Practical No. 04

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TE-B 69

Aim: Write at least10 SQL queries for suitable database application using SQL DML statements, Join, Sub-Query and View.

mysql> create database c4;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> use c4;

Database changed

mysql> create table branch(branch_name varchar(20) primary key,branch_city varchar(20),assets int);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> create table customer(customer_name varchar(20) primary key,customer_street varchar(20), customer_city varchar(20));

mysql> create table account(account_number int primary key, branch_name varchar(20), amount int,foreign key (branch_name) references branch(branch_name));

mysql> create table loan(loan_number int primary key,branch_name varchar(20), amount int,foreign key (branch_name) references branch(branch_name));

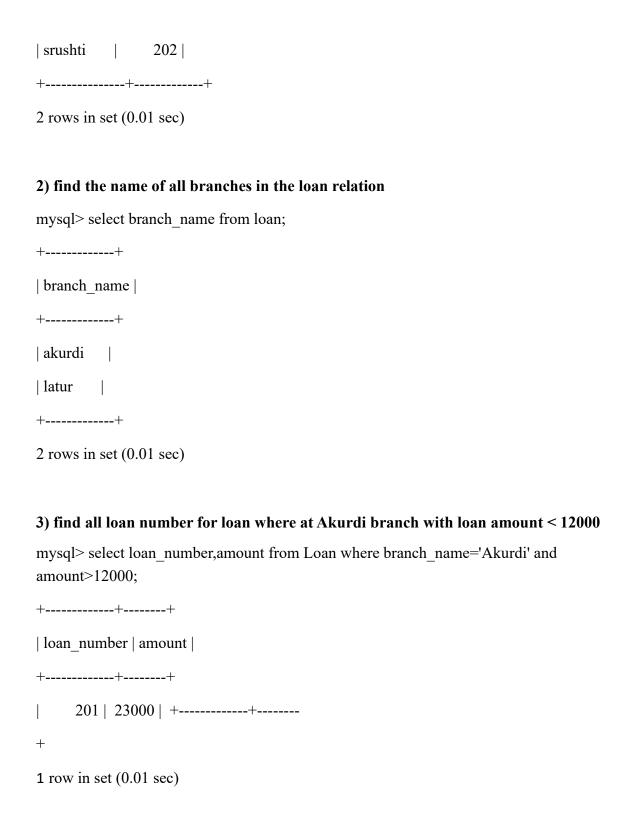
mysql> create table depositor (customer_name varchar(20),account_number int,primary key(customer_name, account_number),foreign key (customer_name) references customer(customer_name),foreign key (account_number) references account(account_number)); mysql> create table borrower(customer_name varchar(20),loan_number int,foreign key

```
(customer name) references customer (customer name), foreign key (loan number) references
loan(loan number));
mysql> insert into branch
values("akurdi", "pune", 12000), ("loni", "pune", 67000), ("wagholi", "pune", 5699), ("latur", "latur", 4
5888);
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from branch;
+----+
| branch name | branch city | assets |
+----+
| akurdi | pune | 12000 |
| latur | latur | 45888 |
       | pune | 67000 |
loni
| wagholi | pune | 5699 |
+----+
4 rows in set (0.01 \text{ sec})
mysql> insert into customer
values("Karan", "balajinagar", "Lonavala"), ("ishwari", "shivajinagar", "satara"), ("Pranjali", "lokma
nyatilk ","pune"),("srushti","mg","latur");
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from customer;
+----+
| customer name | customer street | customer city |
+----+
ishwari | shivajinagar | satara
| Pranjali | lokmanyatilk | pune
Karan
      | balajinagar | Lonavala
                  latur
srushti
       mg
+----+
4 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> insert into account
values(101,"akurdi",12000),(102,"latur",200000),(103,"loni",40000),(104,"wagholi",23000);
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from account;
+----+
| account number | branch name | amount |
+----+
     101 | akurdi | 12000 |
     102 | latur | 200000 |
     103 | Ioni | 40000 |
      104 | wagholi | 23000 |
```

```
+----+
4 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> insert into loan values(201,"akurdi",23000),(202,"latur",56000);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from loan;
+----+
| loan number | branch name | amount |
+----+
    201 | akurdi | 23000 |
    202 | latur | 56000 |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> insert into depositor values("ishwari",101),("Pranjali",102);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from depositor;
+----+
| customer name | account number |
+----+
| ishwari | 101 |
```

```
| Pranjali
               102 |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> insert into borrower values("Karan",201),("srushti",202);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from borrower;
+----+
| customer name | loan number |
+----+
Karan
       201
2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
 1)Creating View on borrower table.
mysql> create view viewb as select customer name, loan number from borrower;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> select * from viewb;
+----+
| customer name | loan number |
+----+
| Karan | 201 |
```



4) Find all the customer who have a loan from bank & find there names, loan number, loan amount

mysql> select borrower.customer_name, loan.loan_number,loan.amount from borrower inner join loan on borrower.loan_number = loan.loan_number;

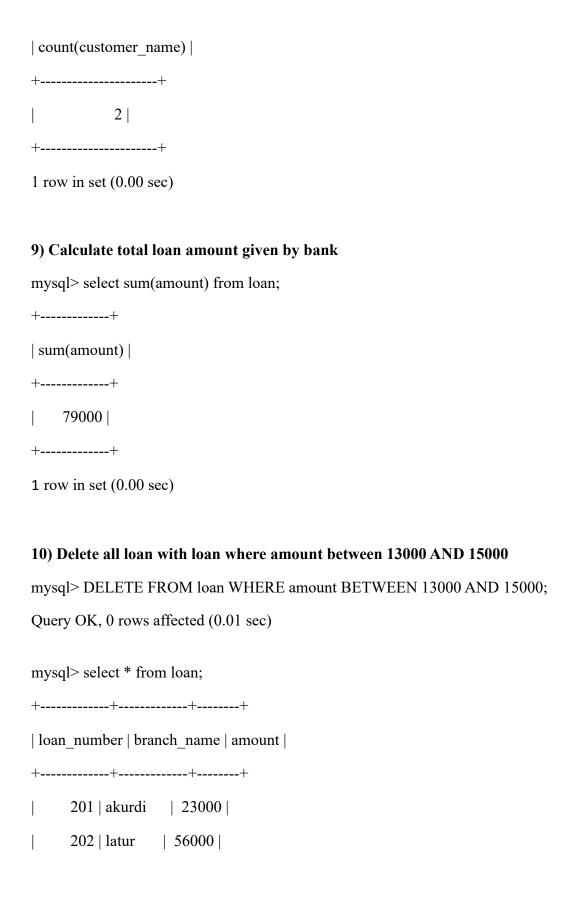
+-----+
| customer_name | loan_number | amount |
+-----+
| Karan | 201 | 23000 |
| srushti | 202 | 56000 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

5) Display the customer those who have loan account.

6) List all customer in alphabetical order who have loan from Akurdi branch

mysql> select customer_name from borrower b join loan l on l.loan number=b.loan number order by customer name;

```
+----+
customer_name
+----+
renuka
srushti
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
7) Find the average account balance at each branch
mysql> select branch_name ,avg(amount) from account group by
branch_name;
+----+
| branch name | avg(amount) |
+----+
| akurdi | 12000.0000 |
| latur | 200000.0000 |
| loni | 40000.0000 |
| wagholi | 23000.0000 |
+----+
4 rows in set (0.02 \text{ sec})
8) Find no of depositors at each branch
mysql> select count(customer name) from
depositor;
+----+
```



Practical No. 2

```
create Database Assignment;
use Assignment;
create table Departments( dept id INT PRIMARY KEY, dept name VARCHAR(10) );
create table Professors(
prof id INT PRIMARY KEY, prof fname VARCHAR(100), prof lname VARCHAR(100),
designation VARCHAR(100), salary INT, doj DATE, email VARCHAR(255), phone INT, city
VARCHAR(100));
alter table Professors add dept id INT;
alter table Professors add foreign key(dept id) references Departments(dept id) on delete cascade;
create table Shift( prof id INT, shift VARCHAR(100), working hours INT );
alter table Shift add foreign key(prof id) references Professors(prof id) on delete cascade;
create table works (dept id INT, prof id INT, duration YEAR, foreign key (dept id) references
Departments on delete cascade, foreign key (prof id) references Professors on delete cascade);
insert into Departments(dept_id,dept_name)
values (1, 'FE'), (2,'CE'), (3,'IT'), (4,'ENTC');
insert into Professors(prof id,prof fname,prof lname,designation,salary,doj,email,phone,city,dept id)
values (1,'Shivaji','Mundhe','Ast. Prof.',40000,'2009-07-01','svmundhe@pict.edu','24371101','Pune',1),
        (2,'Nikhil','Sangade','Ast. Prof.',30000,'2019-03-
21', 'nvsangade@pict.edu', '9762172013', 'Pune', 1),
        (3, 'Kartik', 'Nandi', 'Prof.', 50000, '1990-07-01', 'kenandi@pict.edu', '24371101', 'Pune', 1),
        (4,'Urmila','Pawar','Ast. Prof.',40000,'2016-01-
01','uspawar@pict.edu','7083664201','Mumbai',2),
        (5,'Bhumesh','Masram','Ast. Prof.',30000,'2017-07-
15', 'bsmasram@pict.edu', '24371101', 'Mumbai', 2),
        (6,'Archana','Ghotkar','Asc. Prof.',50000,'2000-03-
01','aaghotkar@pict.edu','24371101','Pune',2),
        (7,'Girish','Mundada','Prof.',50000,'1900-09-01','gsmundada@pict.edu','24371101','Nashik',4),
        (8,'Chetan','Pawar','Ast. Prof.',15000,'2018-02-
01','ccpawar@pict.edu','9028648563','Jalgaon',4),
```

```
(9,'Shweta','Dharmadhikari','Asc. Prof.',40000,'1995-12-
31','scdharmadhikari@pict.edu','24371101','Pune',3),
        (10, 'Emmanuel', 'M', 'Prof.', 50000, '2000-08-
01','emmanuelm@pict.edu','24371101','Mumbai',3),
        (11,'Mayuresh','Chavan','Ast. Prof',25000,'2015-01-
01', 'mschavan@pict.edu', '24567479', 'Sangli', 2);
insert into Shift(shift,working hours,prof id)
values('morning', 8, 1),
        ('morning', 8, 2),
        ('afternoon', 10, 3),
        ('morning', 8, 4),
        ('afternoon', 10,5),
        ('morning', 8, 6),
        ('morning', 8, 7),
        ('morning', 8, 8),
        ('afternoon', 10,9),
        ('morning', 8, 10);
insert into works(dept id,prof id,duration)
values (1,1,9),
        (1,2,4),
        (1,3,27),
        (2,4,7),
        (2,5,3),
        (2,6,20),
        (4,7,29),
        (4,8,3),
        (3,9,16),
        (3,10,21);
```

select * from Professors where ((city='Pune' or city='Mumbai') and (prof fname like 'A%' or prof fname like 'D%')); /*mysql> select * from Professors where ((city='Pune' or city='Mumbai') and (prof fname like 'A%' or prof fname like 'D%')); | prof id | prof fname | prof lname | designation | salary | doj | email dept id | 6 | Archana | Ghotkar | Asc. Prof. | 50000 | 2000-03-01 | aaghotkar@pict.edu | 24371101 | Pune | 1 row in set (0.00 sec)*/ /*3. list the number of different cities of professors.(use of distinct*/ select count(distinct city) from Professors; /* mysql> select count(distinct city) from Professors; +----+ | count(distinct city) | +----+ 5 | +----+ 1 row in set (0.00 sec)*/ /*4. Give 5% increase in salary of the professors with date of joining 1-1-2015.*/ update Professors set salary=salary * 1.05 where date(doj) = '2015-01-01'; /*mysql> select * from Professors;

/*2. Display all professors details with city pune and mumbai and professor first name starting with 'a'

or 'd'.*/

```
+----+
| prof id | prof fname | prof lname | designation | salary | doj | email
                                                                         phone
city | dept id |
+----+
    1 | Shivaji | Mundhe
                          | Ast. Prof. | 40000 | 2009-07-01 | symundhe@pict.edu
24371101 | Pune |
                          | Ast. Prof. | 30000 | 2019-03-21 | nvsangade@pict.edu
    2 | Nikhil | Sangade
9762172013 | Pune | 1 |
    3 | Kartik | Nandi
                         | Prof. | 50000 | 1990-07-01 | kcnandi@pict.edu
                                                                         | 24371101 |
Pune | 1 |
    4 | Urmila | Pawar
                         | Ast. Prof. | 40000 | 2016-01-01 | uspawar@pict.edu
                        2 |
7083664201 | Mumbai |
    5 | Bhumesh | Masram
                            | Ast. Prof. | 30000 | 2017-07-15 | bsmasram@pict.edu
24371101 | Mumbai |
   6 | Archana | Ghotkar
                           | Asc. Prof. | 50000 | 2000-03-01 | aaghotkar@pict.edu
24371101 | Pune |
                     2 |
    7 | Girish | Mundada
                           | Prof. | 50000 | 1900-09-01 | gsmundada@pict.edu
24371101 | Nashik |
    8 | Chetan | Pawar
                         | Ast. Prof. | 15000 | 2018-02-01 | ccpawar@pict.edu
9028648563 | Jalgaon |
                      4 |
    9 | Shweta | Dharmadhikari | Asc. Prof. | 40000 | 1995-12-31 | scdharmadhikari@pict.edu |
24371101 | Pune | 3 |
                                    | 50000 | 2000-08-01 | emmanuelm@pict.edu
   10 | Emmanuel | M
                           Prof.
24371101 | Mumbai |
                       3 |
                            | Ast. Prof | 26250 | 2015-01-01 | mschavan@pict.edu
   11 | Mayuresh | Chavan
24567479 | Sangli |
+----+
11 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
*/
/*6. Find the names of professors belonging to pune or mumbai*/
select prof fname from Professors where (city='Pune' or city='Mumbai');
/*
mysql> select prof fname from Professors where (city='Pune' or city='Mumbai');
+----+
| prof fname |
```

```
| Shivaji |
Nikhil
Kartik
| Urmila
| Bhumesh |
| Archana |
Shweta
| Emmanuel |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
*/
/*6. Find the names of professors belonging to pune or mumbai*/
select * from Professors where date(doj) = '2015-01-01' or date(doj) = '2016-01-01';
/*
mysql> select * from Professors where date(doj) = '2015-01-01' or date(doj) = '2016-01-01';
| prof id | prof fname | prof lname | designation | salary | doj | email
                                                         phone
dept id |
4 | Urmila | Pawar | Ast. Prof. | 40000 | 2016-01-01 | uspawar@pict.edu | 7083664201 |
Mumbai |
          2 |
   11 | Mayuresh | Chavan | Ast. Prof | 26250 | 2015-01-01 | mschavan@pict.edu | 24567479 |
Sangli |
2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
*/
/*7. Find the professors who joined on date 1-1-2015 as well as in 1-1-2016*/
select * from Professors where salary = (select max(salary) from Professors);
```

```
/*
mysql> select * from Professors where salary = (select max(salary) from Professors);
| prof id | prof fname | prof lname | designation | salary | doj | email
                                                         | phone | city |
dept id |
3 | Kartik | Nandi | Prof. | 50000 | 1990-07-01 | kenandi@piet.edu | 24371101 | Pune |
1 |
   6 | Archana | Ghotkar | Asc. Prof. | 50000 | 2000-03-01 | aaghotkar@pict.edu | 24371101 |
Pune |
                            | 50000 | 1900-09-01 | gsmundada@pict.edu | 24371101 |
   7 | Girish
           | Mundada | Prof.
Nashik |
   10 | Emmanuel | M
                     | Prof.
                             | 50000 | 2000-08-01 | emmanuelm@pict.edu | 24371101 |
Mumbai | 3 |
4 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
*/
/*8. Find the professor having maximum salary and names of professors having salary between
10,000 and 20,000.*/
select prof fname, prof lname from Professors where salary between 10000 and 20000;
/*
mysql> select prof fname, prof lname from Professors where salary between 10000 and 20000;
+----+
| prof fname | prof lname |
+----+
| Chetan | Pawar |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
*/
```

/*9. Display all professors name with salary and date of joining with decreasing order of salary.*/

```
select prof fname,prof lname,salary,doj from Professors order by salary DESC;
/*
mysql> select prof fname,prof lname,salary,doj from Professors order by salary DESC;
+----+
| prof fname | prof lname | salary | doj
+-----+
| Kartik
       Nandi
                  | 50000 | 1990-07-01 |
| Archana | Ghotkar
                    | 50000 | 2000-03-01 |
Girish
        | Mundada
                    | 50000 | 1900-09-01 |
| Emmanuel | M
                    | 50000 | 2000-08-01 |
| Shivaji | Mundhe
                    | 40000 | 2009-07-01 |
| Urmila
        Pawar
                   | 40000 | 2016-01-01 |
Shweta
        | Dharmadhikari | 40000 | 1995-12-31 |
                   | 30000 | 2019-03-21 |
Nikhil
       Sangade
| Bhumesh | Masram
                     | 30000 | 2017-07-15 |
| Mayuresh | Chavan
                     | 26250 | 2015-01-01 |
        Pawar
                   | 15000 | 2018-02-01 |
Chetan
+-----+
11 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
*/
/*10. Display professors name, date of joining and dept id with salary 30000, 40000 and 50000*/
create view salary 30k as select p.prof fname,p.prof lname,p.doj,p.dept id from Professors as p
where salary = 30000;
mysql> select * from salary 30k;
+----+
| prof fname | prof lname | doj
                           | dept id |
+----+
```

| Nikhil | Sangade | 2019-03-21 | 1 |

| Bhumesh | Masram | 2017-07-15 | 2 | +-----+

Practical No. 3

mysql> use Assignment;
mysql> show tables;
++
Tables in Assignment1
++
Departments
Professors
Shift
salary 30k
salary 40k
salary 50k
sequences example
works
++
mysql> select * from Professors;
+++++
++
prof_id prof_fname prof_lname designation salary doj email phone city dept_id
++++
++
1 Shivaji Mundhe Ast. Prof. 40000 2009-07-01 svmundhe@pict.edu 24371101 Pune 1
2 Nikhil Sangade Ast. Prof. 30000 2019-03-21 nvsangade@pict.edu 9762172013 Pune 1
3 Kartik Nandi Prof. 50000 1990-07-01 kenandi@piet.edu 24371101 Pune 1
4 Urmila Pawar Ast. Prof. 40000 2016-01-01 uspawar@pict.edu 7083664201 Mumbai 2
5 Bhumesh Masram Ast. Prof. 30000 2017-07-15 bsmasram@pict.edu 24371101 Mumbai 2
6 Archana Ghotkar Asc. Prof. 50000 2000-03-01 aaghotkar@pict.edu 24371101 Pune 2
7 Girish Mundada Prof. 50000 1900-09-01 gsmundada@pict.edu 24371101 Nashik 4

```
8 | Chetan | Pawar
                    | Ast. Prof. | 15000 | 2018-02-01 | ccpawar@pict.edu
9028648563 | Jalgaon |
                    4 |
   9 | Shweta | Dharmadhikari | Asc. Prof. | 40000 | 1995-12-31 | scdharmadhikari@pict.edu |
24371101 | Pune |
                                | 50000 | 2000-08-01 | emmanuelm@pict.edu
   10 | Emmanuel | M
                        | Prof.
24371101 | Mumbai |
                    3 |
                         | Ast. Prof | 26250 | 2015-01-01 | mschavan@pict.edu
   11 | Mayuresh | Chavan
24567479 | Sangli |
+----+
mysql> select * from Departments;
+----+
| dept id | dept name |
+----+
   1 | FE
   2 | CE
   3 | IT
   4 | ENTC
   5 | ME
+----+
mysql> select * from Shift;
+----+
| working hours | prof id | shift |
+----+
      8 |
           1 | morning |
           2 | morning |
      8 |
           3 | afternoon |
      10 |
      8 |
           4 | morning |
           5 | afternoon |
      10 |
           6 | morning |
      8 |
           7 | morning |
      8 |
           8 | morning |
      8 |
      10 |
           9 | afternoon |
```

```
8 |
            10 | morning |
      10 |
            11 | afternoon |
         ----+------+
mysql> select * from works;
+----+
| dept id | prof id | duration |
    1 |
         1 |
               9 |
    1 |
         2 |
               4 |
    1 |
              27 |
         3 |
    2 |
         4 |
               7 |
    2 |
         5 |
               3 |
    2 |
         6
              20 |
    4 |
         7 |
              29 |
    4 |
         8 |
               3 |
    3 |
         9 |
               16 |
    3 |
         10 |
               21 |
    2 |
               6 |
         11 |
  ----+
#Queries:
/*1.Find the professor details and department details using NATURAL JOIN*/
mysql> select prof id,prof fname,prof lname,dept id,dept name from Professors natural join
Departments;
+-----+
| prof id | prof fname | prof lname | dept id | dept name |
+----+
    1 | Shivaji | Mundhe
                             1 | FE
    2 | Nikhil
              Sangade
                             1 | FE
    3 | Kartik
             | Nandi
                            1 | FE
    4 | Urmila
              | Pawar
                             2 | CE
```

2 | CE

5 | Bhumesh | Masram

```
6 | Archana | Ghotkar
                              2 | CE
   11 | Mayuresh | Chavan
                               2 | CE
   9 | Shweta
              | Dharmadhikari |
                                3 | IT
   10 | Emmanuel | M
                              3 | IT
    7 | Girish
            | Mundada
                              4 | ENTC
    8 | Chetan
             | Pawar
                             4 | ENTC
/*2.Find the prof id, prof name and shift*/
select p.prof id,p.prof fname,p.prof lname,s.shift from Professors as p inner join Shift as s on
s.prof id = p.prof id order by p.prof id;
+----+
| prof id | prof fname | prof lname | shift
+----+
    1 | Shivaji | Mundhe
                         | morning |
    2 | Nikhil
              Sangade
                         | morning |
    3 | Kartik
              Nandi
                        afternoon
    4 | Urmila
              Pawar
                         | morning |
    5 | Bhumesh | Masram
                           afternoon |
    6 | Archana
              Ghotkar
                          | morning |
    7 | Girish
              | Mundada
                          | morning |
    8 | Chetan
              Pawar
                         | morning |
    9 | Shweta
              | Dharmadhikari | afternoon |
   10 | Emmanuel | M
                          | morning |
   11 | Mayuresh | Chavan
                           | afternoon |
   .----+
/*3.List all the department details and the corresponding names of professors in the same
department.*/
select d.dept id,d.dept name,p.prof fname,p.prof lname from Departments as d left join Professors
as p on p.dept id = d.dept id;
+----+
| dept_id | dept_name | prof_fname | prof_lname
+----+
```

```
1 | FE
            | Nikhil
                    Sangade
   1 | FE
            | Kartik
                    Nandi
   2 | CE
            | Urmila
                     Pawar
   2 | CE
            | Bhumesh | Masram
   2 | CE
            | Archana | Ghotkar
   2 | CE
            | Mayuresh | Chavan
   3 | IT
                    | Dharmadhikari |
            Shweta
   3 | IT
            | Emmanuel | M
              | Girish
   4 | ENTC
                      | Mundada
   4 | ENTC
                       Pawar
              Chetan
   5 | ME
             NULL
                      NULL
+----+
/*4.List all the professors and the corresponding names of department*/
select * from Professors as p inner join Departments as d on p.dept id = d.dept id;
+----+
| prof id | prof fname | prof lname | designation | salary | doj
                                                     email
                                                                     | phone
city | dept id | dept id | dept name |
+----+
                         | Ast. Prof. | 40000 | 2009-07-01 | symundhe@pict.edu
   1 | Shivaji | Mundhe
24371101 | Pune |
                         1 | FE
                  1 |
   2 | Nikhil | Sangade
                        | Ast. Prof. | 30000 | 2019-03-21 | nvsangade@pict.edu
9762172013 | Pune | 1 |
                          1 | FE
   3 | Kartik | Nandi
                       | Prof.
                                | 50000 | 1990-07-01 | kcnandi@pict.edu
                                                                     | 24371101 |
Pune | 1 |
               1 | FE
   4 | Urmila | Pawar
                       | Ast. Prof. | 40000 | 2016-01-01 | uspawar@pict.edu
7083664201 | Mumbai |
                      2 |
                            2 | CE
                          | Ast. Prof. | 30000 | 2017-07-15 | bsmasram@pict.edu
   5 | Bhumesh | Masram
24371101 | Mumbai |
                     2 |
                           2 | CE
   6 | Archana | Ghotkar
                         | Asc. Prof. | 50000 | 2000-03-01 | aaghotkar@pict.edu
24371101 | Pune |
                    2 |
                         2 | CE
                         | Ast. Prof | 26250 | 2015-01-01 | mschavan@pict.edu
   11 | Mayuresh | Chavan
24567479 | Sangli |
                    2 |
                         2 | CE
   9 | Shweta | Dharmadhikari | Asc. Prof. | 40000 | 1995-12-31 | scdharmadhikari@pict.edu |
24371101 | Pune |
                    3 |
                         3 | IT
```

1 | FE

| Shivaji | Mundhe

```
10 | Emmanuel | M
                      | Prof.
                               | 50000 | 2000-08-01 | emmanuelm@pict.edu
24371101 | Mumbai |
                     3 |
                          3 | IT
                                | 50000 | 1900-09-01 | gsmundada@pict.edu
   7 | Girish | Mundada
                        | Prof.
24371101 | Nashik |
                   4 |
                         4 | ENTC
   8 | Chetan | Pawar | Ast. Prof. | 15000 | 2018-02-01 | ccpawar@pict.edu
9028648563 | Jalgaon |
                    4 |
                         4 | ENTC
/*5.Display professor name, dept name, shift, salary where prof id = 11;*/
select p.prof fname,p.prof lname,d.dept name,s.shift,p.salary from Professors as p inner join
Departments as d on d.dept id = p.dept id inner join Shift as s on s.prof id = p.prof id where
p.prof id=11;
+-----+
| prof fname | prof lname | dept name | shift | salary |
+-----+
| Mayuresh | Chavan | CE | afternoon | 26250 |
+----+
/*6.list the total number of professor in each department.*/
select count(p.prof id),d.dept name from Professors as p right join Departments as d on d.dept id =
p.dept id group by d.dept id;
+----+
| count(p.prof id) | dept name |
+----+
       3 | FE
       4 | CE
        2 | IT
        2 | ENTC
       0 \mid ME
+----+
/*7. List the prof id associated department and the dept name having name 'ce';*/
select p.prof id,p.dept id,d.dept name from Professors as p inner join Departments as d on p.dept id
= d.dept id having d.dept name="CE";
```

+----+

```
| prof id | dept id | dept name |
+----+
    4 |
         2 | CE
    5 |
         2 | CE
   6
         2 | CE
         2 | CE
   11 |
   .----+
/*8. Find the names of all departments where the professors joined in year 2015 (or date of joining is
1-1-2015).*/
select d.dept name,p.prof id,p.prof fname,p.prof lname from Professors as p inner join Departments
as d on p.dept id = d.dept id where p.doj="2015-01-01";
+-----+
| dept_name | prof_id | prof_fname | prof_lname |
+----+
| CE | 11 | Mayuresh | Chavan |
+----+
/*9.Create view showing the professor and shift details*/
create view profShift as select p.prof id,p.prof fname,p.prof lname,s.shift from Professors as p inner
join Shift as s on s.prof id = p.prof id order by p.prof id;
mysql> select * from profShift;
+-----+
| prof id | prof fname | prof lname | shift
+----+
    1 | Shivaji | Mundhe
                         | morning |
    2 | Nikhil
             Sangade
                         | morning |
    3 | Kartik
             Nandi
                        afternoon
   4 | Urmila
              Pawar
                         | morning |
    5 | Bhumesh | Masram
                           afternoon
    6 | Archana | Ghotkar
                          | morning |
    7 | Girish
             | Mundada
                          | morning |
    8 | Chetan
              Pawar
                         | morning |
    9 | Shweta
              | Dharmadhikari | afternoon |
   10 | Emmanuel | M
                          | morning |
```

Code:

```
SET SERVEROUT ON
SET VERIFY OFF
/*
CREATE TABLE borrower(roll no NUMBER, name VARCHAR2(25), dateofissue
DATE, name_of_book VARCHAR2(25), status VARCHAR2(20));
CREATE TABLE fine (roll no NUMBER, date of return DATE, amt NUMBER);
INSERT INTO borrower VALUES(45, 'ASHUTOSH', TO DATE('01-08-2022', 'DD-MM-
YYYY'), 'HARRY POTTER', 'PENDING');
INSERT INTO borrower VALUES(46, 'ARYAN', TO DATE('15-08-2022', 'DD-MM-
YYYY'), 'DARK MATTER', 'PENDING');
INSERT INTO borrower VALUES(47, 'ROHAN', TO DATE('24-08-2022', 'DD-MM-
YYYY'), 'SILENT HILL', 'PENDING');
INSERT INTO borrower VALUES (48, 'SANKET', TO DATE ('26-08-2022', 'DD-MM-
YYYY'), 'GOD OF WAR', 'PENDING');
INSERT INTO borrower VALUES(49, 'SARTHAK', TO_DATE('09-09-2022', 'DD-MM-
YYYY'), 'SPIDER-MAN', 'PENDING');
* /
DECLARE
      i roll no NUMBER;
     name of book VARCHAR2(25);
     no of days NUMBER;
     return date DATE := TO DATE(SYSDATE, 'DD-MM-YYYY');
     temp NUMBER;
     doi DATE;
     fine NUMBER;
BEGIN
     i roll no := &i roll no;
     name of book := '&nameofbook';
      --dbms_output.put_line(return_date);
      SELECT to date(borrower.dateofissue,'DD-MM-YYYY') INTO doi FROM
borrower WHERE borrower.roll no = i roll no AND borrower.name of book =
name of book;
     no of days := return date-doi;
      dbms output.put line(no of days);
      IF (no of days >15 AND no of days <=30) THEN
           fine := 5*no of days;
     ELSIF (no of days>30 ) THEN
           temp := no of days-30;
           fine := 150 + temp*50;
     END IF;
      dbms output.put line(fine);
      INSERT INTO fine VALUES(i roll no, return date, fine);
     UPDATE borrower SET status = 'RETURNED' WHERE borrower.roll no =
i roll no;
END;
/*
           -----INPUT-----INPUT-----
Enter value for i roll no: 46
Enter value for nameofbook: DARK MATTER
```

OUTPUT	

BORROWER:

ROLL_	NO NAME	DATEOFISSUE	NAME_OF_BOOK	STATUS
45	ASHUTOSH	01-08-22	HARRY POTTER	PENDING
46	ARYAN	15-08-22	DARK MATTER	RETURNED
47	ROHAN	24-08-22	SILENT HILL	PENDING
48	SANKET	26-08-22	GOD OF WAR	PENDING
49	SARTHAK	09-09-22.	SPIDER-MAN	PENDING

FINE:

ROLL_NO	DATEOFRE	AMOUNT
46	14-09-22	150

······INPUT

Enter value for i_roll_no: 45

Enter value for nameofbook: HARRY POTTER

-----OUTPUT------

BORROWER:

ROLL_NO.	NAME	DATEOFIS	NAME_OF_BOOK	STATUS
45	ASHUTOSH	01-08-22	HARRY POTTER	RETURNED
46	ARYAN	15-08-22	DARK MATTER	RETURNED
47	ROHAN	24-08-22	SILENT HILL	PENDING
48	SANKET	26-08-22	GOD OF WAR	PENDING
49.	SARTHAK	09-09-22	SPIDER-MAN	PENDING

FINE:

ROLL_NO	DATEOFRE	AMOUNT
46.	14-09-22	150
45	14-09-22	850

TITLE: Named PL/SQL Block: PL/SQL Stored Procedure and Stored Function. Write a Stored Procedure namely proc_Grade for the categorization of student. If marks scored by students in examination is <=1500 and marks>=990 then student will be placed in distinction category if marks scored are between 989 and 900 category is first class, if marks 899 and 825 category is Higher Second Class. Write a PL/SQL block to use procedure created with above requirement. Stud_Marks(name, total_marks) Result(Roll,Name, Class) Note: Instructor will frame the problem statement for writing stored procedure and Function in line with above statement.

```
CREATE DATABASE stud;
USE stud:
CREATE TABLE stud marks (
  roll no INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(20),
  total marks INTEGER
);
CREATE TABLE result (
  roll_no INTEGER,
  class VARCHAR(20),
  CONSTRAINT xyz FOREIGN KEY (roll_no) REFERENCES stud_marks(roll_no)
);
INSERT INTO stud marks (roll no, name, total marks) VALUES
(1, 'Mitali', 920),
(2, 'Divya', 1150),
(3, 'Rushali', 950),
(4, 'Poojs', 840),
(5, 'Rutuja', 1000),
(6, 'Rani', 860);
DELIMITER //
CREATE PROCEDURE proc_Grade(IN roll INTEGER)
BEGIN
  DECLARE m INTEGER;
  DECLARE c VARCHAR(20);
  SELECT total_marks INTO m FROM stud_marks WHERE roll_no = roll;
  IF m >= 990 AND m <= 1500 THEN
    SET c = 'Distinction':
  ELSEIF m \ge 900 AND m \le 989 THEN
    SET c = 'First Class':
  ELSEIF m >= 825 AND m <= 899 THEN
    SET c = 'Higher Second Class';
  END IF;
  INSERT INTO result (roll no, class) VALUES (roll, c);
END //
DELIMITER;
```

```
CALL proc Grade(1);
CALL proc_Grade(2);
CALL proc_Grade(3);
CALL proc_Grade(4);
CALL proc_Grade(5);
CALL proc_Grade(6);
SELECT * FROM result;
DELIMITER //
CREATE FUNCTION disp_grade2(roll_no_INTEGER) RETURNS VARCHAR(20)
  DECLARE m INTEGER;
  DECLARE c VARCHAR(20);
  SELECT total_marks INTO m FROM stud_marks WHERE roll_no = roll_no;
  IF m >= 990 AND m <= 1500 THEN
    SET c = 'Distinction';
  ELSEIF m >= 900 AND m <= 989 THEN
    SET c = 'First Class';
  ELSEIF m >= 825 AND m <= 899 THEN
    SET c = 'Higher Second Class';
  END IF;
  RETURN c;
END //
DELIMITER;
SELECT disp_grade2(1);
SELECT disp_grade2(2);
SELECT disp_grade2(3);
SELECT disp_grade2(4);
SELECT disp_grade2(5);
```

SELECT disp_grade2(6);

OUTPUT:

```
Enter password: ****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 16
Server version: 8.0.39 MySQL Community Server - GPL
Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> CREATE DATABASE stud;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> USE stud;
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE stud_marks (
           roll_no INT PRIMARY KEY,
           name VARCHAR(20).
    ì
           total_marks INT
    Š
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TABLE result (
    ->
           roll_no INT.
           class VARCHAR(20),
    ->
           FOREIGN KEY (roll_no) REFERENCES stud_marks(roll_no)
    ì
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO stud_marks (roll_no, name, total_marks) VALUES
    -> (1, 'Mitali', 920),
-> (2, 'Divya', 1150),
-> (3, 'Rushali', 950),
    -> (4, 'Pooja', 840),
-> (5, 'Rutuja', 1000),
-> (6, 'Rani', 860);
Query OK, 6 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 6 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE proc_Grade(IN roll INT)
    -> BEGIN
    ->
            DECLARE marks INT;
            DECLARE category VARCHAR(20);
    -
    ì
           SELECT total_marks INTO marks FROM stud_marks WHERE roll_no = roll;
    ->
    ì
    Š
            IF marks >= 990 AND marks <= 1500 THEN
    ->
                SET category = 'Distinction';
            ELSEIF marks >= 900 AND marks < 990 THEN
    ì
                SET category = 'First Class';
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL proc_Grade(1);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> CALL proc_Grade(2);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> CALL proc_Grade(3);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> CALL proc_Grade(4);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> CALL proc_Grade(5);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> CALL proc_Grade(6);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM result;
| roll_no | class
        1 | First Class
        2
           Distinction
          | First Class
           Higher Second Class
        ш
            Distinction
        5
        6 | Higher Second Class
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql> CREATE FUNCTION disp_grade(roll INT) RETURNS VARCHAR(20)
    -> BEGIN
           DECLARE marks INT;
    Ŷ
           DECLARE category VARCHAR(20);
    -5
           SELECT total_marks INTO marks FROM stud_marks WHERE roll_no = roll;
    î
    ->
           IF marks >= 990 AND marks <= 1500 THEN
    î
    ì
               SET category = 'Distinction';
           ELSEIF marks >= 900 AND marks < 990 THEN
               SET category = 'First Class';
    -
           ELSEIF marks >= 825 AND marks < 900 THEN
    î
               SET category = 'Higher Second Class';
    'n
    ì
           ELSE
    î
               SET category = 'Not Classified';
    ->
           END IF:
    î
    ->
           RETURN category;
    -> END //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
disp_grade(l) |
First Class
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT disp_grade(2);
| disp_grade(2) |
Distinction
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT disp_grade(3);
| disp_grade(3) |
First Class
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT disp_grade(4);
 disp_grade(4)
| Higher Second Class |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT disp_grade(5);
| disp_grade(5) |
Distinction
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT disp_grade(6);
disp_grade(6)
Higher Second Class
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>|
```

Assignment-6

Code:

```
-- Create the database and use it
CREATE DATABASE assi7;
USE assi7;
-- Create the old_roll and new_roll tables
CREATE TABLE old roll (roll INT, name VARCHAR(10));
CREATE TABLE new_roll (roll INT, name VARCHAR(10));
-- Insert data into the old_roll table
INSERT INTO old_roll VALUES (4, 'D');
INSERT INTO old_roll VALUES (3, 'BCD');
INSERT INTO old roll VALUES (1, 'BC');
INSERT INTO old roll VALUES (5, 'BCH');
-- Insert data into the new_roll table with new names
INSERT INTO new roll VALUES (2, 'Yash');
INSERT INTO new_roll VALUES (5, 'Varad');
                                            -- Duplicate, will be skipped
INSERT INTO new roll VALUES (1, 'Gauri');
                                            -- Duplicate, will be skipped
INSERT INTO new_roll VALUES (6, 'Shravani');
INSERT INTO new_roll VALUES (7, 'Vishwajeet');
-- Display the initial data
SELECT * FROM old_roll;
SELECT * FROM new_roll;
-- Define the procedure to merge data
DELIMITER $$
CREATE PROCEDURE roll_list()
BEGIN
  DECLARE oldrollnumber INT;
  DECLARE oldname VARCHAR(10);
  DECLARE newrollnumber INT;
  DECLARE newname VARCHAR(10);
  DECLARE done INT DEFAULT FALSE;
  -- Declare cursors for old_roll and new_roll
  DECLARE c1 CURSOR FOR SELECT roll, name FROM old roll;
  DECLARE c2 CURSOR FOR SELECT roll, name FROM new_roll;
  -- Continue handler for cursor not found
  DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET done = TRUE;
  -- Open the new_roll cursor
  OPEN c2;
```

```
loop1: LOOP
    -- Fetch new roll data
    FETCH c2 INTO newrollnumber, newname;
    IF done THEN
      LEAVE loop1;
    END IF;
    SET done = FALSE; -- Reset done for the old_roll cursor
    -- Open the old_roll cursor
    OPEN c1;
    loop2: LOOP
      -- Fetch old roll data
      FETCH c1 INTO oldrollnumber, oldname;
      IF done THEN
         LEAVE loop2;
      END IF;
      -- Check for duplicates
      IF oldrollnumber = newrollnumber THEN
         LEAVE loop2; -- Skip if duplicate found
      END IF;
    END LOOP;
    -- Insert if no duplicates were found
    IF done THEN
      INSERT INTO old_roll (roll, name) VALUES (newrollnumber, newname);
    END IF;
    CLOSE c1; -- Close old_roll cursor after processing
  END LOOP;
  CLOSE c2; -- Close new_roll cursor after processing
END $$
DELIMITER;
-- Call the procedure to merge data
CALL roll_list();
-- Display the merged old_roll table
SELECT * FROM old_roll;
```

Output:

```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Cli X
Enter password: ****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 67
Server version: 8.0.39 MySQL Community Server - GPL
Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> -- Create the database and use it
mysql> CREATE DATABASE assi7;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> USE assi7;
Database changed
mysql>
mysql> -- Create the old_roll and new_roll tables
mysql> CREATE TABLE old_roll (roll INT, name VARCHAR(10));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE new_roll (roll INT, name VARCHAR(10));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> -- Insert data into the old_roll table
mysql> INSERT INTO old_roll VALUES (4, 'D');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO old_roll VALUES (3, 'BCD');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO old_roll VALUES (1, 'BC');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO old_roll VALUES (5, 'BCH');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> -- Insert data into the new_roll table with new names mysql> INSERT INTO new_roll VALUES (2, 'Yash');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO new_roll VALUES (5, 'Varad');
                                                        -- Duplicate, will be skipped
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO new_roll VALUES (1, 'Gauri');
                                                       -- Duplicate, will be skipped
Ouery OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO new_roll VALUES (6, 'Shravani');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Cli ×
mysql> INSERT INTO new_roll VALUES (7, 'Vishwajeet');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> -- Display the initial data
mysql> SELECT * FROM old_roll;
| roll | name |
     Д
         D
     3
         BCD
         ВC
     5
         BCH
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM new_roll;
| roll | name
     2
         Yash
     5
         Varad
     1
         Gauri
         Shravani
     6
         Vishwajeet
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> -- Define the procedure to merge data
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql>
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE roll_list()
    -> BEGIN
    ->
            DECLARE oldrollnumber INT;
            DECLARE oldname VARCHAR(10);
    ->
            DECLARE newrollnumber INT;
    ->
            DECLARE newname VARCHAR(10);
DECLARE done INT DEFAULT FALSE;
    ^
    ->
    ^
            -- Declare cursors for old_roll and new_roll
    ^
            DECLARE c1 CURSOR FOR SELECT roll, name FROM old_roll;
    ->
            DECLARE c2 CURSOR FOR SELECT roll, name FROM new_roll;
    ->
    ^
            -- Continue handler for cursor not found
    ->
            DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET done = TRUE;
    ^ ^ ^
            -- Open the new_roll cursor
            OPEN c2;
    -
            loop1: LOOP
                -- Fetch new roll data
FETCH c2 INTO newrollnumber, newname;
    ->
    ->
                IF done THEN
```

```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Cli X
                 IF done THEN
                      LEAVE loop1;
                 END IF;
    ->
                 SET done = FALSE; -- Reset done for the old_roll cursor
    ->
                 -- Open the old_roll cursor
    - ^ ^
                 OPEN c1;
    ^ ^
                 loop2: LOOP
                      -- Fetch old roll data
    - ^ ^
                      FETCH c1 INTO oldrollnumber, oldname;
                      IF done THEN
    - ^
- ^
                          LEAVE loop2;
                      END IF;
    ^ ^ ^ ^
                      -- Check for duplicates
                      IF oldrollnumber = newrollnumber THEN

LEAVE loop2; -- Skip if duplicate found
                      END IF;
                 END LOOP;
    ->
                   - Insert if no duplicates were found
                 IF done THEN
                      INSERT INTO old_roll (roll, name) VALUES (newrollnumber, newname);
    ^
                 END IF;
    ->
                 CLOSE c1; -- Close old_roll cursor after processing
    -
    ->
            CLOSE c2; -- Close new_roll cursor after processing
    ->
    -> END $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql>
mysql> -- Call the procedure to merge data
mysql> CALL roll_list();
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> -- Display the merged old_roll table
mysql> SELECT * FROM old_roll;
  roll | name |
     4
          D
     3
          BCD
      1
          ВC
          BCH
      5
      2
          Yash
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Assignment-7

Code:

```
-- Step 1: Create the Library Table
CREATE TABLE Library (
  id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(50),
  author VARCHAR(50),
  year_published INT
);
-- Step 2: Create the Library_Audit Table
CREATE TABLE Library_Audit (
  audit_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  id INT,
  name VARCHAR(50),
  author VARCHAR(50),
  year_published INT,
  action VARCHAR(10),
  change_time TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
-- Step 3: Create Row-Level Triggers
-- Trigger to log old values before an update
DELIMITER $$
CREATE TRIGGER before_update_library
BEFORE UPDATE ON Library
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  INSERT INTO Library_Audit (id, name, author, year_published, action)
  VALUES (OLD.id, OLD.name, OLD.author, OLD.year_published, 'UPDATE');
END$$
DELIMITER;
-- Trigger to log old values before a delete
DELIMITER $$
CREATE TRIGGER before_delete_library
BEFORE DELETE ON Library
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  INSERT INTO Library_Audit (id, name, author, year_published, action)
  VALUES (OLD.id, OLD.name, OLD.author, OLD.year published, 'DELETE');
END$$
```

DELIMITER;

- -- Step 4: Create Statement-Level Triggers (Optional)
- -- (Typically not necessary for auditing)
- -- Trigger to log after an update (optional) DELIMITER \$\$

CREATE TRIGGER after_update_library AFTER UPDATE ON Library BEGIN

-- This could log additional information if desired END\$\$

DELIMITER;

-- Trigger to log after a delete (optional)
DELIMITER \$\$

CREATE TRIGGER after_delete_library AFTER DELETE ON Library BEGIN

-- This could log additional information if desired END\$\$

DELIMITER;

- -- Step 5: Test the Triggers
- -- Insert example records into Library INSERT INTO Library VALUES (1, 'Book A', 'Author A', 2020); INSERT INTO Library VALUES (2, 'Book B', 'Author B', 2021);
- -- Update a record
 UPDATE Library SET name = 'Updated Book A' WHERE id = 1;
- -- Delete a record DELETE FROM Library WHERE id = 2;
- -- Step 6: Check the Audit Log SELECT * FROM Library_Audit;
- -- Display current state of the Library table SELECT * FROM Library;

```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Cli ×
Enter password: ****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 70
Server version: 8.0.39 MySQL Community Server - GPL
Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> create database library;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> use library;
Database changed
year_published INT
    ->
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql>
id INT,
name VARCHAR(50),
author VARCHAR(50),
    ->
    ->
    ->
            year_published INT,
action VARCHAR(10),
change_time TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
    ->
    ->
    ->
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql>
mysql> -- Step 3: Create Row-Level Triggers
mysql>
mysql> -- Trigger to log old values before an update mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER before_update_library
-> BEFORE UPDATE ON Library
    -> FOR EACH ROW
    -> BEGIN
            INSERT INTO Library_Audit (id, name, author, year_published, action)
VALUES (OLD.id, OLD.name, OLD.author, OLD.year_published, 'UPDATE');
    _>
    -> END$$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Cli ×
           VALUES (OLD.id, OLD.name, OLD.author, OLD.year_published, 'UPDATE');
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mvsql>
mysql> -- Trigger to log old values before a delete
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER before_delete_library
-> BEFORE DELETE ON Library
    -> FOR EACH ROW
    -> BEGIN
           INSERT INTO Library_Audit (id, name, author, year_published, action)
VALUES (OLD.id, OLD.name, OLD.author, OLD.year_published, 'DELETE');
    ->
    -> END$$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql>
mysql> -- Step 4: Create Statement-Level Triggers (Optional)
mysgl> -- (Typically not necessary for auditing)
mysql> -- Trigger to log after an update (optional)
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER after_update_library
    -> AFTER UPDATE ON Library
    -> BEGIN
           -- This could log additional information if desired
    ->
    -> END$$
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to you
END' at line 3
mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql>
mysql> -- Trigger to log after a delete (optional)
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER after_delete_library
    -> AFTER DELETE ON Library
    -> BEGIN
             - This could log additional information if desired
    -> END$$
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to you
END' at line 3
mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql>
mysql> -- Step 5: Test the Triggers
mysql>
```

```
END' at line 3
mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql>
mysql> -- Step 5: Test the Triggers
mysql> -- Insert example records into Library
mysql> INSERT INTO Library VALUES (1, 'Book A', 'Author A', 2020);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO Library VALUES (2, 'Book B', 'Author B', 2021);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> -- Update a record
mysql> UPDATE Library SET name = 'Updated Book A' WHERE id = 1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql>
mysql> -- Delete a record
mysql> DELETE FROM Library WHERE id = 2;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> -- Step 6: Check the Audit Log
mysql> SELECT * FROM Library_Audit;
| audit_id | id
                                     author
                                                  | year_published | action | change_time
                       name
                                                                2020 | UPDATE | 2024-10-20 12:12:14
2021 | DELETE | 2024-10-20 12:12:14
                         Book A
                                     Author A
                                                                                     2024-10-20 12:12:14
           1
                    1
           2
                    2
                         Book B
                                     Author B
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> -- Display current state of the Library table mysql> SELECT * FROM Library;
| id | name
                              author
                                            year_published
   1 | Updated Book A | Author A |
                                                          2020
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

```
from flask import Flask, request, redirect, url_for, render_template
import mysql.connector
app = Flask(__name__)
# Database connection
def get_db_connection():
  return mysql.connector.connect(
    host='localhost',
    user='root',
    password='8011',
    database='testdb'
  )
@app.route('/')
def index():
  conn = get_db_connection()
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM users')
  users = cursor.fetchall()
  cursor.close()
  conn.close()
  return render_template('index.html', users=users)
@app.route('/add', methods=['POST'])
def add_user():
  name = request.form['name']
  email = request.form['email']
  conn = get_db_connection()
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute('INSERT INTO users (name, email) VALUES (%s, %s)', (name, email))
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
  conn.close()
  return redirect(url_for('index'))
@app.route('/edit/<int:id>', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def edit_user(id):
  conn = get_db_connection()
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  if request.method == 'POST':
```

```
name = request.form['name']
    email = request.form['email']
    cursor.execute('UPDATE users SET name = %s, email = %s WHERE id = %s', (name, email, id))
    conn.commit()
    cursor.close()
    conn.close()
    return redirect(url_for('index'))
  cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM users WHERE id = %s', (id,))
  user = cursor.fetchone()
  cursor.close()
  conn.close()
  return render_template('edit.html', user=user)
@app.route('/delete/<int:id>', methods=['POST'])
def delete_user(id):
  conn = get_db_connection()
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute('DELETE FROM users WHERE id = %s', (id,))
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
  conn.close()
  return redirect(url_for('index'))
if __name__ == '__main___':
  app.run(debug=True)
```



User Management



• om shete - omshete@gmail.com <u>Edit</u> Delete

Activate Windows

```
☑ python ×
                       index.html
                                  edit.html
⋈ Welcome
           🥏 арр.ру
Warning: PowerShell detected that you might be using a screen reader and has disabled PSReadLine for compatibility
purposes. If you want to re-enable it, run 'Import-Module PSReadLine'.
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\dmsl 8> python app.py
   Serving Flask app 'app'
   Debug mode: on
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server inste
 * Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
Press CTRL+C to qui
 * Restarting with stat
   Debugger is active!
   Debugger PIN: 685-161-179
                                      "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:15:59]
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:15:59]
                                      "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 -
                                      "POST /delete/1 HTTP/1.1" 302 -
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:16:04]
                                      "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:16:04]
               [21/Oct/2024 13:16:04]
                                      "POST /delete/2 HTTP/1.1" 302 -
127.0.0.1 - -
                                      "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:16:04]
                                      "POST /delete/3 HTTP/1.1" 302 -
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:16:05]
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:16:05]
                                      "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200
                                       "POST /add HTTP/1.1" 302 -
127.0.0.1
               [21/0ct/2024 13:16:35]
                                      "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200
               [21/Oct/2024 13:16:35]
127.0.0.1 - -
                                      "POST /add HTTP/1.1" 302 -
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:16:46]
                                      "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:16:46]
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:17:02]
                                      "POST /add HTTP/1.1" 302 -
                                      "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200
127.0.0.1 - - [21/Oct/2024 13:17:02]
                                                                                           Activate Windows
                                                                                                              @ Go Live
```

```
// Switch to the LibraryDB database
use LibraryDB;
// Create (Insert) - Add two books to the collection
db.library.insertMany([
  { "bid": 1, "name": "C++", "author": "Bjarne Stroustrup", "cost": 300 },
  { "bid": 2, "name": "Python for Beginners", "author": "John Doe", "cost": 150 }
]);
// Read (Find all books)
db.library.find().pretty();
// Update (Change the name of a book)
db.library.updateOne(
  { "name": "C++" },
  { $set: { "name": "Advanced C++" } }
);
// Verify the update
db.library.find({ "name": "Advanced C++" }).pretty();
// Delete (Remove a book)
db.library.deleteOne({ "bid": 2 });
// Verify the deletion
db.library.find().pretty();
// Logical Operators
// Find books with a specific author
db.library.find({ "author": "Bjarne Stroustrup" }).pretty();
// Cost-based query - Find books with cost greater than 200
db.library.find({ "cost": { $gt: 200 } }).pretty();
// Save method (to update or insert a document)
db.library.save({
  "_id": ObjectId("63721a98c2a359df01688ae0"), // Change this ID as needed
  "bid": 3,
  "name": "Data Structures",
  "author": "Alice Green",
  "cost": 250
});
// Final read to see all documents
db.library.find().pretty()
```

```
// Switch to LibraryDB
use LibraryDB;
// Clear existing data (if necessary)
db.books.deleteMany({});
// Sample data insertion (only two books)
db.books.insertMany([
  { "bid": 1, "name": "JavaScript Basics", "author": "Jane Doe", "cost": 200, "category":
"Programming", "publishedYear": 2020 },
  { "bid": 2, "name": "MongoDB for Beginners", "author": "John Smith", "cost": 150, "category":
"Database", "publishedYear": 2021 }
]);
// Create an index on the author field
db.books.createIndex({ author: 1 });
// Aggregation: Group by category and calculate average cost
db.books.aggregate([
  {
     $group: {
       _id: "$category", // Group by category
       averageCost: { $avg: "$cost" }, // Calculate average cost
       totalBooks: { $sum: 1 } // Count total books in each category
  },
     $sort: { averageCost: 1 } // Sort by average cost in ascending order
]);
// Aggregation: Count books by author
db.books.aggregate([
  {
     $group: {
       _id: "$author", // Group by author
       totalBooks: { $sum: 1 } // Count total books for each author
  },
  {
     $sort: { totalBooks: -1 } // Sort by total books in descending order
1);
// Example of querying using the index
db.books.find({ author: "Jane Doe" }).pretty();
```

```
mongosh mongodb://127.0.0. \,	imes\, + \,	imes\,
 LibraryDB> db.library.find().pretty();
LibraryOB> db.books.deleteMany({});
{ acknowledged: true, deletedCount: 0 }
LibraryOB> db.books.insertMany([
... { "bid": 1, "name": "JavaScript Basics", "author": "Jane Doe", "cost": 200, "category": "Programming", "publishedYear": 2020 },
... { "bid": 2, "name": "MongoDB for Beginners", "author": "John Smith", "cost": 150, "category": "Database", "publishedYear": 2021 }
]):
       1);
    acknowledged: true,
insertedIds: {
    '0': ObjectId('6716849335a2e645f9c73c8e'),
    '1': ObjectId('6716849335a2e645f9c73c0f')
}
LibraryDB> db.books.createIndex({ author: 1 });
author_1
LibraryDB> db.books.aggregate([
                     $group: {
    _id: "$category", // Group by category
    averageCost: { $avg: "$cost" }, // Calculate average cost
    totalBooks: { $sum: 1 } // Count total books in each category
...
...
...
...
...
...
                      $sort: { averageCost: 1 } // Sort by average cost in ascending order
    { _id: 'Database', averageCost: 150, totalBooks: 1 },
{ _id: 'Programming', averageCost: 200, totalBooks: 1 }
]
LibraryDB> db.books.aggregate([
                     $group: {
    _id: "$author", // Group by author
    totalBooks: { $sum: 1 } // Count total books for each author
                     $sort: { totalBooks: -1 } // Sort by total books in descending order
    .. 1);
                'Jane Doe', totalBooks: 1 },
'John Smith', totalBooks: 1 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Activate Windows
 LibraryDB> db.books.find({ author: "Jane Doe" }).pretty();
```

```
// Switch to LibraryDB
use LibraryDB;
// Clear existing data (if necessary)
db.books.deleteMany({});
// Sample data insertion (only two example books)
db.books.insertMany([
  { "bid": 1, "name": "JavaScript Basics", "author": "Jane Doe", "cost": 200, "category":
"Programming", "publishedYear": 2020 },
  { "bid": 2, "name": "MongoDB for Beginners", "author": "John Smith", "cost": 150, "category":
"Database", "publishedYear": 2021 }
]);
// Map function to emit the category and cost
var mapFunction = function() {
  emit(this.category, this.cost);
};
// Reduce function to sum costs for each category
var reduceFunction = function(key, values) {
  return Array.sum(values);
};
// Execute MapReduce operation
db.books.mapReduce(
  mapFunction,
                        // Map function
  reduceFunction,
                        // Reduce function
    out: "category_cost", // Output collection name
    finalize: function(key, reducedValue) {
       return { totalCost: reducedValue }; // Finalize function to format output
    }
);
// Display the results
db.category_cost.find().pretty();
```

```
^	extrm{	iny} mongosh mongodb://127.0.0. 	imes
LibraryDB> db.books.deleteMany({});
{ acknowledged: true, deletedCount: 2 }
LibraryDB> db.books.insertMany([
        { "bid": 1, "name": "JavaScript Basics", "author": "Jane Doe", "cost": 200, "category": "Programming", "publishedYear": 2020 },
        { "bid": 2, "name": "MongoDB for Beginners", "author": "John Smith", "cost": 150, "category": "Database", "publishedYear": 2021 }
... ]);
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: {
    '0': ObjectId('671605de35a2e645f9c73c10'),
    '1': ObjectId('671605de35a2e645f9c73c11')
  }
LibraryDB> var mapFunction = function() {
      emit(this.category, this.cost);
... };
LibraryDB> var reduceFunction = function(key, values) {
        return Array.sum(values);
... };
LibraryDB> db.books.mapReduce(
                                  // Map function
        mapFunction,
                                  // Reduce function
        reduceFunction,
            out: "category_cost", // Output collection name
             finalize: function(key, reducedValue) {
                 return { totalCost: reducedValue }; // Finalize function to format output
        }
DeprecationWarning: Collection.mapReduce() is deprecated. Use an aggregation instead.
See https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/core/map-reduce for details.
{ result: 'category_cost', ok: 1 }
LibraryDB> db.category_cost.find().pretty();
  { _id: 'Programming', value: { totalCost: 200 } },
                                                                                                                                      Activate Wi
  { _id: 'Database', value: { totalCost: 150 } }
LibraryDB>
```