

# Handle: An Open Source Tool For Accurate Gesture Recognition In Real-Time Systems Across Static And Dynamic Modalities

Aadarsh and Raahul

[\*github.com/aadarshjha/handle\*](https://github.com/aadarshjha/handle)

# Project Goal

- **Goal:** Utilize large scale *hand gesture* databases to refine existing models of *hand gesture recognition* (HGR) to demonstrate state-of-the-art approaches via a deployed application, from static to dynamic.
  - **Experimentation** — blend different approaches to understand why certain architectures are better than others.
  - **Transparency** — most open source studies of HGR are difficult to use and apply. An application would help from an educational and experimental viewpoint.
  - **Summary** — we hope to provide a benchmark for future studies to reflect on various DL approaches in HGR.

# Abstract

- **Motivation:**
  - Human-Computer Interaction
  - Augmented, Mixed, Virtual, and General Extended Reality systems
  - Zhou et. al. demonstrates the importance of interaction techniques in manipulating AR/VR content.
- **Problem:**
  - Deep Learning applied to continuous HGR is a new problem.
  - Lack of real-world datasets presents a challenge.
  - Accurate models in deployable, productionized systems is not yet at optimal performance.

# Project Dissemination

Aadarsh	Raahul
Static recognition experimentation	Dynamic recognition experimentation
Static Model Deployment Onto Application	Dynamic Model Deployment Onto Application
Full Stack Development Of Application	User and Stress Testing Of Application
Final Presentation, Final Write-Up, Check-In Presentation	Final Presentation, Final Write-Up, Check-In Presentation
	Creating “mini-fied” Dynamic Datasets

# Previous Methods | Static and Dynamic

## *Static*

- Processing of a singular image to classify certain gestures
- SVMs, Nearest Neighbor, Graphs, Linear Embeddings.
- Moving towards CNN, data augmentation, etc.

## *Dynamic*

- Process sequence of images (frames) in a video
- 3D CNN, 3D CNN + LSTM
- Self-attention mechanisms, Vision Transformers applied to video

# Data | Static Recognition

HGRD

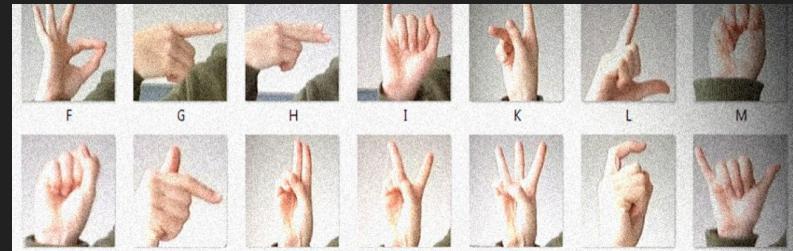


-> 10 classes, including: Palm, L, Fist, Fist Moved, Thumb, Index, Ok, Palm, Moved, C, and Down

-> 640 x 240

-> Near Infrared Images

ASLMNIST



-> 25 classes, alphabetical order

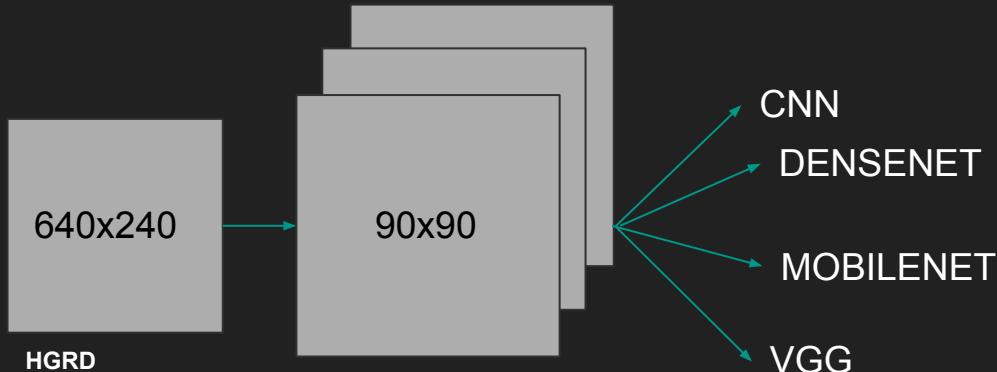
-> 28 x 28

# Data | Dynamic Recognition

- MinIPN
  - Derived from IPN Hand
  - Three classes
    - No gesture
    - Pointing with one finger
    - Double click with one finger
  - Video from front-facing PC web camera
  - 640x480 resolution
  - 30 fps

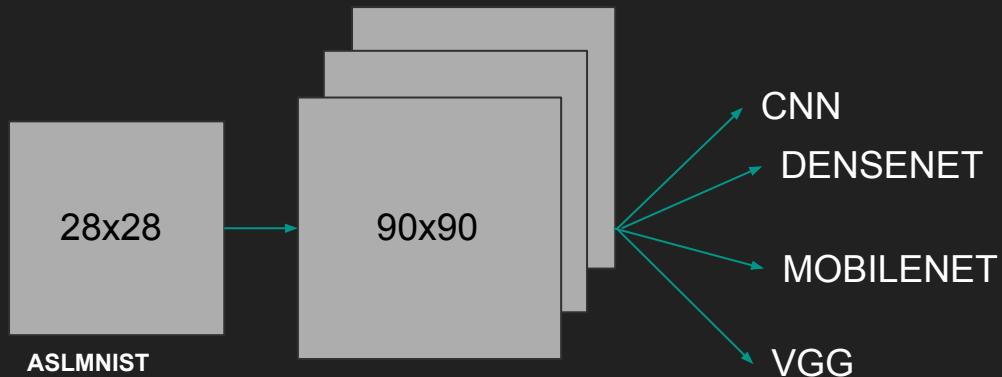


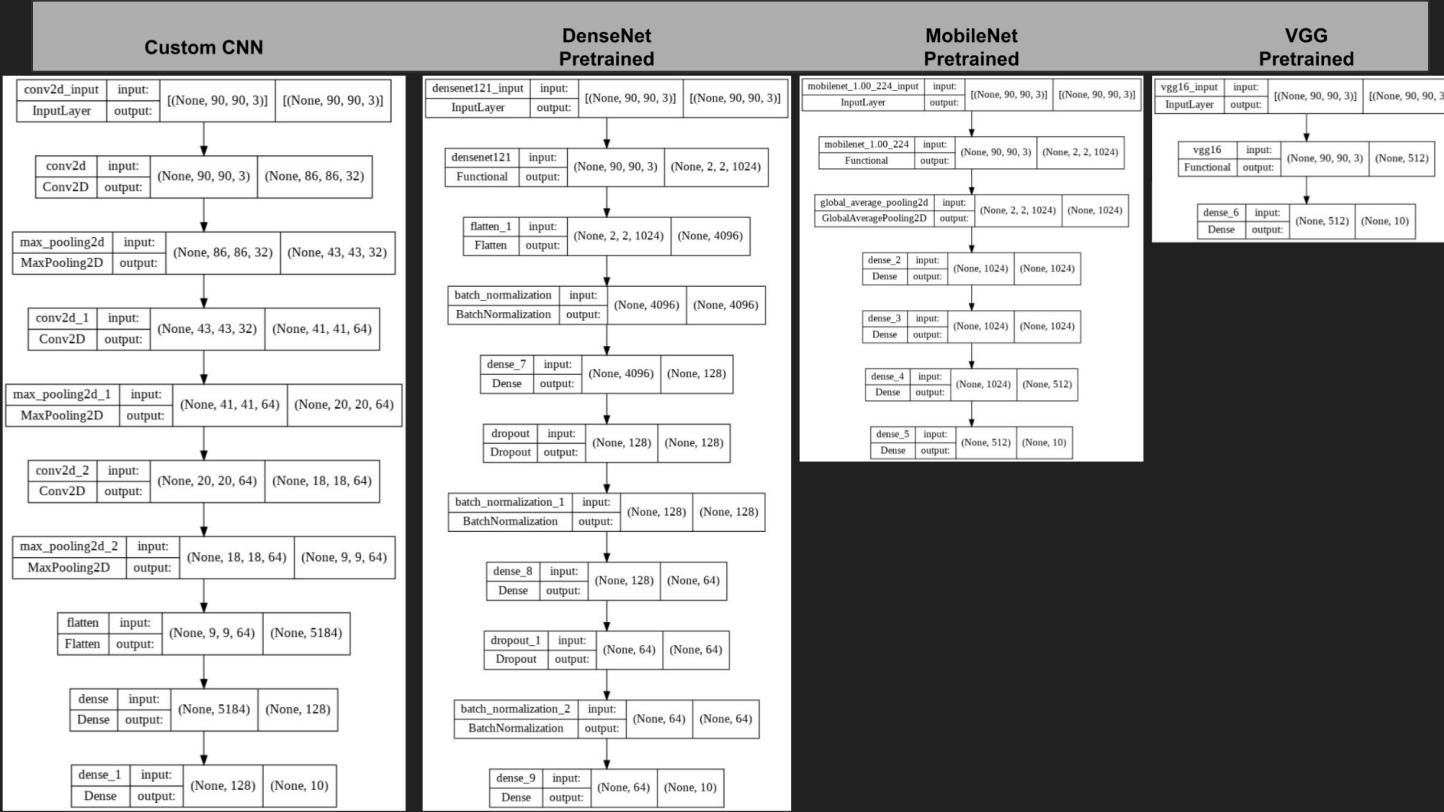
# Methods | Static Recognition

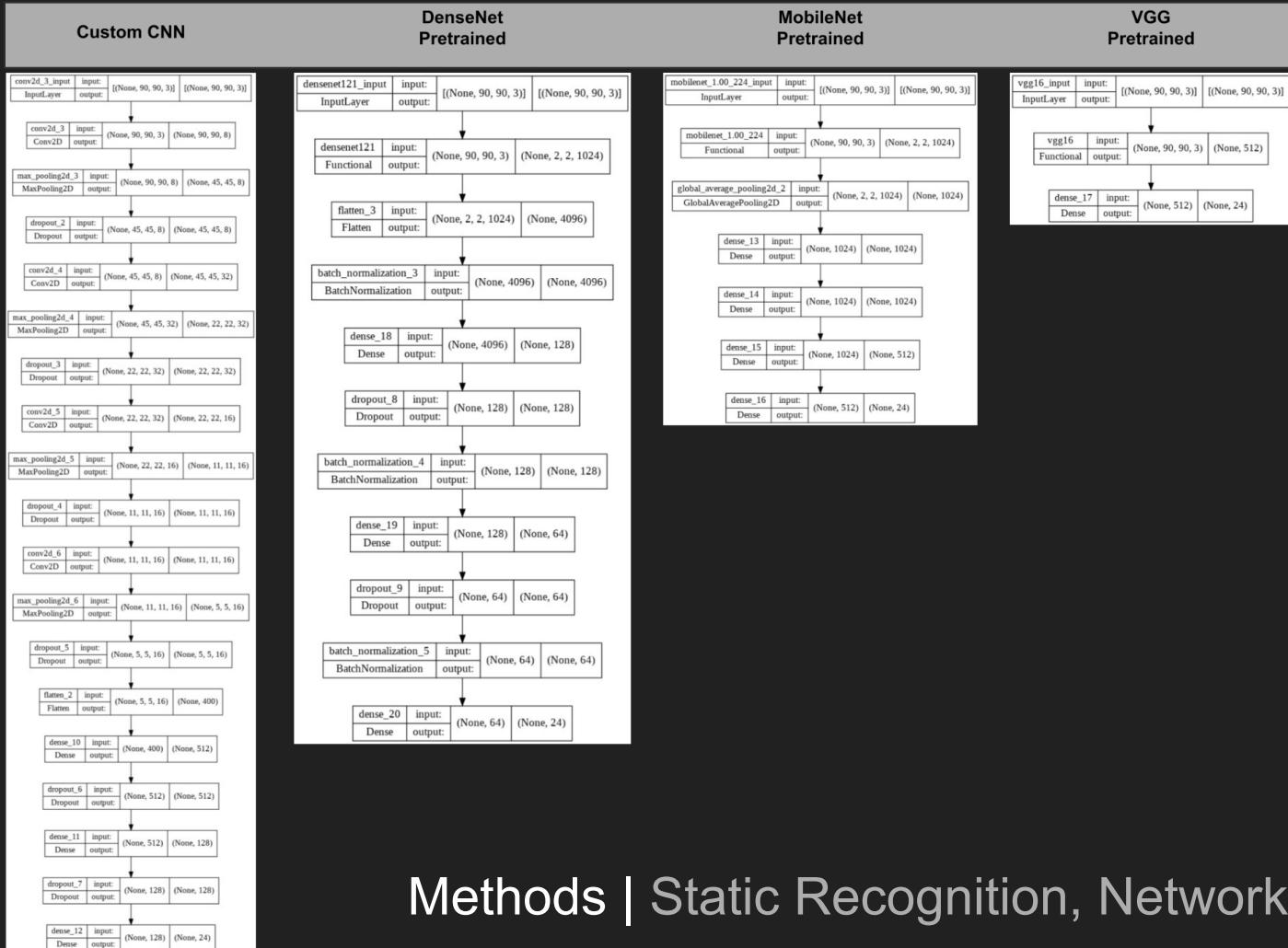


```
1 # set up the hyperparams with YAML
2 EXPERIMENT_NAME: '5_32_CNN_FINAL'
3 CONFIG:
4   NUM_FOLDS: 5
5   EPOCHS: 10
6   BATCH_SIZE: 32
7   VERBOSE: 'false'
8   OPTIMIZER: 'adam'
9   LOSS: 'categorical_crossentropy'
10 MODE: 'CNN'
```

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6   BATCH_SIZE: 32
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9   LOSS: 'sparse_categorical_crossentropy'
10 MODE: 'CNN'
```

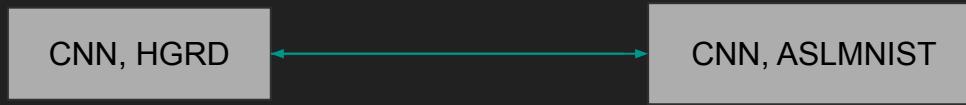






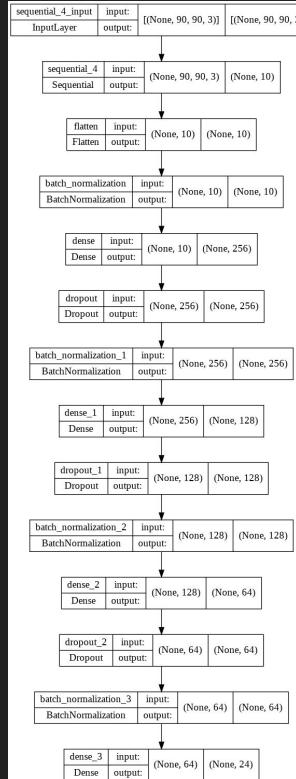
# Methods | Static Recognition, Network Figures | ASL

# Methods | Static Recognition

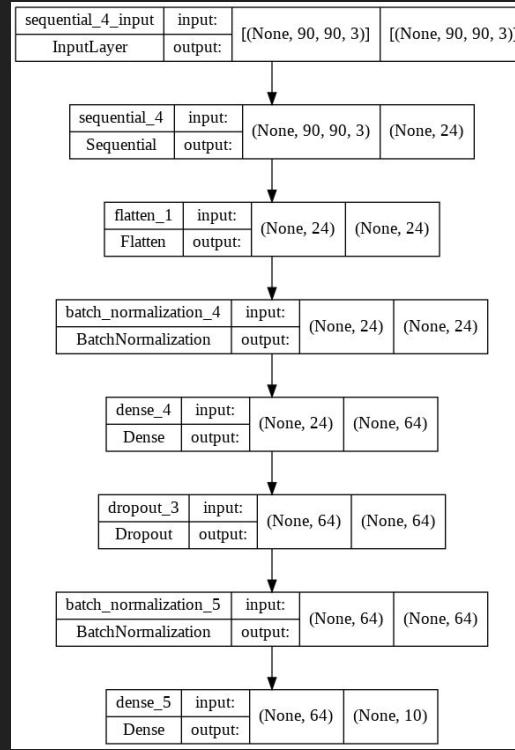


# Methods | Static Recognition, Network Figures

HGR transfer



ASL transfer



# Methods | Dynamic Recognition

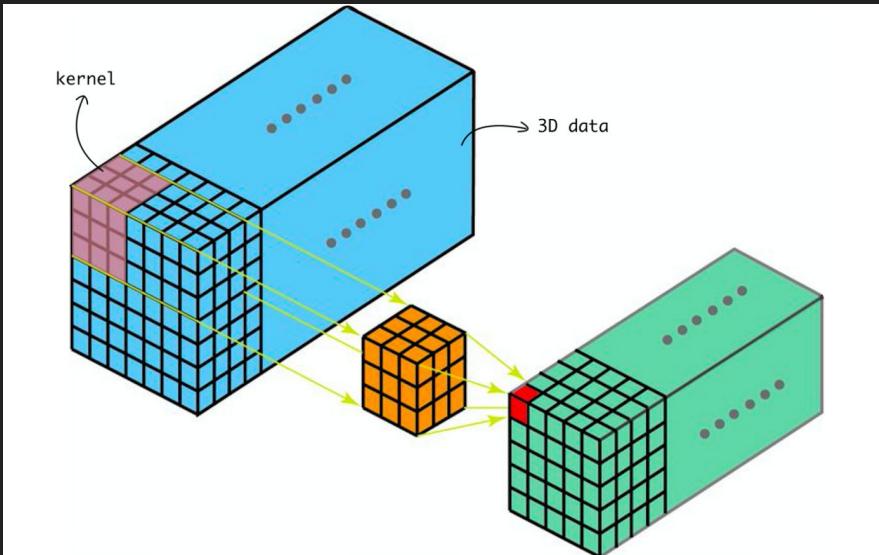
- Create MinilPN dataset
  - Extract three classes from original IPN Hand Dataset
- Evaluate - training, validation, testing splits
  - IPN pretrained 3D CNN
  - Jester pretrained 3D CNN
  - EgoGesture pretrained 3D CNN
  - Kinetics pretrained 3D CNN
  - ImageNet pretrained CNN-LSTM
  - HowTo400 pretrained TimeSformer

# Methods | Dynamic Recognition

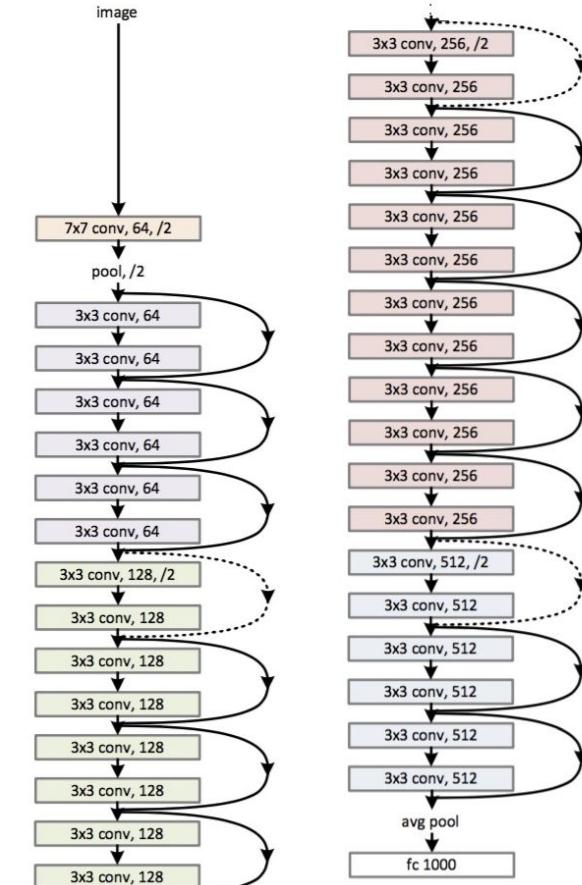
- Configurations

- Frame size: 112
- Frame Ct: 32
- Train for 5 epochs (10 for TimeSformer)
- Batch size: 8
- Cross Entropy Loss
- SGD Optimizer w/ Momentum
- Learning Rate: 0.001

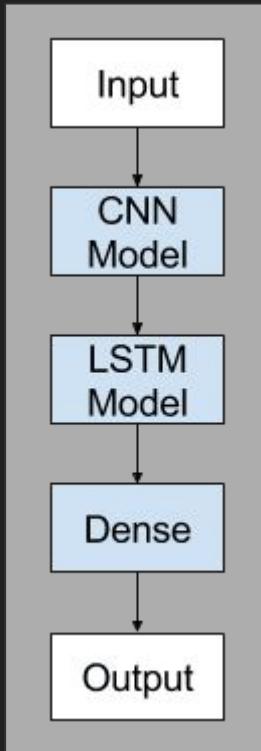
# Methods | Dynamic Recognition



34-layer residual

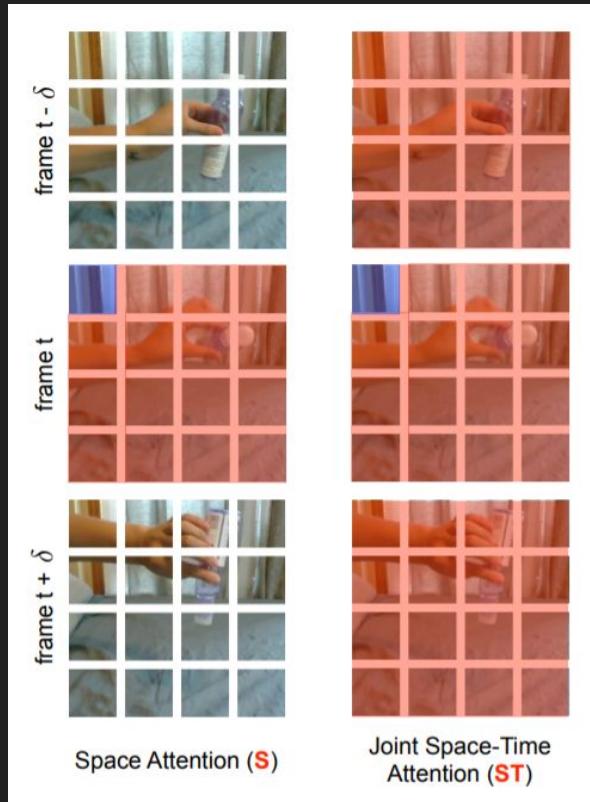


# Methods | Dynamic Recognition



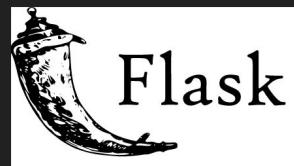
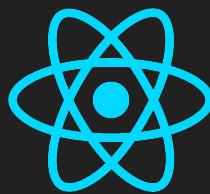
- Idea: CNN-LSTM
  - CNN & LSTM are separate
  - Use CNN as a fixed-feature extractor
    - Can use popular architectures like AlexNet, VGG, ResNet pretrained on ImageNet
    - Use CNNs from static problem
  - Only need to train the LSTM and classification layer

# Methods | Dynamic Recognition

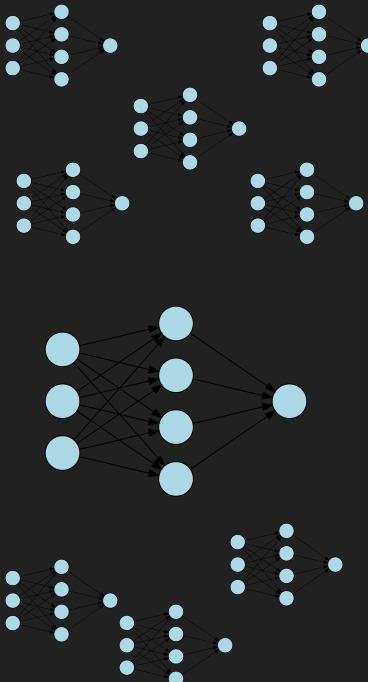


- Decompose frame into patches
- Flatten patches into vectors
- Map patch vector into embedding using 2D convolution
- Each patch embedding is passed into Transformer
  - Use blue patch as the query patch in self-attention
  - Red patches are neighbors (other patches to use to calculate attention)
  - Uses more than just the three frames displayed here

# Methods | Application



Frontend



Middleware

[github.com/aadarshjha/handle/tree/master/web](https://github.com/aadarshjha/handle/tree/master/web)

Database A, Predictions:

- One – 90%
- Two – 8%
- Three – 2%

Database B, Predictions:

- Pause – 92%
- Fast Forward – 6%
- Rewind – 2%

Backend

# Static Recognition | Results

**Table 2.** The Precision, Recall, F1, and Accuracy scores of HGRD.

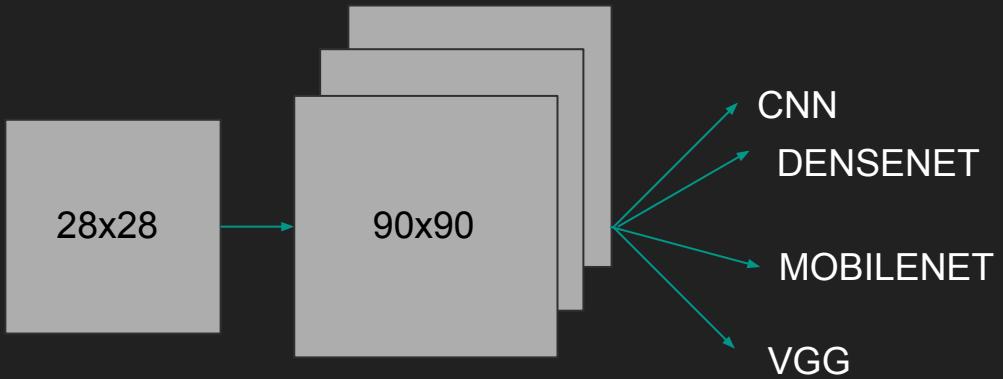
	CNN	DenseNet	MobileNet	VGG
Precision	0.9865	0.9069	0.9692	0.9796
Recall	0.9865	0.8789	0.9670	0.9790
F1	0.9865	0.8845	0.9668	0.9790
Accuracy	0.9865	0.8789	0.9670	0.9790

**Table 3.** The Precision, Recall, F1, and Accuracy scores of ASLMNIST.

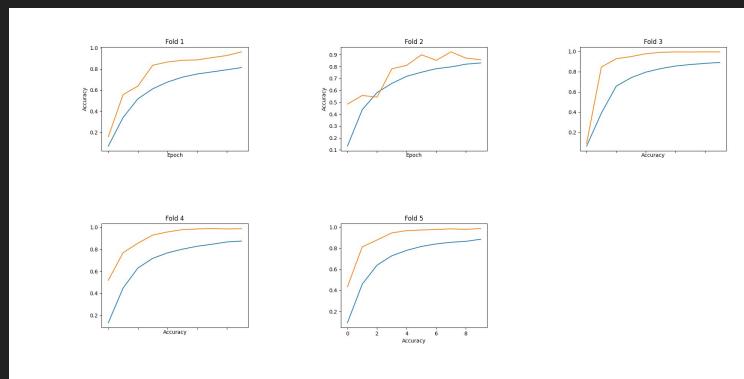
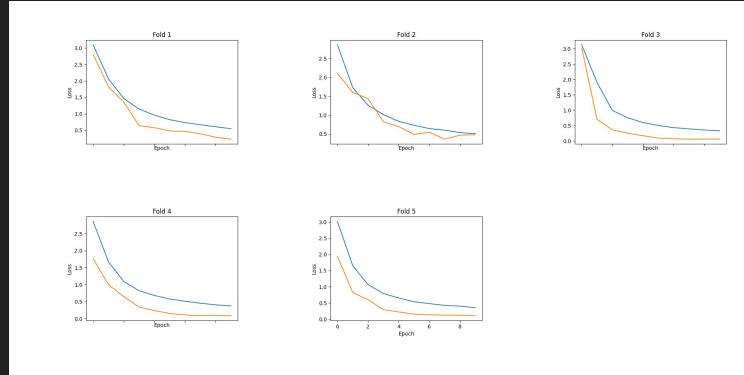
	CNN	DenseNet	MobileNet	VGG
Precision	0.9615	0.9931	0.9837	0.9868
Recall	0.9596	0.9918	0.9820	0.9867
F1	0.9598	0.9917	0.9819	0.9866
Accuracy	0.9596	0.9918	0.9820	0.9867

**Table 4.** The Precision, Recall, F1, and Accuracy scores of domain transfer.

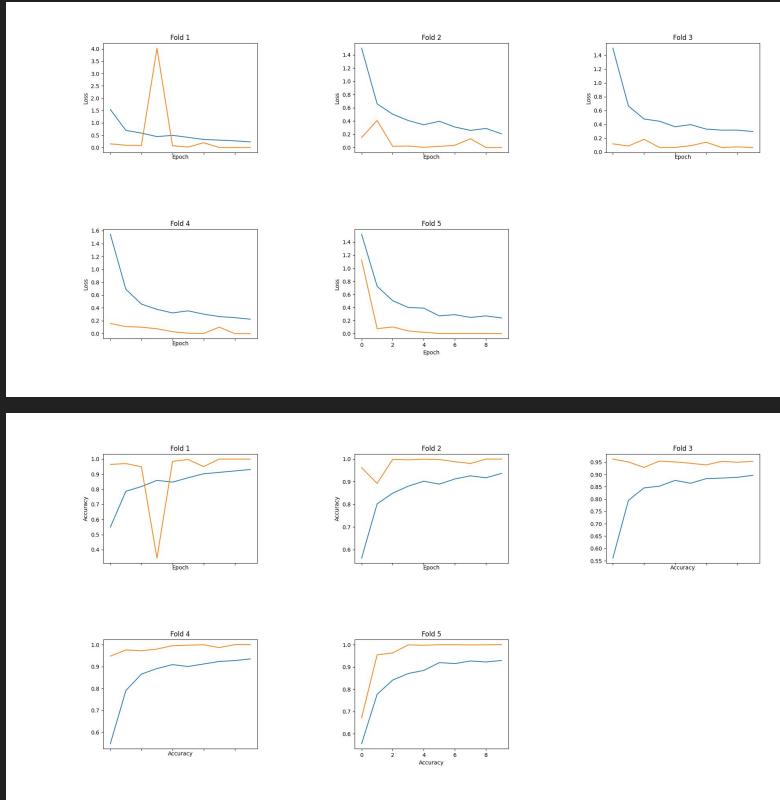
	HGRD Into ASL Model	ASL Into HGRD Model
Precision	0.1857	0.4990
Recall	0.2041	0.3862
F1	0.1409	0.3525
Accuracy	0.2041	0.3862



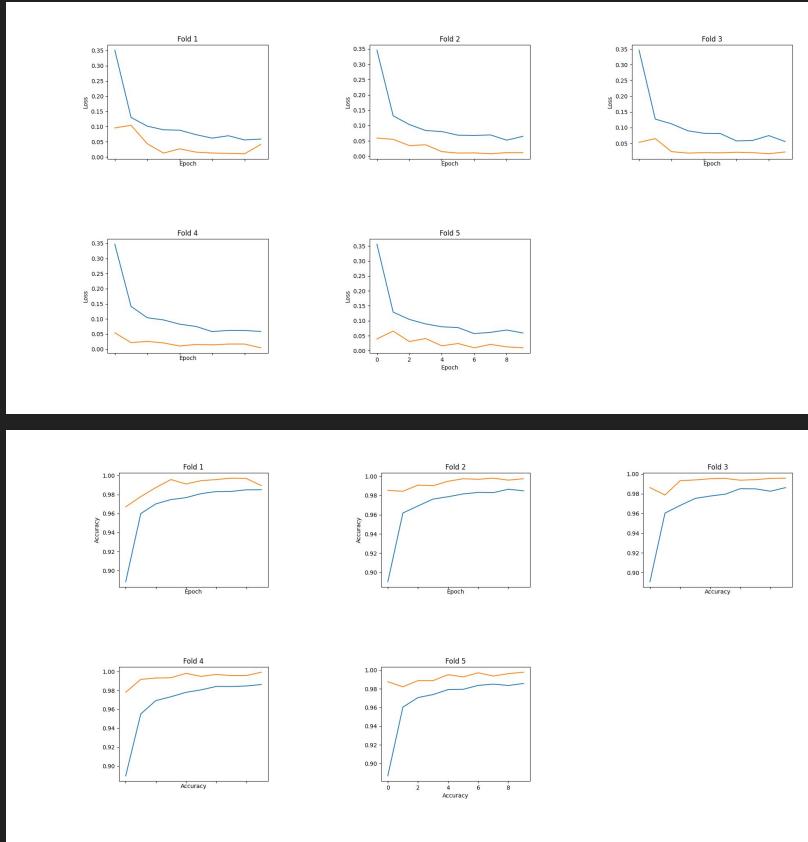
# 5\_32\_CNN.yaml, ASL



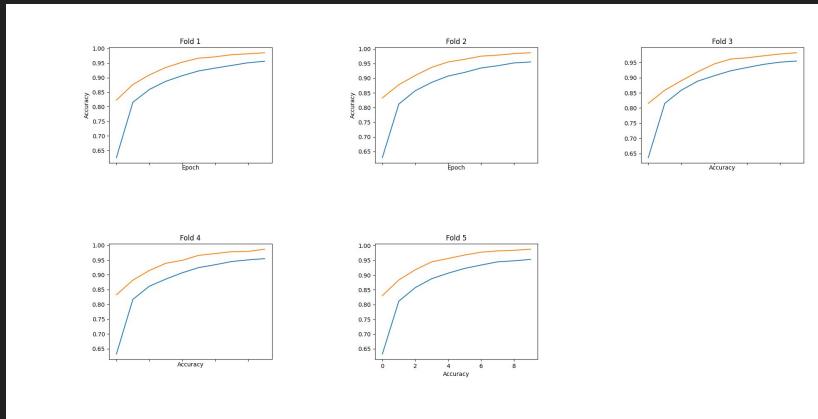
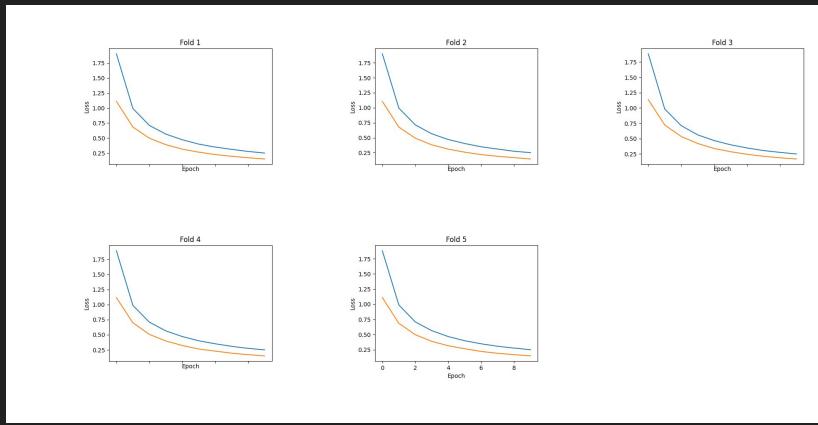
# 5\_32\_DENSENET.yaml, ASL

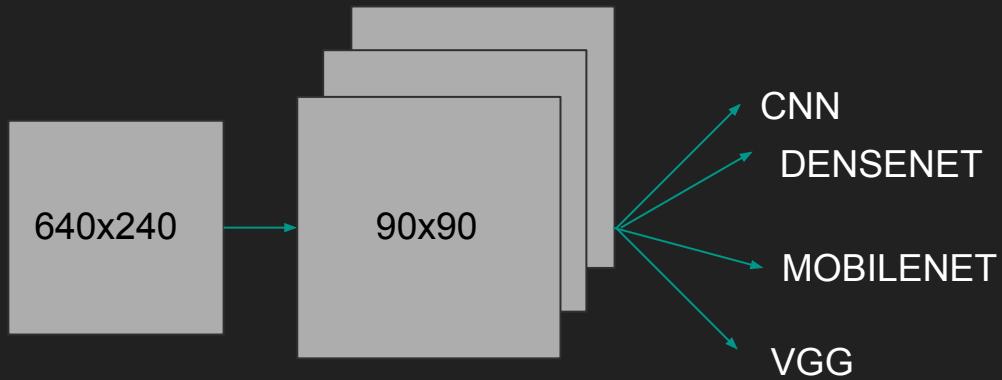


# 5\_32\_MOBILENET.yaml, ASL

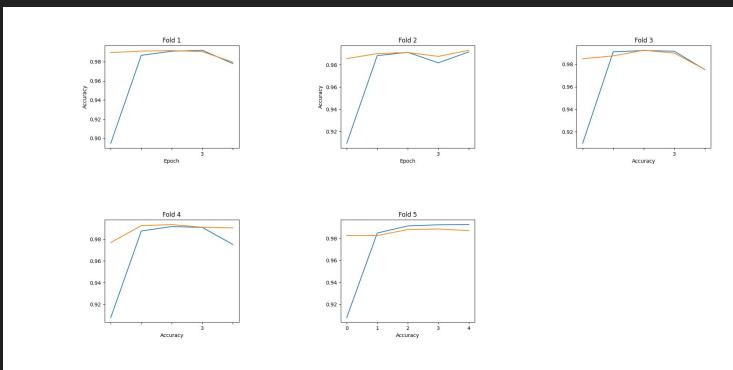
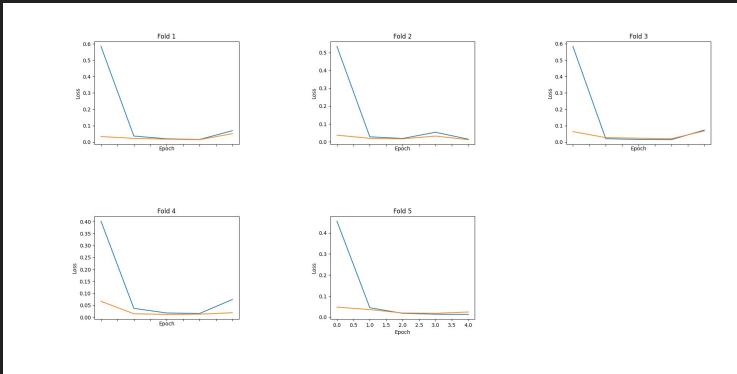


# 5\_32\_VGG.yaml, ASL

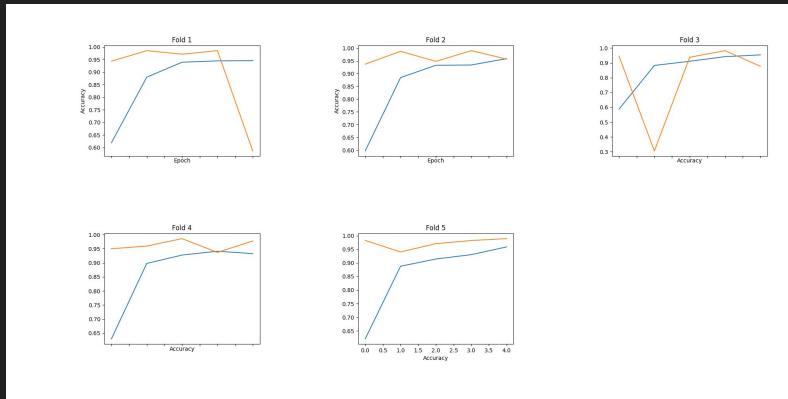
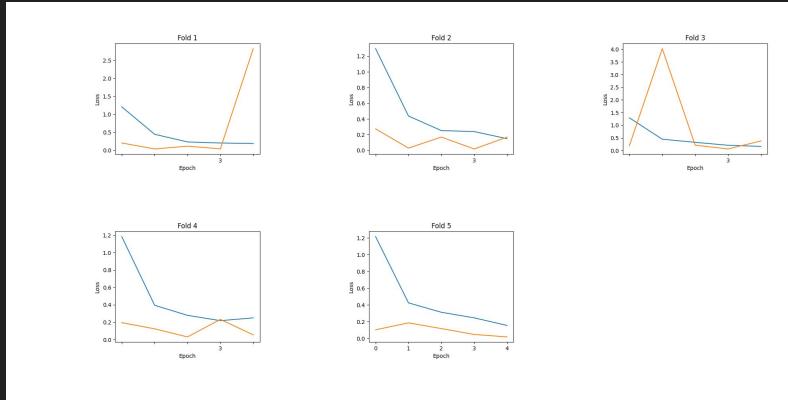




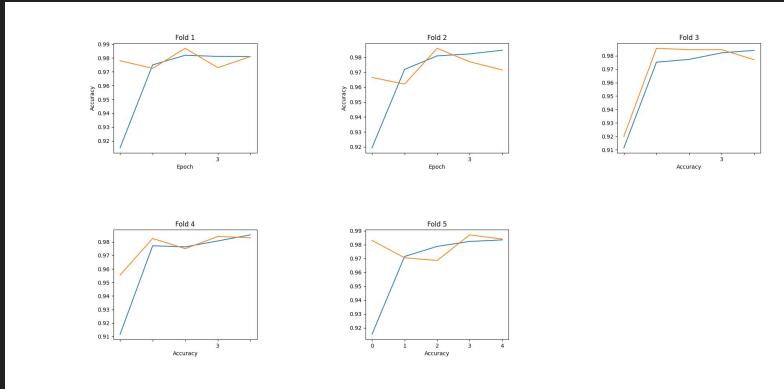
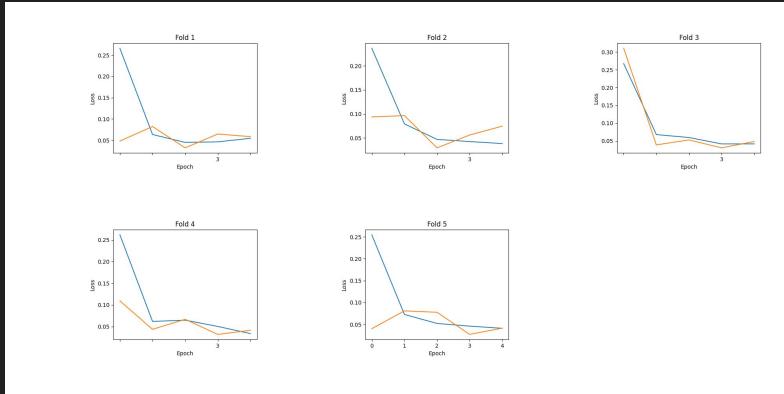
# 5\_32\_CNN.yaml, HGRD



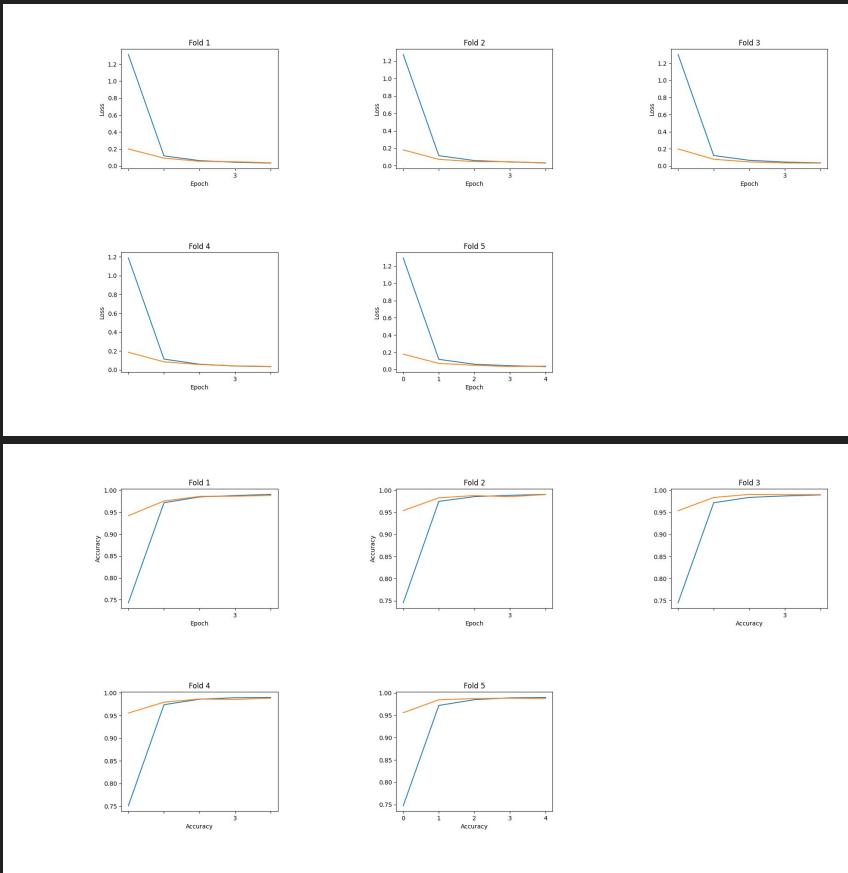
# 5\_32\_DENSENET.yaml, HGRD



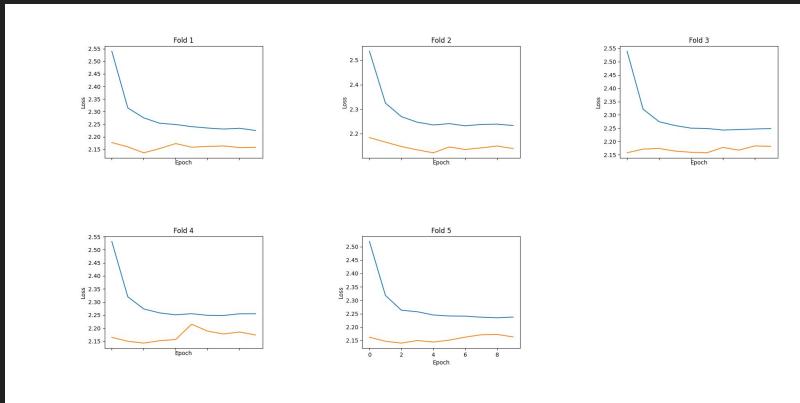
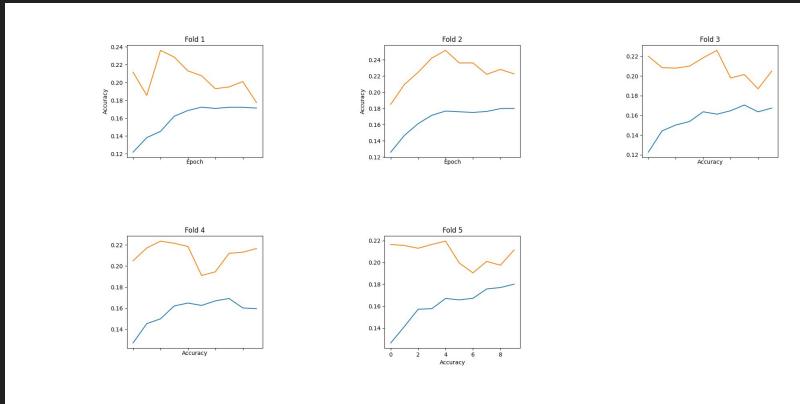
# 5\_32\_MOBILENET.yaml, HGRD



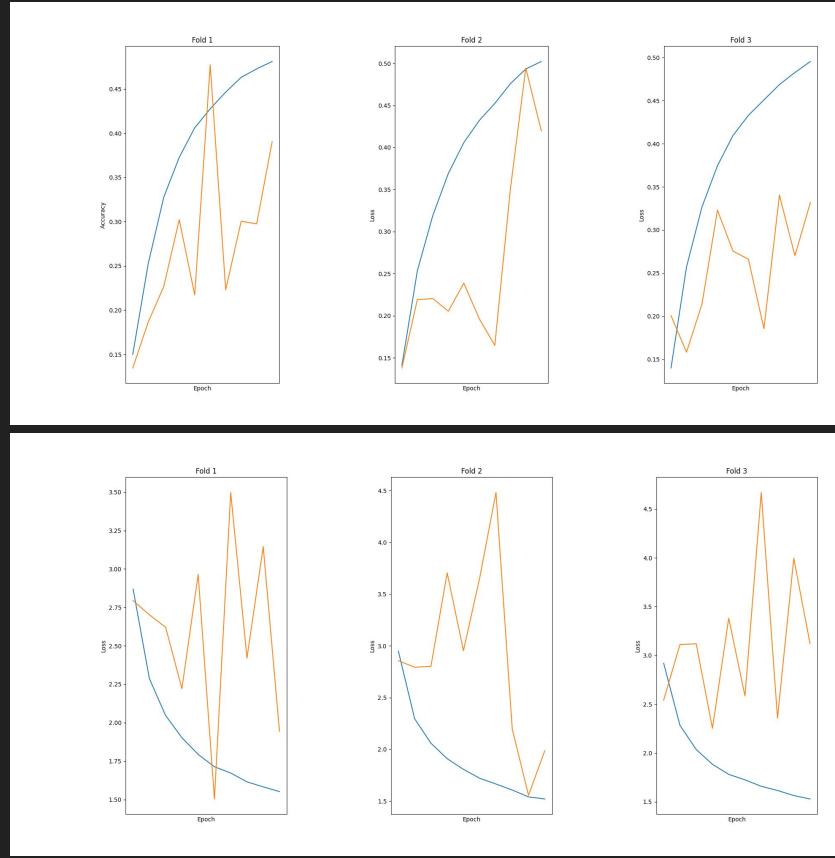
# 5\_32\_VGG.yaml, HGRD



# Passing the HGR Data into ASL Model



# Passing the ASL Data into HGR Model

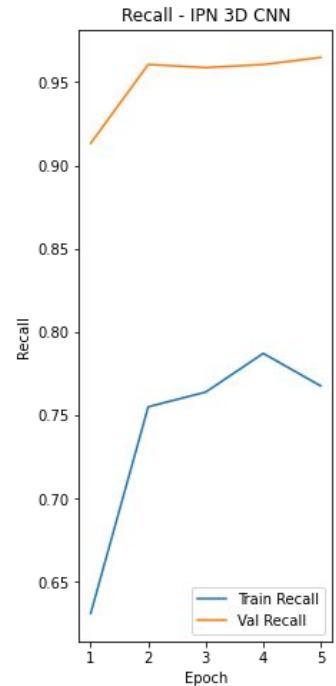
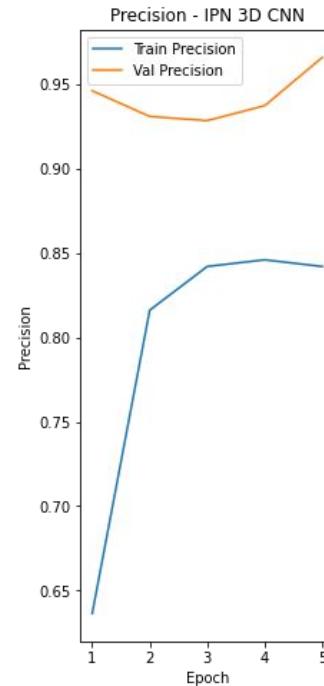
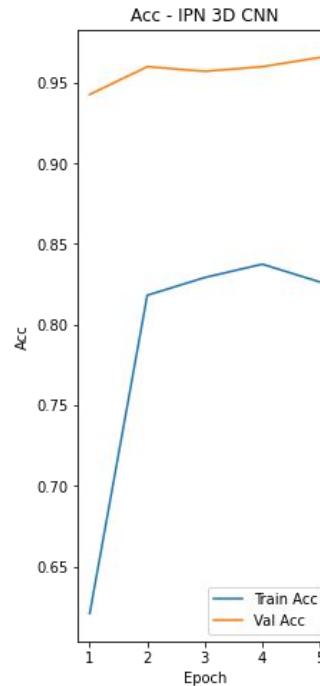
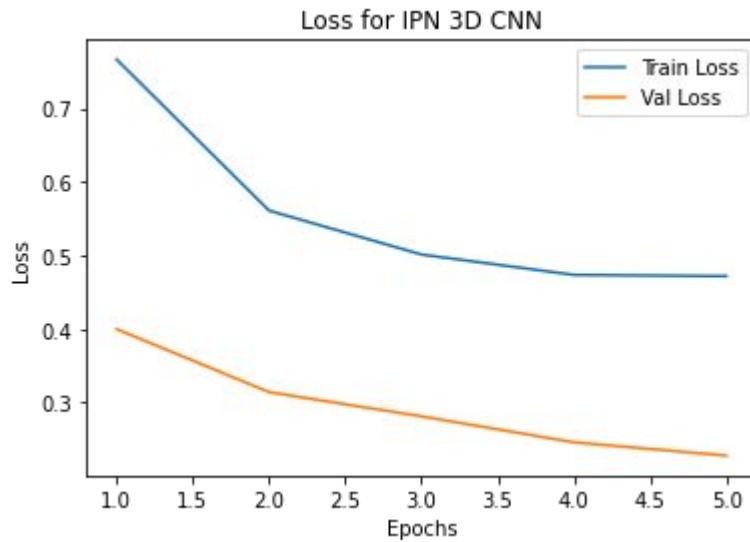


# Dynamic Recognition | Results

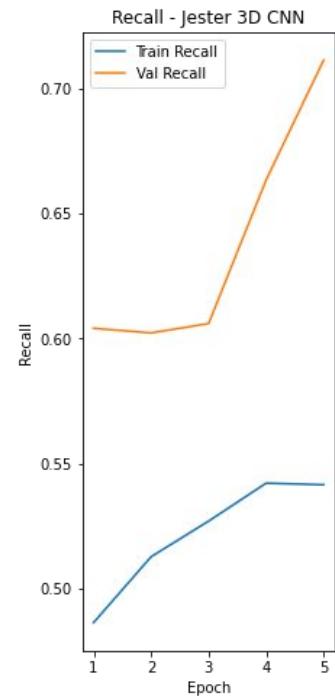
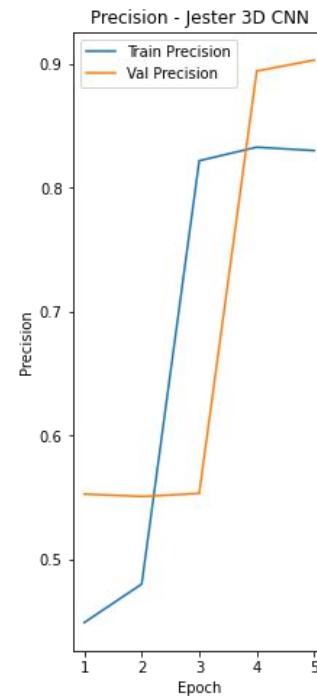
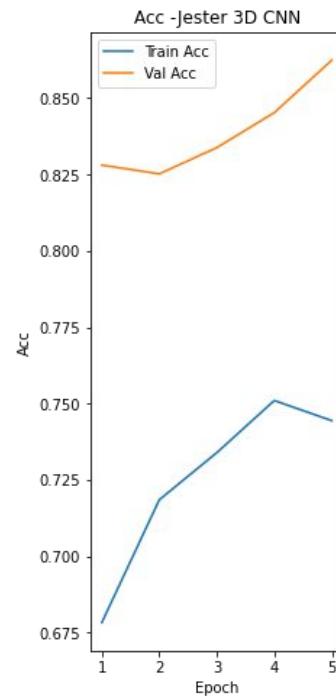
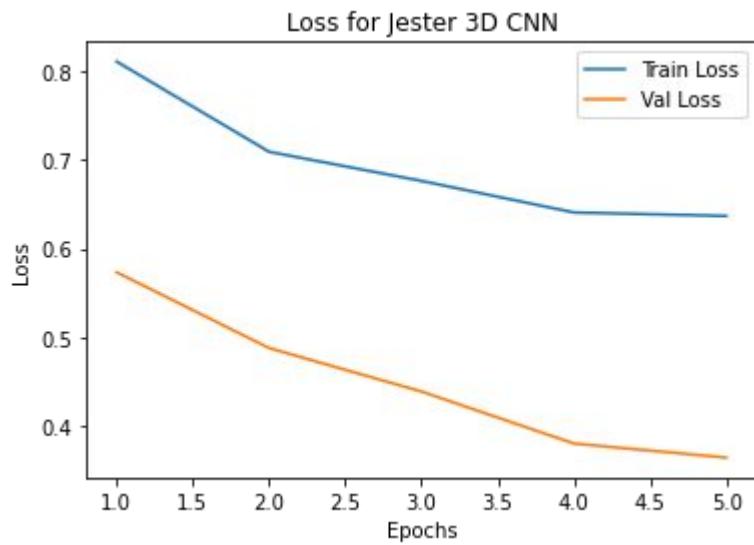
**Table 5.** The Accuracy, Precision, Recall, and Balanced Accuracy (BACC) scores on MiniIPN.

Model	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	BACC
IPN 3D CNN	0.91	0.90	0.84	0.84
Jester 3D CNN	0.83	0.55	0.60	0.60
EgoGesture 3D CNN	0.77	0.81	0.67	0.67
Kinetics 3D CNN	0.75	0.50	0.54	0.54
ImageNet CNN-LSTM	0.57	0.19	0.33	0.33
TimeSformer	0.58	0.39	0.42	0.42

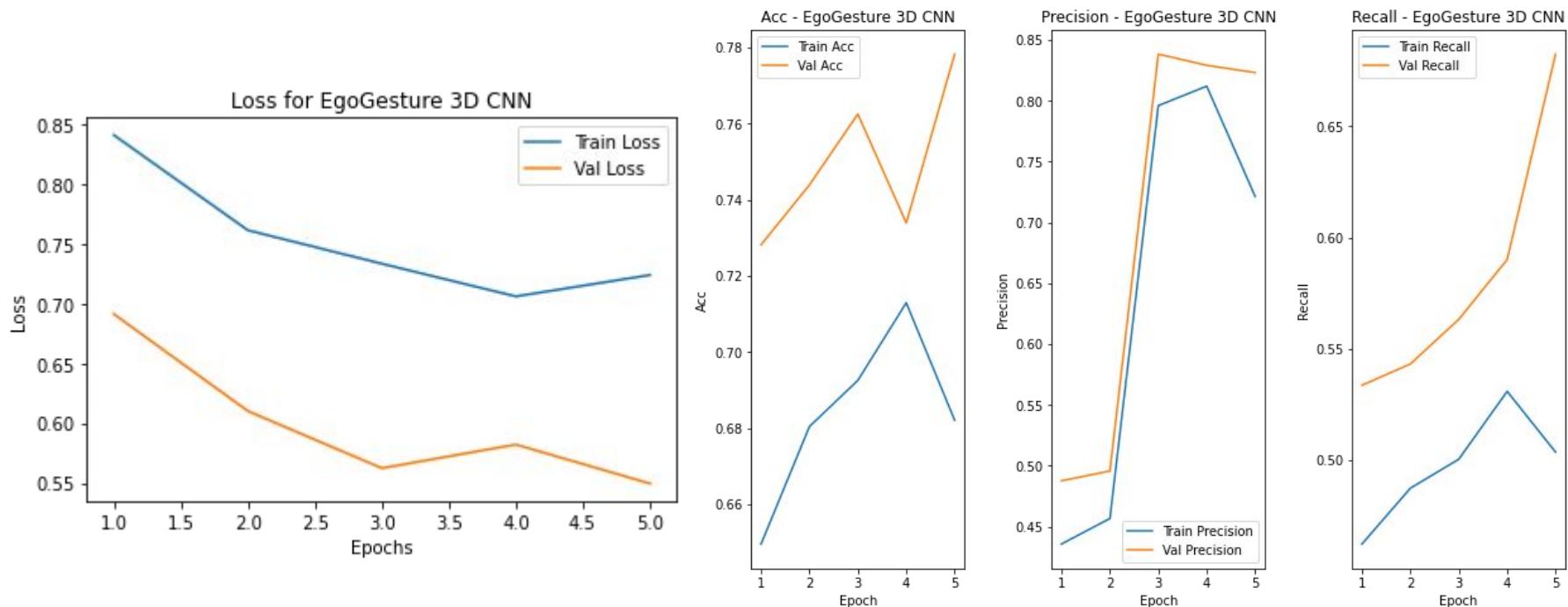
# Dynamic Recognition | Results, Training Curves



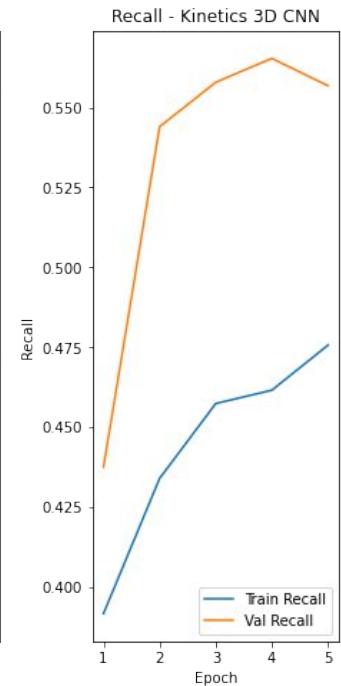
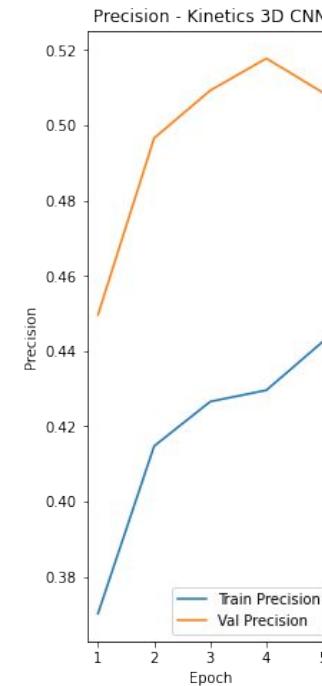
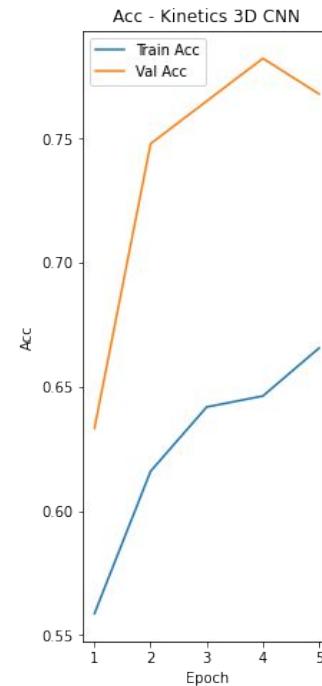
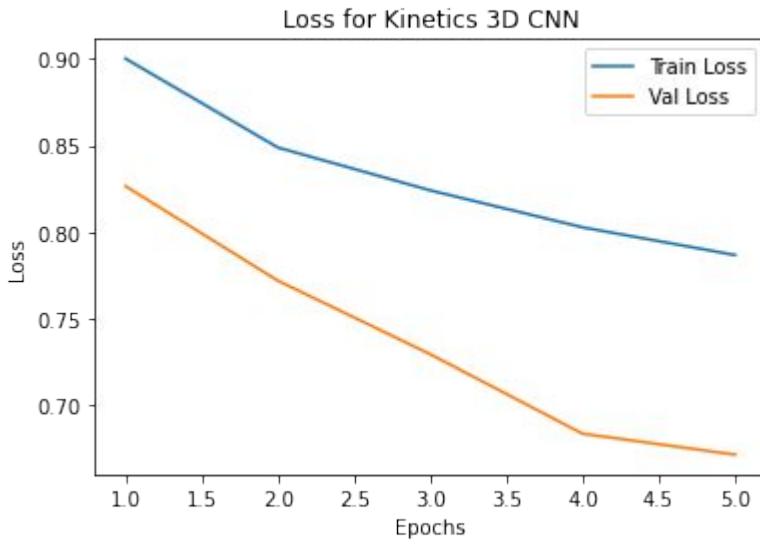
# Dynamic Recognition | Results, Training Curves



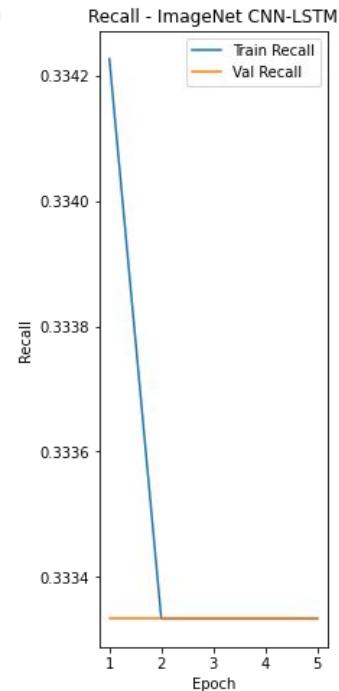
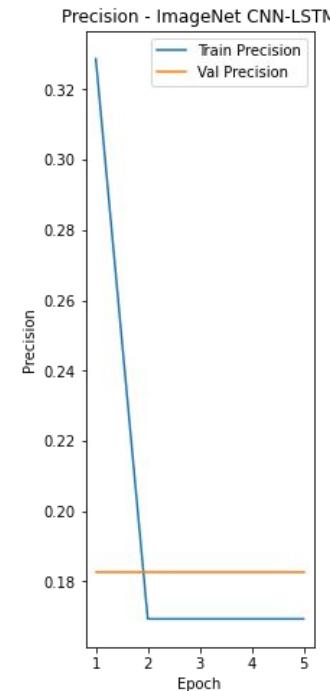
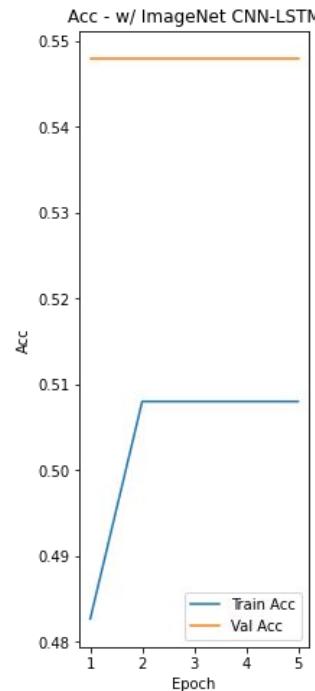
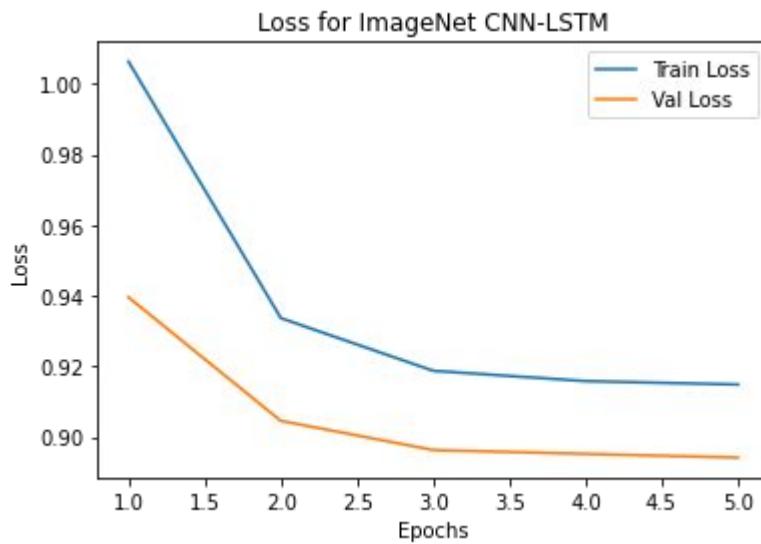
# Dynamic Recognition | Results, Training Curves



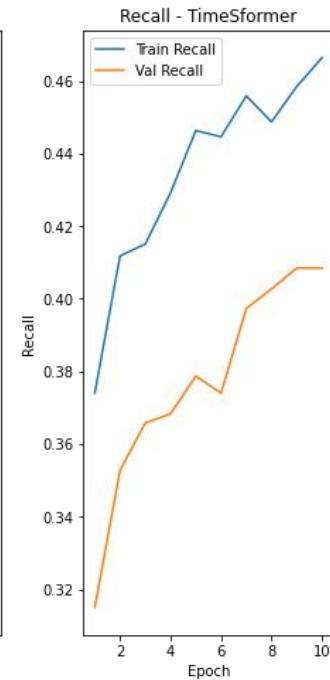
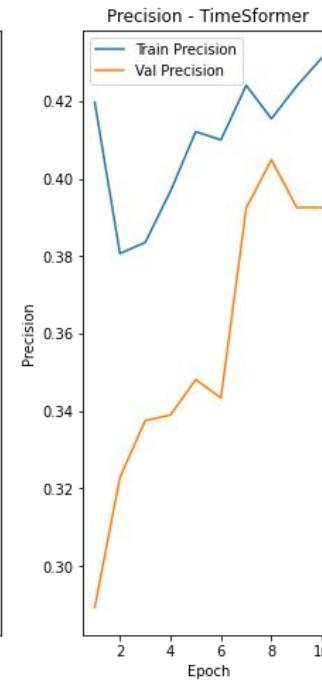
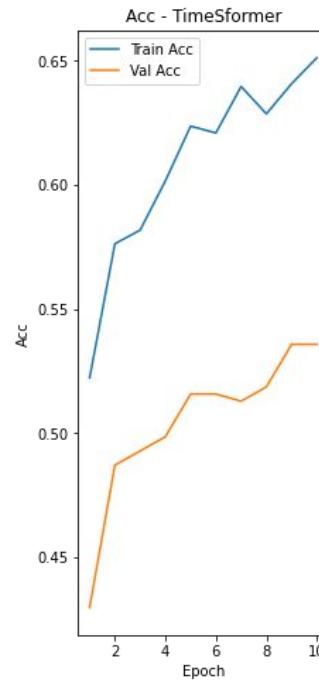
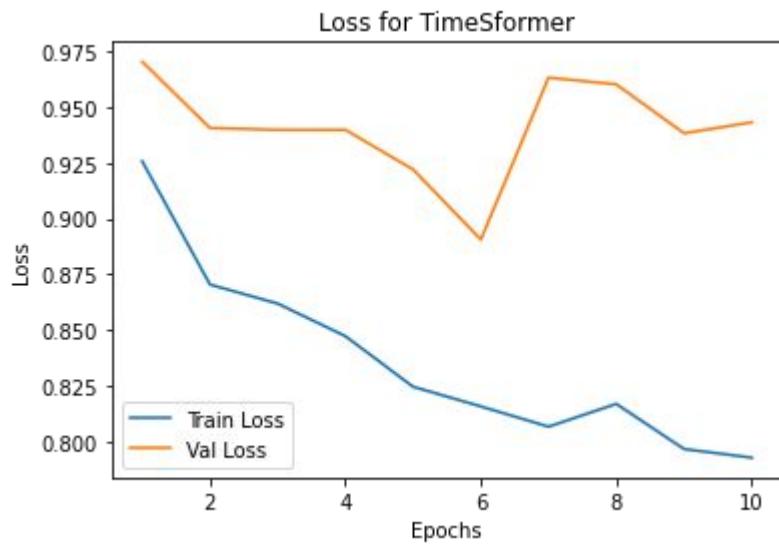
# Dynamic Recognition | Results, Training Curves



# Dynamic Recognition | Results, Training Curves



# Dynamic Recognition | Results, Training Curves



# Application | Results / Static

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Handle[1]" with the URL "localhost:3000". The main content area displays a video feed of a person's face, specifically focusing on their right hand which is raised near their eye. Below the video feed, there is a "Capture" button. At the bottom left, there are "Configurable Options" for "Inferencing Mode" (with "Static" selected) and "Model Mode" (with "CNN" selected). To the right of the video feed, the title "Inference Results" is displayed, followed by the text "Deploying CNN in STATIC mode.". Below this, two images show the person's hand in different poses: one labeled "Hand Gesture Recognition Database" with the caption "Palm Moved" and another labeled "ASL MNIST Dataset" with the caption "P".

Inference Results  
Deploying CNN in STATIC mode.

Hand Gesture Recognition Database  
Palm Moved

ASL MNIST Dataset  
P

Configurable Options

Inferencing Mode

Static Dynamic

Model Mode

CNN DenseNet Pretrained MobileNet Pretrained VGG Pretrained

# Application | Results / Dynamic

The screenshot displays a web-based application interface for gesture recognition. At the top, a browser window shows the URL `localhost:3000`. The main content area is divided into two sections: a large video preview on the left and a results panel on the right.

**Video Preview:** A live video feed from a camera shows a man with glasses and a beard pointing his index finger upwards. This gesture is being analyzed by the system.

**Inference Results:** The results panel displays the analysis of the gesture. It includes a timestamp of `0:00`, a confidence score of `1.00`, and a video thumbnail showing the gesture again.

**Gesture Recognition:** The results are categorized under several models:

- EgoGesture:** Double Click With One Finger
- IPN:** Double Click With One Finger
- Jester:** Pointing With One Finger
- Kinetics:** Pointing With One Finger

**Configurable Options:** At the bottom left, there are buttons for `Start Video` and `Preview`. Below these are sections for **Configurable Options**, **Inferencing Mode** (with `Static` and `Dynamic` buttons, where `Dynamic` is selected), and **Model Mode** (with `ResNext`, `LSTM`, and `TimesFormer` buttons, where `ResNext` is selected).

# Demo

<http://localhost:3000/>

# Limitations

- Static inference results are weak, in both a transfer learning setting and being deployed to an application.
- Lack of diverse, noisy data.
- Could not fully train a model from scratch on hand gesture datasets for dynamic (computational complexity and data is too high).
- Additional user studies on the application (more formal statistics).

# Conclusions

- **Static:**
  - Consistently strong results are achieved across-the-board (>0.8 for HGRD, and >0.9 for ASL).
    - For HGRD, optimal performance is seen with the custom CNN, with a score of 0.9865.
    - For ASLMNIST, optimal performance is seen with DenseNet, with a score of 0.9918.
    - Poor domain transfer results, 0.2041 and 0.3862
- **Dynamic:**
  - Strong results on IPN 3D CNN. EgoGesture, Jester, Kinetics 3D CNNs were not the best. CNN-LSTM and TimeSformer performed the worst.
    - IPN 3D CNN - highest accuracy: 94%
- **Application**
  - Dynamic better than static, overall.

# Milestones

- Jan 24th — Project Proposal and Refinement
- Jan 31st — Finalized Topic Idea, Established Roles, Begin Dataset Search
- Feb 7th — Collect and Process Data, Find 2-4 Salable Existing DL Frameworks
  - Reproduce DL Frameworks on Paper Sources
  - Determine If Scope Is Dynamic, Static Or Both
- Feb 14th — Working Understanding Of Frameworks, Propose and Implement Changes
- Feb 21st — Train and Analyze Performance Of Custom Frameworks
- Feb 28th — Buffer Time For Revising Changes
- March 7th — Buffer Time For Revising Changes
- March 14th — Finalize Model and Deploy Onto Secondary and Tertiary Datasets
- March 21st — Collect and Finalize Data, Model, and Framework
- March 28th — Begin Building Real-Time Application
- April 4th — Test Application With Custom Video Of Gestures
- April 11th — Debug Performance Or Latency Issues
- April 18th — Finalize Project, Write Paper and Presentation
- April 25th — Practice and Finalizing Touches

Concurrent