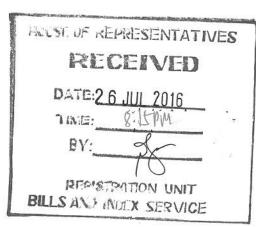
# Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Quezon City

#### SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

House Bill No. 1959



### Introduced by Representative Estrellita B. Suansing

### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

Agriculture is the primary sector that contributes to the revenue in the country. Rice is the major agricultural crop grown and produced in the country, and, while crop production is the primary revenue contributor, livestock and poultry raising serve as supplementary activity to crop production.

Raising small ruminants, such as goat and sheep, is fast becoming popular among smallholder farmers due to its economical, managerial, and biological advantages.

It is economically advantageous since a small initial investment is necessary to begin raising small ruminants and correspondingly, there is a small risk of loss due to individual deaths. Women, and even children, can look after them. Small ruminants occupy little housing space, have low feeding requirements, and providers of both milk and meat in quantities adequate for the immediate family consumption, therefore, making raising small ruminants managerially advantageous. Goats and sheep appear to withstand periods of drought far better than cattle and cows. They have shorter reproductive cycles, allowing them to quickly recover and resume breeding after bouts of drought or disease. Hence, they provide the easiest and most accessible source of credit available to the family to augment their finances.

The development of the small ruminants industry in the country is synonymous to improved livelihood and general well-being of the people in rural areas. It will not only improve the farmers' income but also enhance the revenue of the agricultural communities in the countryside.

Pursuant to this noble intention, this measure seeks to establish the Philippine Small Ruminants Center that will enhance and accelerate the development of the small ruminants sector making it a rising industry that will lead to increased meat and milk production for the country, better income to farmers, employment opportunities for rural folks, establishment of agri-enterprises, and ultimately, improved living conditions in our farming communities, especially in the Province of Nueva Ecija. Likewise, it will further boost the stature of the Central Luzon State University (CLSU) as a leading and model institution of higher education dedicated to the advancement of the agriculture sector of our country.

The Small Ruminants Center shall encompass all research and development efforts in all disciplines that will lead to the improvement of the overall productivity of the Philippine goat and sheep.

Its creation not only brings hope to alleviate living conditions in local communities but also contribute much needed income to our nation's revenue.

In view of the foregoing, approval of this measure is earnestly sought.

ESTRELLITA B. SUANSING

1st District, Nueva Ecija

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### AN ACT

# ESTABLISHING THE PHILIPPINE SMALL RUMINANTS CENTER AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress be assembled:

**SECTION 1.** Short Title. This act shall be known as the "Philippine Small Ruminants Act."

**SECTION 2.** Declaration of Policy. It is hereby declared to be the policy of the State to:

- a. Conserve, improve and develop the Philippine goat, sheep and other small ruminants as sources of animal milk, meat and fiber;
- b. Enable the farmers, particularly smallholder farmers, to avail themselves of good quality goat and sheep stocks at all times and at reasonable prices through an organized program of breeding and development;
- c. Increase the local supply of meat, milk and fiber from goats, sheep and other small ruminants;
- d. Encourage backyard goat, sheep and other small ruminants development in rural areas by raising goat and sheep which are good milk and meat producers so as to reduce importation of milk and milk by-products.

**SECTION 3.** *Definition of Terms.* As used in this Act, the following terms shall be construed to mean as follows:

- a. Center refers to the Philippine Small Ruminant Center that is based in the Central Luzon State University located in Nueva Ecija;
- b. Crossbred refers to the offspring of two (2) purebred animals;
- c. Performance Testing refers to the systematic selection of the best animal from a population raised under the same environment. The basic consideration is its genetic potential.

- d. Philippine Small Ruminant Center refers to the Philippine Small Ruminant Center with the National Center based in the Central Luzon State University;
- e. Research Network refers to the Philippine Council for Agriculture, Aquatic, Forestry and Natural Resources Research and Development (PCAARRD), Department of Agriculture (DA) and private organizations conducting researches geared towards developing technology that will increase productivity of smallholder farmers;
- f. Smallholders Farmers are basically farmers owning below twenty (20) heads of goats or sheep;
- g. Small Ruminants refers to any hooved animal belonging to the division of *Artiodactyla* having four stomachs, such as but not limited to goat and sheep;
- h. Upgraded refers to the offspring of a cross between a native stock and an exotic breed of animal.
- **SEC. 4.** Creation of the Philippine Small Ruminant Center. The Philippine Small Ruminant Center is hereby created with the National Center based in the Central Luzon State University and with satellite centers in the other goat and sheep centers in Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao. The Center in Visayas shall be the Visayas State University (VSU) in Leyte. The Center in Mindanao shall be the DA-Bagalupa Stock Farm in Zamboanga del Sur.

Other satellite centers in any region of the country may also be organized and operationalized whenever there are State Colleges and Universities (SUCS) in agriculture in such areas.

- **SEC. 5.** Scope. The activities of the Philippine Small Ruminant Center shall encompass all research and development efforts in all disciplines that lead to the improvement of the over-all productivity of the Philippine goat and sheep. In addition, research efforts to increase the annual population growth rate of small ruminants to meet existing and future demand shall be pursued.
- **SEC. 6.** Priorities. The following shall be the priority areas of the Philippine Small Ruminant Center and such other priorities or programs that the Board shall formulate:
  - a. Research and development efforts in the areas of biotechnology, breeding, nutrition, reproduction, animal health and product development utilization, socio-economics, technology promotion and environmental impact shall take priority. Research activities geared towards development of appropriate technologies shall be the primary concern. These technologies are those that would increase productivity of the goat and sheep in a cost effective, simple and practical manner. Socio-economic researches shall be undertaken hand in hand with the development of the technologies to ensure economic appropriateness and acceptance of the technology by farmers;

- Development of goat and sheep with improved performance as milk-meat animals shall be the main focus in breeding;
- c. Development of feeding systems for backyard and semi commercial production, nutrition, improving reproductive efficiency, physiology and schemes to reduce losses by parasites and diseases shall likewise receive priority. Emphasis shall be put on technology transfer on the developed appropriate technologies; and
- d. Development for dairy meat, fiber and hide production for domestic and/or export market.
- **SEC. 7.** Philippine Small Ruminant Center Board. The Board shall formulate policies and oversee the implementation of the Philippine Small Ruminant Center, in consonance with the National Research and Development policies. The Philippine Small Ruminant Center Board shall be composed of the following:
  - 1. President of the Central Luzon State University (CLSU);
  - 2. Directors of Department of Agriculture Bureau of Animal Industry/Bureau of Agricultural Research (DA-BAI/BAR);
  - 3. Executive Director of the Livestock Development Council;
  - Executive Director of the Philippine Council for Agriculture, Forestry and Natural Resources Research and Development (PCARRD);
  - 5. Farmers representative; and
  - 6. Executive Director of the Philippine Small Ruminant Center.

The CLSU President shall be the Chairperson, the Director of DA-BAI shall be the Vice-Chair, while the Executive Director of the Philippine Small Ruminant Center shall serve as the Ex-Officio Secretary.

SEC. 8. Implementation and Coordination of the Program of the CLSU. The Philippine Small Ruminant Center Board shall be tasked to coordinate and monitor the implementation of all program relative to small ruminants. It shall identify, through the Department of Agriculture, the Director of the Philippine Small Ruminant Center and Project Leaders from various implementing stations of the research and development projects in the areas of breeding, nutrition, animal health, reproductive physiology, socio-economics, techno-transfer, product development and utilization and environmental impact assessment. It shall formulate strategies concerning performance testing of bucks and rams, multiplication and distribution of elite germplasm purebreds, crossbreds and native bucks and rams.

The CLSU in Nueva Ecija shall be the Philippine Small Ruminant National Center which specializes in the development of breeding system of the goat, sheep and other small ruminants of smallholder farmers with exotic breeds and shall specialize in the breeding of purebred small ruminants and its crossbreds and generation of technology on goat dairying and sheep fiber. Furthermore, the center shall specialize in the development of technology on nutrition, reproductive physiology animal health, product development and utilization, socio-economics, and techno transfer.

The other Centers shall take responsibility of the regional research needs and spearhead implementation of development activities in their respective geographical area of responsibility. It shall include field testing and verification of technologies developed by the national center.

- **SEC. 9.** Farmers Participation. The farmer cooperators shall be encouraged to strengthen existing farmer's cooperatives or establish strong farmers association to serve as focal point for government assistance, production and multiplication of upgraded small ruminants and on the dissemination of new knowledge on goat dairying and fiber production from sheep.
- **SEC. 10.** Appropriations. To fund the Philippine Small Ruminant Center, the amount of Twenty Million Pesos (PhP20,000,000.00) shall be appropriated by the Department of Budget and Management from the unexpended balance of the National Treasury and thereafter, shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act as a distinct and separate item.

The salaries of permanent staff and maintenance and operating budget shall be appropriated and released directly to the various agencies of the Philippine Small Ruminant Center Network, in accordance with the approved program of activities.

Any income derived from the sale of goats, sheep and other small ruminants shall be placed in a revolving fund to be used in the propagation and distribution of goats, sheep and other small ruminants.

- **SEC. 11.** Separability Clause. If any provision or part hereof is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.
- **SEC. 12.** Repealing Clause. All provisions of law, presidential decrees or issuances, orders, including rules and regulations inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.
- **SEC. 13.** Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect after fifteen (15) days following the completion of its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,