Total number of questions: 60

12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

Time: 1hr

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Q.no 1. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

A: Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

C : Opera mini

D: Internet Explorer

Q.no 2. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production

A: System

B: Acceptance

C: Critical

D: Performance

Q.no 3. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as

A: Severity

B: Priority

C: Fixability

D: Traceability

Q.no 4. Black Box Testing is also known as

A: Behavioral Testing

B: Flow Testing

C: Data Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 5. Which of the following is the best approach for automation in the long term

A: Train manual testers and start automation

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A : Developer feels that the bug is not genuine

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C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases

D: It is not bug at all

Q.no 7. Boundary Value Analysis comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing

D: Control structure testing

$Q.no\ 8.\ Which\ of\ the\ following\ is\ largest\ bug\ producer$

A : code B: design C: analysis D : specification Q.no 9. What is static analysis A: The analysis of batch programs B: The reviewing of test plans C: The analysis of program code D: The use of black box testing Q.no 10. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline A: Test Set B: Requirement C: Test Plan D: Cycle Q.no 11. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity A: design B: Execution C: Planning D: Check Exit criteria completion Q.no 12. What is the objective of integration testing A: To verify that system is functioning according to specified requirements B: To verify that system meets user expectation and needs C: To verify that system separately testable modules are functioning properly

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Q.no 15. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

A: White box testing

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Q.no 16. Component testing is performed by whom

A : Developer

B: Software Tester

C: Designer

D : End User

Q.no 17. What is uality Control

A: maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D: focus on designing

Q.no 18. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

A : Output comparator

B: Boundary tester

C: Data transfer

D: Capture or Playback

Q.no 19. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into

A: Process defect

B: Product defect

C: Procedure defect

D: Proper defect

Q.no 20. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 21. Which one is best suitable example of Load Testing

A: Running multiple applications on a computer or server simultaneously

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C: playing game with graphics

D : Printing a document using printer from remote computer

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C: OpenText

Q.no 32. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier

A : Acceptance Caution Change B: Acceptance Test Change C: Acceptance Criteria Change D: Acceptance Execute Change Q.no 33. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing A: System Testing B: Inspection C: Unit Testing D: UAT Q.no 34. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them A: Integration Testing B: Acceptance Testing C: Unit Testing D: System Testing Q.no 35. Why will you do automation testing A: It increases defect detection ratio B: It improves the efficiency of testing C: It reduces the cost of testing D: It improves the quality of production code Q.no 36. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

Q.no 37. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function

A: Boundary value analysis

B: Graph based testing

C : Equivalence partitioning

D: loop testing

Q.no 38. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing

A: Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system

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Q.no 40. What is involved in a system level test plan

A: Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

C: System Verification and Validation

D : Subsystem and System Testing

Q.no 41. Who leads a walk through

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D : Scribe

Q.no 42. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: open-source development model

D: personal software process model

Q.no 43. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing

A: Ready Test Scripts

B: Ready Test Suite

C: Stable code and application

D: Skilled and experienced resources

Q.no 44. Which of the following is not a white box technique

A: State Transition Teting

B: Path testing

C: Statement testing

D: Data flow testing

Q.no 45. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver

A : Perl

B: SQL

C: ASP

D: Cobol

Q.no 46. Which of the following is not a testable web application element?

A: Authentication

B: Encryption

C: Firewalls

D: Penetration

Q.no 47. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software

A: Managing director

B: Project manager

C: Project team

D: SQA group

Q.no 48. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions

A: Defect Tracking

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Q.no 49. The Selenium is refer as

A: Provides professional customer support

B: Test Reports are generated automatically

C: Comes with a built in object repository

D: Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test

Q.no 50. Which one of the following describes the major benefit of verification early in the life cycle

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A: integration testing then system testing then unit testing and validation testing

B: unit testing then validation testing then system testing and integration testing C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing D: validation testing then system testing then unit testing and integration testing Q.no 52. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect A: fault B: error C: failure D: accuracy Q.no 53. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe A: Equivalence Partitioning B: Basis Path Testing C: Boundary Value Analysis D: Branch Coverage Q.no 54. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting B: Test closure activity C: Test implementation and execution D: Test analysis and design Q.no 55. When you are recording the application, the test script is automatically generatecThe test script used in SilkTest is called A: Silk Test B:4Test

C: Test Suite

D: Recording

Q.no 56. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of guidelines or principles in examining an interface

A: Experience Summary

B: Cognitive Walkthrough

C: Usability Test

D: Heuristic Evaluation

Q.no 57. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium

A: Inspecting Elements

B: Parallel Testing

C: Programming

D: Cross Browser Testing

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A: To find faults in the software

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C: To demonstrate that the software doesn't work

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Q.no 59. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in

A: Software Product Engineering

B: Software Quality Assurance

C: Software Subcontract Management

D: Software Quality Management

Q.no 60. A logical collection of test cases which naturally work together is called as

A: Test procedure

B: Test log

C: Test Suite

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Answer for Question No 36	i. is c
Answer for Question No 37	'. is c
Answer for Question No 38	. is b
Answer for Question No 39	. is a
Answer for Question No 40	. is d
Answer for Question No 41	. is a
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Answer for Question No 43	. is a
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Answer for Question No 48	. is b
	

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B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: Unit testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing then System testing

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Q.no 10. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: Evaluations to be performed

B: Amount of technical work

C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

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B: Open

C: OpenText

D: OpenTable

Q.no 30. Test plans are based on

A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C: Support Plan

D: Aanalysis Plan

Q.no 31. Which of the following is true of the V model

A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements

B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 32. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions

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D: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

Q.no 54. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group

A : Prepare SQAplan for the project

B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance

C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager

D: serve as the sole test team for any software produced

Q.no 55. Which object is within an Object Oriented System is used to design tests that have a high likelihood of uncovering plausible bugs

A : Fault based testing

B: Integration testing

C: Use based testing

D: Scenario based testing

Q.no 56. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C: can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 57. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B: Quality of conformance

C: Quality Assurance

D: None of the mentioned

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Q.no 5. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: Evaluations to be performed

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D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 6. Which steps refers to the set of tasks that ensures the software correctly implements a specific function

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C: playing game with graphics

D: Printing a document using printer from remote computer

Q.no 9. What is the order in which test levels are performed

A : Unit testing then Integration testing then System testing then and Acceptance testing

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: Unit testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing then System testing

D: It depends on nature of a project

Q.no 10. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: Unit testing then Integration testign then System testing and Acceptance testing

Q.no 11. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 12. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B: Software Tester

C: Designer

D: End User

Q.no 13. Which of the following type of testing is done without Planning and Documentation?

A: Retesting

B: Unit testing

C: Ad Hoc Testing

D : Regression Testing

Q.no 14. Boundary Value Analysis comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 15. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as

A: Severity

B : Priority

C: Fixability

D: Traceability

Q.no 16. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

A: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

B: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually

C: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing

D: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

Q.no 17. Which of the following is not a part of defect management process

A: Defect reporting

B: Defect prevention

C: Requirement baselining

D: Procedure defect

Q.no 18. Verification and Validation uses for

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A: Internal and External resources respectively B: Internal resources only C: External resources only D: External and Internal resources respectively Q.no 19. Select the operating system which is NOT supported by Selenium IDE. A: Unix B: Linux C: Windows D: Solaris Q.no 20. Which of the following is largest bug producer A:code B: design C: analysis D: specification Q.no 21. Black Box Testing is also known as A: Behavioral Testing **B**: Flow Testing C: Data Testing D: Control structure testing Q.no 22. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into A: Process defect B: Product defect

Q.no 23. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: A. evaluations to be performed

B: amount of technical work

C: audits and reviews to be performed

D: documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 24. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline

A: Test Set

B: Requirement

C: Test Plan

D: Cycle

Q.no 25. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production

A: System

B: Acceptance

C: Critical

D: Performance

Q.no 26. Test cases are designed during

A: test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D: test specification

Q.no 27. What is involved in a system level test plan

A : Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

C: System Verification and Validation

D: Subsystem and System Testing

Q.no 28. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing

A: Ready Test Scripts

B: Ready Test Suite

C: Stable code and application

D: Skilled and experienced resources

Q.no 29. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them

A: Integration Testing

B: Acceptance Testing

C: Unit Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 30. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

Q.no 31. Regression testing should be tightly linked to the testing and be built from the successful test cases developed and used in

A: Retesting

B: Functional Testing

C: End to End Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 32. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality

A : system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: open-source development model

D: personal software process model

Q.no 33. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing?

A: Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Performance Testing

Q.no 34. In which situations Regression Testing is not performed

A: When project manger asks to perform

B: When new functionality is introduced

C: When database system is changed

D : When system is installed on different hardware configuration than previously tested

Q.no 35. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier

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B : Acceptance Test Change

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Q.no 36. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing

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Q.no 37. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing

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C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing
D: Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization
Q.no 38. Why will you do automation testing
A: It increases defect detection ratio
B: It improves the efficiency of testing
C: It reduces the cost of testing
D: It improves the quality of production code
Q.no 39. Test plans are based on
A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C: Support Plan

D: Aanalysis Plan

Q.no 40. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver

A: Perl

B: SQL

C: ASP

D: Cobol

Q.no 41. Which structured approach is not used in business driven or multi dimensional in a Six Sigma

A: Reducing process variability

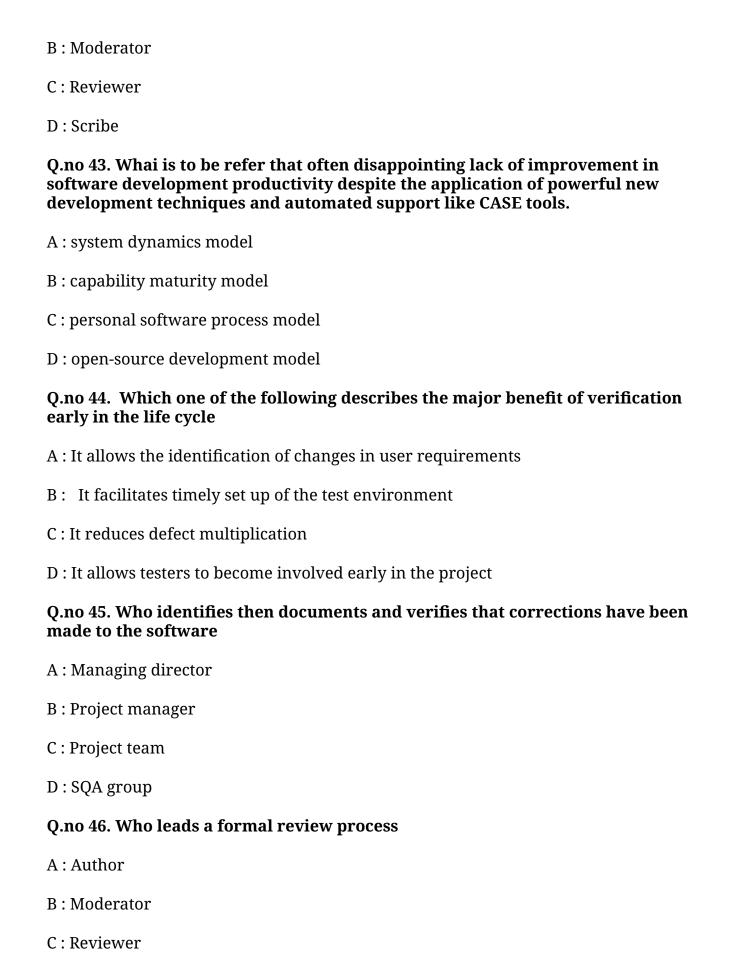
B: Increasing customer satisfaction

C: Identifying Defects

D: Improving Processes

Q.no 42. Who leads a walk through

A: Author



D: Scribe

Q.no 47. Entry criteria is determined during which phase

A: Planning

B: Follow up

C: Preparation

D: Review meeting

Q.no 48. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 49. Which of the following is true of the V model

A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements

B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 50. Which is a formal review technique

A: Walk through

B: peer to peer review

C: Inspection

D: review

Q.no 51. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C: can prevent fault multiplication.

D : will find all faults

Q.no 52. What types of errors are not done by Black Box Testing and can be uncovered by White Box Testing

A: Logic errors

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C: Behavioral errors

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Q.no 53. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe

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D: Branch Coverage

Q.no 54. Which is not an important goal of a walk through

A : Knowledge transfer

B: Gather information

C: Discuss alternatives

D: Find defects

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Q.no 57. A logical collection of test cases which naturally work together is called as

A: Test procedure

B: Test log

C: Test Suite

D: Test data

Q.no 58. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects

A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting

B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D: Test analysis and design

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A: integration testing then system testing then unit testing and validation testing

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Q.no 60. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium

A: Inspecting Elements

B: Parallel Testing

C: Programming

D: Cross Browser Testing

Answer for Question No 1. is c
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Answer for Question No 12. is a
Answer for Question No 13. is c
Answer for Question No 14. is b
Answer for Question No 15. is a
Answer for Question No 16. is b

Answer for Question No 17. is c
Answer for Question No 18. is a
Answer for Question No 19. is a
Answer for Question No 20. is c
Answer for Question No 21. is a
Answer for Question No 22. is a
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Answer for Question No 37. is b
Answer for Question No 38. is b
Answer for Question No 39. is a
Answer for Question No 40. is a
Answer for Question No 41. is c
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Answer for Question No 43. is a
Answer for Question No 44. is c
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Answer for Question No 47. is a
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	Answer for Question No 49. is d
I	Answer for Question No 50. is c
I	Answer for Question No 51. is d
1	Answer for Question No 52. is a
	Answer for Question No 53. is b
	Answer for Question No 54. is d
	Answer for Question No 55. is b
	Answer for Question No 56. is d
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,	

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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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Q.no 1. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

A: Output comparator

B: Boundary tester

C: Data transfer

D : Capture or Playback

Q.no 2. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity

A : design

B: Execution

C: Planning

D : Check Exit criteria completion

Q.no 3. Deferred status in bug life cycle means

A: Developer feels that the bug is not genuine

B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug

C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases

D: It is not bug at all

Q.no 4. Which of the following type of testing is done without Planning and Documentation?

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C: Ad Hoc Testing

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Q.no 14. What is uality Control

A: maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D : focus on designing

Q.no 15. What is static analysis

A: The analysis of batch programs

B : The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

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B: Internal resources only

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A: Train manual testers and start automation

B: Enforce manual testers to start automation

C: Associate with the developers to start automation

D: Build a team with members having development skills

Q.no 20. What is Quality Assurance

A: It is the measurement of degree to which a product satisfies the need

B: Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process

C: Process of identifying defects

D: It is a corrective tool

Q.no 21. Which of the following is largest bug producer

A: code

B: design

C : analysis

D: specification

Q.no 22. During which activity tester decides if extra test cases are required or not

A: Test implementation and execution

B: Test planning and control

C: Test analysis and design

D: Evaluating exit criteria

Q.no 23. Which tests are designed to validate functional requirements without regard to the internal working of program

A: White box test

B: Control Structure Test

C: Black box test

D: Gray box test

Q.no 24. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

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D: Gray box testing

Q.no 25. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

A: Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

C: Opera mini

D : Internet Explorer

Q.no 26. The Selenium is refer as

A: Provides professional customer support

B: Test Reports are generated automatically

C : Comes with a built in object repository

D : Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test

Q.no 27. Test plans are based on

A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C : Support Plan
D : Aanalysis Plan
Q.no 28. Who leads a formal review process
A: Author
B: Moderator
C: Reviewer
D: Scribe
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B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 33. Which of the following is not a white box technique

A: State Transition Teting

B: Path testing

C: Statement testing

D: Data flow testing

Q.no 34. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing

A: System Testing

B: Inspection

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B: It improves the efficiency of testing

C: It reduces the cost of testing D: It improves the quality of production code Q.no 38. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software A: Managing director B: Project manager C: Project team D: SQA group Q.no 39. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process A : Final stage B : First stage C: All stages but after first stage D: All stage Q.no 40. The number of defects in a particular software is given by which metric A: Defect removal rate B: Mean time to failure C: Defect density D : Coverage metrics Q.no 41. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

Q.no 42. Which of the following is not a testable web application element?

A: Authentication

B: Encryption

C: Firewalls

D: Penetration

Q.no 43. Whai is to be refer that often disappointing lack of improvement in software development productivity despite the application of powerful new development techniques and automated support like CASE tools.

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

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Q.no 48. Which one of the following describes the major benefit of verification early in the life cycle

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B: It facilitates timely set up of the test environment

C: It reduces defect multiplication

D: It allows testers to become involved early in the project

Q.no 49. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them

A: Integration Testing

B: Acceptance Testing

C: Unit Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 50. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function

A: Boundary value analysis

B: Graph based testing

C: Equivalence partitioning

D: loop testing

Q.no 51. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe

A : Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Branch Coverage

Q.no 52. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group

A: Prepare SQAplan for the project

B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance

C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager

D : serve as the sole test team for any software produced

Q.no 53. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C : can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 54. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B: Quality of conformance

C : Quality Assurance

D: None of the mentioned

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Answer for Question	n No 39. is d		
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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B : Requirement Elicitation

C: Requirement Analysis

D : Requirement Documentation

Q.no 16. What is static analysis

A : The analysis of batch programs

B: The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 17. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B: Software Tester

C: Designer

D: End User

Q.no 18. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline

A: Test Set

B: Requirement

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D: Cycle

Q.no 19. During which activity tester decides if extra test cases are required or not

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C: Procedure defect

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Q.no 22. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: Evaluations to be performed

B: Amount of technical work

C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 23. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

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Q.no 24. Which one is best suitable example of Load Testing

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A: System

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D: Performance

Q.no 26. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality

A : system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: open-source development model

D: personal software process model

Q.no 27. The number of defects in a particular software is given by which metric

A: Defect removal rate

B: Mean time to failure

C: Defect density
D : Coverage metrics
Q.no 28. Who leads a formal review process
A: Author
B: Moderator
C: Reviewer
D: Scribe
Q.no 29. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions
A : Defect Tracking
B: Defect Prevention
C: Defect Age
D : Defect Risks
Q.no 30. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver
A: Perl
B: SQL
C: ASP
D : Cobol
Q.no 31. Which of the following is not a white box technique
A : State Transition Teting
B : Path testing
C: Statement testing
D : Data flow testing
Q.no 32. Who leads a walk through
A: Author

B : Moderator
C : Reviewer
D : Scribe

Q.no 33. Which is a formal review technique

A: Walk through

B: peer to peer review

C: Inspection

D: review

Q.no 34. Regression testing should be tightly linked to the testing and be built from the successful test cases developed and used in

A: Retesting

B: Functional Testing

C: End to End Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 35. Whai is to be refer that often disappointing lack of improvement in software development productivity despite the application of powerful new development techniques and automated support like CASE tools.

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 36. Which of the following is true of the V model

A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements

B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D : It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 37. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them

A: Integration Testing

B: Acceptance Testing

C: Unit Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 38. Which one of the following describes the major benefit of verification early in the life cycle

A: It allows the identification of changes in user requirements

B: It facilitates timely set up of the test environment

C: It reduces defect multiplication

D: It allows testers to become involved early in the project

Q.no 39. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier

A : Acceptance Caution Change

B: Acceptance Test Change

C: Acceptance Criteria Change

D : Acceptance Execute Change

Q.no 40. Test plans are based on

A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C: Support Plan

D: Aanalysis Plan

Q.no 41. Which of the following is not a testable web application element?

A: Authentication

B: Encryption

C: Firewalls

D: Penetration

Q.no 42. Which is not true regarding Spiral Model

A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development

B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 43. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing?

A: Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Performance Testing

Q.no 44. The Selenium is refer as

A: Provides professional customer support

B: Test Reports are generated automatically

C: Comes with a built in object repository

D : Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test

Q.no 45. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing

A: System Testing

B: Inspection

C: Unit Testing

D: UAT

Q.no 46. What is involved in a system level test plan

A: Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

C: System Verification and Validation

D: Subsystem and System Testing

Q.no 47. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing

A: Ready Test Scripts

B: Ready Test Suite

C: Stable code and application

D: Skilled and experienced resources

Q.no 48. In which situations Regression Testing is not performed

A: When project manger asks to perform

B: When new functionality is introduced

C: When database system is changed

D : When system is installed on different hardware configuration than previously tested

Q.no 49. Test cases are designed during

A: test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D: test specification

Q.no 50. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D : testing

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A : Silk Test

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Q.no 52. Which is not an important goal of a walk through

A: Knowledge transfer

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C: Discuss alternatives

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Q.no 53. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects

A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting

B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D: Test analysis and design

Q.no 54. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in

A: Software Product Engineering

B: Software Quality Assurance

C: Software Subcontract Management

D : Software Quality Management

Q.no 55. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group

A: Prepare SQAplan for the project

B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance

C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager

D : serve as the sole test team for any software produced

Q.no 56. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required. C: can prevent fault multiplication. D: will find all faults Q.no 57. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect A: fault B: error C: failure D: accuracy Q.no 58. Which object is within an Object Oriented System is used to design tests that have a high likelihood of uncovering plausible bugs A: Fault based testing B: Integration testing C: Use based testing D: Scenario based testing Q.no 59. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called A: Quality Control B: Quality of conformance C: Quality Assurance D: None of the mentioned Q.no 60. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium A: Inspecting Elements B: Parallel Testing C: Programming

D: Cross Browser Testing

Answer for Question No 1. is b	
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Answer for Question No 4. is c	
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Answer for Question No 12. is a	
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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B: Defect prevention

C: Requirement baselining

D: Procedure defect

Q.no 18. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

A: Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

C: Opera mini

D: Internet Explorer

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C: Test analysis and design

D: Evaluating exit criteria

Q.no 21. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

A: Output comparator

B: Boundary tester

C: Data transfer

D : Capture or Playback

Q.no 22. Which of the following is largest bug producer

A:code

B: design

C: analysis
D : specification
Q.no 23. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity
A: design
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A: errors

B: equivalent faults

C: failure cause

D: fault

Q.no 38. Who leads a walk through

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B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 39. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

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Q.no 40. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing

A: Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system

B: System is installed at user organization and user tests the system

C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing

D: Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization

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Q.no 45. Which structured approach is not used in business driven or multi dimensional in a Six Sigma

A: Reducing process variability

B: Increasing customer satisfaction

C: Identifying Defects

D: Improving Processes

Q.no 46. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software

A : Managing director

B: Project manager

C: Project team

D: SQA group

Q.no 47. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process

A : Final stage

B: First stage

C: All stages but after first stage

D : All stage

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C: Discuss alternatives

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Q.no 54. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of guidelines or principles in examining an interface

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B : Cognitive Walkthrough

C: Usability Test

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A: Fault based testing

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A: Silk Test

B:4Test

C: Test Suite

D: Recording

Q.no 58. Which of the following should NOT normally be an objective for a test

A: To find faults in the software

B: To assess whether the software is ready for release

C: To demonstrate that the software doesn't work

D: To prove that the software is correct

Q.no 59. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C : can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 60. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects

A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting

B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D : Test analysis and design

Answer for Question No 1. is c
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Answer for Question No 15. is b
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Answer for Question No 17. is c
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Answer for Question No 19. is b
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Answer for Question	No 40. is b		
Answer for Question	No 41. is c		
Answer for Question	No 42. is c		
Answer for Question	No 43. is c		
Answer for Question	No 44. is b		
Answer for Question	No 45. is c		
Answer for Question	No 46. is d		
Answer for Question	No 47. is d		
Answer for Question	No 48. is a		

Answer for Question No 49. is b	
Answer for Question No 50. is b	
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

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Q.no 5. Which of the following type of testing is done without Planning and Documentation?

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C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 21. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B: Software Tester

C: Designer

D: End User

Q.no 22. Which one is best suitable example of Load Testing

A: Running multiple applications on a computer or server simultaneously

B : Refering many sites on the internet

C: playing game with graphics

D: Printing a document using printer from remote computer

Q.no 23. Which of the following is not a part of defect management process

A: Defect reporting

B: Defect prevention

C: Requirement baselining

D: Procedure defect

Q.no 24. What is uality Control

A: maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D: focus on designing

Q.no 25. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: A. evaluations to be performed

B: amount of technical work

C: audits and reviews to be performed

D : documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 26. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process

A : Final stage

B : First stage

C: All stages but after first stage

D : All stage

Q.no 27. Regression testing should be tightly linked to the testing and be built from the successful test cases developed and used in

A: Retesting

B: Functional Testing

C: End to End Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 28. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function

A : Boundary value analysis

B: Graph based testing

C: Equivalence partitioning

D: loop testing

Q.no 29. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them

A: Integration Testing

B: Acceptance Testing

C: Unit Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 30. Which structured approach is not used in business driven or multi dimensional in a Six Sigma

A: Reducing process variability

B: Increasing customer satisfaction

C: Identifying Defects

D: Improving Processes

Q.no 31. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

Q.no 32. Which is not true regarding Spiral Model

A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development

B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 33. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software

A: Managing director

B: Project manager

C: Project team

D: SQA group

Q.no 34. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing

A: Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system

B: System is installed at user organization and user tests the system

C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing

D: Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization

Q.no 35. Test cases are designed during

A: test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D: test specification

Q.no 36. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing?

A: Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Performance Testing

Q.no 37. Who leads a formal review process

B: Moderator C: Reviewer D: Scribe Q.no 38. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing A: Ready Test Scripts B: Ready Test Suite C: Stable code and application D : Skilled and experienced resources Q.no 39. Who leads a walk through A: Author B: Moderator C: Reviewer D: Scribe Q.no 40. Which is a formal review technique A: Walk through B: peer to peer review C: Inspection D: review Q.no 41. Why will you do automation testing A: It increases defect detection ratio B: It improves the efficiency of testing C: It reduces the cost of testing D: It improves the quality of production code Q.no 42. Which of the following is not a testable web application element?

A: Author

A: Authentication B: Encryption C: Firewalls D: Penetration Q.no 43. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions A: Defect Tracking **B**: Defect Prevention C: Defect Age D: Defect Risks Q.no 44. What is involved in a system level test plan A: Subsystem Verification and Validation B: Development Testing C: System Verification and Validation D: Subsystem and System Testing Q.no 45. Test plans are based on A: Project Plan B: Business Plan C: Support Plan D: Aanalysis Plan Q.no 46. The number of defects in a particular software is given by which metric A: Defect removal rate B: Mean time to failure C: Defect density

D: Coverage metrics

Q.no 47. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality

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Q.no 49. Entry criteria is determined during which phase

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Q.no 50. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier

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Q.no 51. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

A: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

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D: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

Q.no 52. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium

A: Inspecting Elements

B: Parallel Testing

C: Programming

D: Cross Browser Testing

Q.no 53. What types of errors are not done by Black Box Testing and can be uncovered by White Box Testing

A: Logic errors

B: Performance errors

C: Behavioral errors

D: Control Errors

Q.no 54. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of guidelines or principles in examining an interface

A: Experience Summary

B: Cognitive Walkthrough

C : Usability Test

D: Heuristic Evaluation

Q.no 55. Which of the following should NOT normally be an objective for a test

A: To find faults in the software

B: To assess whether the software is ready for release

C: To demonstrate that the software doesn't work

D: To prove that the software is correct

Q.no 56. When you are recording the application, the test script is automatically generatecThe test script used in SilkTest is called

A: Silk Test

B: 4Test
C : Test Suite
D : Recording
Q.no 57. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect
A : fault
B:error
C : failure
D : accuracy
Q.no 58. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group
A : Prepare SQAplan for the project
B : review software engineering activities to verify process compliance
C : report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager
D : serve as the sole test team for any software produced
Q.no 59. Which object is within an Object Oriented System is used to design tests that have a high likelihood of uncovering plausible bugs
A : Fault based testing
B : Integration testing
C : Use based testing
D : Scenario based testing
Q.no 60. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called
A : Quality Control
B : Quality of conformance
C : Quality Assurance

D: None of the mentioned

Answer for Question No 1. is a
Answer for Question No 2. is c
Answer for Question No 3. is a
Answer for Question No 4. is c
Answer for Question No 5. is c
Answer for Question No 6. is b
Answer for Question No 7. is d
Answer for Question No 8. is d
Answer for Question No 9. is b
Answer for Question No 10. is a
Answer for Question No 11. is c
Answer for Question No 12. is a
Answer for Question No 13. is c
Answer for Question No 14. is b
Answer for Question No 15. is b
Answer for Question No 16. is c

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Answer for Question No 20. is b
Answer for Question No 21. is a
Answer for Question No 22. is a
Answer for Question No 23. is c
Answer for Question No 24. is b
Answer for Question No 25. is b
Answer for Question No 26. is d
Answer for Question No 27. is b
Answer for Question No 28. is c
Answer for Question No 29. is b
Answer for Question No 30. is c
Answer for Question No 31. is c
Answer for Question No 32. is b

Answer for Question No 33. is d
Answer for Question No 34. is b
Answer for Question No 35. is d
Answer for Question No 36. is d
Answer for Question No 37. is b
Answer for Question No 38. is a
Answer for Question No 39. is a
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Answer for Question No 41. is b
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Answer for Question No 43. is b
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Answer for Question No 46. is c
Answer for Question No 47. is b
Answer for Question No 48. is b

Answer for Question No 49. is a
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Answer for Question No 51. is c
Answer for Question No 52. is a
Answer for Question No 53. is a
Answer for Question No 54. is c
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

Time: 1hr

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A: Test Set

B: Requirement

C: Test Plan

D : Cycle

Q.no 2. What is uality Control

A: maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D: focus on designing

Q.no 3. Deferred status in bug life cycle means

A: Developer feels that the bug is not genuine

B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug

C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases

D: It is not bug at all

Q.no 4. Software Quality Metrics

A: Planning in the organization

B: Manage the the organization

C: Proper planning and execution in the organization

D: Measurement enables the organization

Q.no 5. Which of the following is largest bug producer

A:code

B: design

C: analysis

D: specification

Q.no 6. Which steps refers to the set of tasks that ensures the software correctly implements a specific function

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A: White Box Testing

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C: Grey Box Testing

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A: A. evaluations to be performed

B: amount of technical work

C: audits and reviews to be performed

D: documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 11. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 12. What is Quality Assurance

A: It is the measurement of degree to which a product satisfies the need

B : Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process

C: Process of identifying defects

D: It is a corrective tool

Q.no 13. Select the operating system which is NOT supported by Selenium IDE. A: Unix B: Linux C: Windows D: Solaris Q.no 14. Which of the following is not a part of defect management process A: Defect reporting B : Defect prevention C: Requirement baselining D: Procedure defect Q.no 15. Which tests are designed to validate functional requirements without regard to the internal working of program A: White box test B: Control Structure Test C: Black box test D: Gray box test Q.no 16. Requirement Engineering is not concern with A: Requirement Design B: Requirement Elicitation C: Requirement Analysis D: Requirement Documentation Q.no 17. Black Box Testing is also known as

A: Behavioral Testing

B: Flow Testing

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Q.no 18. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

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Q.no 19. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production

- A: System
- B: Acceptance
- C: Critical
- D: Performance

Q.no 20. What is static analysis

- A: The analysis of batch programs
- B: The reviewing of test plans
- C: The analysis of program code
- D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 21. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as

- A: Severity
- B: Priority
- C: Fixability
- D: Traceability

Q.no 22. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

- A: Output comparator
- B: Boundary tester
- C: Data transfer

D: Capture or Playback

Q.no 23. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: Unit testing then Integration testign then System testing and Acceptance testing

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A: Test implementation and execution

B: Test planning and control

C: Test analysis and design

D: Evaluating exit criteria

Q.no 26. The primary objective of formal technical reviews is to find what during the process so that they do not become defects after release of the software

A: errors

B: equivalent faults

C: failure cause

D: fault

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B: peer to peer review

C: Inspection

D: review

Q.no 38. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions

A: Defect Tracking

B: Defect Prevention

C: Defect Age

D: Defect Risks

Q.no 39. In which situations Regression Testing is not performed

A: When project manger asks to perform

B: When new functionality is introduced

C: When database system is changed

D: When system is installed on different hardware configuration than previously tested

Q.no 40. Which is not true regarding Spiral Model

A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development

B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 41. Who leads a formal review process

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 42. What is involved in a system level test plan

A: Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

C: System Verification and Validation

D: Subsystem and System Testing

Q.no 43. Entry criteria is determined during which phase

A: Planning

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Q.no 44. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier

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C: Acceptance Criteria Change

D: Acceptance Execute Change

Q.no 45. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing

A: System Testing

B: Inspection

C: Unit Testing

D: UAT

Q.no 46. Which of the following is true of the V model

A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements

B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 47. Why will you do automation testing

A: It increases defect detection ratio

B: It improves the efficiency of testing

C: It reduces the cost of testing

D: It improves the quality of production code

Q.no 48. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing

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A : Final stage

B: First stage

C: All stages but after first stage

D : All stage

Q.no 50. Which of the following is not a white box technique

A: State Transition Teting

B : Path testing

C: Statement testing

D: Data flow testing

Q.no 51. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B: Quality of conformance

C: Quality Assurance D: None of the mentioned Q.no 52. Which type of testing is done to ensure that whether your software works on different operating systems or not? A: Interoperability Testing B: Portability Testing C: Usability Testing D: Performance Testing Q.no 53. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe A: Equivalence Partitioning B: Basis Path Testing C: Boundary Value Analysis D : Branch Coverage Q.no 54. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case A: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing B: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing C: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually D: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data Q.no 55. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect A: fault B: error C: failure

Q.no 56. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects

A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting

D: accuracy

B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D: Test analysis and design

Q.no 57. What types of errors are not done by Black Box Testing and can be uncovered by White Box Testing

A: Logic errors

B: Performance errors

C: Behavioral errors

D: Control Errors

Q.no 58. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in

A: Software Product Engineering

B: Software Quality Assurance

C: Software Subcontract Management

D: Software Quality Management

Q.no 59. Which object is within an Object Oriented System is used to design tests that have a high likelihood of uncovering plausible bugs

A: Fault based testing

B: Integration testing

C: Use based testing

D: Scenario based testing

Q.no 60. What is the normal order of activities in which traditional software testing is organised

A: integration testing then system testing then unit testing and validation testing

B: unit testing then validation testing then system testing and integration testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: validation testing then system testing then unit testing and integration testing

Answer for Question No 1. is b
Answer for Question No 2. is b
Answer for Question No 3. is c
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Answer for Question No 49. is d
Answer for Question No 50. is a
Answer for Question No 51. is b
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Answer for Question No 53. is b
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Answer for Question No 55. is b
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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B: To verify that system meets user expectation and needs

C: To verify that system separately testable modules are functioning properly

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Q.no 9. Which of the following is the best approach for automation in the long term

- A: Train manual testers and start automation
- B: Enforce manual testers to start automation
- C: Associate with the developers to start automation
- D: Build a team with members having development skills

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B: Mozilla Firefox

C: Opera mini D: Internet Explorer Q.no 23. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing A: White box testing B: Control structure testing C: Black box testing D: Gray box testing Q.no 24. Which tests are designed to validate functional requirements without regard to the internal working of program A: White box test B: Control Structure Test C: Black box test D: Gray box test Q.no 25. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test? A: Output comparator B: Boundary tester C: Data transfer D : Capture or Playback Q.no 26. Which structured approach is not used in business driven or multi dimensional in a Six Sigma A: Reducing process variability B: Increasing customer satisfaction C: Identifying Defects D: Improving Processes Q.no 27. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality

A: system dynamics model B: capability maturity model C: open-source development model D : personal software process model Q.no 28. Entry criteria is determined during which phase A: Planning B: Follow up C: Preparation D: Review meeting Q.no 29. Which is a formal review technique A: Walk through B: peer to peer review C: Inspection D: review Q.no 30. Which of the following is not a white box technique A: State Transition Teting B : Path testing C: Statement testing D: Data flow testing Q.no 31. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing? A: Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D : Performance Testing

Q.no 32. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver

A:Perl
B: SQL
C: ASP
D : Cobol
Q.no 33. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them
A : Integration Testing
B : Acceptance Testing
C: Unit Testing
D : System Testing
Q.no 34. Which one of the following describes the major benefit of verification early in the life cycle
A: It allows the identification of changes in user requirements
B: It facilitates timely set up of the test environment
C : It reduces defect multiplication
D : It allows testers to become involved early in the project
Q.no 35. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function
A : Boundary value analysis
B : Graph based testing
C : Equivalence partitioning
D: loop testing
Q.no 36. Test plans are based on

A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C : Support Plan

D : Aanalysis Plan

Q.no 37. Select the command in Selenium IDE used to open a page using the URL

A: OpenRecord

B: Open

C: OpenText

D: OpenTable

Q.no 38. The number of defects in a particular software is given by which metric

A: Defect removal rate

B: Mean time to failure

C: Defect density

D : Coverage metrics

Q.no 39. Why will you do automation testing

A: It increases defect detection ratio

B: It improves the efficiency of testing

C: It reduces the cost of testing

D: It improves the quality of production code

Q.no 40. In which situations Regression Testing is not performed

A: When project manger asks to perform

B: When new functionality is introduced

C: When database system is changed

D : When system is installed on different hardware configuration than previously tested

Q.no 41. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing

A: System Testing

B: Inspection

C: Unit Testing

D: UAT

Q.no 42. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software

A: Managing director

B: Project manager

C: Project team

D: SQA group

Q.no 43. Test cases are designed during

A: test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D: test specification

Q.no 44. What is involved in a system level test plan

A : Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

C: System Verification and Validation

D: Subsystem and System Testing

Q.no 45. Who leads a walk through

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 46. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing

A: Ready Test Scripts

B: Ready Test Suite

C : Stable code and application

D: Skilled and experienced resources

Q.no 47. Which of the following is true of the V model

A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements

B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 48. Who leads a formal review process

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 49. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

Q.no 50. Which of the following is not a testable web application element?

A: Authentication

B: Encryption

C: Firewalls

D: Penetration

Q.no 51. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group

A: Prepare SQAplan for the project

B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance

C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager

D: serve as the sole test team for any software produced

Q.no 52. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

A: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

B: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing

C: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually

D: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

Q.no 53. Which of the following should NOT normally be an objective for a test

A: To find faults in the software

B: To assess whether the software is ready for release

C: To demonstrate that the software doesn't work

D: To prove that the software is correct

Q.no 54. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe

A: Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Branch Coverage

Q.no 55. What is the normal order of activities in which traditional software testing is organised

A: integration testing then system testing then unit testing and validation testing

B: unit testing then validation testing then system testing and integration testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D : validation testing then system testing then unit testing and integration testing

Q.no 56. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in

A : Software Product Engineering

B: Software Quality Assurance

C: Software Subcontract Management

D: Software Quality Management

Q.no 57. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of guidelines or principles in examining an interface

A: Experience Summary

B: Cognitive Walkthrough

C: Usability Test

D: Heuristic Evaluation

Q.no 58. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C: can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 59. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B: Quality of conformance

C: Quality Assurance

D: None of the mentioned

Q.no 60. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium

A: Inspecting Elements

B: Parallel Testing

C: Programming

D: Cross Browser Testing

Answer for Question No 1. is b
Answer for Question No 2. is c
Answer for Question No 3. is d
Answer for Question No 4. is b
Answer for Question No 5. is a
Answer for Question No 6. is b
Answer for Question No 7. is a
Answer for Question No 8. is b
Answer for Question No 9. is d
Answer for Question No 10. is a
Answer for Question No 11. is d
Answer for Question No 12. is a
Answer for Question No 13. is c
Answer for Question No 14. is a
Answer for Question No 15. is a
Answer for Question No 16. is b

Answer for Question No 17. is c
Answer for Question No 18. is b
Answer for Question No 19. is b
Answer for Question No 20. is b
Answer for Question No 21. is d
Answer for Question No 22. is b
Answer for Question No 23. is a
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Answer for Q	uestion No 49. is c		
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,			

Total number of questions: 60

12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

Time: 1hr

Max Marks: 50

N.B

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- 3) Use of calculator is allowed.
- 4) Each question carries 1 Mark.
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Q.no 1. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

A: White box testing

B: Control structure testing

C: Black box testing

D: Gray box testing

Q.no 2. Black Box Testing is also known as

A: Behavioral Testing

B: Flow Testing

C: Data Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 3. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity

A: design
B : Execution
C : Planning
D : Check Exit criteria completion
Q.no 4. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as
A: Severity
B: Priority
C : Fixability
D : Traceability
Q.no 5. Verification and Validation uses for
A: Internal and External resources respectively
B : Internal resources only
C: External resources only
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C: audits and reviews to be performed

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A: Requirement Design

B: Requirement Elicitation

C: Requirement Analysis

D: Requirement Documentation

Q.no 14. Which of the following is largest bug producer

A: code

B: design

C: analysis

D: specification

Q.no 15. What is static analysis

A: The analysis of batch programs

B: The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 16. Deferred status in bug life cycle means

A : Developer feels that the bug is not genuine

B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug

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C: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing

D: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

Q.no 18. Which steps refers to the set of tasks that ensures the software correctly implements a specific function

A: Verification

B: Validation

C: Modularity

D: Testing

Q.no 19. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into

A: Process defect

B: Product defect

C: Procedure defect

D: Proper defect

Q.no 20. What is uality Control

A: maintaining standards

B : maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D: focus on designing

Q.no 21. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B: Software Tester

C : Designer

D: End User

Q.no 22. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: Unit testing then Integration testign then System testing and Acceptance testing

Q.no 23. Which of the following is the best approach for automation in the long term

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Q.no 25. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

A : Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

C : Opera mini

D: Internet Explorer

Q.no 26. Test plans are based on

A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C: Support Plan

D: Aanalysis Plan

Q.no 27. The Selenium is refer as

A: Provides professional customer support

B: Test Reports are generated automatically C: Comes with a built in object repository D: Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test Q.no 28. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality A: system dynamics model B: capability maturity model C: open-source development model D: personal software process model Q.no 29. Test cases are designed during A: test recording B: test planning C: test configuration D: test specification Q.no 30. The primary objective of formal technical reviews is to find what during the process so that they do not become defects after release of the software A: errors B: equivalent faults C: failure cause D: fault Q.no 31. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing

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B: Inspection

C: Unit Testing

D: UAT

Q.no 32. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3

Implement the preventive actions

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C: End to End Testing

B: Functional Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 37. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

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A: Defect removal rate

B: Mean time to failure

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D: It includes the verification of designs.

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B: Moderator

C: Reviewer D: Scribe Q.no 42. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing A: Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system B: System is installed at user organization and user tests the system C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing D: Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization Q.no 43. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier A : Acceptance Caution Change B : Acceptance Test Change C : Acceptance Criteria Change D : Acceptance Execute Change Q.no 44. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver A: Perl B: SQL C: ASP D: Cobol Q.no 45. Which of the following is not a white box technique A: State Transition Teting B : Path testing C: Statement testing D : Data flow testing Q.no 46. Why will you do automation testing A : It increases defect detection ratio

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A: It allows the identification of changes in user requirements

B: It facilitates timely set up of the test environment

C: It reduces defect multiplication

D: It allows testers to become involved early in the project

Q.no 48. Which is not true regarding Spiral Model

A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development

B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 49. Select the command in Selenium IDE used to open a page using the URL

A: OpenRecord

B: Open

C: OpenText

D : OpenTable

Q.no 50. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process

A: Final stage

B : First stage

C: All stages but after first stage

D : All stage

Q.no 51. When you are recording the application, the test script is automatically generatecThe test script used in SilkTest is called

A: Silk Test

B: 4Test	
C: Test Suite	
D : Recording	
Q.no 52. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in	
A : Software Product Engineering	
B : Software Quality Assurance	
C : Software Subcontract Management	
D : Software Quality Management	
Q.no 53. What types of errors are not done by Black Box Testing and can be uncovered by White Box Testing	
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C: Usability Test	
D : Heuristic Evaluation	
Q.no 55. A logical collection of test cases which naturally work together is called as	
A: Test procedure	
B: Test log	
C : Test Suite	
D : Test data	

Q.no 56. Which object is within an Object Oriented System is used to design tests that have a high likelihood of uncovering plausible bugs

A: Fault based testing B: Integration testing C: Use based testing D: Scenario based testing Q.no 57. Which type of testing is done to ensure that whether your software works on different operating systems or not? A: Interoperability Testing B: Portability Testing C: Usability Testing D: Performance Testing Q.no 58. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group A: Prepare SQAplan for the project B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager D: serve as the sole test team for any software produced Q.no 59. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect A: fault B: error C: failure D: accuracy Q.no 60. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B: Quality of conformance

C: Quality Assurance

D : None of the mentioned

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Answer for Question No 25. is b
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Answer for Question No 33. is d	
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Answer for Question No 52. is a
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Answer for Question No 56. is a
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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B: Requirement Elicitation

C: Requirement Analysis

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Q.no 2. Boundary Value Analysis comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing

D: Control structure testing

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B: Amount of technical work

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D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 10. Which of the following is not a part of defect management process

A: Defect reporting

B: Defect prevention

C: Requirement baselining

D : Procedure defect

Q.no 11. What is uality Control

A : maintaining standards

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Q.no 12. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

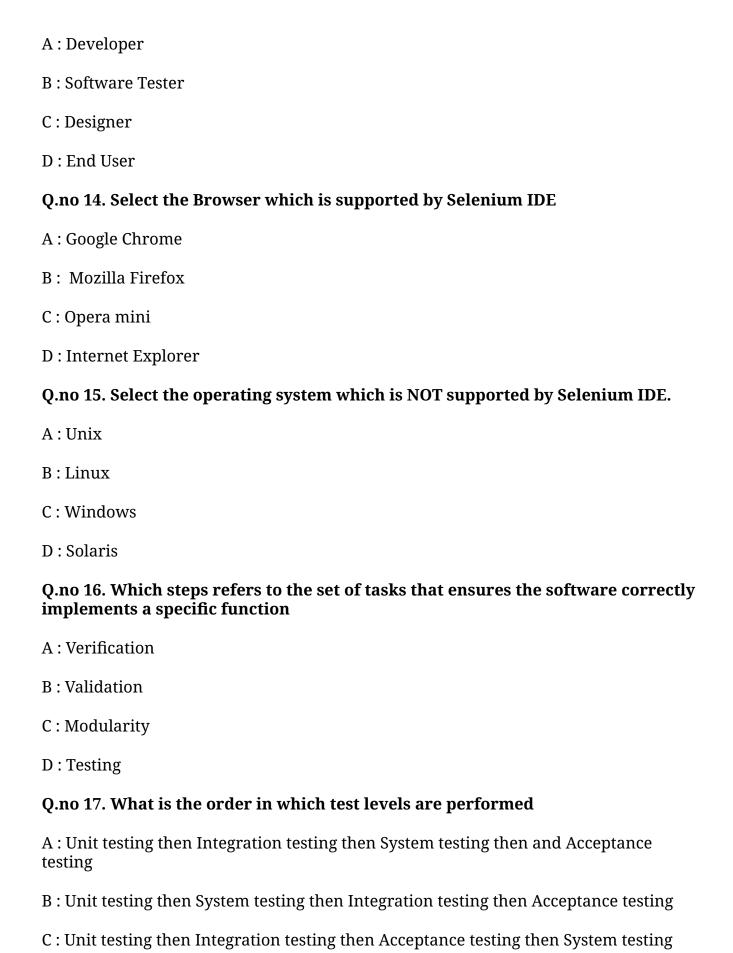
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D: It depends on nature of a project

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C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

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D: review

Q.no 37. Which structured approach is not used in business driven or multi dimensional in a Six Sigma

A: Reducing process variability B: Increasing customer satisfaction C: Identifying Defects D: Improving Processes Q.no 38. Entry criteria is determined during which phase A: Planning B: Follow up C: Preparation D: Review meeting Q.no 39. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality A: system dynamics model B: capability maturity model C: open-source development model D: personal software process model Q.no 40. Test cases are designed during A: test recording B: test planning C: test configuration D: test specification Q.no 41. The primary objective of formal technical reviews is to find what during the process so that they do not become defects after release of the software A: errors B: equivalent faults

D : fault

C: failure cause

Q.no 42. The Selenium is refer as

A: Provides professional customer support

B: Test Reports are generated automatically

C: Comes with a built in object repository

D: Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test

Q.no 43. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 44. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing?

A : Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Performance Testing

Q.no 45. Test plans are based on

A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C: Support Plan

D: Aanalysis Plan

Q.no 46. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing

A: Ready Test Scripts

B: Ready Test Suite

C: Stable code and application

D : Skilled and experienced resources Q.no 47. Which of the following is not a testable web application element? A: Authentication B: Encryption C: Firewalls D: Penetration Q.no 48. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier A : Acceptance Caution Change B : Acceptance Test Change C : Acceptance Criteria Change D : Acceptance Execute Change Q.no 49. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing A : Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system B: System is installed at user organization and user tests the system C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing D: Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization Q.no 50. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver A: Perl

B: SQL

C: ASP

D: Cobol

Q.no 51. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

A: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

B: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing

C: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually

D: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

Q.no 52. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C: can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 53. Which type of testing is done to ensure that whether your software works on different operating systems or not?

A: Interoperability Testing

B: Portability Testing

C: Usability Testing

D: Performance Testing

Q.no 54. What is the normal order of activities in which traditional software testing is organised

A: integration testing then system testing then unit testing and validation testing

B: unit testing then validation testing then system testing and integration testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: validation testing then system testing then unit testing and integration testing

Q.no 55. Which of the following should NOT normally be an objective for a test

A: To find faults in the software

B: To assess whether the software is ready for release

C: To demonstrate that the software doesn't work

D: To prove that the software is correct

Q.no 56. Which object is within an Object Oriented System is used to design tests that have a high likelihood of uncovering plausible bugs

A: Fault based testing

B: Integration testing

C : Use based testing
D : Scenario based testing
Q.no 57. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe
A : Equivalence Partitioning
B : Basis Path Testing
C : Boundary Value Analysis
D : Branch Coverage
Q.no 58. What types of errors are not done by Black Box Testing and can be uncovered by White Box Testing
A: Logic errors
B : Performance errors
C: Behavioral errors
D : Control Errors
Q.no 59. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of
guidelines or principles in examining an interface
guidelines or principles in examining an interface
guidelines or principles in examining an interface A: Experience Summary
guidelines or principles in examining an interface A: Experience Summary B: Cognitive Walkthrough
guidelines or principles in examining an interface A: Experience Summary B: Cognitive Walkthrough C: Usability Test
guidelines or principles in examining an interface A: Experience Summary B: Cognitive Walkthrough C: Usability Test D: Heuristic Evaluation Q.no 60. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become
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Answer for Question No 1. is a
Answer for Question No 2. is b
Answer for Question No 3. is c
Answer for Question No 4. is b
Answer for Question No 5. is a
Answer for Question No 6. is d
Answer for Question No 7. is c
Answer for Question No 8. is c
Answer for Question No 9. is b
Answer for Question No 10. is c
Answer for Question No 11. is b
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Answer for Question No 13. is a
Answer for Question No 14. is b
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Answer for Question No 16. is a

Answer for Question No 17. is d
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Answer for Question No 20. is c
Answer for Question No 21. is a
Answer for Question No 22. is d
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Answer for Question No 25. is b
Answer for Question No 26. is c
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Answer for Question No 28. is a
Answer for Question No 29. is b
Answer for Question No 30. is b
Answer for Question No 31. is b
Answer for Question No 32. is b

Answer for Question No 33. is d
Answer for Question No 34. is c
Answer for Question No 35. is b
Answer for Question No 36. is c
Answer for Question No 37. is c
Answer for Question No 38. is a
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Answer for Question No 46. is a
Answer for Question No 47. is d
Answer for Question No 48. is c

Answer for Question No 49. is b
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Answer for Question No 51. is c
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Total number of questions: 60

12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

Time: 1hr

Max Marks: 50

N.B

- 1) All questions are Multiple Choice Questions having single correct option.
- 2) Attempt any 50 questions out of 60.
- 3) Use of calculator is allowed.
- 4) Each question carries 1 Mark.
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Q.no 1. Which tests are designed to validate functional requirements without regard to the internal working of program

A: White box test

B: Control Structure Test

C: Black box test

D: Gray box test

Q.no 2. Requirement Engineering is not concern with

A: Requirement Design

B: Requirement Elicitation

C: Requirement Analysis

D: Requirement Documentation

Q.no 3. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity

A: design

B: Execution

C: Planning

D: Check Exit criteria completion

Q.no 4. Which steps refers to the set of tasks that ensures the software correctly implements a specific function

A: Verification

B: Validation

C: Modularity

D: Testing

Q.no 5. What is uality Control

A: maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D: focus on designing

Q.no 6. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline

A: Test Set

B: Requirement

C: Test Plan

D : Cycle

Q.no 7. What is the order in which test levels are performed

A : Unit testing then Integration testing then System testing then and Acceptance testing

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: Unit testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing then System testing

D: It depends on nature of a project

Q.no 8. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into

A: Process defect

B: Product defect

C: Procedure defect

D: Proper defect

Q.no 9. Which of the following type of testing is done without Planning and Documentation?

A: Retesting

B: Unit testing

C: Ad Hoc Testing

D: Regression Testing

Q.no 10. Which of the following is the best approach for automation in the long term

A: Train manual testers and start automation

B: Enforce manual testers to start automation

C: Associate with the developers to start automation

D: Build a team with members having development skills

Q.no 11. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 12. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

A: White box testing

B: Control structure testing

C : Black box testing		
D : Gray box testing		
Q.no 13. Which of the following is largest bug producer		
A:code		
B: design		
C: analysis		
D : specification		
Q.no 14. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production		
A: System		
B : Acceptance		
C : Critical		
D: Performance		
Q.no 15. Equivalence Partitioning comes under which type of Testing		
A: White Box Testing		
B: Black Box Testing		
C : Grey Box Testing		
D : Control structure testing		
Q.no 16. Boundary Value Analysis comes under which type of Testing		
A: White Box Testing		
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C : Grey Box Testing		
D : Control structure testing		
Q.no 17. Arrange software Test levels in proper order		

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: Unit testing then Integration testign then System testing and Acceptance testing

Q.no 18. Deferred status in bug life cycle means

A : Developer feels that the bug is not genuine

B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug

C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases

D: It is not bug at all

Q.no 19. Which of the following is not a part of defect management process

A: Defect reporting

B: Defect prevention

C: Requirement baselining

D: Procedure defect

Q.no 20. Black Box Testing is also known as

A : Behavioral Testing

B: Flow Testing

C: Data Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 21. Software Quality Metrics

A: Planning in the organization

B: Manage the the organization

C: Proper planning and execution in the organization

D: Measurement enables the organization

Q.no 22. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B : Software Tester

C: Designer D: End User Q.no 23. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE A: Google Chrome B: Mozilla Firefox C: Opera mini D: Internet Explorer Q.no 24. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test? A : Output comparator B: Boundary tester C: Data transfer D : Capture or Playback Q.no 25. What is static analysis A: The analysis of batch programs B: The reviewing of test plans C: The analysis of program code D: The use of black box testing Q.no 26. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing? A: Equivalence Partitioning B : Basis Path Testing C: Boundary Value Analysis

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D: Performance Testing

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Q.no 28. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

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Q.no 29. Which of the following is true of the V model

A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements

B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 30. What is involved in a system level test plan

A: Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

C: System Verification and Validation

D : Subsystem and System Testing

Q.no 31. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software

A: Managing director

B: Project manager

C: Project team

D: SQA group

Q.no 32. Which one of the following describes the major benefit of verification early in the life cycle

A: It allows the identification of changes in user requirements

B: It facilitates timely set up of the test environment

C: It reduces defect multiplication

D: It allows testers to become involved early in the project

Q.no 33. The number of defects in a particular software is given by which metric

A: Defect removal rate

B: Mean time to failure

C: Defect density

D : Coverage metrics

Q.no 34. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

Q.no 35. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process

A: Final stage

B: First stage

C: All stages but after first stage

D : All stage

Q.no 36. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions

A : Defect Tracking

B: Defect Prevention

C: Defect Age D: Defect Risks Q.no 37. Entry criteria is determined during which phase A: Planning B: Follow up C: Preparation D: Review meeting Q.no 38. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier A : Acceptance Caution Change B: Acceptance Test Change C: Acceptance Criteria Change D: Acceptance Execute Change Q.no 39. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality A: system dynamics model B: capability maturity model C: open-source development model D: personal software process model Q.no 40. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing A: System Testing B: Inspection C: Unit Testing D: UAT

Q.no 41. Whai is to be refer that often disappointing lack of improvement in software development productivity despite the application of powerful new development techniques and automated support like CASE tools.

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 42. Who leads a walk through

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 43. Which of the following is not a white box technique

A: State Transition Teting

B: Path testing

C: Statement testing

D: Data flow testing

Q.no 44. In which situations Regression Testing is not performed

A: When project manger asks to perform

B: When new functionality is introduced

C: When database system is changed

D : When system is installed on different hardware configuration than previously tested

Q.no 45. Test cases are designed during

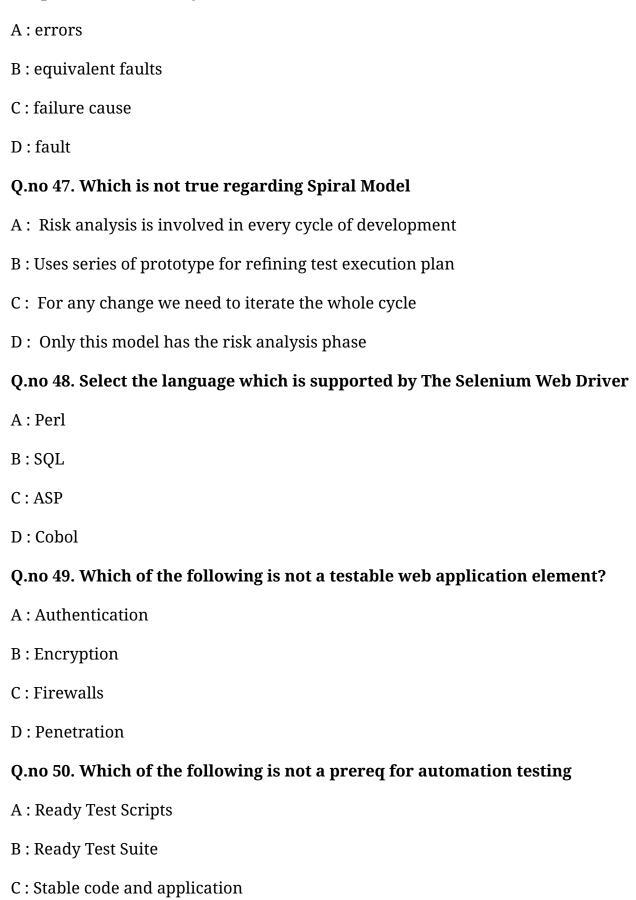
A : test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D : test specification

Q.no 46. The primary objective of formal technical reviews is to find what during the process so that they do not become defects after release of the software



D : Skilled and experienced resources

Q.no 51. Which is not an important goal of a walk through

A: Knowledge transfer

B: Gather information

C: Discuss alternatives

D: Find defects

Q.no 52. What is the normal order of activities in which traditional software testing is organised

A: integration testing then system testing then unit testing and validation testing

B: unit testing then validation testing then system testing and integration testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: validation testing then system testing then unit testing and integration testing

Q.no 53. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of guidelines or principles in examining an interface

A: Experience Summary

B: Cognitive Walkthrough

C: Usability Test

D: Heuristic Evaluation

Q.no 54. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

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A: Logic errors

B: Performance errors

C: Behavioral errors

D: Control Errors

Q.no 56. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect

A: fault

B: error

C: failure

D: accuracy

Q.no 57. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C: can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 58. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group

A: Prepare SQAplan for the project

B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance

C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager

D: serve as the sole test team for any software produced

Q.no 59. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects

A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting

B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D: Test analysis and design

Q.no 60. Which type of testing is done to ensure that whether your software works on different operating systems or not?

A: Interoperability Testing

B : Portability Testing

C: Usability Testing

D : Performance Testing

Answer for Question No 1. is c
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Answer for Question No 13. is c
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Answer for Question No 15. is b
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Answer for Question No 19. is c
Answer for Question No 20. is a
Answer for Question No 21. is d
Answer for Question No 22. is a
Answer for Question No 23. is b
Answer for Question No 24. is d
Answer for Question No 25. is c
Answer for Question No 26. is d
Answer for Question No 27. is b
Answer for Question No 28. is b
Answer for Question No 29. is d
Answer for Question No 30. is d
Answer for Question No 31. is d
Answer for Question No 32. is c

Answer for Question No 33. is c	
Answer for Question No 34. is c	
Answer for Question No 35. is d	
Answer for Question No 36. is b	
Answer for Question No 37. is a	
Answer for Question No 38. is c	
Answer for Question No 39. is b	
Answer for Question No 40. is b	
Answer for Question No 41. is a	
Answer for Question No 42. is a	
Answer for Question No 43. is a	
Answer for Question No 44. is a	
Answer for Question No 45. is d	
Answer for Question No 46. is a	
Answer for Question No 47. is b	
Answer for Question No 48. is a	

Answer for Question No 49. is d
Answer for Question No 50. is a
Answer for Question No 51. is d
Answer for Question No 52. is c
Answer for Question No 53. is c
Answer for Question No 54. is c
Answer for Question No 55. is a
Answer for Question No 56. is b
Answer for Question No 57. is d
Answer for Question No 58. is d
Answer for Question No 59. is c
Answer for Question No 60. is b

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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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Q.no 1. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C : JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 2. Which one is best suitable example of Load Testing

A: Running multiple applications on a computer or server simultaneously

B: Refering many sites on the internet

C: playing game with graphics

D: Printing a document using printer from remote computer

Q.no 3. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into

A: Process defect

B: Product defect

C: Procedure defect

D: Proper defect

Q.no 4. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: A. evaluations to be performed

B: amount of technical work

C: audits and reviews to be performed

D: documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 5. Software Quality Metrics

A: Planning in the organization

B : Manage the the organization

C: Proper planning and execution in the organization

D : Measurement enables the organization

Q.no 6. What is static analysis

A: The analysis of batch programs

B: The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 7. Black Box Testing is also known as

A: Behavioral Testing

B: Flow Testing

C: Data Testing

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Q.no 8. Which of the following is largest bug producer

A : code B: design C: analysis D : specification Q.no 9. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing A: White box testing B: Control structure testing C: Black box testing D : Gray box testing Q.no 10. Boundary Value Analysis comes under which type of Testing A: White Box Testing B: Black Box Testing C: Grey Box Testing D: Control structure testing Q.no 11. What is the objective of integration testing A: To verify that system is functioning according to specified requirements B: To verify that system meets user expectation and needs C: To verify that system separately testable modules are functioning properly D: To verify that interfaces between different parts of system Q.no 12. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test? A: Output comparator B: Boundary tester C: Data transfer

D : Capture or Playback

Q.no 13. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline

A: Test Set B: Requirement C: Test Plan D: Cycle Q.no 14. Which tests are designed to validate functional requirements without regard to the internal working of program A: White box test B: Control Structure Test C: Black box test D: Gray box test Q.no 15. Component testing is performed by whom A: Developer B: Software Tester C: Designer D: End User Q.no 16. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case A: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data B: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually C: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing D: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing Q.no 17. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity A: design B: Execution

C: Planning

D: Check Exit criteria completion

Q.no 18. Verification and Validation uses for

A: Internal and External resources respectively

B: Internal resources only

C: External resources only

D: External and Internal resources respectively

Q.no 19. Equivalence Partitioning comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 20. During which activity tester decides if extra test cases are required or not

A: Test implementation and execution

B: Test planning and control

C: Test analysis and design

D : Evaluating exit criteria

Q.no 21. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: Evaluations to be performed

B: Amount of technical work

C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D : Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 22. Select the operating system which is NOT supported by Selenium IDE.

A: Unix

B: Linux

C: Windows

D: Solaris

Q.no 23. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

A: Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

C: Opera mini

D: Internet Explorer

Q.no 24. What is uality Control

A: maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D : focus on designing

Q.no 25. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: Unit testing then Integration testign then System testing and Acceptance testing

Q.no 26. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

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B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

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A: It allows the identification of changes in user requirements

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C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 35. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function

A: Boundary value analysis

B: Graph based testing

C: Equivalence partitioning

D: loop testing

Q.no 36. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing

A : Ready Test Scripts

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C : Stable code and application

D: Skilled and experienced resources

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Q.no 42. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process

A : Final stage
B : First stage
C : All stages but after first stage
D : All stage
Q.no 43. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them
A : Integration Testing
B : Acceptance Testing
C: Unit Testing
D : System Testing
Q.no 44. Which structured approach is not used in business driven or multi dimensional in a Six Sigma
A : Reducing process variability
B : Increasing customer satisfaction
C: Identifying Defects
D : Improving Processes
Q.no 45. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing
A : System Testing
B: Inspection
C: Unit Testing
D: UAT
Q.no 46. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver
A:Perl
B: SQL
C: ASP
D: Cobol

Q.no 47. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing

A: Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system

B: System is installed at user organization and user tests the system

C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing

D: Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization

Q.no 48. Which of the following is not a testable web application element?

A: Authentication

B: Encryption

C: Firewalls

D: Penetration

Q.no 49. Who leads a walk through

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 50. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 51. What is the normal order of activities in which traditional software testing is organised

A: integration testing then system testing then unit testing and validation testing

B: unit testing then validation testing then system testing and integration testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D : validation testing then system testing then unit testing and integration testing

Q.no 52. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to fi	nd
during the process so that after the release of the software they do not becom	ıe
the defect	

A: fault
B:error
C: failure
D: accuracy
Q.no 53. Which object is within an Object Oriented System is used to design tests that have a high likelihood of uncovering plausible bugs
A : Fault based testing
B: Integration testing
C: Use based testing
D : Scenario based testing
Q.no 54. When you are recording the application, the test script is automatically generatecThe test script used in SilkTest is called
A : Silk Test
B: 4Test
C: Test Suite
D : Recording
Q.no 55. A logical collection of test cases which naturally work together is called as
A: Test procedure
B: Test log
C: Test Suite
D : Test data

Q.no 56. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B: Quality of conformance

C: Quality Assurance

D: None of the mentioned

Q.no 57. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C: can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 58. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects

A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting

B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D : Test analysis and design

Q.no 59. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium

A : Inspecting Elements

B: Parallel Testing

C: Programming

D: Cross Browser Testing

Q.no 60. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of guidelines or principles in examining an interface

A: Experience Summary

B : Cognitive Walkthrough

C: Usability Test

D : Heuristic Evaluation

Answer for Question No 1. is c
Answer for Question No 2. is a
Answer for Question No 3. is a
Answer for Question No 4. is b
Answer for Question No 5. is d
Answer for Question No 6. is c
Answer for Question No 7. is a
Answer for Question No 8. is c
Answer for Question No 9. is a
Answer for Question No 10. is b
Answer for Question No 11. is d
Answer for Question No 12. is d
Answer for Question No 13. is b
Answer for Question No 14. is c
Answer for Question No 15. is a
Answer for Question No 16. is b

Answer for Question No 17. is c
Answer for Question No 18. is a
Answer for Question No 19. is b
Answer for Question No 20. is c
Answer for Question No 21. is b
Answer for Question No 22. is a
Answer for Question No 23. is b
Answer for Question No 24. is b
Answer for Question No 25. is a
Answer for Question No 26. is c
Answer for Question No 27. is c
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Answer for Question No 31. is b
Answer for Question No 32. is c

Answer for (Question No 33. is a		
Answer for (Question No 34. is d		
Answer for (Question No 35. is c		
Answer for (Question No 36. is a		
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Answer for (Question No 40. is c		
Answer for (Question No 41. is c		
Answer for (Question No 42. is d		
Answer for (Question No 43. is b		
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Answer for (Question No 46. is a		
Answer for (Question No 47. is b		
Answer for (Question No 48. is d		

Answer for Question No 49. is a
Answer for Question No 50. is b
Answer for Question No 51. is c
Answer for Question No 52. is b
Answer for Question No 53. is a
Answer for Question No 54. is b
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Answer for Question No 57. is d
Answer for Question No 58. is c
Answer for Question No 59. is a
Answer for Question No 60. is c

Total number of questions: 60

12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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D: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

Q.no 2. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

A: Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

C: Opera mini

D: Internet Explorer

Q.no 3. Which of the following type of testing is done without Planning and Documentation?

A: Retesting

B: Unit testing

C: Ad Hoc Testing

D: Regression Testing

Q.no 4. During which activity tester decides if extra test cases are required or not

A: Test implementation and execution

B: Test planning and control

C: Test analysis and design

D: Evaluating exit criteria

Q.no 5. Software Quality Metrics

A: Planning in the organization

B : Manage the the organization

C: Proper planning and execution in the organization

D : Measurement enables the organization

Q.no 6. Which one is best suitable example of Load Testing

A: Running multiple applications on a computer or server simultaneously

B: Refering many sites on the internet

C: playing game with graphics

D: Printing a document using printer from remote computer

Q.no 7. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

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Q.no 8. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production

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B: Acceptance

C: Critical

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Q.no 9. What is the order in which test levels are performed

A : Unit testing then Integration testing then System testing then and Acceptance testing

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Q.no 10. What is Quality Assurance

A: It is the measurement of degree to which a product satisfies the need

B: Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process

C: Process of identifying defects

D: It is a corrective tool

Q.no 11. Which of the following is largest bug producer

A: code

B: design

C: analysis

D : specification

Q.no 12. Which steps refers to the set of tasks that ensures the software correctly implements a specific function

A: Verification

B: Validation

C: Modularity

D: Testing
Q.no 13. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as
A: Severity
B: Priority
C: Fixability
D : Traceability

Q.no 14. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline

A: Test Set

B: Requirement

C: Test Plan

D: Cycle

Q.no 15. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 16. What is the objective of integration testing

A: To verify that system is functioning according to specified requirements

B: To verify that system meets user expectation and needs

C: To verify that system separately testable modules are functioning properly

D : To verify that interfaces between different parts of system

Q.no 17. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

A: Output comparator

B: Boundary tester

C : Data transfer
D : Capture or Playback
Q.no 18. Component testing is performed by whom
A: Developer
B : Software Tester
C: Designer
D : End User
Q.no 19. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity
A: design
B: Execution
C : Planning
D : Check Exit criteria completion
Q.no 20. Equivalence Partitioning comes under which type of Testing
A : White Box Testing
B: Black Box Testing
C : Grey Box Testing
D : Control structure testing
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Q.no 22. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

B: Amount of technical work

C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 23. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

A: White box testing

B: Control structure testing

C: Black box testing

D: Gray box testing

Q.no 24. Which of the following is the best approach for automation in the long term

A: Train manual testers and start automation

B: Enforce manual testers to start automation

C: Associate with the developers to start automation

D: Build a team with members having development skills

Q.no 25. What is static analysis

A: The analysis of batch programs

B: The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 26. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

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B: capability maturity model

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- A: When project manger asks to perform
- B: When new functionality is introduced
- C: When database system is changed
- D : When system is installed on different hardware configuration than previously tested

Q.no 33. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process

- A: Final stage
- B: First stage
- C: All stages but after first stage
- D: All stage

Q.no 34. Why will you do automation testing

- A: It increases defect detection ratio
- B: It improves the efficiency of testing
- C: It reduces the cost of testing
- D: It improves the quality of production code

Q.no 35. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier

- A: Acceptance Caution Change
- B : Acceptance Test Change
- C: Acceptance Criteria Change
- D : Acceptance Execute Change

Q.no 36. Select the command in Selenium IDE used to open a page using the URL

- A: OpenRecord
- B: Open
- C: OpenText
- D : OpenTable

Q.no 37. The primary objective of formal technical reviews is to find what during the process so that they do not become defects after release of the software

A: errors B: equivalent faults C: failure cause D: fault Q.no 38. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA A: inter process inspection B: maintenance C: quality planning D: testing Q.no 39. Who leads a walk through A: Author B: Moderator C: Reviewer D: Scribe Q.no 40. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions A: Defect Tracking **B**: Defect Prevention C: Defect Age D: Defect Risks

Q.no 41. Which of the following is true of the V model

A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements

B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 42. Whai is to be refer that often disappointing lack of improvement in software development productivity despite the application of powerful new development techniques and automated support like CASE tools.

A: system dynamics model

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Q.no 43. What is involved in a system level test plan

A: Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

C: System Verification and Validation

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A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development

B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 45. The number of defects in a particular software is given by which metric

A : Defect removal rate

B: Mean time to failure

C: Defect density

D: Coverage metrics

Q.no 46. Which is a formal review technique

A: Walk through

B: peer to peer review

C: Inspection
D: review
Q.no 47. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software
A : Managing director
B : Project manager
C : Project team
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B: SQL
C: ASP
D : Cobol
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C: Programming

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A: Fault based testing

B: Integration testing

C: Use based testing

D: Scenario based testing

Q.no 54. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B : Quality of conformance

C: Quality Assurance

D: None of the mentioned

Q.no 55. Which of the following should NOT normally be an objective for a test

A: To find faults in the software

B: To assess whether the software is ready for release

C: To demonstrate that the software doesn't work

D: To prove that the software is correct

Q.no 56. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

- A: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing
- B: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing
- C: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually
- D: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

Q.no 57. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group

- A: Prepare SQAplan for the project
- B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance
- C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager
- D: serve as the sole test team for any software produced

Q.no 58. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect

- A: fault
- B: error
- C: failure
- D: accuracy

Q.no 59. Which type of testing is done to ensure that whether your software works on different operating systems or not?

- A: Interoperability Testing
- B: Portability Testing
- C: Usability Testing
- D: Performance Testing

Q.no 60. Which is not an important goal of a walk through

- A: Knowledge transfer
- B: Gather information
- C: Discuss alternatives

D : Find defects

Answer for Question No 1. is b
Answer for Question No 2. is b
Answer for Question No 3. is c
Answer for Question No 4. is c
Answer for Question No 5. is d
Answer for Question No 6. is a
Answer for Question No 7. is a
Answer for Question No 8. is b
Answer for Question No 9. is d
Answer for Question No 10. is b
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Answer for Question No 14. is b
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Answer for Question No 22. is b
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Answer for Question No 24. is d
Answer for Question No 25. is c
Answer for Question No 26. is b
Answer for Question No 27. is b
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Answer for Que	stion No 33. is d	
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Answer for Que	stion No 37. is a	
Answer for Que	stion No 38. is c	
Answer for Que	stion No 39. is a	
Answer for Que	stion No 40. is b	
Answer for Que	stion No 41. is d	
Answer for Que	stion No 42. is a	
Answer for Que	stion No 43. is d	
Answer for Que	stion No 44. is b	
Answer for Que	stion No 45. is c	
Answer for Que	stion No 46. is c	
Answer for Que	stion No 47. is d	
Answer for Que	stion No 48. is b	

Answer for Question No 49. is a
Answer for Question No 50. is b
Answer for Question No 51. is a
Answer for Question No 52. is c
Answer for Question No 53. is a
Answer for Question No 54. is b
Answer for Question No 55. is d
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Answer for Question No 57. is d
Answer for Question No 58. is b
Answer for Question No 59. is b
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Total number of questions: 60

12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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Q.no 1. Deferred status in bug life cycle means

A : Developer feels that the bug is not genuine

B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug

C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases

D: It is not bug at all

Q.no 2. Which of the following is largest bug producer

A:code

B: design

C: analysis

D: specification

Q.no 3. What is the order in which test levels are performed

A : Unit testing then Integration testing then System testing then and Acceptance testing

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A: It is the measurement of degree to which a product satisfies the need

B: Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process

C: Process of identifying defects

D: It is a corrective tool

Q.no 5. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into

A: Process defect

B: Product defect

C: Procedure defect

D : Proper defect

Q.no 6. Which one is best suitable example of Load Testing

A: Running multiple applications on a computer or server simultaneously

B: Refering many sites on the internet

C: playing game with graphics

D: Printing a document using printer from remote computer

Q.no 7. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity

A : design

B: Execution

C: Planning

D: Check Exit criteria completion

Q.no 8. Equivalence Partitioning comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 9. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

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Q.no 10. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B: Software Tester

C: Designer

D: End User

Q.no 11. Which of the following type of testing is done without Planning and Documentation?

A : Retesting

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Q.no 13. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: Evaluations to be performed

B: Amount of technical work

C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

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C: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing

D: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

Q.no 16. Boundary Value Analysis comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 17. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

A: Output comparator

B: Boundary tester

C: Data transfer

D: Capture or Playback

Q.no 18. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production

A: System

B: Acceptance

C: Critical

D: Performance

Q.no 19. Black Box Testing is also known as

A: Behavioral Testing

B: Flow Testing

C: Data Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 20. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

A: White box testing

B: Control structure testing

C: Black box testing

D: Gray box testing

Q.no 21. What is uality Control

A : maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D: focus on designing

Q.no 22. Requirement Engineering is not concern with

A : Requirement Design

B: Requirement Elicitation

C: Requirement Analysis

D: Requirement Documentation

Q.no 23. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A : A. evaluations to be performed

B: amount of technical work

C: audits and reviews to be performed

D: documents to be produced by the SQA group

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A: Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

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A : To verify that system is functioning according to specified requirements

B: To verify that system meets user expectation and needs

C: To verify that system separately testable modules are functioning properly

D: To verify that interfaces between different parts of system

Q.no 26. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing

A: Ready Test Scripts

B: Ready Test Suite

C : Stable code and application

D: Skilled and experienced resources

Q.no 27. Which is not true regarding Spiral Model

A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development

B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 28. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function

A: Boundary value analysis

B: Graph based testing

C: Equivalence partitioning

D: loop testing

Q.no 29. Who leads a walk through

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 30. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing?

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B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Performance Testing

Q.no 31. Which of the following is true of the V model

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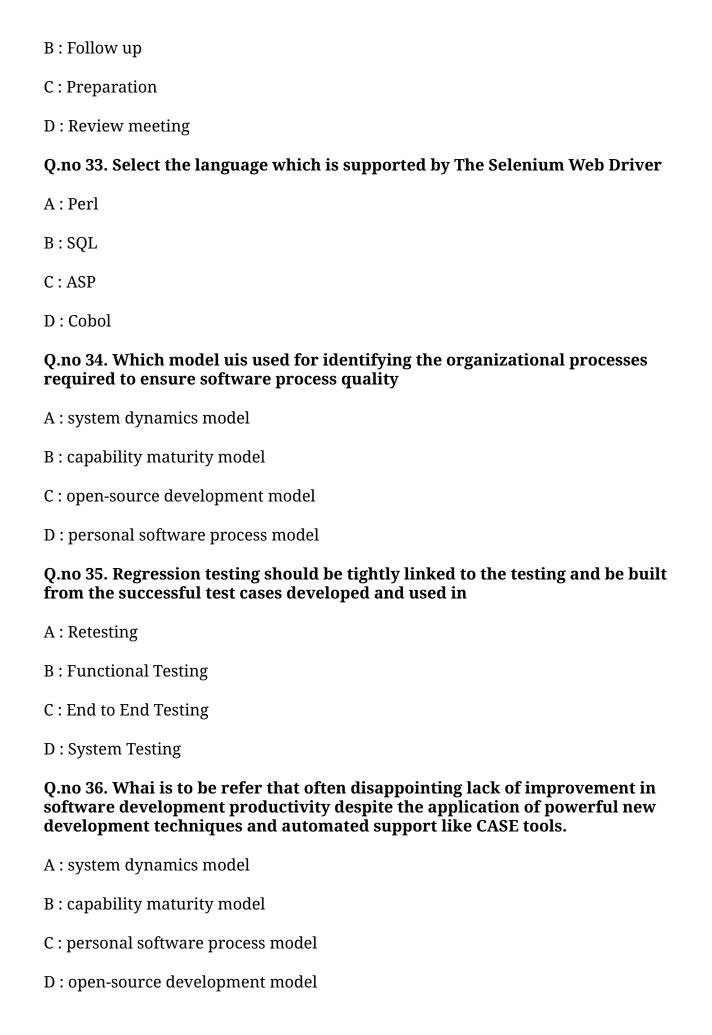
B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

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A: errors

B: equivalent faults

C: failure cause

D: fault

Q.no 38. Test cases are designed during

A: test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D: test specification

Q.no 39. The Selenium is refer as

A: Provides professional customer support

B: Test Reports are generated automatically

C: Comes with a built in object repository

D : Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test

Q.no 40. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them

A: Integration Testing

B: Acceptance Testing

C: Unit Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 41. Test plans are based on

A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C: Support Plan

D: Aanalysis Plan

Q.no 42. What is involved in a system level test plan

A: Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

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B: Path testing

C: Statement testing

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D: Coverage metrics

Q.no 47. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process

A : Final stage

B : First stage

C: All stages but after first stage

D: All stage

Q.no 48. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software

A: Managing director

B: Project manager

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Q.no 49. Which one of the following describes the major benefit of verification early in the life cycle

A: It allows the identification of changes in user requirements

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Q.no 50. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

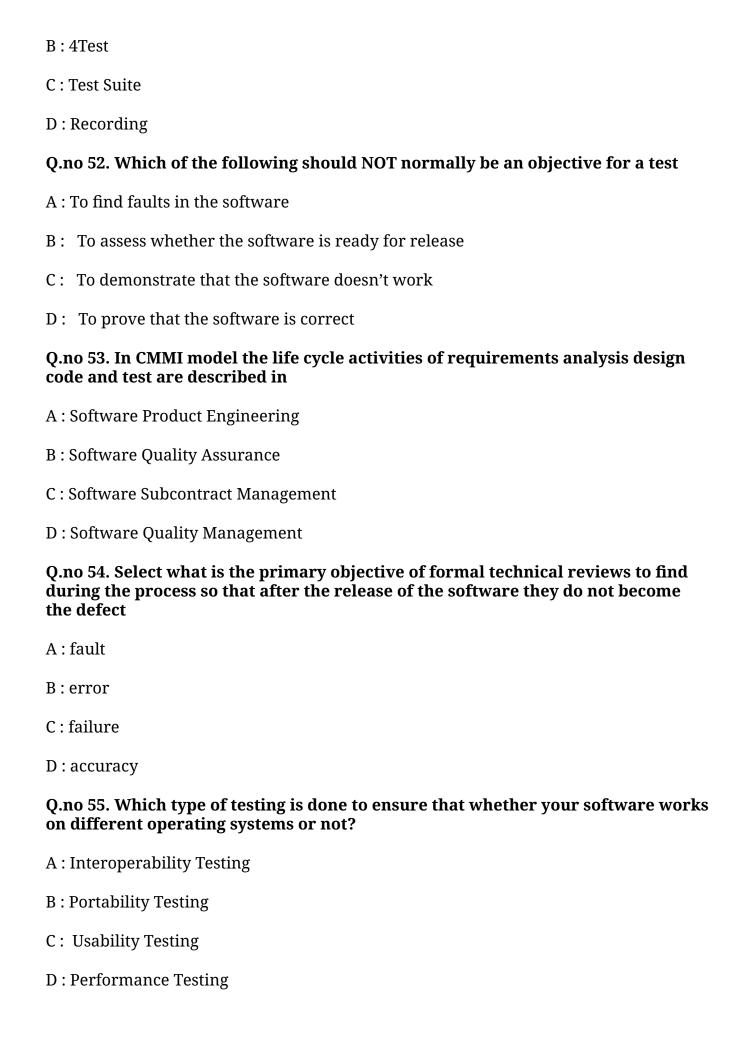
B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

Q.no 51. When you are recording the application, the test script is automatically generatecThe test script used in SilkTest is called

A: Silk Test



Q.no 56. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B: Quality of conformance

C: Quality Assurance

D: None of the mentioned

Q.no 57. A logical collection of test cases which naturally work together is called as

A: Test procedure

B: Test log

C: Test Suite

D: Test data

Q.no 58. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe

A: Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Branch Coverage

Q.no 59. Which is not an important goal of a walk through

A: Knowledge transfer

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Q.no 60. What is the normal order of activities in which traditional software testing is organised

A: integration testing then system testing then unit testing and validation testing

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Answer for Question No 6. is a
Answer for Question No 7. is c
Answer for Question No 8. is b
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Answer for Question No 11. is c
Answer for Question No 12. is a
Answer for Question No 13. is b
Answer for Question No 14. is c
Answer for Question No 15. is b
Answer for Question No 16. is b

Answer for Question No 17. is	s d
Answer for Question No 18. is	s b
Answer for Question No 19. is	s a
Answer for Question No 20. is	s a
Answer for Question No 21. is	s b
Answer for Question No 22. is	a a
Answer for Question No 23. is	s b
Answer for Question No 24. is	s b
Answer for Question No 25. is	s d
Answer for Question No 26. is	s a
Answer for Question No 27. is	s b
Answer for Question No 28. is	s c
Answer for Question No 29. is	a a
Answer for Question No 30. is	s d
Answer for Question No 31. is	s d
Answer for Question No 32. is	a a

Answer for Question No 33. is a	
Answer for Question No 34. is b	
Answer for Question No 35. is b	
Answer for Question No 36. is a	
Answer for Question No 37. is a	
Answer for Question No 38. is d	
Answer for Question No 39. is d	
Answer for Question No 40. is b	
Answer for Question No 41. is a	
Answer for Question No 42. is d	
Answer for Question No 43. is b	
Answer for Question No 44. is a	
Answer for Question No 45. is a	
Answer for Question No 46. is c	
Answer for Question No 47. is d	
Answer for Question No 48. is d	

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Answer for Question No 50. is c
Answer for Question No 51. is b
Answer for Question No 52. is d
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Answer for Question No 54. is b
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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Q.no 1. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: Unit testing then Integration testign then System testing and Acceptance testing

Q.no 2. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

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B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug

C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases

D: It is not bug at all

Q.no 11. Software Quality Metrics

A: Planning in the organization

B : Manage the the organization

C: Proper planning and execution in the organization

D : Measurement enables the organization

Q.no 12. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as

A : Severity

B: Priority

C: Fixability

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Q.no 13. What is Quality Assurance

A: It is the measurement of degree to which a product satisfies the need

B: Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process

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Q.no 14. What is the objective of integration testing

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A: Behavioral Testing

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C: Data Testing

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A : maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D: focus on designing

Q.no 17. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline

A: Test Set

B: Requirement

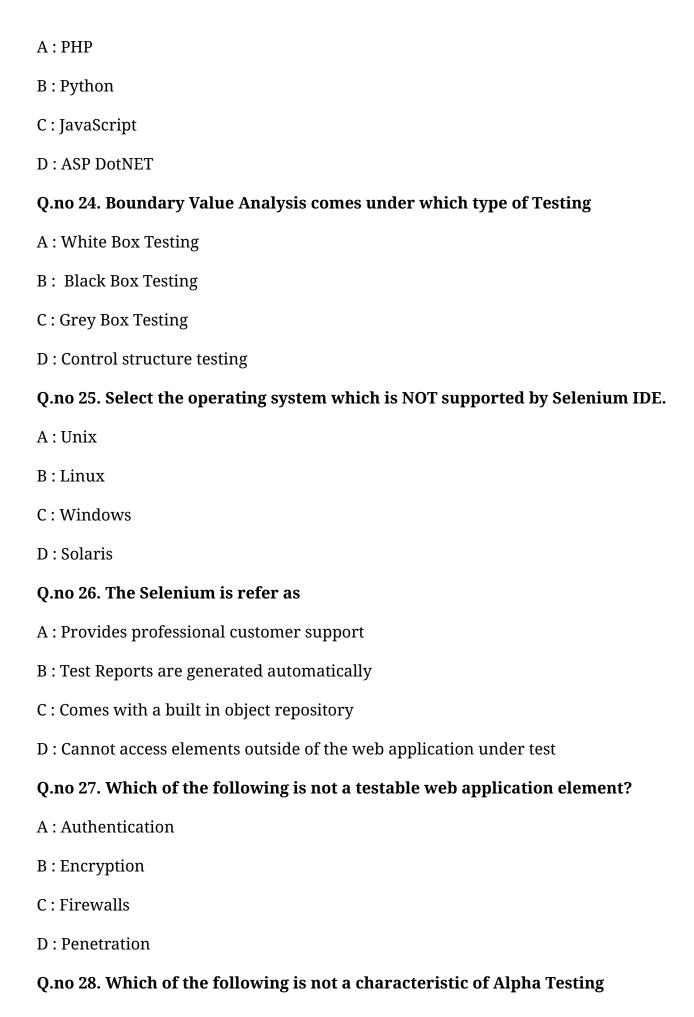
C: Test Plan

D : Cycle

Q.no 18. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity

A: design
B: Execution
C : Planning
D : Check Exit criteria completion
Q.no 19. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?
A : Output comparator
B : Boundary tester
C : Data transfer
D : Capture or Playback
Q.no 20. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing
A: White box testing
B : Control structure testing
C : Black box testing
D : Gray box testing
Q.no 21. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case
A: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data
B : The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually
C : The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing
D : The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing
Q.no 22. Component testing is performed by whom
A: Developer
B : Software Tester
C: Designer
D : End User

Q.no 23. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?



- A: Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system
- B: System is installed at user organization and user tests the system
- C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing
- D: Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization

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- B: Acceptance Test Change
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- C: Unit Testing
- D: System Testing

Q.no 32. Which of the following is true of the V model

- A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements
- B: It only models the testing phase
- C: It specifies the test techniques to be used
- D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 33. Test cases are designed during

A: test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D: test specification

Q.no 34. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: open-source development model

D: personal software process model

Q.no 35. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

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B: Functional Testing

C: End to End Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 38. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function

A: Boundary value analysis

B: Graph based testing

C: Equivalence partitioning

D: loop testing

Q.no 39. Which of the following is not a white box technique

A: State Transition Teting

B: Path testing

C: Statement testing

D: Data flow testing

Q.no 40. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 41. Entry criteria is determined during which phase

A: Planning

B: Follow up

C: Preparation

D: Review meeting

Q.no 42. Which is a formal review technique

A: Walk through

B: peer to peer review

C: Inspection D: review Q.no 43. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process A : Final stage B : First stage C : All stages but after first stage D: All stage Q.no 44. Select the command in Selenium IDE used to open a page using the URL A: OpenRecord B: Open C: OpenText D : OpenTable Q.no 45. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing A: Ready Test Scripts B: Ready Test Suite C: Stable code and application D : Skilled and experienced resources Q.no 46. Whai is to be refer that often disappointing lack of improvement in software development productivity despite the application of powerful new development techniques and automated support like CASE tools. A: system dynamics model B: capability maturity model C: personal software process model D: open-source development model

A: When project manger asks to perform

Q.no 47. In which situations Regression Testing is not performed

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Q.no 48. Which is not true regarding Spiral Model

A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development

B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 49. Which structured approach is not used in business driven or multi dimensional in a Six Sigma

A: Reducing process variability

B: Increasing customer satisfaction

C: Identifying Defects

D: Improving Processes

Q.no 50. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing?

A : Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Performance Testing

Q.no 51. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in

A: Software Product Engineering

B: Software Quality Assurance

C: Software Subcontract Management

D: Software Quality Management

Q.no 52. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B: means inspections are not required.

C: can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 53. When you are recording the application, the test script is automatically generatecThe test script used in SilkTest is called

A: Silk Test

B:4Test

C: Test Suite

D: Recording

Q.no 54. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe

A: Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D : Branch Coverage

Q.no 55. Which is not an important goal of a walk through

A : Knowledge transfer

B: Gather information

C: Discuss alternatives

D: Find defects

Q.no 56. What types of errors are not done by Black Box Testing and can be uncovered by White Box Testing

A: Logic errors

B: Performance errors

C: Behavioral errors

D: Control Errors

Q.no 57. What is the normal order of activities in which traditional software testing is organised

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C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: validation testing then system testing then unit testing and integration testing

Q.no 58. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of guidelines or principles in examining an interface

A: Experience Summary

B: Cognitive Walkthrough

C: Usability Test

D: Heuristic Evaluation

Q.no 59. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect

A: fault

B: error

C: failure

D: accuracy

Q.no 60. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects

A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting

B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D: Test analysis and design

Answer for Question No 1. is a
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Answer for Question No 31. is b
Answer for Question No 32. is d

Answer for Question No 3	33. is d
Answer for Question No 3	34. is b
Answer for Question No 3	85. is c
Answer for Question No 3	86. is c
Answer for Question No 3	87. is b
Answer for Question No 3	88. is c
Answer for Question No 3	39. is a
Answer for Question No 4	10. is b
Answer for Question No 4	1. is a
Answer for Question No 4	22. is c
Answer for Question No 4	3. is d
Answer for Question No 4	14. is b
Answer for Question No 4	15. is a
Answer for Question No 4	l6. is a
Answer for Question No 4	17. is a
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Answer for Question No 49. is	s c
Answer for Question No 50. is	s d
Answer for Question No 51. is	s a
Answer for Question No 52. is	s d
Answer for Question No 53. is	s b
Answer for Question No 54. is	s b
Answer for Question No 55. is	s d
Answer for Question No 56. is	s a
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

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Q.no 1. Which of the following type of testing is done without Planning and Documentation?

A: Retesting

B: Unit testing

C: Ad Hoc Testing

D: Regression Testing

Q.no 2. What is static analysis

A: The analysis of batch programs

B: The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 3. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 4. What is the objective of integration testing

A: To verify that system is functioning according to specified requirements

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Q.no 11. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production

A: System

B: Acceptance

C: Critical

D : Performance

Q.no 12. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B: Software Tester

C: Designer

D: End User

Q.no 13. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: Evaluations to be performed

B: Amount of technical work

C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 14. Black Box Testing is also known as

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A: Defect reporting

B : Defect prevention

C: Requirement baselining

D: Procedure defect

Q.no 17. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

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B: capability maturity model
C: open-source development model
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Q.no 34. Why will you do automation testing
A: It increases defect detection ratio
B: It improves the efficiency of testing
C: It reduces the cost of testing

D: It improves the quality of production code

Q.no 35. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing

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C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing

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Q.no 36. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing

A: System Testing

B: Inspection

C: Unit Testing

D: UAT

Q.no 37. What is involved in a system level test plan

A: Subsystem Verification and Validation

- B: Development Testing
- C: System Verification and Validation
- D: Subsystem and System Testing

Q.no 38. The primary objective of formal technical reviews is to find what during the process so that they do not become defects after release of the software

- A: errors
- B: equivalent faults
- C: failure cause
- D: fault

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- B: Path testing
- C: Statement testing
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B: First stage

C: All stages but after first stage

D: All stage

Q.no 43. The Selenium is refer as

A: Provides professional customer support

B: Test Reports are generated automatically

C: Comes with a built in object repository

D: Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test

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C: When database system is changed

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Q.no 46. Which of the following is not a testable web application element?

A: Authentication

B: Encryption

C: Firewalls
D : Penetration
Q.no 47. The number of defects in a particular software is given by which metric
A : Defect removal rate
B : Mean time to failure
C: Defect density
D : Coverage metrics
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A: Author
B: Moderator
C: Reviewer
D: Scribe
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B: Business Plan
C : Support Plan
D : Aanalysis Plan
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B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D: Test analysis and design

Q.no 52. Which type of testing is done to ensure that whether your software works on different operating systems or not?

A: Interoperability Testing

B: Portability Testing

C: Usability Testing

D: Performance Testing

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B: unit testing then validation testing then system testing and integration testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: validation testing then system testing then unit testing and integration testing

Q.no 54. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group

A : Prepare SQAplan for the project

B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance

C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager

D : serve as the sole test team for any software produced

Q.no 55. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A: makes test preparation easier.

B : means inspections are not required.

C: can prevent fault multiplication.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 56. Which is not an important goal of a walk through

A : Knowledge transfer

B : Gather information
C : Discuss alternatives
D : Find defects
Q.no 57. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in
A : Software Product Engineering
B : Software Quality Assurance
C : Software Subcontract Management
D : Software Quality Management
Q.no 58. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect
A : fault
B:error
C: failure
D : accuracy
Q.no 59. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called
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Q.no 59. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called
Q.no 59. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called A: Quality Control
Q.no 59. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called A: Quality Control B: Quality of conformance
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Q.no 59. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called A: Quality Control B: Quality of conformance C: Quality Assurance D: None of the mentioned Q.no 60. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium
Q.no 59. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called A: Quality Control B: Quality of conformance C: Quality Assurance D: None of the mentioned Q.no 60. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium A: Inspecting Elements

D : Cross Browser Testing

Answer for Question No 1. is c	
Answer for Question No 2. is c	
Answer for Question No 3. is c	
Answer for Question No 4. is d	
Answer for Question No 5. is a	
Answer for Question No 6. is b	
Answer for Question No 7. is c	
Answer for Question No 8. is a	
Answer for Question No 9. is b	
Answer for Question No 10. is b	
Answer for Question No 11. is b	
Answer for Question No 12. is a	
Answer for Question No 13. is b	
Answer for Question No 14. is a	
Answer for Question No 15. is b	
Answer for Question No 16. is c	

Answer for Question No 17. is d
Answer for Question No 18. is d
Answer for Question No 19. is c
Answer for Question No 20. is a
Answer for Question No 21. is a
Answer for Question No 22. is c
Answer for Question No 23. is b
Answer for Question No 24. is c
Answer for Question No 25. is d
Answer for Question No 26. is c
Answer for Question No 27. is d
Answer for Question No 28. is b
Answer for Question No 29. is b
Answer for Question No 30. is c
Answer for Question No 31. is b
Answer for Question No 32. is c

Answer for Questi	ion No 33. is b		
Answer for Questi	ion No 34. is b		
Answer for Questi	ion No 35. is b		
Answer for Questi	ion No 36. is b		
Answer for Questi	ion No 37. is d		
Answer for Questi	ion No 38. is a		
Answer for Questi	ion No 39. is a		
Answer for Questi	ion No 40. is c		
Answer for Questi	ion No 41. is d		
Answer for Questi	ion No 42. is d		
Answer for Questi	ion No 43. is d		
Answer for Questi	ion No 44. is a		
Answer for Questi	ion No 45. is a		
Answer for Questi	ion No 46. is d		
Answer for Questi	ion No 47. is c		
Answer for Questi	on No 48. is b		

Answer for Question No 49. is d
Answer for Question No 50. is a
Answer for Question No 51. is c
Answer for Question No 52. is b
Answer for Question No 53. is c
Answer for Question No 54. is d
Answer for Question No 55. is d
Answer for Question No 56. is d
Answer for Question No 57. is a
Answer for Question No 58. is b
Answer for Question No 59. is b
Answer for Question No 60. is a

Total number of questions: 60

12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

Time: 1hr

Max Marks: 50

N.B

- 1) All questions are Multiple Choice Questions having single correct option.
- 2) Attempt any 50 questions out of 60.
- 3) Use of calculator is allowed.
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Q.no 1. Which of the following is not a part of defect management process

A: Defect reporting

B: Defect prevention

C: Requirement baselining

D: Procedure defect

Q.no 2. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: A. evaluations to be performed

B: amount of technical work

C: audits and reviews to be performed

D: documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 3. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

- A: It depends on nature of a project
- B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing
- C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing
- D: Unit testing then Integration testign then System testing and Acceptance testing

Q.no 4. Select the operating system which is NOT supported by Selenium IDE.

- A: Unix
- B: Linux
- C: Windows
- D: Solaris

Q.no 5. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into

- A: Process defect
- B: Product defect
- C: Procedure defect
- D: Proper defect

Q.no 6. What is the objective of integration testing

- A: To verify that system is functioning according to specified requirements
- B: To verify that system meets user expectation and needs
- C: To verify that system separately testable modules are functioning properly
- D: To verify that interfaces between different parts of system

Q.no 7. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

- A: PHP
- B: Python
- C: JavaScript
- D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 8. Which steps refers to the set of tasks that ensures the software correctly implements a specific function

A: Verification B: Validation C: Modularity D: Testing Q.no 9. What is uality Control A: maintaining standards B: maintained and improved and reduce errors C: focus on manufacturing D: focus on designing Q.no 10. Deferred status in bug life cycle means A: Developer feels that the bug is not genuine B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases D: It is not bug at all Q.no 11. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production A: System B: Acceptance C: Critical D: Performance Q.no 12. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE A: Google Chrome B: Mozilla Firefox

C: Opera mini

D: Internet Explorer

Q.no 13. What is Quality Assurance

A: It is the measurement of degree to which a product satisfies the need

B: Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process

C: Process of identifying defects

D: It is a corrective tool

Q.no 14. Software Quality Metrics

A : Planning in the organization

B: Manage the the organization

C: Proper planning and execution in the organization

D: Measurement enables the organization

Q.no 15. What is static analysis

A: The analysis of batch programs

B: The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 16. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B : Software Tester

C: Designer

D : End User

Q.no 17. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as

A: Severity

B: Priority

C: Fixability

D: Traceability

Q.no 18. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline

A: Test Set

B: Requirement

C: Test Plan

D: Cycle

Q.no 19. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity

A: design

B: Execution

C: Planning

D: Check Exit criteria completion

Q.no 20. What is the order in which test levels are performed

A : Unit testing then Integration testing then System testing then and Acceptance testing

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: Unit testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing then System testing

D: It depends on nature of a project

Q.no 21. Requirement Engineering is not concern with

A : Requirement Design

B: Requirement Elicitation

C: Requirement Analysis

D: Requirement Documentation

Q.no 22. Boundary Value Analysis comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing D: Control structure testing Q.no 23. During which activity tester decides if extra test cases are required or not A: Test implementation and execution B: Test planning and control C: Test analysis and design D: Evaluating exit criteria Q.no 24. Verification and Validation uses for A: Internal and External resources respectively B: Internal resources only C: External resources only D: External and Internal resources respectively Q.no 25. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case A: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data B: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually C: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing D: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing Q.no 26. Who leads a formal review process

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 27. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions

A: Defect Tracking

B: Defect Prevention C: Defect Age D: Defect Risks Q.no 28. Who leads a walk through A: Author B: Moderator C: Reviewer D: Scribe Q.no 29. Which of the following is not a testable web application element? A: Authentication B: Encryption C: Firewalls D: Penetration Q.no 30. Why will you do automation testing A: It increases defect detection ratio B: It improves the efficiency of testing C: It reduces the cost of testing D: It improves the quality of production code Q.no 31. Which of the following is true of the V model A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements B: It only models the testing phase C: It specifies the test techniques to be used D: It includes the verification of designs. Q.no 32. The number of defects in a particular software is given by which metric

A: Defect removal rate

B: Mean time to failure C: Defect density D : Coverage metrics Q.no 33. The Selenium is refer as A: Provides professional customer support B: Test Reports are generated automatically C: Comes with a built in object repository D : Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test Q.no 34. Which of the following is not a white box technique A: State Transition Teting B : Path testing C: Statement testing D: Data flow testing Q.no 35. Test plans are based on A: Project Plan B: Business Plan C: Support Plan D : Aanalysis Plan Q.no 36. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver A: Perl B: SQL C: ASP D: Cobol Q.no 37. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: open-source development model

D: personal software process model

Q.no 38. What is involved in a system level test plan

A: Subsystem Verification and Validation

B: Development Testing

C: System Verification and Validation

D: Subsystem and System Testing

Q.no 39. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them

A: Integration Testing

B: Acceptance Testing

C: Unit Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 40. Regression testing should be tightly linked to the testing and be built from the successful test cases developed and used in

A: Retesting

B: Functional Testing

C: End to End Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 41. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier

A: Acceptance Caution Change

B : Acceptance Test Change

C: Acceptance Criteria Change

D : Acceptance Execute Change

Q.no 42. Entry criteria is determined during which phase

A: Planning B: Follow up C: Preparation D : Review meeting Q.no 43. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function A : Boundary value analysis B: Graph based testing C: Equivalence partitioning D: loop testing Q.no 44. Select the command in Selenium IDE used to open a page using the URL A: OpenRecord B: Open C: OpenText D : OpenTable Q.no 45. Which is not true regarding Spiral Model A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase Q.no 46. Test cases are designed during A: test recording

C: test configuration

B: test planning

D: test specification

Q.no 47. Which is a formal review technique

A: Walk through B: peer to peer review C: Inspection D: review Q.no 48. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process A : Final stage B: First stage C: All stages but after first stage D: All stage Q.no 49. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA A: inter process inspection B: maintenance C: quality planning D: testing Q.no 50. Whai is to be refer that often disappointing lack of improvement in software development productivity despite the application of powerful new development techniques and automated support like CASE tools. A: system dynamics model B: capability maturity model C: personal software process model D: open-source development model Q.no 51. A logical collection of test cases which naturally work together is called as

A: Test procedure

B: Test log

C: Test Suite

D : Test data

Q.no 52. The most important thing about early test design is that it

A : makes test preparation easier.

B : means inspections are not required.

D: will find all faults

Q.no 53. Which type of testing is done to ensure that whether your software works on different operating systems or not?

A: Interoperability Testing

C : can prevent fault multiplication.

B: Portability Testing

C: Usability Testing

D: Performance Testing

Q.no 54. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect

A: fault

B: error

C: failure

D: accuracy

Q.no 55. Degree to which design specifications are followed in manufacturing the product is called

A: Quality Control

B: Quality of conformance

C: Quality Assurance

D: None of the mentioned

Q.no 56. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in

A: Software Product Engineering

B: Software Quality Assurance

C: Software Subcontract Management

D: Software Quality Management

Q.no 57. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects

A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting

B: Test closure activity

C: Test implementation and execution

D: Test analysis and design

Q.no 58. What technique involves having an experienced evaluator apply a set of guidelines or principles in examining an interface

A: Experience Summary

B: Cognitive Walkthrough

C: Usability Test

D: Heuristic Evaluation

Q.no 59. Which of the following should NOT normally be an objective for a test

A: To find faults in the software

B: To assess whether the software is ready for release

C: To demonstrate that the software doesn't work

D: To prove that the software is correct

Q.no 60. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe

A: Equivalence Partitioning

B: Basis Path Testing

C: Boundary Value Analysis

D: Branch Coverage

Answer for Question No 1. is c
Answer for Question No 2. is b
Answer for Question No 3. is a
Answer for Question No 4. is a
Answer for Question No 5. is a
Answer for Question No 6. is d
Answer for Question No 7. is c
Answer for Question No 8. is a
Answer for Question No 9. is b
Answer for Question No 10. is c
Answer for Question No 11. is b
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Answer for Question No 23. is c
Answer for Question No 24. is a
Answer for Question No 25. is b
Answer for Question No 26. is b
Answer for Question No 27. is b
Answer for Question No 28. is a
Answer for Question No 29. is d
Answer for Question No 30. is b
Answer for Question No 31. is d
Answer for Question No 32. is c

Answer for Question No 33. is d
Answer for Question No 34. is a
Answer for Question No 35. is a
Answer for Question No 36. is a
Answer for Question No 37. is b
Answer for Question No 38. is d
Answer for Question No 39. is b
Answer for Question No 40. is b
Answer for Question No 41. is c
Answer for Question No 42. is a
Answer for Question No 43. is c
Answer for Question No 44. is b
Answer for Question No 45. is b
Answer for Question No 46. is d
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Answer for Question No 49. is c	
Answer for Question No 50. is a	
Answer for Question No 51. is c	
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Answer for Question No 53. is b	
Answer for Question No 54. is b	
Answer for Question No 55. is b	
Answer for Question No 56. is a	
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Answer for Question No 58. is c	
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12144_SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCS

Time: 1hr

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Q.no 1. Boundary Value Analysis comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 2. During which activity tester decides if extra test cases are required or not

A: Test implementation and execution

B: Test planning and control

C: Test analysis and design

D : Evaluating exit criteria

Q.no 3. Black Box Testing is also known as

A: Behavioral Testing

B: Flow Testing

C: Data Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 4. What is static analysis

A: The analysis of batch programs

B: The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 5. Which of the following is the best approach for automation in the long term

A: Train manual testers and start automation

B: Enforce manual testers to start automation

C: Associate with the developers to start automation

D: Build a team with members having development skills

Q.no 6. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

A: Output comparator

B: Boundary tester

C: Data transfer

D : Capture or Playback

Q.no 7. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: A. evaluations to be performed

B: amount of technical work

C: audits and reviews to be performed

D: documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 8. Which steps refers to the set of tasks that ensures the software correctly implements a specific function

A : Verification

B: Validation

C: Modularity

D: Testing

Q.no 9. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into

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B: Product defect

C: Procedure defect

D: Proper defect

Q.no 10. Arrange software Test levels in proper order

A: It depends on nature of a project

B: Unit testing then System testing then Integration testing then Acceptance testing

C: unit testing then integration testing then validation testing and system testing

D: Unit testing then Integration testign then System testing and Acceptance testing

Q.no 11. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production

A : System

B: Acceptance

C: Critical

D: Performance

Q.no 12. Which one is best suitable example of Load Testing

A: Running multiple applications on a computer or server simultaneously

B: Refering many sites on the internet

C: playing game with graphics

D: Printing a document using printer from remote computer

Q.no 13. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

A: Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

C: Opera mini

D: Internet Explorer

Q.no 14. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 15. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity

A: design

B: Execution

C: Planning

D: Check Exit criteria completion

Q.no 16. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

A: White box testing

B: Control structure testing

C: Black box testing

D : Gray box testing

Q.no 17. Verification and Validation uses for

A: Internal and External resources respectively

B: Internal resources only

C: External resources only

D: External and Internal resources respectively

Q.no 18. Deferred status in bug life cycle means

A : Developer feels that the bug is not genuine

B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug

C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases

D: It is not bug at all

Q.no 19. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: Evaluations to be performed

B: Amount of technical work

C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 20. What is the objective of integration testing

A: To verify that system is functioning according to specified requirements

B: To verify that system meets user expectation and needs

C: To verify that system separately testable modules are functioning properly

D: To verify that interfaces between different parts of system

Q.no 21. Equivalence Partitioning comes under which type of Testing

A: White Box Testing

B: Black Box Testing

C: Grey Box Testing

D : Control structure testing

Q.no 22. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

A: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

B: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually

C: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing

D: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

Q.no 23. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as

A: Severity

B: Priority

C: Fixability

D: Traceability

Q.no 24. Which tests are designed to validate functional requirements without regard to the internal working of program

A: White box test

B: Control Structure Test

C: Black box test

D : Gray box test

Q.no 25. What is uality Control

A: maintaining standards

B: maintained and improved and reduce errors

C: focus on manufacturing

D: focus on designing

Q.no 26. Which model uis used for identifying the organizational processes required to ensure software process quality

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: open-source development model

D: personal software process model

Q.no 27. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions

A: Defect Tracking

B: Defect Prevention C: Defect Age D: Defect Risks Q.no 28. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing A: Ready Test Scripts B: Ready Test Suite C: Stable code and application D: Skilled and experienced resources Q.no 29. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing A: System Testing B: Inspection C: Unit Testing D: UAT Q.no 30. The primary objective of formal technical reviews is to find what during the process so that they do not become defects after release of the software A: errors B: equivalent faults C: failure cause D: fault Q.no 31. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data that are likely to exercise specific software function A : Boundary value analysis B: Graph based testing C: Equivalence partitioning D: loop testing Q.no 32. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application

component level testing?

A: Equivalence Partitioning B: Basis Path Testing C: Boundary Value Analysis D : Performance Testing Q.no 33. Why will you do automation testing A: It increases defect detection ratio B: It improves the efficiency of testing C: It reduces the cost of testing D: It improves the quality of production code Q.no 34. Which structured approach is not used in business driven or multi dimensional in a Six Sigma A: Reducing process variability B: Increasing customer satisfaction C: Identifying Defects D: Improving Processes Q.no 35. What is involved in a system level test plan A: Subsystem Verification and Validation B: Development Testing C: System Verification and Validation D: Subsystem and System Testing Q.no 36. Who leads a formal review process

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 37. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing

A: Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system

B: System is installed at user organization and user tests the system

C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing

D: Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization

Q.no 38. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA

A: inter process inspection

B: maintenance

C: quality planning

D: testing

Q.no 39. Test cases are designed during

A: test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D: test specification

Q.no 40. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process $\,$

A : Final stage

B : First stage

C: All stages but after first stage

D : All stage

Q.no 41. Test plans are based on

A: Project Plan

B: Business Plan

C: Support Plan

D : Aanalysis Plan

Q.no 42. Whai is to be refer that often disappointing lack of improvement in software development productivity despite the application of powerful new development techniques and automated support like CASE tools.

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 43. Which level of software testing verify the functionality of software components and identify defect in them

A: Integration Testing

B: Acceptance Testing

C: Unit Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 44. Which of the following is not a testable web application element?

A: Authentication

B: Encryption

C: Firewalls

D : Penetration

Q.no 45. Entry criteria is determined during which phase

A: Planning

B: Follow up

C: Preparation

D: Review meeting

Q.no 46. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model D: open-source development model Q.no 47. Who identifies then documents and verifies that corrections have been made to the software A: Managing director B: Project manager C : Project team D: SQA group Q.no 48. Select the command in Selenium IDE used to open a page using the URL A: OpenRecord B: Open C: OpenText D: OpenTable Q.no 49. The Selenium is refer as A: Provides professional customer support B: Test Reports are generated automatically C: Comes with a built in object repository D : Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test Q.no 50. Who leads a walk through A: Author B: Moderator C: Reviewer D: Scribe Q.no 51. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe A: Equivalence Partitioning

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guidelines or principles in examining an interface

C: Boundary Value Analysis

- A: Experience Summary
- B: Cognitive Walkthrough
- C: Usability Test
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- A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting
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- D: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

Q.no 59. Which type of testing is done to ensure that whether your software works on different operating systems or not?

- A: Interoperability Testing
- B: Portability Testing
- C: Usability Testing
- D : Performance Testing

Q.no 60. In CMMI model the life cycle activities of requirements analysis design code and test are described in

- A: Software Product Engineering
- B: Software Quality Assurance
- C: Software Subcontract Management
- D: Software Quality Management

Answer for Question No 1. is b
Answer for Question No 2. is c
Answer for Question No 3. is a
Answer for Question No 4. is c
Answer for Question No 5. is d
Answer for Question No 6. is d
Answer for Question No 7. is b
Answer for Question No 8. is a
Answer for Question No 9. is a
Answer for Question No 10. is a
Answer for Question No 11. is b
Answer for Question No 12. is a
Answer for Question No 13. is b
Answer for Question No 14. is c
Answer for Question No 15. is c
Answer for Question No 16. is a

Answer for Question No 17. is a
Answer for Question No 18. is c
Answer for Question No 19. is b
Answer for Question No 20. is d
Answer for Question No 21. is b
Answer for Question No 22. is b
Answer for Question No 23. is a
Answer for Question No 24. is c
Answer for Question No 25. is b
Answer for Question No 26. is b
Answer for Question No 27. is b
Answer for Question No 28. is a
Answer for Question No 29. is b
Answer for Question No 30. is a
Answer for Question No 31. is c
Answer for Question No 32. is d

Answer for Question No	33. is b
Answer for Question No	34. is c
Answer for Question No	35. is d
Answer for Question No	36. is b
Answer for Question No	37. is b
Answer for Question No	38. is c
Answer for Question No	39. is d
Answer for Question No	40. is d
Answer for Question No	41. is a
Answer for Question No	42. is a
Answer for Question No	43. is b
Answer for Question No	44. is d
Answer for Question No	45. is a
Answer for Question No	46. is b
Answer for Question No	47. is d
Answer for Question No	48. is b

Answer for Question No 49. is d
Answer for Question No 50. is a
Answer for Question No 51. is b
Answer for Question No 52. is b
Answer for Question No 53. is d
Answer for Question No 54. is d
Answer for Question No 55. is c
Answer for Question No 56. is c
Answer for Question No 57. is c
Answer for Question No 58. is c
Answer for Question No 59. is b
Answer for Question No 60. is a

Total number of questions: 60

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Time: 1hr

Max Marks: 50

N.B

- 1) All questions are Multiple Choice Questions having single correct option.
- 2) Attempt any 50 questions out of 60.
- 3) Use of calculator is allowed.
- 4) Each question carries 1 Mark.
- 5) Specially abled students are allowed 20 minutes extra for examination.
- 6) Do not use pencils to darken answer.
- 7) Use only black/blue ball point pen to darken the appropriate circle.
- 8) No change will be allowed once the answer is marked on OMR Sheet.
- 9) Rough work shall not be done on OMR sheet or on question paper.
- 10) Darken ONLY ONE CIRCLE for each answer.

Q.no 1. What is static analysis

A: The analysis of batch programs

B: The reviewing of test plans

C: The analysis of program code

D: The use of black box testing

Q.no 2. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: Evaluations to be performed

B: Amount of technical work

C: Audits and reviews to be performed

D: Documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 3. Which test cases are like a green light for the application and help to determine whether or not the application should go into production

A : System

B : Acceptance

C: Critical

D: Performance

Q.no 4. Which techniques we called sometimes as a glass box testing

A: White box testing

B: Control structure testing

C: Black box testing

D: Gray box testing

Q.no 5. Which of the following is not a valid reason for automating a test case

A: The test will need to be executed once but with a large set of data

B: The test gives intermittent results and impossible to test manually

C: The test will help in saving time for doing exploratory testing

D: The test is important for the business and typical use case for testing

Q.no 6. Faults are found most cost effectively in which test activity

A : design

B: Execution

C: Planning

D: Check Exit criteria completion

Q.no 7. Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project

A: A. evaluations to be performed

B: amount of technical work

C: audits and reviews to be performed

D: documents to be produced by the SQA group

Q.no 8. During which activity tester decides if extra test cases are required or not

A: Test implementation and execution B: Test planning and control C: Test analysis and design D: Evaluating exit criteria Q.no 9. What is defined as a set of development and quality assurance efforts performed to achieve a common goal, based on the release timeline A: Test Set B: Requirement C: Test Plan D: Cycle Q.no 10. Which steps refers to the set of tasks that ensures the software correctly implements a specific function A: Verification B: Validation C: Modularity D: Testing Q.no 11. How severely the bug is effecting the application is called as A: Severity B: Priority C: Fixability D: Traceability Q.no 12. Component testing is performed by whom

A: Developer

B: Software Tester

C: Designer

D: End User

Q.no 13. Software Quality Metrics

A : Planning in the organization

B : Manage the the organization

C: Proper planning and execution in the organization

D: Measurement enables the organization

Q.no 14. Which test language is usually used in Selenium?

A:PHP

B: Python

C: JavaScript

D: ASP DotNET

Q.no 15. Select the Browser which is supported by Selenium IDE

A: Google Chrome

B: Mozilla Firefox

C: Opera mini

D : Internet Explorer

Q.no 16. Which of the following is largest bug producer

A: code

B: design

C: analysis

D : specification

Q.no 17. Which one is best suitable example of Load Testing

A: Running multiple applications on a computer or server simultaneously

B: Refering many sites on the internet

C: playing game with graphics

D: Printing a document using printer from remote computer

Q.no 18. Verification and Validation uses for

A: Internal and External resources respectively

B: Internal resources only

C: External resources only

D: External and Internal resources respectively

Q.no 19. Black Box Testing is also known as

A: Behavioral Testing

B: Flow Testing

C: Data Testing

D: Control structure testing

Q.no 20. Which of the following is not a part of defect management process

A: Defect reporting

B : Defect prevention

C: Requirement baselining

D: Procedure defect

Q.no 21. Which of the following tools would be involved in the automation of regression test?

A: Output comparator

B: Boundary tester

C: Data transfer

D : Capture or Playback

Q.no 22. What is Quality Assurance

A: It is the measurement of degree to which a product satisfies the need

B : Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process

C: Process of identifying defects

D: It is a corrective tool

Q.no 23. Which of the following type of testing is done without Planning and Documentation?

A: Retesting

B: Unit testing

C: Ad Hoc Testing

D: Regression Testing

Q.no 24. Deferred status in bug life cycle means

A: Developer feels that the bug is not genuine

B: Bug is repeated twice or the two bugs mention the same concept of the bug

C: The bug is expected to be fixed in next releases

D: It is not bug at all

Q.no 25. In a company if the test plan is not written according to the standards and the category of defect will it be classified into

A: Process defect

B: Product defect

C: Procedure defect

D : Proper defect

Q.no 26. Which is not true regarding Spiral Model

A: Risk analysis is involved in every cycle of development

B: Uses series of prototype for refining test execution plan

C: For any change we need to iterate the whole cycle

D: Only this model has the risk analysis phase

Q.no 27. Three simple steps below refer 1 Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes 2 Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes 3 Implement the preventive actions

A: Defect Tracking

B: Defect Prevention C: Defect Age D: Defect Risks Q.no 28. Who leads a formal review process A: Author B: Moderator C: Reviewer D: Scribe Q.no 29. The Selenium is refer as A: Provides professional customer support B: Test Reports are generated automatically C: Comes with a built in object repository D: Cannot access elements outside of the web application under test Q.no 30. Which of the following is not a testable web application element? A: Authentication B: Encryption C: Firewalls D: Penetration Q.no 31. The acceptance test engineer created which document to communicate the deficiency in the acceptance to the supplier A : Acceptance Caution Change B: Acceptance Test Change C : Acceptance Criteria Change D: Acceptance Execute Change Q.no 32. which black box techquice divides the input domain into classes of data

that are likely to exercise specific software function

A: Boundary value analysis B: Graph based testing C: Equivalence partitioning D: loop testing Q.no 33. Entry criteria is determined during which phase A: Planning B: Follow up C: Preparation D: Review meeting Q.no 34. Select the language which is supported by The Selenium Web Driver A: Perl B: SQL C: ASP D: Cobol Q.no 35. Which of the following is not a prereq for automation testing A: Ready Test Scripts B: Ready Test Suite C: Stable code and application D : Skilled and experienced resources Q.no 36. In which situations Regression Testing is not performed A: When project manger asks to perform B: When new functionality is introduced C: When database system is changed D: When system is installed on different hardware configuration than previously tested

Q.no 37. Test cases are designed during

A: test recording

B: test planning

C: test configuration

D: test specification

Q.no 38. Which model is a multi-staged process definition model intended to characterize and guide the engineering excellence or maturity of an organization software development process

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 39. The primary objective of formal technical reviews is to find what during the process so that they do not become defects after release of the software

A: errors

B : equivalent faults

C: failure cause

D: fault

Q.no 40. Which of the following is true of the V model

A: It states that modules are tested against user requirements

B: It only models the testing phase

C: It specifies the test techniques to be used

D: It includes the verification of designs.

Q.no 41. Whai is to be refer that often disappointing lack of improvement in software development productivity despite the application of powerful new development techniques and automated support like CASE tools.

A: system dynamics model

B: capability maturity model

C: personal software process model

D: open-source development model

Q.no 42. Which of the following is not a white box technique

A: State Transition Teting

B: Path testing

C: Statement testing

D: Data flow testing

Q.no 43. Who leads a walk through

A: Author

B: Moderator

C: Reviewer

D: Scribe

Q.no 44. Regression testing should be tightly linked to the testing and be built from the successful test cases developed and used in

A: Retesting

B: Functional Testing

C: End to End Testing

D: System Testing

Q.no 45. Which of the following is not a characteristic of Alpha Testing

A: Simulated environment is created at developers site and user tests the system

B: System is installed at user organization and user tests the system

C: Alpha testing is also called as factory acceptance testing

D : Alpha testing is performed by tetsers who are employees of organization

Q.no 46. Defects can be detected and added to your Quality Center project by users during which of the testing process

A : Final stage

B: First stage

C: All stages but after first stage D: All stage Q.no 47. Which of the following is not a method of Dynamic Testing A: System Testing B: Inspection C: Unit Testing D: UAT Q.no 48. Which is a formal review technique A: Walk through B: peer to peer review C: Inspection D: review Q.no 49. Which of the following is not an appraisal cost in SQA A: inter process inspection B: maintenance C: quality planning D: testing Q.no 50. Which test case design technique is not appropriate for web application component level testing? A: Equivalence Partitioning B: Basis Path Testing C: Boundary Value Analysis D: Performance Testing Q.no 51. What types of errors are not done by Black Box Testing and can be uncovered by White Box Testing

A: Logic errors

B: Performance errors C: Behavioral errors D: Control Errors Q.no 52. During which phase discrepancies are reported as defects A: Evaluating exit criteria and reporting B: Test closure activity C: Test implementation and execution D : Test analysis and design Q.no 53. Which white-box testing technique is firstly proposed by Tom McCabe A: Equivalence Partitioning B: Basis Path Testing C: Boundary Value Analysis D: Branch Coverage Q.no 54. Select what is the primary objective of formal technical reviews to find during the process so that after the release of the software they do not become the defect A: fault B: error C: failure D: accuracy Q.no 55. Which is not an important goal of a walk through A: Knowledge transfer B: Gather information C: Discuss alternatives D: Find defects

Q.no 56. Which of the following should NOT normally be an objective for a test

- A: To find faults in the software
- B: To assess whether the software is ready for release
- C: To demonstrate that the software doesn't work
- D: To prove that the software is correct

Q.no 57. Which of these activities is not one of the recommended activity to be performed by independent SQA group

- A: Prepare SQAplan for the project
- B: review software engineering activities to verify process compliance
- C: report any evidence of non compliance to senior manager
- D: serve as the sole test team for any software produced

Q.no 58. When you are recording the application, the test script is automatically generatecThe test script used in SilkTest is called

- A: Silk Test
- B:4Test
- C: Test Suite
- D: Recording

Q.no 59. Which object is within an Object Oriented System is used to design tests that have a high likelihood of uncovering plausible bugs

- A: Fault based testing
- B: Integration testing
- C: Use based testing
- D: Scenario based testing

Q.no 60. Which type is used for Firebug in Selenium

- A: Inspecting Elements
- B: Parallel Testing
- C: Programming
- D: Cross Browser Testing

Answer for Question No 1. is c	
Answer for Question No 2. is b	
Answer for Question No 3. is b	
Answer for Question No 4. is a	
Answer for Question No 5. is b	
Answer for Question No 6. is c	
Answer for Question No 7. is b	
Answer for Question No 8. is c	
Answer for Question No 9. is b	
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Answer for Question No 11. is a	
Answer for Question No 12. is a	
Answer for Question No 13. is d	
Answer for Question No 14. is c	
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Answer for Question No 23. is c
Answer for Question No 24. is c
Answer for Question No 25. is a
Answer for Question No 26. is b
Answer for Question No 27. is b
Answer for Question No 28. is b
Answer for Question No 29. is d
Answer for Question No 30. is d
Answer for Question No 31. is c
Answer for Question No 32. is c

Answer for Question No 33. is a	
Answer for Question No 34. is a	
Answer for Question No 35. is a	
Answer for Question No 36. is a	
Answer for Question No 37. is d	
Answer for Question No 38. is b	
Answer for Question No 39. is a	
Answer for Question No 40. is d	
Answer for Question No 41. is a	
Answer for Question No 42. is a	
Answer for Question No 43. is a	
Answer for Question No 44. is b	
Answer for Question No 45. is b	
Answer for Question No 46. is d	
Answer for Question No 47. is b	
Answer for Question No 48. is c	

Answer for Question N	o 49. is c		
Answer for Question N	o 50. is d		
Answer for Question N	o 51. is a		
Answer for Question N	o 52. is c		
Answer for Question N	o 53. is b		
Answer for Question N	o 54. is b		
Answer for Question N	o 55. is d		
Answer for Question N	o 56. is d		
Answer for Question N	o 57. is d		
Answer for Question N	o 58. is b		
Answer for Question N	o 59. is a		
Answer for Question N	o 60. is a		