# **Solutions to Practice Questions for Final (Set I)**

### 1. A

```
% actions are exogenous
{lift(E,T)} :- end(E), T=0..m-1.
```

### 2. A

```
% File 'monkey-postdiction.lp'
:- not walk(13,0).
:- not 1{pushBox(LL,1):location(LL)}.
:- loc(box,13,0).
```

### 3. C

```
clingo version 5.5.0
Reading from stdin
Solving...
Answer: 1
p(t,0) p(f,1)
Answer: 2
p(f,1) p(f,0)
Answer: 3
p(t,1) p(t,0)
Answer: 4
p(t,1) p(t,0)
Answer: 5
p(t,1) p(f,0)
Answer: 6
p(t,1) p(f,0)
SATISFIABLE
```

## 4. A

The formulae represent Penalty-based weight.

5. A

$$P(A = 0|B = 1, C = 1)$$

$$= P(A = 0, B = 1, C = 1)/P(B = 1, C = 1)$$

$$= (0.15)/(0.15 + 0.05)$$

$$= 0.15/0.20$$

$$= 0.75$$

6. B

The set {MB(birb)} satisfies the following rules:

$$\alpha$$
:  $B(x) \leftarrow RB(x)$ 

$$\alpha$$
:  $\leftarrow RB(x), MB(x)$ 

$$\alpha$$
:  $MB(birb)$ 

Hence,

$$W_{\Pi}(\{MB(birb)\}) = e^{3\alpha}$$

7. A, C, D

CycL is an extension of First-Order Logic.

8. D

The basic ideas of RDF are Resources, Properties, and Statements.

9. A, B, C, D

Disjointness of Concepts, Coverings, Domain Restrictions, and Range Restrictions are all examples of Concept Inclusions.

10. A

A. Correct Statement

B.  $\supseteq$  is incorrect,  $\equiv$  is used to capture knowledge

C.  $\sqsubseteq$  is incorrect,  $\equiv$  is used to capture knowledge

D.  $\forall$  is incorrect when referring to multiple ingredients