Dept. of Applied Mechanics 28.11.06 Ma jor Examination Applied Computational Methods (AML-702) Give a typical speed-up model for a parallel process in lerous of degree of parallelistic for fraction of operation and time taken for single brocess As per Amidal's law show that speed - up is always less than 2 ignoring all communication and Contention delays for no no. I processors. Doubline performence study of a parallel system in terms of scalability, Granularily, speed-upt efficieny. Solve, for of at fine time station, the given pastial origerential wave equation rising couldn't different formulation case represent for time and Soubscript for position, take w (= 1 p. alesilily (22 y) = mg (22) show how other initial conditions are abtained if yet to is zero worm the given finite difference the set = 0.2 good give the compelel formulation of and algorithm its estimated the 45 F 64 308 F 2m heat transfer through a blelo with a hole as per gruen boundar. Condition, 224 + 2211

Solve the following set of coupled non-linear algebraic equalions are using Jacobian Method. $5x^{2} + 2xy - 25 = 0$ $-3x^{2} + 4y^{2} + 5y = 10$ How the governing differential equilions. set of "n" equalion are solved as per the following $[M] \{\dot{x}\} + [K] \{\dot{x}\} + [C] \{\dot{x}\} = \{F(E)\}$ as realisaiting of dissel integration method. b) Show the difference in explicit and implicit integration schemes with the help of expressions impolved at discreti line stations. I tow accuracy and plability are achieved. Give algorithms for Galerkin and Kitz methods to solve ordinary and partial differential equalions. How are those methods extended to finité element formulation.