
Table of Contents

.....	1
Problem 0	1
Problem 1	1
Problem 2	3
Problem 3	7
Problem 4	8
Problem 5	9
Problem 6	10
Problem 7	11

format `short`

Problem 0

`% no`

Problem 1

`% Part a`

```
fprintf("\nPart a\n");
```

```
A = [  
    2, 3, 1, 10;  
    6, 14, 4, 24;  
   -8, -7, -9, -100;
```

```
]
```

`% Part b`

```
fprintf("\nPart b\n");
```

```
A(2, :) = A(2, :) - 3*A(1, :)
```

```
A(3, :) = A(3, :) + 4*A(1, :)
```

```
A(3, :) = A(3, :) - A(2, :)
```

`% Part c`

```
fprintf("\nPart c\n");
```

```
A(3, :) = A(3, :)/-6
```

```
A(1, :) = A(1, :)/2
```

```
A(2, :) = A(2, :)/5
```

```
A(1, :) = A(1, :) - 1.5*A(2, :)
```

```
A(2, :) = A(2, :) - 0.2*A(3, :)
```

```
A(1, :) = A(1, :) - 0.2*A(3, :)
```

`% Part d`

```
fprintf("\nPart d\n");
```

```
fprintf("solution: x1: %.2f, x2: %.2f, x3: %.2f\n", A(1, 4), A(2, 4), A(3, 4));
```

Part a

A =

2	3	1	10
6	14	4	24
-8	-7	-9	-100

Part b

A =

2	3	1	10
0	5	1	-6
-8	-7	-9	-100

A =

2	3	1	10
0	5	1	-6
0	5	-5	-60

A =

2	3	1	10
0	5	1	-6
0	0	-6	-54

Part c

A =

2	3	1	10
0	5	1	-6
0	0	1	9

A =

1.0000	1.5000	0.5000	5.0000
0	5.0000	1.0000	-6.0000
0	0	1.0000	9.0000

A =

1.0000	1.5000	0.5000	5.0000
0	1.0000	0.2000	-1.2000
0	0	1.0000	9.0000

A =

1.0000	0	0.2000	6.8000
0	1.0000	0.2000	-1.2000
0	0	1.0000	9.0000

A =

1.0000	0	0.2000	6.8000
0	1.0000	0	-3.0000
0	0	1.0000	9.0000

A =

1.0000	0	-0.0000	5.0000
0	1.0000	0	-3.0000
0	0	1.0000	9.0000

Part d

solution: x1: 5.00, x2: -3.00, x3: 9.00

Problem 2

% Part a

```
fprintf("\nPart a\n");
```

```
B = [  
    1, 4, 3, -1, 0, 8;  
    3, 10, 15, 2, 11, 28;  
    2, 6, 12, 6, 20, 14;  
    0, 8, -24, -29, -71, 2;  
]
```

% Part b

```
fprintf("\nPart b\n");  
B(2, :) = B(2, :) - 3*B(1, :)  
B(3, :) = B(3, :)/2  
B(3, :) = B(3, :) - B(1, :)  
B(3, :) = B(3, :) - B(2, :)/2  
B(4, :) = B(4, :) + 4*B(2, :)  
B([3, 4], :) = B([4, 3], :)  
B(4, :) = B(4, :) + B(3, :)/6
```

% Part c

```
fprintf("\nPart c\n");  
B(3, :) = -B(3, :)/9  
B(1, :) = B(1, :) + 2*B(2, :)  
B(2, :) = -B(2, :)/2
```

```

B(1, :) = B(1, :) - 9*B(3, :)
B(2, :) = B(2, :) + (2.5)*B(3, :)

```

```

% Part d
fprintf("\nPart d\n");

```

```

rref(B)

```

```

% Part e
x0_v = [34; -7; 0; -2; 0]
x3_v = [-15; 3; 1; 0; 0]
x5_v = [5; -2; 0; -3; 1]

```

Part a

B =

1	4	3	-1	0	8
3	10	15	2	11	28
2	6	12	6	20	14
0	8	-24	-29	-71	2

Part b

B =

1	4	3	-1	0	8
0	-2	6	5	11	4
2	6	12	6	20	14
0	8	-24	-29	-71	2

B =

1	4	3	-1	0	8
0	-2	6	5	11	4
1	3	6	3	10	7
0	8	-24	-29	-71	2

B =

1	4	3	-1	0	8
0	-2	6	5	11	4
0	-1	3	4	10	-1
0	8	-24	-29	-71	2

B =

1.0000	4.0000	3.0000	-1.0000	0	8.0000
0	-2.0000	6.0000	5.0000	11.0000	4.0000

0	0	0	1.5000	4.5000	-3.0000
0	8.0000	-24.0000	-29.0000	-71.0000	2.0000

$B =$

1.0000	4.0000	3.0000	-1.0000	0	8.0000
0	-2.0000	6.0000	5.0000	11.0000	4.0000
0	0	0	1.5000	4.5000	-3.0000
0	0	0	-9.0000	-27.0000	18.0000

$B =$

1.0000	4.0000	3.0000	-1.0000	0	8.0000
0	-2.0000	6.0000	5.0000	11.0000	4.0000
0	0	0	-9.0000	-27.0000	18.0000
0	0	0	1.5000	4.5000	-3.0000

$B =$

1	4	3	-1	0	8
0	-2	6	5	11	4
0	0	0	-9	-27	18
0	0	0	0	0	0

Part c

$B =$

1	4	3	-1	0	8
0	-2	6	5	11	4
0	0	0	1	3	-2
0	0	0	0	0	0

$B =$

1	0	15	9	22	16
0	-2	6	5	11	4
0	0	0	1	3	-2
0	0	0	0	0	0

$B =$

1.0000	0	15.0000	9.0000	22.0000	16.0000
0	1.0000	-3.0000	-2.5000	-5.5000	-2.0000
0	0	0	1.0000	3.0000	-2.0000
0	0	0	0	0	0

$B =$

1.0000	0	15.0000	0	-5.0000	34.0000
0	1.0000	-3.0000	-2.5000	-5.5000	-2.0000
0	0	0	1.0000	3.0000	-2.0000
0	0	0	0	0	0

$B =$

1	0	15	0	-5	34
0	1	-3	0	2	-7
0	0	0	1	3	-2
0	0	0	0	0	0

Part d

$ans =$

1	0	15	0	-5	34
0	1	-3	0	2	-7
0	0	0	1	3	-2
0	0	0	0	0	0

$x0_v =$

34
-7
0
-2
0

$x3_v =$

-15
3
1
0
0

$x5_v =$

5
-2
0
-3
1

Problem 3

```
% Part a
fprintf("\nPart a\n");
A = [
    7, 8, -2, 2;
   -6, 0, 6, -6;
    6, -5, 3, 6;
]

rref(A)

% Part b
fprintf("\nPart b\n");
fprintf("solution: x1: %.2f, x2: %.2f, x3: %.2f\n", A(1, 4), A(2, 4), A(3, 4));

% Part c
fprintf("\nPart c\n");
format rat
rref(A)

% Part d
fprintf("\nPart d\n");
fprintf("solution: x1: %.2f, x2: %.2f, x3: %.2f\n", A(1, 4), A(2, 4), A(3, 4));
```

Part a

A =

7	8	-2	2
-6	0	6	-6
6	-5	3	6

ans =

1.0000	0	0	0.7423
0	1.0000	0	-0.4639
0	0	1.0000	-0.2577

Part b

solution: x1: 2.00, x2: -6.00, x3: 6.00

Part c

ans =

1	0	0	72/97
0	1	0	-45/97

0

0

1

-25/97

Part d

solution: x1: 2.00, x2: -6.00, x3: 6.00

Problem 4

format short

% Part a

% Equation #1: $270x_1 + 51x_2 + 70x_3 = 400$

% Equation #2: $10x_1 + 5.4x_2 + 15x_3 = 30$

% Equation #3: $2x_1 + 5.2x_2 + 0x_3 = 10$

fprintf("\nPart a\n");

```
A = [  
    270, 51, 70, 400;  
    10, 5.4, 15, 30;  
    2, 5.2, 0, 10;  
]
```

rref(A)

% Part b

% Equation #1: $51x_2 + 70x_3 + 260x_4 = 400$

% Equation #2: $5.4x_2 + 5154x_3 + 9x_4 = 30$

% Equation #3: $5.2x_2 + 0x_3 + 5x_4 = 10$

fprintf("\nPart b\n");

```
A = [  
    51, 70, 260, 400;  
    5.4, 15, 9, 30;  
    5.2, 0, 5, 10;  
]
```

rref(A)

Part a

A =

270.0000	51.0000	70.0000	400.0000
10.0000	5.4000	15.0000	30.0000
2.0000	5.2000	0	10.0000

ans =

1.0000	0	0	0.9858
0	1.0000	0	1.5439
0	0	1.0000	0.7870

Part b

A =

51.0000	70.0000	260.0000	400.0000
5.4000	15.0000	9.0000	30.0000
5.2000	0	5.0000	10.0000

ans =

1.0000	0	0	0.8760
0	1.0000	0	1.0313
0	0	1.0000	1.0890

Problem 5

```
% Part a
fprintf("\nPart a\n");
A = [
    5.2, 16.4, 4.2;
    3.6, 22.2, 3.6;
    9.2, 25.4, 7.2;
]

rref(A)

% Part b
fprintf("\nPart b\n");
fprintf("The given vector is in the span of the other two because there's a
free variable\n");

% Part c
fprintf("\nPart c\n");
fprintf("The three vectors are linearly dependent because not all the weights
are 0\n");
```

Part a

A =

5.2000	16.4000	4.2000
3.6000	22.2000	3.6000
9.2000	25.4000	7.2000

ans =

1.0000	0	0.6064
--------	---	--------

0	1.0000	0.0638
0	0	0

Part b

The given vector is in the span of the other two because there's a free variable

Part c

The three vectors are linearly dependent because not all the weights are 0

Problem 6

```
% Part a
fprintf("\nPart a\n");
syms a b

% Part b
fprintf("\nPart b\n");
A = [
    4, -7, a;
    -5, -4, b;
]

rref(A)

% Part c
fprintf("\nPart c\n");
w1 = (4*a)/51 - (7*b)/51
w2 = - (5*a)/51 - (4*b)/51
```

Part a

Part b

A =

```
[ 4, -7, a]
[-5, -4, b]
```

ans =

```
[1, 0, (4*a)/51 - (7*b)/51]
[0, 1, - (5*a)/51 - (4*b)/51]
```

Part c

w1 =

```
(4*a)/51 - (7*b)/51
```

w2 =

- (5*a)/51 - (4*b)/51

Problem 7

```
% Part a
fprintf("\nPart a\n");
A = [
    6, -7, 5, 35, -9, 0;
    4, 6, 1, -18, 1, 0;
    1, 5, 4, 0, 7, 0;
    5, 6, -8, -55, 5, 0;
]

rref(A)

% Part b
fprintf("\nPart b\n");
fprintf("The vectors are linearly dependent not every column has a pivot\n")

% Part c
fprintf("\nPart c\n");
1*A(:, 1) + 3*A(:, 2) - 4*A(:, 3) + 1*A(:, 4) + 0*A(:, 5)

% Part d
fprintf("\nPart d\n");
fprintf("Because the number of vectors (5) is greater than the number of
entries (4), therefore the set must be linearly dependent\n");

% Part e
fprintf("\nPart e\n");
fprintf("The coefficient matrix has a pivot in every row so this set of
vectors spans R^4\n")
```

Part a

A =

6	-7	5	35	-9	0
4	6	1	-18	1	0
1	5	4	0	7	0
5	6	-8	-55	5	0

ans =

1	0	0	-1	0	0
0	1	0	-3	0	0

0	0	1	4	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0

Part b

The vectors are linearly dependent not every column has a pivot

Part c

ans =

0
0
0
0

Part d

Because the number of vectors (5) is greater than the number of entries (4), therefore the set must be linearly dependent

Part e

The coefficient matrix has a pivot in every row so this set of vectors spans \mathbb{R}^4

Published with MATLAB® R2023b