

ZED-F9P-02B

u-blox F9 high precision GNSS module

Data sheet



Abstract

This data sheet describes the ZED-F9P high precision module with multiband GNSS receiver. The module provides multi-band RTK with fast convergence times, reliable performance and easy integration of RTK for fast time-to-market. It has a high update rate for highly dynamic applications and centimeter-level accuracy in a small and energy-efficient module.





Document information

Title	ZED-F9P-02B	
Subtitle	u-blox F9 high precision GNSS module	
Document type	Data sheet	
Document number	UBX-21023276	
Revision and date	R02	25-Jun-2021
Document status	Production information	
Disclosure restriction	C1-Public	

Product status	Corresponding content status	
In development / prototype	Objective specification	Target values. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
Engineering sample	Advance information	Data based on early testing. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
Initial production	Early production information	Data from product verification. Revised and supplementary data may be published later.
Mass production / End of life	Production information	Document contains the final product specification.

This document applies to the following products:

Product name	Type number	Firmware version	PCN reference
ZED-F9P	ZED-F9P-02B-00	HPG 1.13	

u-blox or third parties may hold intellectual property rights in the products, names, logos and designs included in this document. Copying, reproduction, modification or disclosure to third parties of this document or any part thereof is only permitted with the express written permission of u-blox.

The information contained herein is provided "as is" and u-blox assumes no liability for its use. No warranty, either express or implied, is given, including but not limited to, with respect to the accuracy, correctness, reliability and fitness for a particular purpose of the information. This document may be revised by u-blox at any time without notice. For the most recent documents, visit www.u-blox.com.

Copyright © 2021, u-blox AG.



Contents

1 Functional description	າ	4
1.1 Overview		4
1.2 Performance		4
	tellations	
1.4 Supported GNSS augn	nentation systems	6
	ellite System (QZSS)	
	gmentation system (SBAS)	
	(DGNSS)	
9	data and satellite signal measurements	
•	asurements	
1.6 Supported protocols		8
2 System description		9
•		
U		
J		
4 Electrical specification	n	13
4.1 Absolute maximum rat	tings	13
4.3 Indicative power requir	rements	14
5 Communications inter	rfaces	15
5.3 I2C		16
5.4 USB		18
5.5 Default interface setti	ngs	18
6 Mechanical specificat	ion	19
7 Reliability tests and a	pprovals	20
	PP. 0 va. 0	
• •		
	information	
<u> </u>		
	t codes	
8.3 Ordering codes		21
Related documents		22
Revision history		23



1 Functional description

1.1 Overview

The ZED-F9P-02B positioning module features the u-blox F9 receiver platform, which provides multi-band GNSS to high-volume industrial applications. The ZED-F9P-02B has integrated u-blox multi-band RTK technologies for centimeter-level accuracy. The module enables precise navigation and automation of moving machinery in industrial and consumer-grade products in a compact surface-mounted form factor of only $17.0 \times 22.0 \times 2.4$ mm.

The ZED-F9P-02B includes moving base support, allowing both base and rover to move while computing the position between them. The moving base is ideal for UAV applications where the UAV is programmed to follow its owner or to land on a moving platform. It is also well suited to attitude sensing applications where both base and rover modules are mounted on the same moving platform and the relative position is used to derive attitude information for the vehicle or tool.

1.2 Performance

Parameter	Specification	
Receiver type	iver type Multi-band GNSS high precision receiver	
Accuracy of time pulse signal	RMS	30 ns
	99%	60 ns
Frequency of time pulse signal		0.25 Hz to 10 MHz (configurable)
Operational limits ¹	Dynamics	≤ 4 g
•	Altitude	80,000 m
	Velocity	500 m/s
Velocity accuracy ²		0.05 m/s
Dynamic heading accuracy ²		0.3 deg

GNSS ³	'	GPS+GLO+GAL+BDS	GPS+GLO+GAL	GPS+GAL	GPS+GLO	GPS+BDS	GPS
Acquisition ⁴	Cold start	25 s	25 s	30 s	26 s	28 s	30 s
•	Hot start	2 s	2 s	2 s	2 s	2 s	2 s
	Aided start ⁵	2 s	2 s	2 s	2 s	2 s	2 s
Nav. update	RTK	8 Hz	10 Hz	15 Hz	15 Hz	15 Hz	20 Hz
rate	PVT	10 Hz	12 Hz	20 Hz	25 Hz	25 Hz	25 Hz
	RAW	20 Hz	20 Hz	25 Hz	25 Hz	25 Hz	25 Hz
Convergence time ⁶	RTK	< 10 s	< 10 s	< 10 s	< 10 s	< 10 s	< 30 s

Table 1: ZED-F9P-02B performance in different GNSS modes

Assuming Airborne 4 g platform

² 50% at 30 m/s for dynamic operation

³ GPS used in combination with QZSS and SBAS

⁴ Commanded starts. All satellites at -130 dBm. Measured at room temperature.

 $^{^{\,5}\,\,}$ Dependent on the speed and latency of the aiding data connection, commanded starts

⁶ Depends on atmospheric conditions, baseline length, GNSS antenna, multipath conditions, satellite visibility and geometry



GNSS		GPS+GLO+GAL+BDS	GPS+GLO+GAL	GPS+GAL	GPS+GLO	GPS+BDS	GPS
Horizontal	PVT ⁷	1.5 m CEP	1.5 m CEP	1.5 m CEP	1.5 m CEP	1.5 m CEP	1.5 m CEP
pos. accuracy	SBAS ⁷	1.0 m CEP	1.0 m CEP	1.0 m CEP	1.0 m CEP	1.0 m CEP	1.0 m CEP
	RTK ⁸	0.01 m	0.01 m	0.01 m	0.01 m	0.01 m	0.01 m
		+ 1 ppm CEP	+ 1 ppm CEP	+ 1 ppm CEI	P + 1 ppm CEI	P + 1 ppm CEI	P + 1 ppm CEP
Vertical pos.	RTK ⁸	0.01 m	0.01 m	0.01 m	0.01 m	0.01 m	0.01 m
accuracy		+ 1 ppm R50	+ 1 ppm R50	+ 1 ppm R50	0 + 1 ppm R50	0 + 1 ppm R50	0 + 1 ppm R50

Table 2: ZED-F9P-02B position accuracy in different GNSS modes

GNSS ³		GPS+GLO+GAL+BDS
Sensitivity ⁹	Tracking and nav.	-167 dBm
-	Reacquisition	-160 dBm
	Cold start	-148 dBm
	Hot start	-157 dBm

Table 3: ZED-F9P-02B sensitivity

GNSS	GPS+GLO+GAL+BDS	GPS+GLO+GAL	GPS+GAL	GPS+GLO	GPS+BDS	GPS
Nav. update rate	8 Hz	8 Hz	10 Hz	10 Hz	10 Hz	10 Hz
Heading accuracy	0.4 deg	0.4 deg	0.4 deg	0.4 deg	0.4 deg	0.4 deg

Table 4: ZED-F9P-02B moving base RTK performance in different GNSS modes

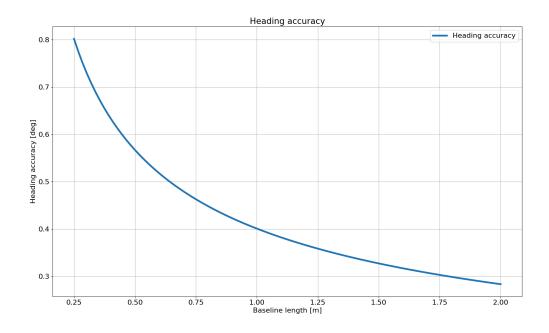


Figure 1: ZED-F9P-02B moving base RTK heading accuracy versus baseline length



In a moving base application, and especially when the antennas are mounted on the same platform, it is recommended to use identical antennas. Furthermore it is recommended

⁷ 24 hours static

⁸ Measured using 1 km baseline and patch antennas with good ground planes. Does not account for possible antenna phase center offset errors. ppm limited to baselines up to 20 km.

⁹ Demonstrated with a good external LNA. Measured at room temperature.



these antennas are mounted with identical orientation, as this will minimize effects of phase center variation.

1.3 Supported GNSS constellations

The ZED-F9P-02B GNSS modules are concurrent GNSS receivers that can receive and track multiple GNSS constellations. Owing to the multi-band RF front-end architecture, all four major GNSS constellations (GPS, GLONASS, Galileo and BeiDou) plus SBAS and QZSS satellites can be received concurrently. All satellites in view can be processed to provide an RTK navigation solution when used with correction data. If power consumption is a key factor, the receiver can be configured for a subset of GNSS constellations.

The QZSS system shares the same frequency bands as GPS and can only be processed in conjunction with GPS.

To take advantage of multi-band signal reception, dedicated hardware preparation must be made during the design-in phase. See the Integration manual [1] for u-blox design recommendations.

The ZED-F9P-02B supports the GNSS and their signals as shown in Table 5.

GPS	GLONASS	Galileo	BeiDou
L1C/A (1575.420 MHz)	L1OF (1602 MHz + k*562.5 kHz, k = -7,, 5, 6)	E1-B/C (1575.420 MHz)	B1I (1561.098 MHz)
L2C (1227.600 MHz)	L2OF (1246 MHz + k*437.5 kHz, k = -7,, 5, 6)	E5b (1207.140 MHz)	B2I (1207.140 MHz)

Table 5: Supported GNSS and signals on ZED-F9P-02B

The following GNSS assistance services can be activated on ZED-F9P-02B:

AssistNow™ Online	AssistNow™ Offline	AssistNow™ Autonomous
Supported	-	-

Table 6: Supported Assisted GNSS (A-GNSS) services

1.4 Supported GNSS augmentation systems

1.4.1 Quasi-Zenith Satellite System (QZSS)

The Quasi-Zenith Satellite System (QZSS) is a regional navigation satellite system that provides positioning services for the Pacific region covering Japan and Australia. The ZED-F9P-02B is able to receive and track QZSS L1 C/A and L2C signals concurrently with GPS signals, resulting in better availability especially under challenging signal conditions, e.g. in urban canyons.

The ZED-F9P-02B is also able to receive the QZSS L1S signal in order to use the SLAS (Sub-meter Level Augmentation Service) which is an augmentation technology that provides correction data for pseudoranges. Ground monitoring stations positioned in Japan calculate independent corrections for each visible satellite and broadcast this data to the user via QZSS satellites. The correction stream is transmitted on the L1 frequency (1575.42 MHz).



QZSS can be enabled only if GPS operation is also configured.

1.4.2 Satellite based augmentation system (SBAS)

The ZED-F9P-02B supports SBAS (including WAAS in the US, EGNOS in Europe, MSAS in Japan and GAGAN in India) to deliver improved location accuracy within the regions covered. However, the



additional inter-standard time calibration step used during SBAS reception results in degraded time accuracy overall.

1.4.3 Differential GNSS (DGNSS)

When operating in RTK mode, RTCM version 3 messages are required and the module supports DGNSS according to RTCM 10403.3.

A ZED-F9P-02B operating in rover mode can decode the following RTCM 3.3 messages:

Message type	Description
RTCM 1001	L1-only GPS RTK observables
RTCM 1002	Extended L1-only GPS RTK observables
RTCM 1003	L1/L2 GPS RTK observables
RTCM 1004	Extended L1/L2 GPS RTK observables
RTCM 1005	Stationary RTK reference station ARP
RTCM 1006	Stationary RTK reference station ARP with antenna height
RTCM 1007	Antenna descriptor
RTCM 1009	L1-only GLONASS RTK observables
RTCM 1010	Extended L1-only GLONASS RTK observables
RTCM 1011	L1/L2 GLONASS RTK observables
RTCM 1012	Extended L1/L2 GLONASS RTK observables
RTCM 1033	Receiver and antenna description
RTCM 1074	GPS MSM4
RTCM 1075	GPS MSM5
RTCM 1077	GPS MSM7
RTCM 1084	GLONASS MSM4
RTCM 1085	GLONASS MSM5
RTCM 1087	GLONASS MSM7
RTCM 1094	Galileo MSM4
RTCM 1095	Galileo MSM5
RTCM 1097	Galileo MSM7
RTCM 1124	BeiDou MSM4
RTCM 1125	BeiDou MSM5
RTCM 1127	BeiDou MSM7
RTCM 1230	GLONASS code-phase biases
RTCM 4072.0	Reference station PVT (u-blox proprietary RTCM Message)

Table 7: Supported input RTCM 3.3 messages

A ZED-F9P-02B operating as a base station can generate the following RTCM 3.3 output messages:

Message type	Description
RTCM 1005	Stationary RTK reference station ARP
RTCM 1074	GPS MSM4
RTCM 1077	GPS MSM7
RTCM 1084	GLONASS MSM4
RTCM 1087	GLONASS MSM7
RTCM 1094	Galileo MSM4



Message type	Description
RTCM 1097	Galileo MSM7
RTCM 1124	BeiDou MSM4
RTCM 1127	BeiDou MSM7
RTCM 1230	GLONASS code-phase biases
RTCM 4072.0	Reference station PVT (u-blox proprietary RTCM Message)
RTCM 4072.1	Additional reference station information (u-blox proprietary RTCM Message)

Table 8: Supported output RTCM 3.3 messages

1.5 Broadcast navigation data and satellite signal measurements

The ZED-F9P-02B can output all the GNSS broadcast data upon reception from tracked satellites. This includes all the supported GNSS signals plus the augmentation services QZSS and SBAS. The UBX-RXM-SFRBX message is used for this information. The receiver also makes available the tracked satellite signal information, i.e. raw code phase and Doppler measurements, in a form aligned to the Radio Resource LCS Protocol (RRLP) [3]. For the UBX-RXM-SFRBX message specification, see the interface description [2].

1.5.1 Carrier-phase measurements

The ZED-F9P-02B modules provide raw carrier-phase data for all supported signals, along with pseudorange, Doppler and measurement quality information. The data contained in the UBX-RXM-RAWX message follows the conventions of a multi-GNSS RINEX 3 observation file. For the UBX-RXM-RAWX message specification, see interface description [2].



Raw measurement data are available once the receiver has established data bit synchronization and time-of-week.

1.6 Supported protocols

The ZED-F9P-02B supports the following protocols:

Protocol	Туре
UBX	Input/output, binary, u-blox proprietary
NMEA 4.11, 4.10 (default), 4.0, 2.3, and 2.1	Input/output, ASCII
RTCM 3.3	Input/output, binary

Table 9: Supported protocols

For specification of the protocols, see the interface description [2].



2 System description

2.1 Block diagram

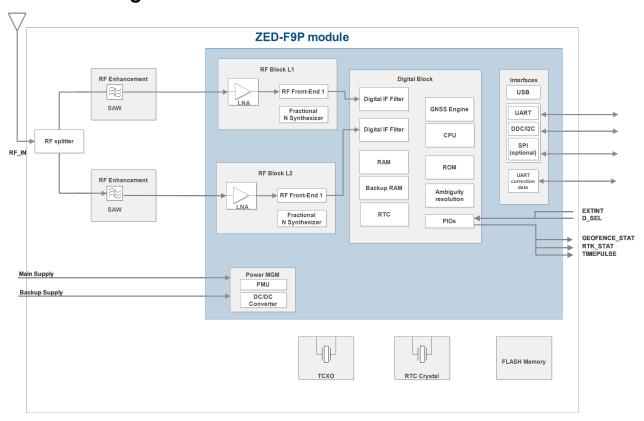


Figure 2: ZED-F9P-02B block diagram

An active antenna is mandatory with the ZED-F9P-02B. See the integration manual [1].



3 Pin definition

3.1 Pin assignment

The pin assignment of the ZED-F9P-02B module is shown in Figure 3. The defined configuration of the PIOs is listed in Table 10.

For detailed information on pin functions and characteristics, see the u-blox Integration manual [1].

7

The ZED-F9P-02B is an LGA package with the I/O on the outside edge and central ground pads.

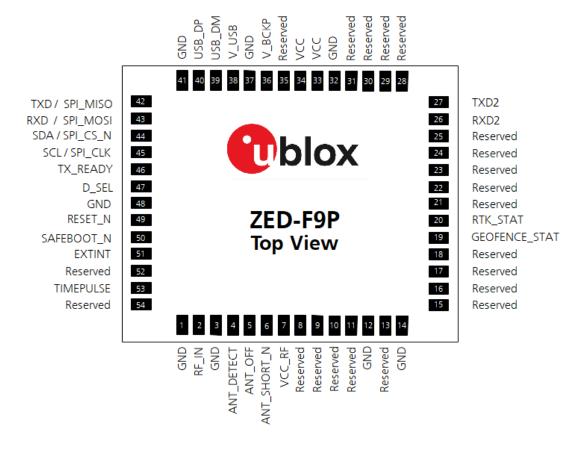


Figure 3: ZED-F9P-02B pin assignment

Pin no.	Name	1/0	Description
1	GND	-	Ground
2	RF_IN	I	RF input
3	GND	-	Ground
4	ANT_DETECT	I	Active antenna detect - default active high
5	ANT_OFF	0	External LNA disable - default active high
6	ANT_SHORT_N	I	Active antenna short detect - default active low
7	VCC_RF	0	Voltage for external LNA
8	Reserved	-	Reserved
9	Reserved	-	Reserved



Pin no.	Name	1/0	Description
10	Reserved	-	Reserved
11	Reserved	-	Reserved
12	GND	-	Ground
13	Reserved	-	Reserved
14	GND	-	Ground
15	Reserved	-	Reserved
16	Reserved	-	Reserved
17	Reserved	-	Reserved
18	Reserved	-	Reserved
19	GEOFENCE_STAT	0	Geofence status, user defined
20	RTK_STAT	0	RTK status:
			0 = RTK fixed
			blinking = receiving and using corrections
			1 = no corrections
21	Reserved	-	Reserved
22	Reserved	-	Reserved
23	Reserved	-	Reserved
24	Reserved	-	Reserved
25	Reserved	-	Reserved
26	RXD2	I	Correction UART input
27	TXD2	0	Correction UART output
28	Reserved	-	Reserved
29	Reserved	-	Reserved
30	Reserved	-	Reserved
31	Reserved	-	Reserved
32	GND	-	Ground
33	VCC	I	Voltage supply
34	VCC	I	Voltage supply
35	Reserved	-	Reserved
36	V_BCKP	ı	Backup supply voltage
37	GND	-	Ground
38	V_USB	ı	USB supply
39	USB_DM	I/O	USB data
40	USB_DP	I/O	USB data
41	GND	-	Ground
42	TXD/SPI_MISO	0	Host UART output if D_SEL = 1(or open). SPI_MISO if D_SEL = 0
43	RXD/SPI_MOSI	I	Host UART input if D_SEL = 1(or open). SPI_MOSI if D_SEL = 0
44	SDA/SPI_CS_N	I/O	I2C Data if D_SEL = 1 (or open). SPI Chip Select if D_SEL = 0
45	SCL/SPI_CLK	I/O	I2C Clock if D_SEL = 1(or open). SPI Clock if D_SEL = 0
46	TX_READY	0	TX_Buffer full and ready for TX of data
47	D_SEL	I	Interface select for pins 42-45
48	GND	_	Ground
49	RESET_N	ı	RESET_N
		-	



Pin no.	Name	I/O	Description
51	EXTINT	I	External Interrupt Pin
52	Reserved	-	Reserved
53	TIMEPULSE	0	Time pulse
54	Reserved	-	Reserved

Table 10: ZED-F9P-02B pin assignment



4 Electrical specification



The limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given below is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.



Where application information is given, it is advisory only and does not form part of the specification.

4.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Units
Power supply voltage	VCC		-0.5	3.6	V
Backup battery voltage	V_BCKP		-0.5	3.6	V
Input pin voltage	Vin	VCC ≤ 3.1 V	-0.5	VCC + 0.5	V
		VCC > 3.1 V	-0.5	3.6	V
VCC_RF output current	ICC_RF			100	mA
Supply voltage USB	V_USB		-0.5	3.6	V
USB signals	USB_DM, USB_DP		-0.5	V_USB + 0.	5 V
Input power at RF_IN	Prfin	source impedance = 50 Ω, continuous wave		10	dBm
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40	+85	°C

Table 11: Absolute maximum ratings



The product is not protected against overvoltage or reversed voltages. Voltage spikes exceeding the power supply voltage specification, given in the table above, must be limited to values within the specified boundaries by using appropriate protection diodes.

4.2 Operating conditions



All specifications are at an ambient temperature of 25 °C. Extreme operating temperatures can significantly impact the specification values. Applications operating near the temperature limits should be tested to ensure the specification.

VCC V_BCKP	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	
V_BCKP	4.05			V	
	1.65		3.6	V	
I_BCKP		36		μΑ	V_BCKP = 3 V, VCC = 0 V
I_SWBCKP		1.4		mA	
Vin	0		VCC	V	
Vil			0.4	V	
Vih	0.8 * VCC			V	
Vol			0.4	V	lol = 2 mA
Voh	VCC - 0.4			V	loh = 2 mA
lpin			5	mA	
VCC_RF		VCC - 0.1		V	
	I_BCKP I_SWBCKP Vin Vil Vih Vol Vol Ipin	I_BCKP I_SWBCKP Vin 0 Vil Vih 0.8 * VCC Vol Vol Vol VCC – 0.4 Ipin	I_BCKP 36 I_SWBCKP 1.4 Vin 0 Vil Vih 0.8 * VCC Vol 2 Voh VCC – 0.4 Ipin	I_BCKP 36 I_SWBCKP 1.4 Vin 0 Vil 0.4 Vih 0.8 * VCC Vol 0.4 e Voh VCC - 0.4 Ipin 5	I_BCKP 36 μA I_SWBCKP 1.4 mA Vin 0 VCC V Vil 0.4 V Vih 0.8 * VCC V Vol 0.4 V E Voh VCC - 0.4 V Ipin 5 mA



Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Condition
VCC_RF output current	ICC_RF			50	mA	
Receiver chain noise figure 10	NFtot		9.5		dB	
External gain (at RF_IN)	Ext_gain	17		50	dB	
Operating temperature	Topr	-40	+25	85	°C	

Table 12: Operating conditions



Operation beyond the specified operating conditions can affect device reliability.

4.3 Indicative power requirements

Table 13 lists examples of the total system supply current including RF and baseband section for a possible application.



Values in Table 13 are provided for customer information only, as an example of typical current requirements. The values are characterized on samples by using a cold start command. Actual power requirements can vary depending on FW version used, external circuitry, number of satellites tracked, signal strength, type and time of start, duration, and conditions of test.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	GPS+GLO +GAL+BDS		Unit
I _{PEAK}	Peak current	Acquisition	130	120	mA
I _{VCC} ¹¹	VCC current	Acquisition	90	75	mA
I _{supply} ¹¹	Supply current	Tracking	85	68	mA

Table 13: Currents to calculate the indicative power requirements

All values in Table 13 are measured at 25 °C ambient temperature.

¹⁰ Only valid for the GPS

¹¹ Simulated GNSS signal



5 Communications interfaces

There are several communications interfaces including UART, SPI, I2C¹² and USB.

All the inputs have internal pull-up resistors in normal operation and can be left open if not used. All the PIOs are supplied by VCC, therefore all the voltage levels of the PIO pins are related to VCC supply voltage.

5.1 UART

The UART interfaces support configurable baud rates. See the Integration manual [1].

Hardware flow control is not supported.

The UART1 is enabled if D SEL pin of the module is left open or "high".

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
R _u	Baud rate	9600	921600	bit/s
Δ_{Tx}	Tx baud rate accuracy	-1%	+1%	-
Δ_{Rx}	Rx baud rate tolerance	-2.5%	+2.5%	-

Table 14: ZED-F9P-02B UART specifications

5.2 SPI

The ZED-F9P-02B has an SPI slave interface that can be selected by setting D_SEL = 0. The SPI slave interface is shared with UART1 and I2C pins. The SPI pins available are:

- SPI_MISO (TXD)
- SPI MOSI (RXD)
- SPI_CS_N
- SPI_CLK

The SPI interface is designed to allow communication to a host CPU. The interface can be operated in slave mode only. Note that SPI is not available in the default configuration because its pins are shared with the UART and I2C interfaces. The maximum transfer rate using SPI is 125 kB/s and the maximum SPI clock frequency is 5.5 MHz.

This section provides SPI timing values for the ZED-F9P-02B slave operation. The following tables present timing values under different capacitive loading conditions. Default SPI configuration is CPOL = 0 and CPHA = 0.

¹² I2C is a registered trademark of Philips/NXP



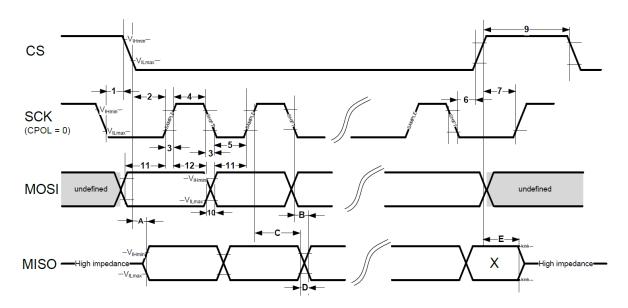


Figure 4: ZED-F9P-02B SPI specification mode 1: CPHA=0 SCK = 5.33 MHz



Timings 1 - 12 are not specified here as they are dependent on the SPI master. Timings A - E are specified for SPI slave.

Timing value at 2 pF load	Min (ns)	Max (ns)	
"A" - MISO data valid time (CS)	14	38	
"B" - MISO data valid time (SCK) weak driver mode	21	38	
"C" - MISO data hold time	114	130	
"D" - MISO rise/fall time, weak driver mode	1	4	
"E" - MISO data disable lag time	20	32	

Table 15: ZED-F9P-02B SPI timings at 2 pF load

Timing value at 20 pF load	Min (ns)	Max (ns) 52	
"A" - MISO data valid time (CS)	19		
"B" - MISO data valid time (SCK) weak driver mode	25	51	
"C" - MISO data hold time	117	137	
"D" - MISO rise/fall time, weak driver mode	6	16	
"E" - MISO data disable lag time	20	32	

Table 16: ZED-F9P-02B SPI timings at 20 pF load

Timing value at 60 pF load	Min (ns)	Max (ns)	
"A" - MISO data valid time (CS)	29	79	
"B" - MISO data valid time (SCK) weak driver mode	35	78	
"C" - MISO data hold time	122	152	
"D" - MISO rise/fall time, weak driver mode	15	41	
"E" - MISO data disable lag time	20	32	

Table 17: ZED-F9P-02B SPI timings at 60 pF load

5.3 I2C

An I2C-compliant interface is available for communication with an external host CPU. The interface can be operated in slave mode only. It is fully compatible with the I2C industry standard fast mode.



Since the maximum SCL clock frequency is 400 kHz, the maximum bit rate is 400 kbit/s. The interface stretches the clock when slowed down while serving interrupts, therefore the real bit rates may be slightly lower.

The I2C interface is only available with the UART default mode. If the SPI interface is selected by using D_SEL = 0, the I2C interface is not available.

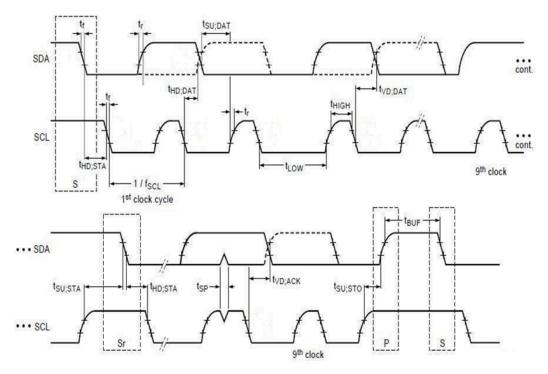


Figure 5: ZED-F9P-02B I2C slave specification

	Fast mode)		Unit
SCL clock frequency	0	400	kHz
lold time (repeated) START condition	4.0/1	-	μs
ow period of the SCL clock	5/2	-	μs
ligh period of the SCL clock	4.0/1	-	μs
Set-up time for a repeated START condition	5/1	-	μs
Oata hold time	0/0	-	μs
Pata set-up time	250/100		ns
Rise time of both SDA and SCL signals	-	1000/300 (for C = 400pF)	ns
all time of both SDA and SCL signals	-	300/300 (for C = 400pF)	ns
Set-up time for STOP condition	4.0/1	-	μs
Bus-free time between a STOP and START ondition	5/2	-	μs
Data valid time	-	4/1	μs
oata valid acknowledge time	-	4/1	μs
loise margin at the low level	0.1 VCC	-	V
loise margin at the high level	0.2 VCC	-	V
	lold time (repeated) START condition ow period of the SCL clock ligh period of the SCL clock et-up time for a repeated START condition lata hold time lata set-up time lise time of both SDA and SCL signals all time of both SDA and SCL signals et-up time for STOP condition lus-free time between a STOP and START condition lata valid time lata valid acknowledge time loise margin at the low level	lold time (repeated) START condition 4.0/1 ow period of the SCL clock 5/2 ligh period of the SCL clock 4.0/1 et-up time for a repeated START condition fata hold time 0/0 ata set-up time 250/100 dise time of both SDA and SCL signals all time of both SDA and SCL signals et-up time for STOP condition 4.0/1 us-free time between a STOP and START ondition ata valid time - ata valid acknowledge time loise margin at the low level 0.1 VCC	lold time (repeated) START condition 4.0/1

Table 18: ZED-F9P-02B I2C slave timings and specifications



5.4 USB

The USB 2.0 FS (Full speed, 12 Mbit/s) interface can be used for host communication. Due to the hardware implementation, it may not be possible to certify the USB interface. The V_USB pin supplies the USB interface.

5.5 Default interface settings

Interface	Settings
UART1 output	38400 baud, 8 bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit.
	NMEA protocol with GGA, GLL, GSA, GSV, RMC, VTG, TXT messages are output by default.
	UBX and RTCM 3.3 protocols are enabled by default but no output messages are enabled by default.
UART1 input	38400 baud, 8 bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit.
	UBX, NMEA and RTCM 3.3 input protocols are enabled by default.
UART2 output	38400 baud, 8 bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit.
	UBX protocol cannot be enabled.
	RTCM 3.3 protocol is enabled by default but no output messages are enabled by default.
	NMEA protocol is disabled by default.
UART2 input	38400 baud, 8 bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit.
	UBX protocol cannot be enabled and will not receive UBX input messages.
	RTCM 3.3 protocol is enabled by default.
	NMEA protocol is disabled by default.
USB	Default messages activated as in UART1. Input/output protocols available as in UART1.
Fully compatible with the I2C ¹³ industry standard, available for communication with an host CPU or u-blox cellular modules, operated in slave mode only. Default messages acti in UART1. Input/output protocols available as in UART1. Maximum bit rate 400 kb/s.	
SPI	Allow communication to a host CPU, operated in slave mode only. Default messages activated as in UART1. Input/output protocols available as in UART1. SPI is not available unless D_SEL pin is set to low (see section D_SEL interface in Integration manual [1]).

Table 19: Default interface settings



Refer to the applicable interface description [2] for information about further settings.



By default the ZED-F9P-02B outputs NMEA messages that include satellite data for all GNSS bands being received. This results in a high NMEA load output for each navigation period. Make sure the UART band rate used is sufficient for the selected navigation rate and the number of GNSS signals being received.

 $^{^{13}}$ I2C is a registered trademark of Philips/NXP



6 Mechanical specification

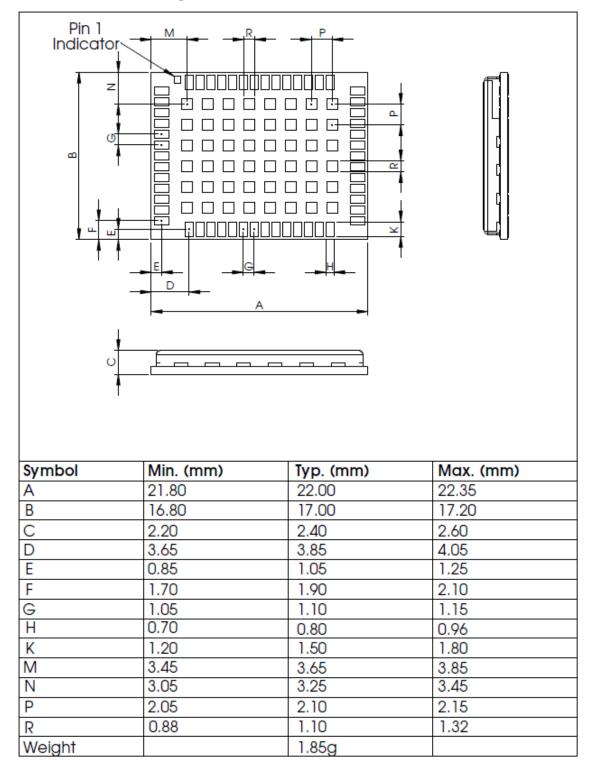


Figure 6: ZED-F9P-02B mechanical drawing



7 Reliability tests and approvals

ZED-F9P-02B modules are based on AEC-Q100 qualified GNSS chips.

Tests for product family qualifications are according to ISO 16750 "Road vehicles – environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment", and appropriate standards.

7.1 Approvals



The ZED-F9P-02B is designed to in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU.

The ZED-F9P-02B complies with the Directive 2011/65/EU (EU RoHS 2) and its amendment Directive (EU) 2015/863 (EU RoHS 3).

Declaration of Conformity (DoC) is available on the u-blox website.



8 Labeling and ordering information

This section provides information about product labeling and ordering. For information about moisture sensitivity level (MSL), product handling and soldering see the integration manual [1].

8.1 Product labeling

The labeling of the ZED-F9P-02B modules provides product information and revision information. For more information contact u-blox sales.

8.2 Explanation of product codes

Three product code formats are used. The **Product name** is used in documentation such as this data sheet and identifies all u-blox products, independent of packaging and quality grade. The **Ordering code** includes options and quality, while the **Type number** includes the hardware and firmware versions.

Table 20 below details these three formats.

Format	Structure	Product code
Product name	PPP-TGV	ZED-F9P
Ordering code	PPP-TGV-NNQ	ZED-F9P-02B
Type number	PPP-TGV-NNQ-XX	ZED-F9P-02B-00

Table 20: Product code formats

The parts of the product code are explained in Table 21.

Code	Meaning	Example
PPP	Product family	ZED
TG	Platform	F9 = u-blox F9
V	Variant	P = High precision
NNQ	NNQ Option / Quality grade	NN: Option [0099]
		Q: Grade, A = Automotive, B = Professional
XX	Product detail	Describes hardware and firmware versions

Table 21: Part identification code

8.3 Ordering codes

Ordering code	Product	Remark
ZED-F9P-02B	ZED-F9P	Shipped with firmware FW 1.00 HPG 1.13.





Product changes affecting form, fit or function are documented by u-blox. For a list of Product Change Notifications (PCNs) see our website at: https://www.u-blox.com/en/product-resources.



Related documents

- [1] ZED-F9P Integration manual, UBX-18010802
- [2] HPG 1.13 Interface description, UBX-21023318
- [3] Radio Resource LCS Protocol (RRLP), (3GPP TS 44.031 version 11.0.0 Release 11)
- [4] ZED-F9P Moving Base application note, UBX-19009093



For regular updates to u-blox documentation and to receive product change notifications please register on our homepage https://www.u-blox.com.



Revision history

Revision	Date	Name	Status / comments
R01	02-Jun-2020	dama	Early production information For document legacy revisions see UBX-17051259
R02	25-Jun-2021	dama	Production information Overall text improvement and typo corrections plus: 5.1 UART interface section updated, 5.4 USB interface section updated



Contact

For complete contact information visit us at www.u-blox.com.

u-blox Offices

North, Central and South America

u-blox America, Inc.

Phone: +1 703 483 3180 E-mail: info_us@u-blox.com

Regional Office West Coast

Phone: +1 408 573 3640 E-mail: info_us@u-blox.com

Technical Support

Phone: +1 703 483 3185 E-mail: support_us@u-blox.com Headquarters

Europe, Middle East, Africa

u-blox AG

Phone: +41 44 722 74 44
E-mail: info@u-blox.com
Support: support@u-blox.com

Asia, Australia, Pacific

u-blox Singapore Pte. Ltd.

Phone: +65 6734 3811
E-mail: info_ap@u-blox.com
Support: support_ap@u-blox.com

Regional Office Australia

Phone: +61 3 9566 7255
E-mail: info_anz@u-blox.com
Support: support_ap@u-blox.com

Regional Office China (Beijing)

Phone: +86 10 68 133 545
E-mail: info_cn@u-blox.com
Support: support_cn@u-blox.com

Regional Office China (Chongqing)
Phone: +86 23 6815 1588
E-mail: info_cn@u-blox.com

E-mail: info_cn@u-blox.com Support: support_cn@u-blox.com

Regional Office China (Shanghai)
Phone: +86 21 6090 4832
E-mail: info_cn@u-blox.com
Support: support_cn@u-blox.com

Regional Office China (Shenzhen)

Phone: +86 755 8627 1083
E-mail: info_cn@u-blox.com
Support: support_cn@u-blox.com

Regional Office India

Phone: +91 80 4050 9200
E-mail: info_in@u-blox.com
Support: support_in@u-blox.com

Regional Office Japan (Osaka)

Phone: +81 6 6941 3660
E-mail: info_jp@u-blox.com
Support: support_jp@u-blox.com

Regional Office Japan (Tokyo) Phone: +81 3 5775 3850

E-mail: info_jp@u-blox.com Support: support_jp@u-blox.com

Regional Office Korea

Phone: +82 2 542 0861
E-mail: info_kr@u-blox.com
Support: support_kr@u-blox.com

Regional Office Taiwan

Phone: +886 2 2657 1090
E-mail: info_tw@u-blox.com
Support: support_tw@u-blox.com