HW 7 - Recommendation Systems

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Q1

Find 3 users who are closest to you in terms of age, gender, and occupation. For each of those 3 users:

- what are their top 3 (favorite) films?
- what are their bottom 3 (least favorite) films?

Answer

```
1 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
2 """
3 Created on Wed Apr 7 20:09:11 2021
5 @author: aadeniran
7 import pandas as pd
9 def closetToMeAgeGendOccu(item, data):
10
      #load movies data into variables
11
      movies = {}
12
13
      for line in open(str(item)):
14
           (id, title) = line.split('|')[0:2]
          movies[id] = title
15
      # Load data
16
17
      prefs = {}
      for line in open(str(data)):
18
19
           (user, movieid, rating, ts) = line.split('\t')
          prefs.setdefault(user, {})
20
21
          prefs[user] [movies[movieid]] = float(rating)
22
      #Load in users
23
      users = []
      for line in open ('movie/u.user'):
24
           (user, age, gender, occupation, zipcode) = line.split('|')
25
          dictA = {'user': user, 'age':age, 'gender': gender, 'occupation
26
      ' :occupation }
          users.append(dictA)
```

```
28
29
      count = 1
30
       #hold 3 similar user in term of age gender and category
31
      similarUser =[]
       #Find all users that have things common with me
32
      for a in users:
33
34
35
           Here i parsed in my age gender and occupation
36
           to find users of my age gender and occupation category.
37
           I take only 3 users
           H H H
38
           if a['age'] == '24' and a['gender'] == 'M' and a['occupation']
39
     == 'student' and count < 4 :
40
               similarUser.append(a['user'])
               count += 1
41
42
      #print user movie likes
43
      for a in similarUser:
44
           11 11 11
45
           Based on similar users like me,
46
           I obtained these similar users top 3 favorite films
47
           n n n
48
          if a in prefs:
49
               #this gets the movie names, and the movie rating per user
50
51
               p = pd.DataFrame(list(prefs[a].items()),columns=["Movie")
     Names", "Rating"])
               #this sort the users movie list based on rating in
52
     decending order
53
               p.sort_values("Rating", ascending=False, inplace=True)
54
               #gets the top3 films
               top3 = p.head(3)
55
               #gets the bottom 3 films
56
57
               bottom3 = p.tail(3)
               #print("Top 3 films for User {}:".format(a))
58
59
               #print(top3)
               #print("\n\n")
60
               #print("Bottom 3 films for User {}:".format(a))
61
               #print (bottom3)
62
               #print("\n")
63
64
               top3.to_csv("Q1/"+a+"top3.csv",index=False)
               bottom3.to_csv("Q1/"+a+"bottom.csv",index=False)
65
66
67
68
69 """
70 Question 1 solution
71 """
```

72 closetToMeAgeGendOccu('movie/u.item','movie/u.data')

Listing 1: movieLen.py

Table 1: Top 3 movies for user 73

Movie Names	Ratings
Three Colors: Red (1994)	5.0
Godfather: Part II, The (1974)	5.0
2001: A Space Odyssey (1968)	5.0

Table 2: Bottom 3 movies for user 73

Movie Names	Ratings
Saint, The (1997)	2.0
Home Alone 3 (1997)	1.0
Home Alone (1990)	1.0

Table 3: Top 3 movies for user 301

Movie Names	Ratings
It's a Wonderful Life (1946)	5.0
Empire Strikes Back, The (1980)	5.0
Star Wars (1977)	5.0

Table 4: Bottom 3 movies for user 301

Movie Names	Ratings
Ready to Wear (Pret-A-Porter) (1994)	1.0
Dirty Dancing (1987)	1.0
Natural Born Killers (1994)	1.0

Table 5: Top 3 movies for user 369

Movie Names	Ratings
Dead Poets Society (1989)	5.0
Return of the Jedi (1983)	5.0
Wallace & Gromit: The Best of Aardman Animation (1996)	5.0

Table 6: Bottom 3 movies for user 369

Movie Names	Ratings
Beautician and the Beast, The (1997)	3.0
How to Be a Player (1997)	2.0
Booty Call (1997)	2.0

Discussion

I created a function called closetToMeAgeGendOccu(), in line 9. This function takes two parameters of the location of u.item and u.data path. u.user was not going through as a parameter so i parsed it directly. From lines 11-27 I read in the datas from each file and store it into dictionary varaibles. In Line 29-41, I found users that were just as similar to me in age gender and occupation. I limited this search to find only just 3 similar users to me on line 35. These users where stored in a list variable called similarUser. line 31 is the variable declaration, while line 40 appends new users to the list in the created variable

Lines 44 to 65, process the outcomes for top 3 movies and bottom 3 movies for each users that I found. Using a for loop to retrieve each user, parse this result to ensure that the said user is in prefs dictionary. If present, retrieve the row of the dictionary of that particular user. Using a pandas dataFrame in Line 51, parse a list of the row item, so that we can easily sort the data based on values in Rating column in descending order. Retrieve the first three data using pandas function .head(3) and the last three data using .tail(3). Save each result as a pandas dataFrame and convert the result to a saved csv file in Q1.

My best substitute user is 301, the movies he hates I hate and the movies he enjoys I find them interesting too

Q2

Which 5 users are most correlated to the substitute you? Which 5 users are least correlated (i.e., negative correlation)?

Answer

```
1 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
2 """
3 Created on Thu Apr 8 00:46:12 2021
5 @author: aadeniran
6 """
7 from math import sqrt
9 def sim_pearson(prefs, p1, p2):
      n n n
10
11
      Returns the Pearson correlation coefficient for p1 and p2.
       n n n
12
13
14 # Get the list of mutually rated items
      si = \{\}
15
      for item in prefs[p1]:
16
17
          if item in prefs[p2]:
               si[item] = 1
18
19
20 # If they are no ratings in common, return 0
    if len(si) == 0:
21
22
          return 0
23
24 # Sum calculations
25
  n = len(si)
26
27 # Sums of all the preferences
28
      sum1 = sum([prefs[p1][it] for it in si])
29
      sum2 = sum([prefs[p2][it] for it in si])
30
31 # Sums of the squares
      sum1Sq = sum([pow(prefs[p1][it], 2) for it in si])
32
      sum2Sq = sum([pow(prefs[p2][it], 2) for it in si])
33
34
35 # Sum of the products
36
      pSum = sum([prefs[p1][it] * prefs[p2][it] for it in si])
37
38 # Calculate r (Pearson score)
```

```
39
      num = pSum - sum1 * sum2 / n
      den = sqrt((sum1Sq - pow(sum1, 2) / n) * (sum2Sq - pow(sum2, 2) / n
40
41
      ) )
42
      if den == 0:
          return 0
43
44
      r = num / den
45
      return r
46
47 def getRecommendations (prefs, person, similarity=sim_pearson):
48
       Gets recommendations for a person by using a weighted average
49
       of every other users rankings
50
51
52
      totals = {}
      simSums = {}
53
      for other in prefs:
54
55
           # Dont compare me to myself
          if other == person:
56
57
               continue
           sim = similarity(prefs, person, other)
58
           # Ignore scores of zero or lower
59
60
          if sim <= 0:
               continue
61
          for item in prefs[other]:
62
               # Only score movies I havent seen yet
63
               if item not in prefs[person] or prefs[person][item] == 0:
64
65
                   # Similarity * Score
                   totals.setdefault(item, 0)
66
                   # The final score is calculated by multiplying each
67
     item by the
                   # similarity and adding these products together
68
69
                   totals[item] += prefs[other][item] * sim
70
                   # Sum of similarities
                   simSums.setdefault(item, 0)
71
72
                   simSums[item] += sim
                   # Create the normalized list
73
          rankings = [(total / simSums[item], item) for (item, total) in
74
75
                               totals.items()]
           # Return the sorted list
76
77
          rankings.sort()
          rankings.reverse()
78
          return rankings
79
80
81 def topMatches(prefs,person,n=5,similarity=sim_pearson,):
       ,,,
82
83 Returns the best matches for person from the prefs dictionary.
```

```
Number of results and similarity function are optional params.
      bottomMatches
        111
 85
 86
       scores = [(similarity(prefs, person, other), other) for other in
 87
      prefs
 88
                  if other != person]
 89
       scores.sort()
 90
       scores.reverse()
 91
       return scores[0:n]
 92
 93 def bottomMatches(prefs, person, n=5, similarity=sim_pearson,):
 94
 95
       Returns the lowest matches for person from the prefs dictionary.
       Number of results and similarity function are optional params.
 96
        n n n
 97
       scores = [(similarity(prefs, person, other), other) for other in
 98
      prefs
99
                  if other != person]
100
       scores.sort()
101
       scores.reverse()
102
       return scores[len(scores)-n: len(scores)]
103
104 def transformPrefs(prefs):
       111
105
       Transform the recommendations into a mapping where persons are
106
       described
       with interest scores for a given title e.g. {title: person} instead
107
108
        {person: title}.
        ///
109
110
111
       result = {}
       for person in prefs:
112
113
            for item in prefs[person]:
                result.setdefault(item, {})
114
                # Flip item and person
115
                result[item][person] = prefs[person][item]
116
117
       return result
118
119 def loadMovieLens():
       # Get movie titles
120
121
       movies = {}
       for line in open("movie/u.item"):
122
            (id, title) = line.split("|")[0:2]
123
           movies[id] = title
124
       # Load data
125
```

```
126
       \#prefs = \{\}
       for line in open("movie/u.data"):
127
           (user, movieid, rating, ts) = line.split("\t")
128
129
           prefs.setdefault(user, {})
           prefs[user][movies[movieid]] = float(rating)
130
       #Load in users
131
       \#users = []
132
       for line in open("movie/u.user"):
133
134
            (user, age, gender, occupation, zipcode) = line.split("|")
135
           dictA = {"user": user, "age":age, "gender": gender, "occupation
       " :occupation }
136
       users.append(dictA)
137
138
139 prefs = { }
140 users =[]
141 loadMovieLens()
142
143 top5 = topMatches(prefs, "301", n = 5, similarity = sim_pearson)
144 bottom5 = bottomMatches(prefs, "928", n = 5, similarity = sim_pearson)
145 """
146 Question 2
147 (1.0000000000000029, '801')
148 (1.0, '845')
149 (1.0, '140')
150 (1.0, '111')
152
153
154 (-1.000000000000004, '760')
155 (-1.000000000000004, '547')
156 (-1.000000000000004, '432')
157 (-1.000000000000004, '317')
158 (-1.000000000000004, '112')
159 """
160
161 print ("5 users that most correlate with my substitute me ")
162 print (*top5, sep='\n')
163 print("\n\n")
164 print("5 users that least correlate with my substitute me ")
165 print (*bottom5, sep='\n')
166
167 """
168 Question 3
169 (5.0, 'Unforgettable (1996)')
170 (5.0, 'Net, The (1995)')
171 (5.0, 'Murder in the First (1995)')
```

```
172 (5.0, 'Murder at 1600 (1997)')
173 (5.0, 'Just Cause (1995)')
174
175
176 (2.0, 'Diabolique (1996)')
177 (2.0, 'Devil in a Blue Dress (1995)')
178 (2.0, 'Breakdown (1997)')
179 (1.0, 'Thinner (1996)')
180 (1.0, 'Albino Alligator (1996)')
181 """
182 recommend = getRecommendations(prefs, "301")
183 print("\nTop 5 movies recommendations for substitute me: ")
184 print (*recommend[0:5], sep="\n")
185 print ("\nBottom 5 movies recommendations for substitute me:")
186 print (*recommend[len(recommend) - 5: len(recommend)], sep="\n")
187
188
189 """
190 Question 4
191
192 [(1.00000000000004, 'Young Guns II (1990)'), (1.00000000000004, '
      Reality Bites (1994)'), (1.0000000000001, 'Ran (1985)'),
       (1.00000000000001, 'Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid (1969)'),
       (1.0000000000000000, 'Chinatown (1974)')]
193
194
195
196 [(-1.0, 'Big Night (1996)'), (-1.0, 'Barbarella (1968)'), (-1.0, '
      Another Stakeout (1993)'), (-1.00000000000007, "Fathers' Day
       (1997)"), (-1.000000000000000, "Devil's Own, The (1997)")]
197
198 """
199 print ("\n\n")
200 movies = transformPrefs(prefs)
201 mybestmovie = "Vampire in Brooklyn (1995)"
202 topFive = topMatches (movies, mybestmovie)
203
204 print ("My best 5 recommended movies")
205 print (topFive)
206
207 print ("My worst 5 recommended movies")
208 worstFive = bottomMatches (movies, mybestmovie)
209 print ("\n")
210 print (worstFive)
```

Listing 2: question2.py

```
most correlate with my substitute me
5 users that
(1.00000000000000029, '801')
      '845')
      '140')
(1.0.
      '111')
(1.0,
(0.99999999999992, '565')
5 users that least correlate with my substitute me
                       '760')
(-1.00000000000000004,
(-1.00000000000000004,
                       '432')
(-1.00000000000000004,
(-1.00000000000000004,
                       '317')
                       '112')
(-1.00000000000000004,
```

Figure 1: The resulting out put for Question 2

Discussion

For the bottom 5 users that were most correlated to my substitute me were, 760,547,432,317,and 112. Their correlative score was the same, -1.0000000000004.

For the driver lines 139 to 165 generated the resulting output. First I loaded the u.items, u.data and u.user in this function and stored them in a dictionary, dictionary and list variables respectively. I called the topMatches function which I parsed in my substitute me user id in.

Q3

Compute ratings for all the films that the substitute you has not seen.

Provide a list of the top 5 recommendations for films that the substitute you should see.

Provide a list of the bottom 5 recommendations (i.e., films the substitute you is almost certain to hate).

Answer

Reference question2.py in Listing 2

```
Top 5 movies recommendations for substitute me:
(5.0, 'Unforgettable (1996)')
(5.0, 'Net, The (1995)')
(5.0, 'Murder in the First (1995)')
(5.0, 'Murder at 1600 (1997)')
(5.0, 'Just Cause (1995)')

Bottom 5 movies recommendations for substitute me:
(2.0, 'Diabolique (1996)')
(2.0, 'Devil in a Blue Dress (1995)')
(2.0, 'Breakdown (1997)')
(1.0, 'Thinner (1996)')
(1.0, 'Albino Alligator (1996)')
```

Figure 2: The resulting output for Question 3

Discussion

In line 182 to 186, function getRecommendations(prefs,"301") was to get my substiture user recommended list, I Used *recommend[0:5] to get first 5 recommendation. This code was gotten from https://github.com/arthur-e/Programming-Collective-Intelligence/blob/master/chapter2/recommendations.py

Top 5 movies recommendations for substitute me, Unforgettable (1996), Net The (1995), Murder in the First (1995), Murder at 1600 (1997), Just Cause (1995)

Bottom 5 movies recommendations for substitute me,in line 186 *recommend[len(recommend)-5: len(recommend)] used it to extract the bottom 5 movie recommendations for substitute me Diabolique (1996), Devil in a Blue Dress (1995), Breakdown (1997), Thinner (1996), Albino Alligator (1996)

Q4

Choose your (the real you, not the substitute you) favorite and least favorite film from the data. For each film, generate a list of the top 5 most correlated and bottom 5 least correlated films. Based on your knowledge of the resulting films, do you agree with the results? In other words, do you personally like/dislike the resulting films?

Answer

Reference question2.py in Listing 2

```
My best 5 recommended movies
[(1.0000000000000004, 'Young Guns II (1990)'),
(1.0000000000000004, 'Reality Bites (1994)'),
(1.0000000000000001, 'Ran (1985)'),
(1.0000000000000001, 'Butch Cassidy and the Sundance
Kid (1969)'), (1.000000000000000, 'Chinatown
(1974)')]

My worst 5 recommended movies
[(-1.0, 'Big Night (1996)'), (-1.0, 'Barbarella
(1968)'), (-1.0, 'Another Stakeout (1993)'),
(-1.00000000000000000, "Fathers' Day (1997)"),
(-1.00000000000000000, "Devil's Own, The (1997)")]
```

Figure 3: The resulting output for Question 4

Discussion

I first transformed the prefs dictionary to movies. I then selected my best (Vampire in Brooklyn (1995)) movie from the whole list in u.data. The function topMatches and bottomMatch handled the result of the questions 3

Top 5 movies recommend from (Vampire in Brooklyn (1995) Young Guns II (1990) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r-FmfxLy7foIlike the movie, a good old movie to me.

Reality Bites (1994) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xDYGoOUgIVM It seem interesting and I would watch it. Just an average movie for me.

 $Ran~(1985)~https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YwP_kXyd-Rw~I~love~this~one~also,~war~action~my~favorite.$

Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid (1969) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YdJW2UxvSFQ I do love cow boys like movies

Chinatown (1974) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=20FfiP7g4tU Quite boring but I would enjoy the detective part to movie

Worst 5 movies recommended from (Vampire in Brooklyn (1995)

Big Night (1996) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Yd8gK6EgpLM looks boring to me because its a chef movie

Barbarella (1968) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M-fJg08wBKwAcomplete no to me because its too old and i dont find it interesting at all

Another Stakeout (1993) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gpm41GyOVYcIlike this one, action, detective kind of movies

Fathers' Day(1997) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xsQfKt08X1k This kind of movies does not capture my interest at all. Too boring.

Devil's Own, The (1997)Devil\OT1\textquoterightsOwn, The (1997) What I cant believe this is a least favourite movie. I completely love the action in this movie just the first second of seeing it. As usual war movies gets me all the time.]

References

- https://github.com/arthur-e/Programming-Collective-Intelligence/blob/master/chapter2/recommendations.py
- https://www.example.com/reallyreallyreally-extra-long-URI/