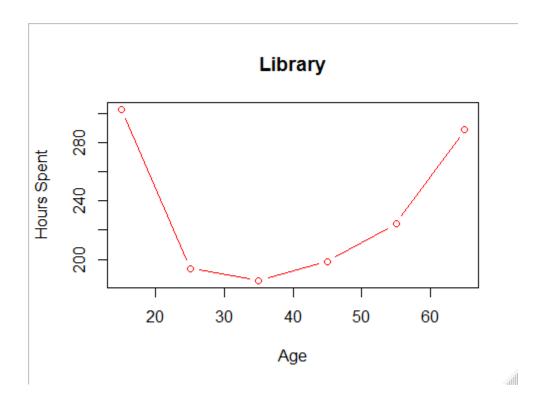
Correlation and regression

Q1)

```
> age_rep = c(15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65)
> hours_spent = c(302.38, 193.63, 185.46, 198.49, 224.30, 288.71)
> df = data.frame(age_rep, hours_spent)
> df
 age_rep hours_spent
1
    15
          302.38
2
    25
          193.63
3
    35
          185.46
          198.49
4
    45
5
    55
          224.30
          288.71
    65
> plot(age_rep, hours_spent, type='b', col='red', main='Library', xlab='Age', ylab='Hours Spent')
```

>



Q2)

```
> x = c(23, 27, 28, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 35, 36)
> y = c(18, 20, 22, 27, 21, 29, 27, 29, 28, 29)
> df2 = data.frame(x, y)
> cov(x, y)
[1] 13.66667
> var(x, y)
[1] 13.66667
> sd(x)
[1] 3.91578
> sd(y)
[1] 4.268749
> corelation_coeff = cov(x, y)/(sd(x)*sd(y))
> corelation_coeff
[1] 0.8176052
> corelation_coeff1 = var(x, y)/(sd(x)*sd(y))
> corelation_coeff1
[1] 0.8176052
> corelation_coeff2 = cor(x, y)
> corelation_coeff2
[1] 0.8176052
> corelation_coeff3 = cor.test(x, y, method = 'pearson')
> corelation_coeff3
          Pearson's product-moment correlation
data: x and y
t = 4.0164, df = 8, p-value = 0.003861
alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
0.3874142 0.9554034
sample estimates:
   cor
0.8176052
```

Spearman Rank Correlation

Q3)

```
> selection_score = c(44, 49, 52, 54, 47, 76, 65, 60, 63, 58, 50, 67)
> proficency_score = c(48, 55, 45, 60, 43, 80, 58, 50, 77, 46, 47, 65)
> cor.test(selection_score, proficency_score, method = 'spearman')
          Spearman's rank correlation rho
data: selection_score and proficency_score
S = 80, p-value = 0.01102
alternative hypothesis: true rho is not equal to 0
sample estimates:
   rho
0.7202797
> df3 = data.frame(selection_score, proficency_score)
> df3
  selection_score proficency_score
1
          44
                      48
2
          49
                      55
3
          52
                      45
4
          54
                      60
5
          47
                      43
          76
6
                      80
7
          65
                      58
                      50
8
          60
9
          63
                      77
10
           58
                      46
                      47
           50
11
12
           67
                      65
```

Q4)

```
weight=c(15,
                26,
                       27,
                               25,
                                        25.5,
                                                27,
                                                        32,
                                                                18
                                                                        ,22, 20,
26,
        24);
bmi=c(13.35
                ,16.12, 16.74, 16.00, 13.59
                                               ,15.73, 15.65, 13.85, 16.07,
12.8, 13.65,
               14.42);
model<-lm(bmi~weight);
model
Call:
Im(formula = bmi ~ weight)
Coefficients:
```

(Intercept) weight 10.735 0.171