Practice Problems

1. Practice turning the following systems in augmented matrices, and use MATLAB to solve for their solution, if they have one.

$$x + 11y + z = -15$$

$$x + 2z - 3y = 33$$

$$5y + 12z - x + 2 = 5$$

$$3x - 8x - 1.3y - 2z = 71 + z$$

$$x - y + z = 13 + y + 2.2z$$

$$-9.1x + 2.8y + 82.3z = 6.5 + 1.9x - 9.4y - 3.3z$$

2. Find the magnitude of the following vectors: $\overrightarrow{a} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$,

$$\overrightarrow{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5\\ 2.4\\ 10.2\\ 8.7 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. Let $\overrightarrow{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$, $\overrightarrow{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$. Find \overrightarrow{v} if $\overrightarrow{v} = 2\overrightarrow{a} - 3\overrightarrow{b} + 4\overrightarrow{c}$

4. Find the unit vector of the following vectors: $\overrightarrow{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$, $\overrightarrow{y} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$,

$$\overrightarrow{z} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ -2 \\ -8 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Check whether the following pairs of vectors are orthogonal:

$$\overrightarrow{d} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $\overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$

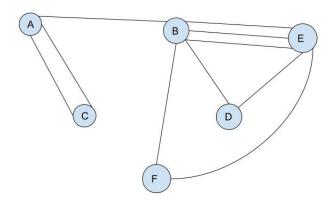
$$\overrightarrow{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 12\\4\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \overrightarrow{d} = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{e} = \begin{bmatrix} 6\\6\\6 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \overrightarrow{f} = \begin{bmatrix} -1\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

6. Find the transpose and inverse of the following matrix:

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 21 & -1 & 43 \\ 91 & -12 & 41 \\ 17 & -26 & -65 \end{pmatrix}$$

7. 6 towns, named A through F, have a series of roads connecting them. If you look at the picture, you can see that there are two roads connecting A and C, for example.



Create a matrix that displays how many roads connect each of the towns. Your matrix should look like

$$\begin{pmatrix} & A & B & C & D & E & F \\ \hline A & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ B & & & & & & \\ C & & & & & & \\ D & & & & & & \\ E & & & & & & \\ F & & & & & & \end{pmatrix}$$

The first row is filled out to demonstrate the solution. Fill in the rest of the spaces.