



Left Rotation ☆

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

Editorial



Editorial by AllisonP

To solve this challenge, we perform the following basic steps:

1. Create a new n -element (where n is the length of `arr`) array named `rotated` to hold the rotated items.
2. Copy the contents of `arr` over to the new array in two parts:
 - o The d -element contiguous segment from `arr0` to `arrd-1` must be copied over to the contiguous segment starting at `rotatedn-d` and ending at `rotatedn-1`.
 - o The $(n - d)$ -element contiguous segment from `arrd` to `arrn-1` must be copied over to the contiguous segment starting at `rotated0` and ending at `rotatedd`.
3. Reassign the reference to `arr` so that it points to `rotated` instead.

This is implemented by the following Java code:

```
public static int[] rotateArray(int[] arr, int d){
    // Because the constraints state d < n, we need not concern ourselves with shifting > n
    int n = arr.length;

    // Create new array for rotated elements:
    int[] rotated = new int[n];

    // Copy segments of shifted elements to rotated array:
    System.arraycopy(arr, d, rotated, 0, n - d);
    System.arraycopy(arr, 0, rotated, n - d, d);

    return rotated;
}
```

J Set by jpierce88

Problem Setter's code:

Python 3

```
def rotateLeft(d, arr):
    return arr[d:]+arr[:d]
```



Tested by AllisonP

Problem Tester's code:

Java

```
import java.util.*;

public class Solution {

    public static int[] rotateArray(int[] arr, int d){
        // Because the constraints state d < n, we need not concern ourselves with shifting > n
        int n = arr.length;

        // Create a temporary d-element array to store elements shifted to the left of index
        int[] temp_arr = Arrays.copyOfRange(arr, 0, d);

        // Shift elements from indices d through n to indices 0 through d - 1:
        for(int i = d; i < n; i++) {
            arr[i - d] = arr[i];
        }

        // Copy the d shifted elements from the temporary array back to the original array:
        for(int i = n - d; i < n; i++) {
            arr[i] = temp_arr[i-n+d];
        }
    }
}
```

STATISTICS

Difficulty: Easy

Time Complexity:

Publish Date: Jul 06 2016

This is a Practice Challenge

NEED HELP?

[View discussions](#) [View top submissions](#)

