Lecture #7 9/21/2016

Last Class

AMPS - FDMA
AMPS RCC / FCC Access
Hamming Block Codes

Today

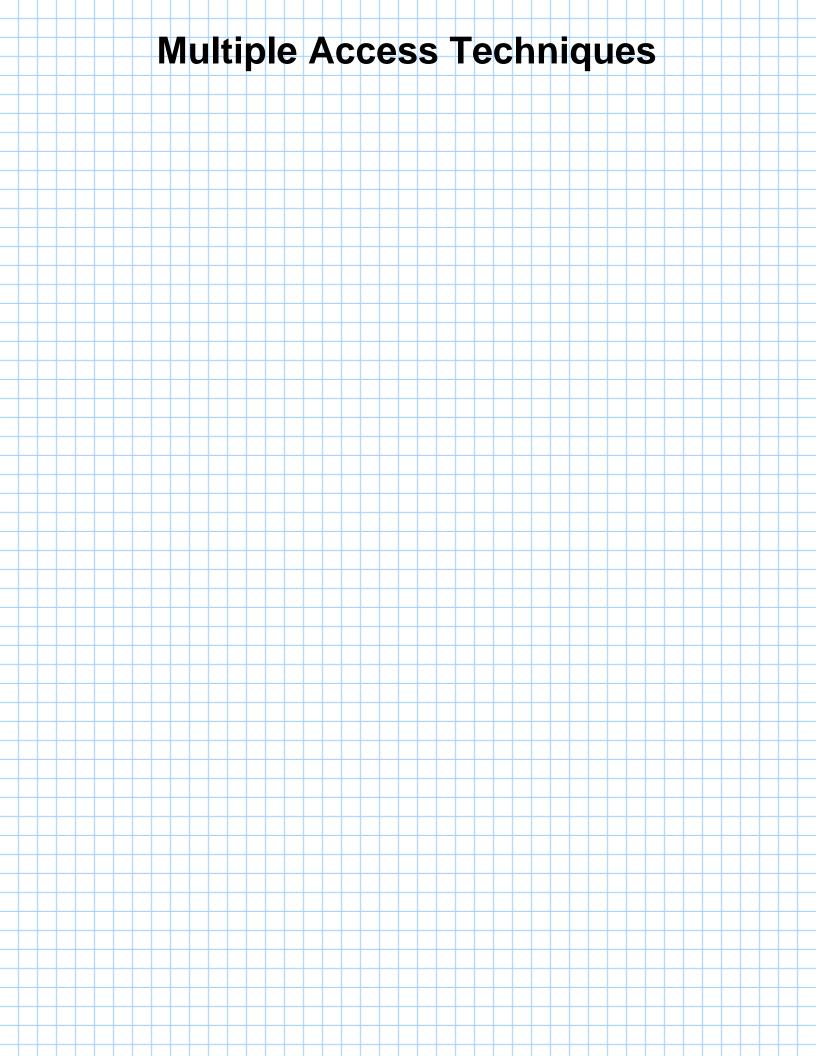
Multiple Access Techniques

Next Class

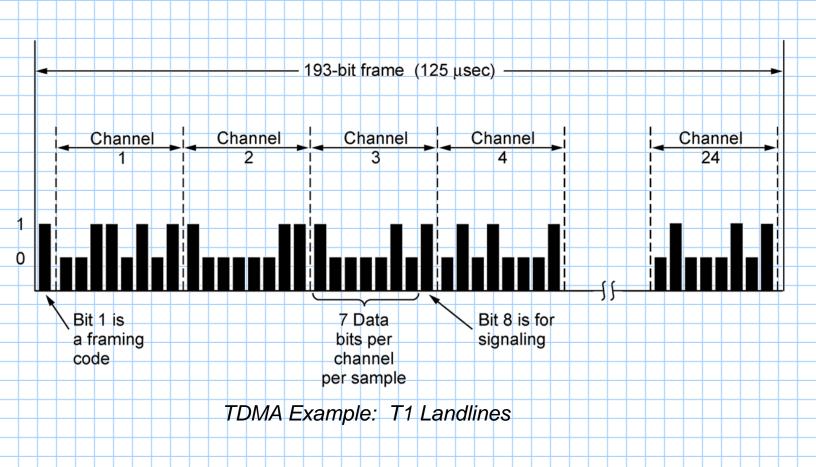
CDMA

Announcements

Homework #2 Due (No Later than Friday)
Homework #3 Posted, Due Next Week



Time Division Multiple Access Sharing Access By Time



Spread Spectrum Modulation

Transmitted signal takes up more Frequency Domain Bandwidth than the information signal

Wide bandwidth deliberately used so that more can share

Two main Spread Spectrum Modulation Schemes

Both schemes use concept of 'Bit Chipping'

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Spread Spectrum Modulation Bit-Chipping

Ex: 1 Byte of Data Chipped by a factor of 4

Serial transmission of 1 byte of data viewed with a Chip Rate of 4

"Bit Chipping" Seems inefficient at first glance......

Chipping enables multiple codes to be transmitted at expense of higher frequency requirements

Multiple messages can be transmitted <u>simultaneously</u>, during duration of 1 bit time

Spread Spectrum Modulation History

Bit Chipping is used in <u>Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum</u> modulation

DSSS techniques originally created for military applications

Avoid determination of location of transmitters by triangulation

Align a rotating antenna in direction of strongest signal to locate angle

If two receivers known, then location can be triangulated

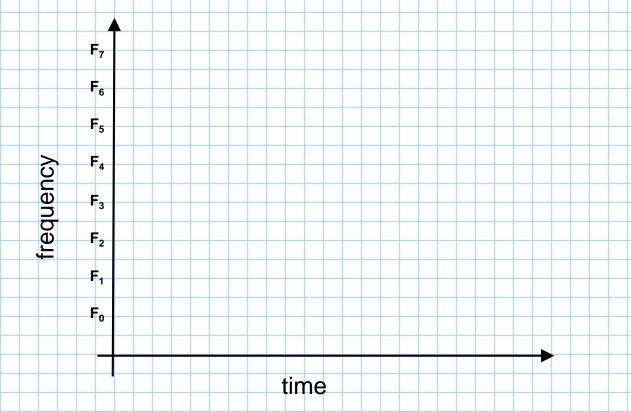
Triangulation prevented by hopping from one frequency to another in order to provide sufficient time for enemy receiver to lock on (i.e. find angle where power is maximum)

Spread Spectrum Modulation Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)

A pseudo-random set of frequencies in time and switching order known to friendly transmitter and Receiver

Messages can be decoded only if frequency hopping scheme is known

Entire Bandwidth is used



How is this useful for wireless communications?

