## PTL705 POLYMER CHARACTERIZATION PART A

Max: 30 points Time: 10:30 am-12:30 pm Date: 24-11-2008

- 1. Draw TGA curves for polymer samples which decompose in a multistage process but with and without stable intermediates. Suggest two possible means to potentially resolve different stages of thermal degradation for a sample with no apparent stable intermediates.

  4 points
- 2. Distinguish between DSC and DTA? Draw a typical DSC response curve. 4 points
- 3. Explain how ΔH values are obtained from DSC measurements? 2 points
- 4. Deduce the structure of the following compounds from the data given:  $4 \times 4 = 16$  points
- a) Molecular Formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- <sup>1</sup>H NMR: δ 2.05 (s, 6H)  $^{13}$ C NMR: δ 166, 141, 13
- b) Molecular Formula: C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>12</sub>BrN
- <sup>1</sup>H NMR: δ 7.3 (t, 1H) 7.15 (d, 1H) 7.05 (s, 1H) 6.98 (d, 1H) 3.02 (q, 2H) 2.84 (s, 3H) 1.30 (t, 3H)
- c) Molecular Formula: C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NSi
- <sup>1</sup>H NMR: δ 7.4 (d, 2H, J=8Hz) 7.2 (d, 2H, J=8Hz) 0.2 (s, 9H)
- d) Molecular Formula: C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- IR: 3025, 2982, 2950, 1765, 1642 cm<sup>-1</sup>
- <sup>2</sup>13C NMR: δ 168, 142, 98, 22
- -5. The  $^{1}\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra of a compound with the molecular formula  $C_{5}H_{8}O_{3}$  is shown below. Deduce its structure 4 points

