## EEL 456 MAJOR EXAMINATION – 2008

Time: 02 Hrs F.M. – 100

#### (There are three sections and answer in section wise)

#### <u>SECTION - A</u> (Approximately 1 Hr and for 50 Marks)

- Find the generalized analytical formula for the incremental fuel cost, when N generating units are committed to supply a load demand of P<sub>D</sub>. Assume the cost curve of the generator as a standard quadratic cost function of power generated by the generator. Neglect the losses.
- 2. A two bus system without generating limits has the following characteristics

$$\frac{dC_1}{dP_1} = 0.006P_1 + 4$$
 and  $\frac{dC_2}{dP_2} = 0.007P_2 + 4$ 

$$P_{Loss} = 0.008(P_2 - 100)^2$$

The load demand at bus 1 and 2 are 400Mw and 100MW respectively Find the optimal generation of each plant and power loss in the line.

[10]

- 3. Describe the classical method of solution of optimal power flow. Briefly explain the steps involved for problem formulation and solution method. [15]
- 4. Explain the voltage stability problem. Find the classical equation to draw the PV curve of a radial system and draw the PV curves at different loading conditions. Explain the terms critical power. [15]

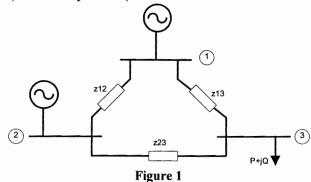
# <u>SECTION - B</u> (Approximately 30 Minutes and for 25 Marks)

- 5. A 100 MW unit with 0.05 p.u. turbine regulation operates in parallel with a 500 MW unit with identical turbine regulation. For a specific amount of power demand increase, find the ratio of sharing of the load by the units if the system frequency is 50 Hz. [5]
- 6. What do you mean by ALFC. Derive the block diagram of primary ALFC loop. Explain the role of secondary ALFC loop. [20]

### <u>SECTION - C</u> (Approximately 30 Minutes and for 25 Marks)

Make a choice between Q7 or (Q8A+Q8B)

7. Solve one iteration of Gauss-Seidel Algorithm for a 3 bus system given in Fig. 1. The line data is as follows (values in per unit):



$$z_{12} = 0 + j0.03$$

$$z_{13} = 0 + j0.02$$

$$z_{23} = 0 + j0.025$$

**Bus 1: Slack Bus** 

**Bus 2: PV Bus** 
$$|V_2|^{spec} = 1.00 \, pu$$

**Bus 3: PQ Bus** 
$$P_3^{spec} = -7.0 pu$$

$$\left|V_1\right|^{spec}=1.05\,pu$$

$$P_2^{spec} = 3.0 \, pu$$

$$Q_3^{spec} = -3.0 pu$$

 $\delta_1^{spec} = 0$ 

$$P_2^{spec} = 3.0 \, pu$$

$$Q_3^{spec} = -3.0 pu$$

Use 'flat start' as initial guess. Determine the magnitude and angle of  $V_2, V_3$  at the end of iteration 1. [25]

OR

**Q8A:** Consider 4 bus system of Fig. 2.

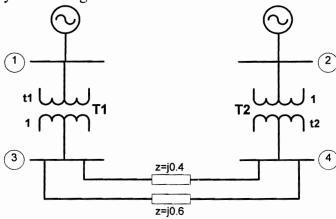


Figure 2

Transformers  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  have tap ratios t1:1 and 1:t2 as shown in the figure. The leakage reactance of  $T_1$  in pu is  $X_{t1} = j0.012$  and that of  $T_2$  is  $X_{t2} = j0.06$ . The tap ratios are:  $t_1 = 0.85$  and  $t_2 = 1.0 \angle 5^{\circ}$ . Obtain the Ybus.

Q2B: Find Ybus for the system given in Fig. 1. State, whether the Ybus will be singular or not.