

Republic of the Philippines

House of Representatives

Quezon City, Metro Manila

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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1393

House Bill No.

Introduced by Honorable ERLPE JOHN "PING" M. AMANTE

EXPLANATORY NOTE

It may be a joke, but a bomb joke is no laughing matter.

For the past few years, bomb jokes have brought undue inconveniences to the public. Some caused the delay or suspension of flights and ship travels; and some disrupted schools and workplaces. Such disturbances to the normal activities of the people not only cause panic and anxiety but also take a toll on their economic productivity.

Bomb jokes are currently being handled seriously and strictly by authorities. However the provisions of the prevailing law on this matter, Presidential Decree No. 1727, are no longer responsive to present time making conviction of its violators challenging. In fact, there is now confusion on who shall acquire jurisdiction of related cases because the said decree has assigned them to military tribunals or military courts, which at present no longer have jurisdiction over civil and criminal cases. There is also a threat that provisions of this decree may be used by unscrupulous individuals to maliciously accuse other people because there are no safeguards against this action.

These scenarios clearly show that there exists a pressing need to reinforce P.D. 1727 by updating existing provisions, removing jurisdiction from military tribunals or military courts and setting prohibitions on malicious accusations.

In view of the forgoing, passage of this bill is earnestly requested.

erlpe john "ping" m. amante



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AN ACT

PROHIBITING THE MALICIOUS AND WILFUL DISSEMINATION OF FALSE INFORMATION ON THE PRESENCE OF BOMBS, EXPLOSIVES, OR ANY OTHER LIFE-THREATENING AND DESTRUCTIVE MATERIALS AND PROVIDING PENALTIES THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in session assembled:

- **SECTION 1.** Short Title. This Act shall be known as the "Anti-Threat Jokes Act of 2014."
- **SECTION 2.** Declaration of Policy. The State shall ensure the protection of the public from the unnecessary yet damaging effects to life and property of malicious and wilful dissemination of false information on the presence or threats of bombs, explosives, or any life-threatening and destructive materials.
- **SECTION 3.** Prohibited Act. No person or entity shall maliciously and wilfully disseminate, by word of mouth or in written, printed, or video form, through the use of telephones, cellular phones, fax machines, electronic communications, such as but not limited to electronic mails and social media, or other means, the false presence or threats of bombs, explosives, incendiary devices, and other lifethreatening materials such as, but not limited to, noxious gases, poisonous substances, and biological weapons.
- **SECTION 4.** Penalties. Violation of this Act shall be subject to imprisonment of not less than six (6) months but not more than one (1) year or a fine of not less than One Hundred Thousand Pesos

(P100,000.00) but not more than Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (P500,000.00).

Any person found to have maliciously and wilfully accused another person or entity of violating this Act, knowing that the said charges are false and groundless, shall be subject to imprisonment of not less than six (6) months but not more than one (1) year or a fine of not less than Three Hundred Thousand Pesos (P300,000.00) but not more than One Million Pesos (P1,000,000.00).

SECTION 5. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, executive orders, proclamations, rules and regulations, or parts thereof inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 6. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act is held invalid or unconstitutional, the other provisions not affected hereby shall remain valid and subsisting.

SECTION 7. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,