}, Loss: {train_loss.result()}, N-Cut Loss: {ncut_l}, Val Loss: {val_loss.
    train_loss.reset_states()
    val_loss.reset_states()
```

```
→ Start of epoch 1
                      /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
                     1/1 [=======
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [====
                         ========] - 0s 19ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [========
                         ======= ] - 0s 20ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [======] - 0s 19ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [===
                     ======== ] - 0s 19ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [=======
                     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [===
                ======= | - 0s 19ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
                      /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [========
                       ========] - 0s 19ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [======] - 0s 20ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [=======] - 0s 19ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [===
                 /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [======] - 0s 40ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [======] - 0s 20ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [=====
                     ======= | - 0s 19ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [======] - 0s 20ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
                      ======== ] - 0s 20ms/step
   1/1 [===
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
                        ========] - 0s 20ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [====
                      /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [=====
                        ======== ] - 0s 21ms/step
   /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` wil
     warnings.warn(
   1/1 [=======
                     ========= ] - 0s 32ms/step
   KevboardInterrupt
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
   <ipython-input-65-b9810159fdeb> in <cell line: 22>()
        32
                       output = wnet_model.predict(obj)[0]
        33
                       output = normalize output(output)
                     temp = compute_soft_ncut_loss(output, y_batch_train[0])
     -> 34
                     ncut_l += temp
        35
                     temp_tensor = tf.convert_to_tensor(temp, dtype=loss_value.dtype)
        36
   <ipython-input-57-103a65c585bc> in compute_soft_ncut_loss(image1, image2, patch_size, stride, k)
        22
        23
                             patch2 = image2_gray[k:k+patch_size[0], l:l+patch_size[1]].flatten()
                             similarity_matrix[patch_idx, patch_idx2] = np.exp(-np.sum(np.square(patch1 - patch2)))
        24
                             patch_idx2 += 1
        26
                     patch_idx += 1
```

KeyboardInterrupt:

Double-click (or enter) to edit

wnet\_model.save('/content/drive/My Drive/wnet\_model\_atlasx.h5')

## Testing

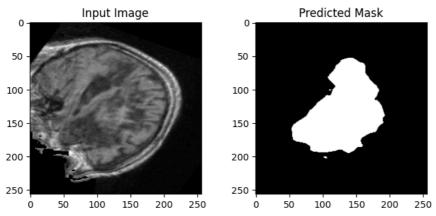
```
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
wnet_model = load_model('/content/drive/My Drive/wnet_model_atlas.h5')
wnet_model.summary()
```

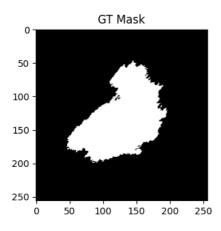
→ Model: "model\_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_4 (InputLayer)	[(None, 256, 256, 1)]	0
model (Functional)	(None, 256, 256, 1)	1925025
model_1 (Functional)	(None, 256, 256, 1)	1925025
======================================		:=======

Trainable params: 3850050 (14.69 MB) Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
id = 300
img = images[id]
lbl = masks[id]
print(img.shape)
pred = wnet_model.predict(np.expand_dims(img, axis=0))[0] # Model expects input in batch format
pred[pred < 0.5] = 0
pred[pred >= 0.5] = 1
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
plt.subplot(2, 2, 1)
plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Input Image')
plt.subplot(2, 2, 2)
plt.imshow(pred, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Predicted Mask')
plt.subplot(2, 2, 3)
plt.imshow(lbl, cmap='gray')
plt.title('GT Mask')
# Adjust the vertical spacing
plt.subplots_adjust(hspace=0.4)
plt.show()
```





Start coding or generate with AI.

```
predictions = wnet_model.predict(X_test)
ground_truth = y_test
predictions[predictions < 0.5] = 0
predictions[predictions >= 0.5] = 1
def compute_iou(pred, gt):
   # Flatten the arrays
   pred_flat = pred.flatten()
   gt_flat = gt.flatten()
   # Calculate intersection and union
   intersection = np.sum((pred_flat == 1) & (gt_flat == 1))
   union = np.sum((pred_flat == 1) | (gt_flat == 1))
   # Compute IoU
   if union == 0:
       return 0.0
   else:
       return intersection / union
# Calculate IoU for each pair of predicted and ground truth mask
ious = []
for i in range(predictions.shape[0]):
    iou = compute_iou(predictions[i], ground_truth[i])
    ious.append(iou)
# Compute the average IoU
average_iou = np.mean(ious)
print(f"Average IoU: {average_iou}")
   14/14 [=======] - 4s 313ms/step
   Average IoU: 0.8158375461267559
```

## AIIMS Dataset

```
pip install nibabel
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: nibabel in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (4.0.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nibabel) (1.25.2) Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=17.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nibabel) (24.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nibabel) (67.7.2)
import nibabel as nib
import numpy as np
# Load the NIfTI file
nifti_file = 'ss_anita_1.nii.gz'
img = nib.load(nifti_file)
data = img.get_fdata()
data normalized = data
# Normalize the data to the range [0, 1]
data_min = np.min(data)
data_max = np_max(data)
data_normalized = (data - data_min) / (data_max - data_min)
# Print the shape and data type of the normalized data
print("Shape of the data (normalized):", data_normalized.shape)
print("Data type (normalized):", data_normalized.dtype)
print("Min value (normalized):", np.min(data_normalized))
print("Max value (normalized):", np.max(data_normalized))
# Convert to uint8
# data uint8 = data normalized.astype(np.uint8)
# # Print the shape and data type of the uint8 data
# print("Shape of the data (uint8):", data_uint8.shape)
# print("Data type (uint8):", data_uint8.dtype)
# print("Min value (uint8):", np.min(data_uint8))
# print("Max value (uint8):", np.max(data_uint8))
\rightarrow Shape of the data (normalized): (256, 256, 256)
    Data type (normalized): float64
     Min value (normalized): 0.0
    Max value (normalized): 1.0
```

plt.imshow(data\_normalized[100],cmap = 'gray')



