Department of Mathematics Indian Institute of Technology Delhi MAL630: Partial Differential Equations

Major examination

July-Nov 2008

Max.Marks:50

[7+7+7+7+8+7+7]

- 1. Solve the Cauchy problem: $u_y = xuu_x$, u(x,0) = x.
- 2. Describe weak solution of the Cauchy problem:

$$uu_x + u_y = 0,$$

$$u(x,0) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0, \\ x - 1 & x > 0. \end{cases}$$

3. Show that the following Problem admits atmost one solution:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k(x)u_{x_kx_k} + u|\nabla u| + c(x)u = 0, \text{ in } \Omega, \quad u = 0 \text{ on } \partial\Omega,$$

where $a_k(x), c(x)$ are continuous functions in $\overline{\Omega}$ such that $a_k(x) > 0$ and c(x) < 0 in $\overline{\Omega}$

- 4. Find the Greens function for $\{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2, x^2 + y^2 < 1, y > 0\}$
- 5. Show that the following problem has unique solution

$$u_{t} - \sum_{k=1}^{n} a_{k}(x)u_{x_{k}x_{k}} - \sum_{k=1}^{n} b_{k}(x)u_{x_{k}} - c(x)u = f(x,t) \text{ in } \Omega \times \{t > 0\}.$$
$$u(x,0) = g(x), \ x \in \Omega, \ u(\partial\Omega,t) = h(x,t)$$

where $a_k(x) > 0$ and c(x) < 0 in $\overline{\Omega}$.

6. Show that any function u(x) satisfying the inequality

$$-\Delta u + |\nabla u|^2 \ge u^2 \text{ in } \Omega$$

does not have maximum at an interior point of Ω .

7. Suppose if $u(x) \in C(\overline{\Omega})$ satisfies mean value property in Ω , then show that u(x) is harmonic in Ω .