

Program_1

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import metrics

names = ['sepal-length', 'sepal-width', 'petal-length', 'petal-width', 'Class']

# Read dataset to pandas dataframe
dataset = pd.read_csv("/content/8-dataset.csv", names=names)
X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1]
y = dataset.iloc[:, -1]
print(X.head())
Xtrain, Xtest, ytrain, ytest = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.10)

classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5).fit(Xtrain, ytrain)

ypred = classifier.predict(Xtest)

i = 0
print ("\n-----")
print ('%-25s %-25s %-25s' % ('Original Label', 'Predicted Label', 'Correct/Wrong'))
print ("-----")
for label in ytest:
    print ('%-25s %-25s' % (label, ypred[i]), end="")
    if (label == ypred[i]):
        print (' %-25s' % ('Correct'))
    else:
        print (' %-25s' % ('Wrong'))
    i = i + 1
print ("-----")
print("\nConfusion Matrix:\n",metrics.confusion_matrix(ytest, ypred))
print ("-----")
print("\nClassification Report:\n",metrics.classification_report(ytest, ypred))
print ("-----")
print('Accuracy of the classifier is %0.2f' % metrics.accuracy_score(ytest,ypred))
print ("-----")

```

	sepal-length	sepal-width	petal-length	petal-width
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2

Original Label	Predicted Label	Correct/Wrong
Iris-virginica	Iris-virginica	Correct
Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa	Correct
Iris-versicolor	Iris-versicolor	Correct
Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa	Correct
Iris-virginica	Iris-virginica	Correct
Iris-versicolor	Iris-versicolor	Correct
Iris-versicolor	Iris-versicolor	Correct
Iris-virginica	Iris-virginica	Correct
Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa	Correct
Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa	Correct
Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa	Correct
Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa	Correct
Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa	Correct
Iris-virginica	Iris-virginica	Correct
Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa	Correct

Confusion Matrix:

```

[[8 0 0]
 [0 3 0]
 [0 0 4]]

```

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Iris-setosa	1.00	1.00	1.00	8
Iris-versicolor	1.00	1.00	1.00	3
Iris-virginica	1.00	1.00	1.00	4
accuracy			1.00	15
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	15
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	15

```
-----
Accuracy of the classifier is 1.00
-----
```

Program_2

```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
import sklearn.metrics as metrics
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

names = ['Sepal_Length', 'Sepal_Width', 'Petal_Length', 'Petal_Width', 'Class']

dataset = pd.read_csv("/content/8-dataset.csv", names=names)

X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1]

label = {'Iris-setosa': 0, 'Iris-versicolor': 1, 'Iris-virginica': 2}

y = [label[c] for c in dataset.iloc[:, -1]]

plt.figure(figsize=(14,7))
colormap=np.array(['red', 'lime', 'black'])

# REAL PLOT
plt.subplot(1,3,1)
plt.title('Real')
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length,X.Petal_Width,c=colormap[y])

# K-PLOT
model=KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0).fit(X)
plt.subplot(1,3,2)
plt.title('KMeans')
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length,X.Petal_Width,c=colormap[model.labels_])

print('The accuracy score of K-Mean: ',metrics.accuracy_score(y, model.labels_))
print('The Confusion matrixof K-Mean:\n',metrics.confusion_matrix(y, model.labels_))

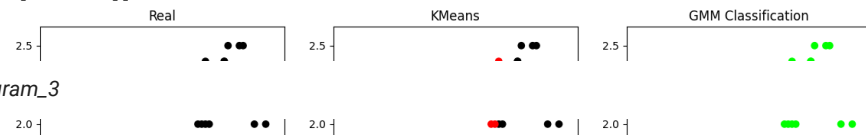
# GMM PLOT
gmm=GaussianMixture(n_components=3, random_state=0).fit(X)
y_cluster_gmm=gmm.predict(X)
plt.subplot(1,3,3)
plt.title('GMM Classification')
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length,X.Petal_Width,c=colormap[y_cluster_gmm])

print('The accuracy score of EM: ',metrics.accuracy_score(y, y_cluster_gmm))
print('The Confusion matrix of EM:\n ',metrics.confusion_matrix(y, y_cluster_gmm))
```

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning
warnings.warn(
The accuracy score of K-Mean: 0.24
The Confusion matrix of K-Mean:
[[ 0 50  0]
 [48  0  2]
 [14  0 36]]
The accuracy score of EM: 0.36666666666666664
The Confusion matrix of EM:
[[50  0  0]
 [ 0  5 45]
 [ 0 50  0]]

```



Program_3

```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

def kernel(point, xmat, k):
    m,n = np.shape(xmat)
    weights = np.mat(np.eye((m)))
    for j in range(m):
        diff = point - X[j]
        weights[j,j] = np.exp(diff*diff.T/(-2.0*k**2))
    return weights

def localWeight(point, xmat, ymat, k):
    wei = kernel(point,xmat,k)
    W = (X.T*(wei*X)).I*(X.T*(wei*ymat.T))
    return W

def localWeightRegression(xmat, ymat, k):
    m,n = np.shape(xmat)
    ypred = np.zeros(m)
    for i in range(m):
        ypred[i] = xmat[i]*localWeight(xmat[i],xmat,ymat,k)
    return ypred

# load data points
data = pd.read_csv('/content/10-dataset.csv')
bill = np.array(data.total_bill)
tip = np.array(data.tip)

#preparing and add 1 in bill
mbill = np.mat(bill)
mtip = np.mat(tip)

m= np.shape(mbill)[1]
one = np.mat(np.ones(m))
X = np.hstack((one.T,mbill.T))

#set k here
ypred = localWeightRegression(X,mtip,0.5)
SortIndex = X[:,1].argsort(0)
xsort = X[SortIndex][:,0]

fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(1,1,1)
ax.scatter(bill,tip, color='green')
ax.plot(xsort[:,1],ypred[SortIndex], color = 'red', linewidth=5)
plt.xlabel('Total bill')
plt.ylabel('Tip')
plt.show();

```



Program_4

```

import numpy as np
inputNeurons=2
hiddenlayerNeurons=4
outputNeurons=2
iteration=6000
input = np.random.randint(1,5,inputNeurons)
output = np.array([1.0,0.0])
hidden_layer=np.random.rand(1,hiddenlayerNeurons)
hidden_biass=np.random.rand(1,hiddenlayerNeurons)
output_bias=np.random.rand(1,outputNeurons)
hidden_weights=np.random.rand(inputNeurons,hiddenlayerNeurons)
output_weights=np.random.rand(hiddenlayerNeurons,outputNeurons)
def sigmoid (layer):
    return 1/(1 + np.exp(-layer))
def gradient(layer):
    return layer*(1-layer)
for i in range(iteration):

    hidden_layer=np.dot(input,hidden_weights)
    hidden_layer=sigmoid(hidden_layer+hidden_biass)
    output_layer=np.dot(hidden_layer,output_weights)
    output_layer=sigmoid(output_layer+output_bias)
    error = (output-output_layer)
    gradient_outputLayer=gradient(output_layer)
    error_terms_output=gradient_outputLayer * error
    error_terms_hidden=gradient(hidden_layer)*np.dot(error_terms_output,output_weights.T)
    gradient_hidden_weights =np.dot(input.reshape(inputNeurons,1),error_terms_hidden.reshape(1,hiddenlayerNeurons))
    gradient_ouput_weights =np.dot(hidden_layer.reshape(hiddenlayerNeurons,1),error_terms_output.reshape(1,outputNeurons))
    hidden_weights = hidden_weights + 0.05*gradient_hidden_weights
    output_weights = output_weights + 0.05*gradient_ouput_weights
    if i<50 or i>iteration-50:
        print("*****")
        print("iteration:",i,":::",error)
        print("###output#####",output_layer)

        *****
iteration: 0 ::: [[ 0.12594904 -0.95089727]]
###output##### [[0.87405096 0.95089727]]
*****
iteration: 1 ::: [[ 0.12572517 -0.9505321 ]]
###output##### [[0.87427483 0.9505321 ]]
*****
iteration: 2 ::: [[ 0.1255029 -0.95016202]]
###output##### [[0.8744971 0.95016202]]
*****
iteration: 3 ::: [[ 0.1252822 -0.94978692]]
###output##### [[0.8747178 0.94978692]]
*****
iteration: 4 ::: [[ 0.12506308 -0.94940672]]
###output##### [[0.87493692 0.94940672]]
*****
iteration: 5 ::: [[ 0.12484552 -0.94902132]]
###output##### [[0.87515448 0.94902132]]
*****
iteration: 6 ::: [[ 0.12462951 -0.94863062]]
###output##### [[0.87537049 0.94863062]]
*****
iteration: 7 ::: [[ 0.12441505 -0.94823452]]
###output##### [[0.87558495 0.94823452]]
*****
iteration: 8 ::: [[ 0.12420211 -0.94783292]]
###output##### [[0.87579789 0.94783292]]
*****
iteration: 9 ::: [[ 0.1239907 -0.94742571]]
###output##### [[0.8760093 0.94742571]]
*****
iteration: 10 ::: [[ 0.12378081 -0.94701279]]
###output##### [[0.87621919 0.94701279]]
*****
iteration: 11 ::: [[ 0.12357241 -0.94659404]]
###output##### [[0.87642759 0.94659404]]
*****
iteration: 12 ::: [[ 0.12336552 -0.94616935]]
###output##### [[0.87663448 0.94616935]]

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```
*****
iteration: 13 ::: [[ 0.1231601 -0.94573861]]
###output##### [[0.8768399 0.94573861]]
*****
iteration: 14 ::: [[ 0.12295617 -0.9453017 ]]
###output##### [[0.87704383 0.9453017 ]]
*****
iteration: 15 ::: [[ 0.12275371 -0.94485849]]
###output##### [[0.87724629 0.94485849]]
*****
iteration: 16 ::: [[ 0.1225527 -0.94440886]]
###output##### [[0.8774473 0.94440886]]
*****
iteration: 17 ::: [[ 0.12235315 -0.94395269]]
###output##### [[0.87764685 0.94395269]]
*****
iteration: 18 ::: [[ 0.12215504 -0.94348984]]
###output##### [[0.87784496 0.94348984]]
*****
```

Program_5

```

# Python3 program to create target string, starting from
# random string using Genetic Algorithm

import random

# Number of individuals in each generation
POPULATION_SIZE = 100

# Valid genes
GENES = '''abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHGIJKLMNOP
QRSTUUVWXYZ 1234567890, .-;:_!"#%&/'=?@${[]}'

# Target string to be generated
TARGET = "I love GeeksforGeeks"

class Individual(object):
    '''
    Class representing individual in population
    '''
    def __init__(self, chromosome):
        self.chromosome = chromosome
        self.fitness = self.cal_fitness()

    @classmethod
    def mutated_genes(self):
        '''
        create random genes for mutation
        '''
        global GENES
        gene = random.choice(GENES)
        return gene

    @classmethod
    def create_gnome(self):
        '''
        create chromosome or string of genes
        '''
        global TARGET
        gnome_len = len(TARGET)
        return [self.mutated_genes() for _ in range(gnome_len)]

    def mate(self, par2):
        '''
        Perform mating and produce new offspring
        '''

        # chromosome for offspring
        child_chromosome = []
        for gp1, gp2 in zip(self.chromosome, par2.chromosome):

            # random probability
            prob = random.random()

            # if prob is less than 0.45, insert gene
            # from parent 1
            if prob < 0.45:
                child_chromosome.append(gp1)

            # if prob is between 0.45 and 0.90, insert
            # gene from parent 2
            elif prob < 0.90:
                child_chromosome.append(gp2)

            # otherwise insert random gene(mutate),
            # for maintaining diversity
            else:
                child_chromosome.append(self.mutated_genes())

        # create new Individual(offspring) using
        # generated chromosome for offspring
        return Individual(child_chromosome)

    def cal_fitness(self):
        '''
        Calculate fitness score, it is the number of
        characters in string which differ from target
        string.
        '''
        global TARGET
        fitness = 0

```

```

    for gs, gt in zip(self.chromosome, TARGET):
        if gs != gt: fitness+= 1
    return fitness

# Driver code
def main():
    global POPULATION_SIZE

    #current generation
    generation = 1

    found = False
    population = []

    # create initial population
    for _ in range(POPULATION_SIZE):
        gnome = Individual.create_gnome()
        population.append(Individual(gnome))

    while not found:

        # sort the population in increasing order of fitness score
        population = sorted(population, key = lambda x:x.fitness)

        # if the individual having lowest fitness score ie.
        # 0 then we know that we have reached to the target
        # and break the loop
        if population[0].fitness <= 0:
            found = True
            break

        # Otherwise generate new offsprings for new generation
        new_generation = []

        # Perform Elitism, that mean 10% of fittest population
        # goes to the next generation
        s = int((10*POPULATION_SIZE)/100)
        new_generation.extend(population[:s])

        # From 50% of fittest population, Individuals
        # will mate to produce offspring
        s = int((90*POPULATION_SIZE)/100)
        for _ in range(s):
            parent1 = random.choice(population[:50])
            parent2 = random.choice(population[:50])
            child = parent1.mate(parent2)
            new_generation.append(child)

        population = new_generation

        print("Generation: {}".format(generation, "".join(population[0].chromosome), population[0].fitness))

        generation += 1

    print("Generation: {}".format(generation, "".join(population[0].chromosome), population[0].fitness))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

Generation: 1   String: R Yo"U3ry$-5{d$VAZdC   Fitness: 18
Generation: 2   String: R Yo"U3ry$-5{d$VAZdC   Fitness: 18
Generation: 3   String: ac U$)-GfBky"J}GN)_X   Fitness: 17
Generation: 4   String: m qonvU3aBk9j1;-lt6s   Fitness: 16
Generation: 5   String: m lo}sUBaBk9F7V-c,gs   Fitness: 15
Generation: 6   String: m bo)e [47k dq@&ln]s   Fitness: 14
Generation: 7   String: I 2one/GjnkZm?;reB1K   Fitness: 13
Generation: 8   String: I 2one/GjnkZm?;reB1K   Fitness: 13
Generation: 9   String: I 2one/GjnkZm?;reB1K   Fitness: 13
Generation: 10  String: I lo)e BfB7s2}VGljGs   Fitness: 11
Generation: 11  String: I lo)e BfB7s2}VGljGs   Fitness: 11
Generation: 12  String: I lo)e BfB7s2}VGljGs   Fitness: 11
Generation: 13  String: mRlov7 GaNkZ9}rGejks   Fitness: 9
Generation: 14  String: mRlov7 GaNkZ9}rGejks   Fitness: 9
Generation: 15  String: J@lovegGaWkscoMGe3ks   Fitness: 8
Generation: 16  String: J@lovegGaWkscoMGe3ks   Fitness: 8
Generation: 17  String: I lov gG!WkscxrGefks   Fitness: 7
Generation: 18  String: I lov gG!WkscxrGefks   Fitness: 7
Generation: 19  String: J love Gfnks yrGe ks   Fitness: 6
Generation: 20  String: J love Gfnks yrGe ks   Fitness: 6
Generation: 21  String: J love Gfnks yrGe ks   Fitness: 6
Generation: 22  String: J love Gfnks yrGe ks   Fitness: 6
Generation: 23  String: I love GaBksco7Gesks   Fitness: 5
Generation: 24  String: I love GaBksco7Gesks   Fitness: 5
Generation: 25  String: I love GaBksco7Gesks   Fitness: 5

```

```

Generation: 26 String: I love GaBksco7Gesks Fitness: 5
Generation: 27 String: I[love Geeka5orGejks Fitness: 4
Generation: 28 String: I[love Geeka5orGejks Fitness: 4
Generation: 29 String: I[love Geeka5orGejks Fitness: 4
Generation: 30 String: I love GseksforGexks Fitness: 2
Generation: 31 String: I love GseksforGexks Fitness: 2
Generation: 32 String: I love GseksforGexks Fitness: 2
Generation: 33 String: I love GseksforGexks Fitness: 2
Generation: 34 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 35 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 36 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 37 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 38 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 39 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 40 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 41 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 42 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 43 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 44 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 45 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 46 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 47 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 48 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 49 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 50 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 51 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 52 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 53 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 54 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 55 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 56 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 57 String: I love GeeksforGejks Fitness: 1
Generation: 58 String: I love GeeksforGeiks Fitness: 1

```

Program_6

```

import numpy as np
# Estado terminal
terminal = 5
# Possiveis acoes
actions = ['UP','DW','LF','RG']
# Recompensas
rws = np.array([-1]*6)
rws[5] = 10
# Duas trajetorias
paths = [(0, ['UP','UP','UP','RG']), (4, ['RG','RG','LF','UP'])]
# Constantes
alpha = 0.5
gamma = 0.8

def print_value(value):
    print('[' + str(value[2]) + ' ' + str(value[5]))
    print(str(value[1]) + ' ' + str(value[4]))
    print(str(value[0]) + ' ' + str(value[3]) + ']\n')

def update_value(value, state, action):
    index = actions.index(action)
    next_state = state
    rw = 0
    if action == 'UP':
        if state == 2 or state == 5:
            rw = -10
        else:
            next_state = state + 1

    elif action == 'DW':
        if state == 0 or state == 3:
            rw = -10
        else:
            next_state = state - 1

    elif action == 'LF':
        if state == 0 or state == 1 or state == 2:
            rw = -10
        else:
            next_state = state - 3

    elif action == 'RG':
        if state == 3 or state == 4 or state == 5:
            rw = -10
        else:
            next_state = state + 3

    if rw == 0:
        rw = rws[next_state]

```



```

    value[index][state] = value[index][state] + alpha * (rw + gamma * max(value[i][next_state] for i in range(4)) - value[index][state])
    return value, next_state

def return_policy(value):
    policy = np.array([' ']*6)
    policy[5] = '+10'

    for state in range(5):
        policy[state] = actions[np.argmax([value[action][state] for action in range(4)])]

    print(policy[2] + ' ' + policy[5])
    print(policy[1] + ' ' + policy[4])
    print(policy[0] + ' ' + policy[3]+ '\n')

def main():
    # Inicializar matriz Q com valores 0, considerando as quatro acoes
    value = [np.zeros(6),np.zeros(6),np.zeros(6),np.zeros(6)]
    for i in range(len(paths)):
        state = paths[i][0]
        actions = paths[i][1]
        for action in actions:
            value, state = update_value(value, state, action)
            if state == terminal:
                break
    # Acao UP
    print_value(value[0])
    # Acao DW
    print_value(value[1])
    # Acao LF
    print_value(value[2])
    # Acao RG
    print_value(value[3])
    # Politica
    return_policy(value)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

```

[-5.0 0.0
 -0.5 0.0
 -0.5 0.0]

[0.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0]

[0.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0]

[5.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0]

R +
D U
D U

[-5.0 0.0
 1.25 0.0
 -0.5 0.0]

[0.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0]

[0.0 0.0
 0.0 -0.5
 0.0 0.0]

[5.0 0.0
 0.0 -7.5
 0.0 0.0]

R +
U U
D U

```

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