STQA Unit Test1

on unit 1 and unit 2

Hi Chavan, when you submit this form, the owner will be able to see your name and email address. 1. When Testing should be stopped? (2 Points) When manager asks to stop When time runs out \bigcirc When enough money are spend on testing It depends on risk associated with that project. 2. All defects result in failure. (1 Point) ○ TRUE FALSE 3. Orign of defect is/are: (1 Point) O No knowledge of system O System is used in wrong way May have coded wrongly Incorrect setup of testing environment All the above 4. When a cost to remove defect is not high? (2 Points) During requirement analysis Ouring testing Ouring designing Ouring coding 5. The problem that threatens the success of a project but which has not yet happened is called (1 Point) O Bug ○ Error Risk O Defect

6. Where do the testers fail to find the incidents? (1 Point)	
Requirements	
Oesign	
○ Test cases	
Improvements suggested by users	
7. In software development life cycle , who is the best person to catch a defect? (1 Point)	
Software tester	
○ Developer	
Customer	
Business Analyst	
8. Finding and fixing error does not guarantee that user will accept the system. (1 Point)	
TRUE	
○ FALSE	
9. Errors, defects, failures are synonymous. (1 Point)	
TRUE	
○ FALSE	
10. What are the defect classes? (1 Point)	
Requirement defect classes	
Coding defect classes	
O Designing defect classes	
Testing defect classes	
All of the above	
11. Three simple steps below refer to: Analyze defects or errors to trace the root causes. Suggest preventive actions to eliminate the defect root causes. Implement the preventive actions. (2 Points)	
Defect Prevention	
O Defect Tracking	
O Defect Age	
O Defect Risk	
12. Normally, the impact ratings for defects are classified into three types:	
(1 Point)	
Minor, Low, Critical	

O L. M.: CX. L	
O Low, Major, Critical	
Minor, Major, High	
Minor, Major, Critical	
L3. Negative Testing, commonly referred to as error path testing or failure testing is done to ensure the stability of the application.	
(1 Point)	
● TRUE	
○ FALSE	
- Medi	
14. The Cyclometric number theory in a graph is defined by	
(2 Points)	
○ e – n + 2	
● e-n+1	
○ e – n - 1	
○ e – n - 2	
15. Who is responsible for Integration Testing?	
(1 Point)	
○ Developer	
Software Tester	
Specialist Integration Tester	
Both a and c	
16. When should Regression Testing to be performed?	
(1 Point)	
When the project manager says	
After the software has changed.	
Whenever software testing team get the time.	
none of the above	
17. Non functional testing is performed only at system testing level.	
(1 Point)	
○ TRUE	
• FALSE	
<u>♥</u>	
18. Which of the following are functional characteristics? 1.Maintainability 2. Usability 3. Compliance	
4. Accuracy 5. Portability 6. Efficiency (2 Points)	
1 and 3 and 4	
2 and3and 4	
● 3and 4	
① 1 and 4	

 Configuration testing deals with hardware while compatibility testing deals with software. (1 Point)
TRUE
○ FALSE
20. Black-box testing attempts to find errors of type: (1 Point)
○ Incorrect or missing functions
○ Interface errors
Behavior or performance errors
All of the above
21. Which of the following code coverage testing checks whether each Boolean sub expression evaluated both to true and false? (1 Point)
Statement coverage
O Path coverage
○ Condition coverage
Function coverage
22. What is the order in which test levels are performed? (2 Points) Unit.Integration, System.Acceptance
It depends on nature of a project.
Unit, Integration, Acceptance, System
Unit ,System, Integration, Acceptance
Ont. System, Integration, Acceptance
23. Which testing is concerned with behavior of whole product as per specified requirements? (1 Point)
Component testing
○ Integration Testing
Acceptance testing
System testing
24. Control flow graphs are used for: (1 Point)
To address the seuqence in which program instructions are executed
For graphical representation of program
It works as framework for analyse control flow of program
All of the above

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