

## Java Lab Assessment 3

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### 1. Program to multiply two matrices

```
//Matrix multiplication
public class Matrix
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int a[][]={{6,9,3},{3,9,6},{4,5,6}};
        int b[][]={{1,0,1},{7,0,1},{9,3,7}};
        int c[][]=new int[3][3];

        //printing the first matrix
        System.out.println("Matrix 1:");
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
        {
            for (int j=0;j<3;j++)
            {
                System.out.print(a[i][j]+" ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
        System.out.println("\n");

        //printing the second matrix
        System.out.println("Matrix 2:");
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
        {
            for (int j=0;j<3;j++)
            {
                System.out.print(b[i][j]+" ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }

        System.out.println("\n");

        //matrix multiplication
        System.out.println("Multiplied matrix:");
```

```

        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
        {
            for (int j=0;j<3;j++)
            {
                c[i][j]=0;
                for(int k=0;k<3;k++)
                {
                    c[i][j]=a[i][k]*b[k][j];
                }
                System.out.print(c[i][j]+" ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}

```

Output:

Matrix 1:

```

6 9 3
3 9 6
4 5 6

```

Matrix 2:

```

1 0 1
7 0 1
9 3 7

```

Multiplied matrix:

```

27 9 21
54 18 42
54 18 42

```

2.Program to find Maximum and minimum value in an array of size "M", passed as argument.

```

//Program to find Maximum and minimum value in an array of size "M", passed as
argument.

import java.util.*;
class max

```

```

{
    max(int[] a)
    {
        int l=a.length;
        int ma=a[0];
        for(int i=0;i<l;i++)
        {
            if(ma<a[i])
            {
                ma=a[i];
            }
        }
        System.out.println("The maximum element in the array is: "+ma);
    }
}

class min
{
    min(int[] a)
    {
        int l=a.length;
        int mi=a[0];
        for(int i=0;i<l;i++)
        {
            if(mi>a[i])
            {
                mi=a[i];
            }
        }
        System.out.println("The minimum element in the array is: "+mi);
    }
}

public class maxmin {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        int[] arr= new int[n];

        System.out.println("Enter elements in the array");
    }
}

```

```

        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            int elements=sc.nextInt();
            arr[i]=elements;
        }
        max a= new max(arr);
        min b = new min(arr);
        sc.close();
    }
}

```

Output:

Enter the size of the array

5

Enter elements in the array

8

56

-64

83

94

The maximum element in the array is: 94

The minimum element in the array is: -64

3.Program to read and print an array of size N rows with variable column size. (Hint: Irregular array).

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class irregulararray {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter number of rows:");
        int n=sc.nextInt();

        int [][]array= new int[n][];

        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

```

```

{
    System.out.println("Enter the number of columns: ");
    int col=sc.nextInt();

    array[i]= new int [col];

    System.out.println("Enter row elements: ");
    for(int j=0;j<col;j++)
    {
        array[i][j]=sc.nextInt();
    }
}
System.out.println("Your array: ");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    for(int j=0;j<array[i].length;j++)
    {
        System.out.print(array[i][j]+" ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}
sc.close();
}
}

```

Output:

Enter number of rows:

3

Enter the number of columns:

2

Enter row elements:

1

4

Enter the number of columns:

4

Enter row elements:

1

3

2

4

Enter the number of columns:

3

Enter row elements:

6

3

2

Your array:

1 4

1 3 2 4

6 3 2

4. Program that copies contents of one array to another using length member.

```
//Program that copies contents of one array to another using length member.  
import java.util.*;  
public class copy {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        int[] arr1={5,6,7,9,8,4,3};  
        int[] arr2= new int[arr1.length];  
        for(int i=0;i<arr1.length;i++)  
        {  
            arr2[i]=arr1[i];  
        }  
        System.out.println("Source Array: " + Arrays.toString(arr1));  
        System.out.println("Destination Array: " + Arrays.toString(arr2));  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Source Array: [5, 6, 7, 9, 8, 4, 3]

Destination Array: [5, 6, 7, 9, 8, 4, 3]