Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City, Metro Manila

> Seventeenth Congress First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 2049

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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Introduced by Honorable Leopoldo N.Bataoil

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This bill seeks to regulate and modernize the practice of Medical Technology (Medical Technology Science).

The practice of Medical Technology is covered by Republic Act (RA) 5527, otherwise known as the "Philippine Medical Technology Act of 1969". The said law has been in existence for 47 years now. Hence, majority of its sections are now obsolete and are no longer applicable to the present time. The Scope of practice and the roles of medical technologists have extended to other areas beyond the realm of clinical laboratories. As such, the law is in need of revision in order to properly address the existing demands of the Medical Technology profession.

The members of the profession have assumed various managerial leadership positions that have given them extensive and expanded experience through the years. Medical technologists at present, hold high ranking positions such as laboratory managers, chief medical technologists, deans of schools, administrative officers, and principal authors of research, laboratory entrepreneurs and country managers of diagnostic companies. Others have obtained post-graduate studies. This shows that the profession has reached a level of maturity and development comparable with other professions.

The propose measure seeks to create a Board of Medical Technology which shall be composed of a Chairman and two members who are all medical technologists. The Board shall supervise and regulate the registration, licensure and practice of medical technology subject to the general supervision and administration of the Professional Regulation Commission. The Board shall also seek the same status and recognition accorded to other Professional Board.

Lastly, the scope of practice of Medical technology needs to be updated to include molecular and cytogenetic technologies, drug testing, phlebotomy and teaching of professional courses. To be able to compete globally, there shall be created the Technical Committee for Medical Technology Education under the supervision of the Commission on Higher education and the Continuing Professional Development Council for Medical Technology Education under the supervision of the Professional Regulations Commission.

In view of the foregoing and in order to update the law governing the practice of the Medical Technology profession, approval of this bill is highly recommended.

LEOPOLDO N. BATAOIL.

Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Quezon City, Metro Manila

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 2049

Introduced by Representative Leopoldo N. Bataoil

AN ACTREGULATING AND MODERNIZING THE PRACTICE OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY (MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCE) IN THE PHILIPPINES, REPEALING, FOR THE PURPOSE, REPUBLIC ACT NOS. 5527 AND 6138 AND PRESIDENTIAL DECREE NOS. 498 AND 1534

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives in Congress assembled:

- SECTION 1.Title. This act shall be known as the "Philippine Medical Technology
 (Medical Laboratory Science) Act."
 - SEC.2. Declaration of Policy. The State recognizes the role of Medical Technology profession in nation building and development. Thus, the State shall endeavor to develop and nurture competent, ethical, and globally competitive medical technologists whose standards of professional practice and service shall conform to the highest standards of excellence.
- 7 SEC.3. Definition of Terms. As used in this Act:
- 8 a. Accredited medical technology training laboratory refers to a clinical laboratory duly
- 9 licensed by the Department of Health (DOH) and accredited as a training laboratory by the
- 10 Commission on Higher Education (CHED) upon recommendation by the Technical Panel in
- 11 Medical Technology Education or its equivalent.
- 12 b. Accredited professional organization refers to a national organization, recognized and
- 13 accredited by the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC).
- 14 c. Board refers to the Professional Regulatory Board of Medical Technology (Medical
- 15 Laboratory Science) of the PRC.

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- 16 d. Continuing professional development (CPD) refers to the inculcation of advanced
- 17 knowledge, skills and ethical values in a post-licensure specialized or in inter or
- multidisciplinary field of study for assimilation into professional practice, self-directed research,
- 19 or lifelong learning, or both.

- e. Code of professional ethics refers to a set of standards relating to the conduct, integrity
 and moral duties of medical technologists as prescribed and promulgated by the duly accredited
 professional organization of medical technologists, with the approval of the Board.
- f. Medical technology (Medical Laboratory Science) refers to the health care profession that provides professional services for the purpose of helping the physician in the diagnosis, treatment, and management of diseases and in the promotion of health in general. The profession provides laboratory investigations on the human body or on specimens taken from the human body, the results of which provide information to physicians or other health professionals in relation to health care, research and forensics. Medical technology may also provide laboratory investigations on animals in relation to veterinary medicine.
- g. Medical technologist refers to a holder of a Bachelor of Science in Medical Technology
 (Medical Laboratory Science) or Public Health who is duly registered with the PRC and is
 qualified to practice Medical Technology.

A person shall be deemed to be in the practice of Medical Technology within the meaning of this Act if such person renders any of the following services for a fee, salary, compensation or reward paid or given directly or indirectly:

- Examination of tissues, secretions and excretions of the human body and other body fluids through electronic, chemical, microscopic, microbiologic, hematologic, serologic, immunologic, nuclear, molecular, cytogenetic or other laboratory procedures and techniques, either manual or automated;
 - 2. Blood banking procedures and techniques or other blood transfusion services;
 - 3. Parasitologic, Bacteriologic, Mycologic, Virologic or other microbiologic techniques;
 - 4. Histopathologic and Cytotechnologic techniques;
 - 5. Drug Testing in clinical laboratories;

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- Research involving human beings or animals requiring the use of and/or application of Medical Technology (Medical Laboratory Science) knowledge and procedures;
- Preparations and standardization of reagents, standards, stains or others. Provided, that such reagents, standards, stains or others are exclusively for the use of their laboratory;
 - 8. Clinical laboratory quality control;
 - 9. Phlebotomy, collection, processing or preservation of specimens;
- 10. Consultancy in test upgrading, method selection, laboratory equipment planning and troubleshooting where the application of knowledge in medical technology is required;
 - Teaching of professional courses in Medical Technology;

- Introduction, demonstration, evaluation, or improvement of clinical laboratory procedures or techniques, and/or laboratory operations;
- 3 13. Similar activities to the foregoing where the training, skill and experience of a 4 medical technologist are needed as may be determined under the rules and regulations to be 5 promulgated by the PRC.
- h. *Medical laboratory technician* refers to a person certified and registered with the Board as qualified to assist a medical technologist in the practice of Medical Technology as defined under Republic Act No. 5527, otherwise known as "The Philippine Medical Technology Act of 1969". The Board shall discontinue the registration of medical laboratory technicians under
- 10 R.A. No. 5527 upon the effectivity of this Act. *Provided*, That Medical laboratory technicians
- 11 registered under the said Act shall maintain their status as registered medical laboratory
- 12 technicians . Provided, further, That a registered medical technologist occupying the position of
- a medical laboratory technician shall be rendered an appropriate position and be reclassified as a
- 14 medical technologist.

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- i. Phlebotomy refers to incision or puncture of a vein for drawing blood for diagnostic or
 therapeutic purposes.
- j. Phlebotomist refers to a holder of a Bachelor of Science in Medical Technology
- 18 (Medical Laboratory Science) who passed an examination for Phlebotomy given by the Board of
- 19 Medical Technology of the PRC. Provided, That a registered medical technologist automatically
- 20 qualifies as a Phlebotomist.
- 21 k. Recognized school of medical technology refers to a school, college or university which
- offers a program in Medical Technology (Medical Laboratory Science) approved by the CHED
- 23 upon the recommendation of the Technical Committee for Medical Technology Education or its
- 24 equivalent.
- 25 1. Technical committee for medical technology education refers to the Technical
- 26 Committee for Medical Technology Education organized under the Office of Programs and
- 27 Standards of the CHED.
- SEC. 4. Professional Regulatory Board of Medical Technology. There is hereby
- 29 created a Professional Regulatory Board of Medical Technology, hereinafter referred to as the
- 30 Board, under the administrative control and supervision of the PRC, hereinafter referred to as the
- 31 Commission which shall be composed of a Chairperson and two (2) members appointed by the
- 32 President of the Philippines from a list three (3) recommendees for each position ranked by the
- PRC from a list five (5) nominees submitted by the accredited professional organization (APO)
- of medical technologies and shall serve for a term of three (3) years.

The Chairperson and the Members of the Board shall hold such office until their 1 successors shall have been appointed and duly qualified. Provided, That the incumbent 2 Chairperson and Members of the Board shall continue to serve their terms until the expiration of 3 the same. 4 In case of death, disability or removal for cause of the Chairperson or any member of the 5 Board, the successor shall only serve the balance of the term. 6 SEC.5. Qualifications of the Chairperson and Members of the Board. - The 7 Chairperson and members of the Board must meet the following qualifications: 8 (a) A citizen and resident of the Philippines; 9 10

(b) Of good moral character and of sound mind;

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- (c) The Chairperson must have a Master's Degree in medical technology or other health related programs, biological sciences, education and administration and should have at least fifteen (15) years of experience as a medical technologist. He must be actively practicing his profession as a medical technologist at least five (5) years prior to his nomination. Provided, That for the first three (3) years of effectivity of this Act, the requirement for a Master's Degree may be waived for as long as nominated candidate has obtained at least 70% of the required units for a Master's Degree;
- (d) A Member of the Board must have at least ten (10) years of experience as a medical technologist. He must be actively practicing his profession as a medical technologist, at least three (3) years prior to his nomination;
- (d) A person who does not have any pecuniary interest, directly or indirectly, in any higher educational institution conferring an academic degree necessary for admission to the practice of medical technology or where review classes in preparation for the licensure examination are being offered or conducted; nor shall one be a member of the faculty or administration thereof;
- (e) A member in good standing of the APO;
- (f) Not an officer or trustee of the APO; and
- (g) Not convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of an offense involving moral turpitude.
- SEC. 6. Compensation and Allowances of the Board. The Chairperson and members of the Board shall receive compensation and allowances comparable to that being received by the Chairperson and members of other professional regulatory boards under the Commission as provided for in the General Appropriations Act.

SEC. 7. Powers and Duties of the Board. - The Board shall have the following powers 1 and duties: 2 a. Administer and implement the provisions of this Act; 3 Regulate the practice of the profession in accordance with professional regulatory law; 4 c. Determine and prepare the questions for the licensure examination for medical 5 technologists; 6 d. Administer oaths in connection with the administration of this Act; 7 e. Issue, suspend or revoke certificates of registration of medical technologists, 8 phlebotomists and medical laboratory technicians; 9 f. Look into conditions affecting the practice of medical technology in the Philippines 10 and, whenever necessary, adopt such measures as may be deemed proper for the maintenance of 11 good ethics and standards in the practice of medical technology; 12 g. Investigate violations of this Act or of the rules and regulations issued hereunder. For 13

g. Investigate violations of this Act or of the rules and regulations issued hereunder. For this purpose, the Board may issue subpoena ad testificandum and subpoenas duces tecum;

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- h. Draft such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this
 Act;
 - Prescribe the qualifications and training of medical technologists with regard to special fields of the profession and to supervise their special examination to be conducted by the professional organization of medical technologists accredited by the Commission;
 - j. Formulate and recommend the approval of refresher courses for applicants who failed to pass the Board Examinations for, the third time;
- k. Determine and prepare the questions for the certification examination of Phlebotomists; and
 - Such other functions as may be prescribed by the Commission, in accordance with existing laws governing the Commission.

SEC. 8. Removal of the Board Members. - The Chairperson or any member of the Board may be removed by the President for neglect of duty, incompetence, malpractice or unprofessional, unethical, immoral or dishonorable, conduct after having been given an opportunity to defend himself in a proper administrative proceeding. Provided, that pending the resolution of the administrative proceeding, the President shall have the power to indefinitely suspend the Chairperson or any Member of the Board under investigation and appoint a temporary member in his place.

SEC. 9. Licensure Examinations. – Except as otherwise specifically allowed under the provisions of this Act, all applicants for registration as medical technologists shall be required to undergo a written examination which shall be given by the Board semi-annually during the months of March and September in such places as the Board may deem proper, as approved by the Commission.

The examination for Phlebotomy Certification shall be given by the Board semi-annually during the months of March and September in such places as the Board may deem proper, as approved by the Commission.

SEC. 10. Qualifications of an Applicant for Medical Technologist. - An Applicant for the licensure examination for medical technologist shall establish to the satisfaction of the Board at least thirty (30) days prior to the said examination that the following qualifications are met:

a. A resident and citizen of the Philippines;

- b. Of good moral character and of sound mind;
- c. A holder of a Bachelor of Science in Medical Technology (Medical Laboratory Science Technology) or Public Health from a recognized school, college or university. Provided, that a holder of a Bachelor of Science in Public Health should have complied with the standards as stipulated in the Policies, Standards and Guidelines for Medical Technology education;
- d. Paid the required examination fees as may be determined by the Professional Regulation Commission; and
- e. Complied with other requirements that, the Board may prescribe.

SEC.11. Scope of Examination. - The examination questions shall cover the following courses and shall be accorded the respective weights:

24	Clinical Chemistry :	20%
25	Microbiology & Parasitology :	20%
26	Hematology :	20%
27	Blood Banking, Immunohematology, Immunology & Serology:	20%
28	Clinical Microscopy (Urinalysis and Other Bodily Fluids) :	10%
29	Histopathologic and Cytologic Techniques, Laboratory Management,:	10%
30	MedicalTechnology Law, Related Laws and their implementing Rules	
31	and the Code of Ethics	

The Board shall prepare the schedule of subjects for examination and submit the same to the Commissioner of the Commission for publication. The Board shall compute the general average of each examinee according to the above-mentioned relative weights of each subject. Provided, that the Board may change, add to and remove from the list of subjects or weights above as progress in the science of Medical Technology may require. Provided, further, that any change, addition, removal or modification of the subjects or weights shall be subject to prior approval of the Commission.

SEC. 12. Report of Rating. - The Board shall, after the date of completion of the examination, report the result thereof for the approval, of the Commission within the time limit and guidelines set by the Professional Regulation Commission.

SEC. 13. Ratings in the Examination. In order to pass the examination, a candidate must obtain a general average of at least seventy-five percent (75%) in the written test, with no rating below fifty percent (50%) in any of the major courses. *Provided*, that the candidate has not failed in at least sixty percent of the courses computed according to their relative weights.

An applicant who has failed the examinations in at least three (3) attempts shall not be qualified to take further examinations until such applicant shall have completed a refresher course in accordance with the rules prescribed by the Board.

SEC. 14. Oath Taking. - All successful, examinees shall be required to take a professional oath before the Board or before any person authorized by the Commission prior to entering the practice of medical technology in the Philippines.

SEC. 15. Issuance of Certificate of Registration. - Every applicant who has satisfactorily passed the required examination for medical technologists shall be issued a certificate of registration. All certificates shall be signed by the Chairman and the members of the Board and by the Commission.

The Board shall refuse to issue a certificate of registration to any person convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of any criminal offense involving moral turpitude, or who has committed immoral, dishonorable or dishonest conduct, or is of unsound mind, or is suffering from an incurable communicable disease. In the event of the Board's refusal to issue a certificate of registration, it shall issue a written statement to the applicant, setting forth the reason for its action. The statement issued by the Board shall be incorporated in its records.

SEC. 16. Fees. - The fees to be paid by each applicant for the issuance of a new certificate of registration, for the replacement of a lost, destroyed or mutilated certificate of registration, or for the issuance or replacement of Commission's identification card shall be in accordance with the fees established by the Commission.

SEC. 17. Revocation or Suspension of Certificates of Registration. - The revocation or suspension of a certificate of registration may only be made after the completion of an administrative proceeding conducted by the hearing committee composed of at least two (2)

members of the Board and one (1) legal officer. *Provided*, that the existing rules of evidence shall be observed during the administrative proceeding. *Provided*, *further*, that the person whose certificate of registration is sought to be revoked or suspended shall be entitled to be represented by counsel, to have a speedy, impartial and public proceeding, to confront the witnesses against him and to all other rights guaranteed by the Constitution.

The Board may, after giving proper notice and hearing to the party concerned, reprimand an erring medical technologist, revoke or suspend his certificate of registration for violating any provision of this Act, any rules or regulations issued pursuant to this Act or for unprofessional conduct, malpractice, incompetency, gross ignorance or gross negligence in the practice of medical technology.

The hearing committee may, by a majority vote, impose the penalty of revocation, suspension or reprimand. *Provided*, that the suspension of the certificate of registration shall not exceed two (2) years.

When the penalty of suspension or revocation is imposed by the hearing committee the medical technologist shall be required to surrender his certificate of registration within thirty (30) days after the decision becomes final. Should a medical technologist fail to surrender his certificate of registration within the said period, the Board may disqualify him perpetually from the practice of medical technology. The suspension shall run from the date of such surrender.

SEC. 18. Appeal. - The revocation or suspension of a certificate of registration made by the hearing committee may be appealed primarily and exclusively to the Commission. The decision of the Commission may be elevated to the Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Court.

SEC. 19. Reissuance or Reinstatement of a revoked or suspended Certificate of Registration. - The Board may reissue a revoked certificate of registration upon the application of the medical technologist whose certificate of registration was revoked. *Provided*, that the reissuance of a revoked certificate of registration may only be made for proper and sufficient reasons, *Provided*, *further*, that no revoked certificate of registration may be reissued within one (1) year from the date it was surrendered by the medical technologist whose certificate of registration was revoked.

The suspension of a certificate of registration shall be automatically lifted upon the expiration of the period of suspension. Said certificate of registration shall be reinstated to the medical technologist concerned upon request.

The reissuance or reinstatement of the certificate of registration shall be without prejudice to further actions by the Board for a violation of any provision of this Act, its implementing rules

or regulations or any condition imposed by the Board, upon the medical technologist during the period of revocation or suspension.

SEC. 20. Roster of Medical Technologists. - A roster of Medical Technologists shall be prepared annually by the Secretary of the Board. This roster shall contain the name, address and citizenship of each registered medical technologist; the date of registration or issuance of the certificate of registration and any other pertinent data. The roster shall be open to public inspection, and copies thereof shall be placed on file in the Commission, and furnished to other offices, private or governmental and to the public, upon request.

- SEC. 21. Technical Committee for Medical Technology Education (TCMTE) There is hereby established a Technical Committee for Medical Technology Education under the Commission on Higher Education Office of Programs and Standards (CHED-OPS). The TCMTE shall be composed of the following members, who are medical technologists:
 - a. A representative from the Board of Medical Technology of the Professional Regulation Commission;
 - The President of the Philippine Association of Medical Technologists, Inc. (PAMET);
 - a. c. The President of the Philippine Association of Schools of Medical Technology and Hygiene (PASMETH)
 - d. A representative from the clinical laboratory practice; and
 - e. A representative from the academe.

- The Technical Committee for Medical Technology Education (TCMTE) shall be supported by a secretariat and staff.
- SEC. 22. Functions of Technical Committee for Medical Technology Education (TCMTE). The TCMTE shall assist the Commission on Higher Education in setting Policies, Standards and Guidelines for the Medical Technology Program. It may also assist in its implementation, including monitoring and evaluation.
 - The functions of the TCMTE are as follows:
- a. To recommend the minimum curriculum required for the program of medical
 technology;
 - To determine and prescribe the number of students that will be allowed to take the medical technology program in each school, taking into account the studentinstructor ratio and the availability of facilities for instruction;
 - To recommend the closure of medical technology schools which are found to be substandard;

- d. To require all medical technology schools to submit an annual report, including the total number of students and instructors, a list of facilities available for instruction, a list of their recent graduates and new administrations, on or before the month of June;
- To inspect, whenever necessary, the different medical technology schools in the country in order to determine whether a high standard of education is maintained in said institutions; and
- f. To promulgate, prescribe and enforce such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the proper implementation of the foregoing functions.

SEC. 23. Medical Technology (Medical Laboratory Science) Education. - The Medical Technology (Medical Laboratory Science) course shall be at least four years, as stipulated in the Commission on Higher Education's Policies, Standards and Guidelines. The said program shall be composed of general education, core and professional courses, and a satisfactory internship program in accredited training laboratories. It shall include the following professional courses;

a. Hematology;

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- b. Clinical Chemistry;
- c. Microbiology;
- d. Parasitology;
- e. Blood Banking/Immunohematology;
- f. Serology/Immunology;
- g. Clinical Microscopy;
- h. Histopathology & Cytology;
- i. Laboratory Management; and
- j. Medical Technology Laws & Ethics

The Technical Committee for Medical Technology Education (TCMTE) is hereby authorized to change, remove from or add to the subjects listed, subject to the approval of the Commission on Higher Education.

SEC. 24. Accreditation of Schools of Medical Technology and of Training Laboratories.

- The Commission on Higher Education, through TCMTE, shall approve schools of Medical Technology and accredit licensed clinical laboratories for training of students in accordance with the provisions of this Act. The laboratories shall show satisfactory evidence that they possess qualified personnel and are properly equipped to carry out laboratory procedures commonly required in the following fields: Clinical Chemistry, Microbiology & Parasitology, Blood Banking, Immunohematology, Immunology & Serology, Clinical Microscopy (Urinalysis &

other body fluids), and Histopathologic and Cytologic Techniques, and that the scope of activities of said laboratories offer sufficient training in said laboratory procedures.

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SEC. 25. Studies for Medical Technology Manpower Needs, Production, Utilization and Development. - The Board, in coordination with the APO and appropriate government and private agencies shall initiate, undertake and conduct studies on health, human resources production, utilization and development.

SEC. 26. Membership to Accredited Professional Organization. - All registered medical technologists whose names appear in the roster of the Commission shall automatically become members of the APO of registered and licensed medical technologists. Members of the said APO shall receive benefits and privileges appurtenant thereto upon compliance to membership requirements and payment of the required fees and dues. Membership in the APO shall not be a bar to membership in any other association of allied health professionals.

SEC. 27. Continuing Professional Development for Medical Technology. - There shall be a program of Continuing Professional Development for Medical Technology (CPD-MT) conducted by the national APO and other CPD-MT providers to promote and facilitate lifelong learning in the enhancement of competencies towards delivery of quality, updated and ethical services both locally and globally.

The CPD Council for Medical Technology (CPDC-MT) under the Commission is created to ensure adequate and appropriate provision of CPD programs and to issue operational guidelines duly approved by the Commission.

All Registered medical technologists shall abide by the requirements, rules and regulations on CPD promulgated by the CPDC-MT, duly approved by the Commission.

SEC. 28. Lifelong Learning for Medical Technologists. - Upon the effectivity of this Act, a medical technologist shall be required to show compliance to the required CPD units as basis for renewal of the PRC ID every three (3) years.

SEC. 29. Foreign Reciprocity - No foreigner shall be admitted to an examination, be given a certificate of registration or be entitled to any of the rights or privileges under this Act unless the country or state of which he is a subject or a citizen permits Filipino medical technologists to practice within its territorial limits on the same basis as the subjects or citizens of said country or state.

SEC. 30. Inhibition Against the Practice of Medical Technology/Special temporary Permit. - No person shall practice or offer to practice medical technology as defined in this Act without having previously obtained a valid certificate of registration from the Board. *Provided*, that a certificate of registration shall not be required from the following:

a. Duly registered physicians;

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b. Medical technologists in the service of the Armed Forces of the United States of America who are stationed in the Philippines and are rendering services as such for members of the said armed forces only.

Special Temporary Permits (STPs) may be issued to medical technologists from other countries called for consultation or as visiting or exchange professors to colleges or universities: Provided, that their practice of medical technology within the country is limited to their performance of the said function.

- SEC. 31. Penal Provisions. Without prejudice to the provisions of the Medical Act of 1959, as amended, relating to the illegal practice of medicine, the following shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty thousand pesos (Php50,000.00) nor more than one hundred thousand pesos (Php100,000.00) or imprisonment for not less than six (6) months nor more than two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court:
 - Any person who shall practice Medical Technology in the Philippines without being registered or exempted from registration in accordance with the provisions of this Act;
 - Any medical technologist who shall knowingly make a fraudulent laboratory report;
 - Any person presenting or attempting, to use as his own, the certificate of registration of another;
 - Any person who shall give any false or fraudulent evidence of any kind to the Board or any member thereof in obtaining a certificate of registration as a medical technologist;
 - e. Any person who shall impersonate any registrant;
 - f. Any person who shall attempt to use a revoked or suspended certificate of registration;
 - g. Any person who shall, in connection with his name or otherwise, assume, use or advertise any title or description tending to convey the impression that he is a medical technologist without holding a valid certificate of registration;
 - h. Any person or corporate body who shall allow a non-registered medical technologist/medical laboratory technician under his employment to engage in the practice of medical technology or recommend the appointment of anyone to the position of a medical technologist/medical laboratory technician while knowing that he is not registered as such; and

 Any person or corporate body who shall violate any provision of this Act or any rules or regulations issued pursuant to this Act.

SEC. 32. Enforcement of this Act. - It shall be the primary duty of the Commission and the Board to effectively implement this Act. Any law enforcement agency and officers, employees and agents of national, provincial, city or municipal governments shall, upon the call or request of the Commission or the Board, render assistance in enforcing the provisions of this Act and, to prosecute any persons violating the same.

SEC. 33. Appropriations. - The Chairperson of the Commission shall include in the Commission's program the funding requirements for the implementation of this Act. Thereafter, the amount necessary for the continued implementation of this Act shall be included in the General Appropriations Act.

SEC. 34. Rules and Regulations. Within ninety (90) days after the effectivity of this Act, the Board and the Commission, in coordination with the national APO, the Department of Health, the Department of Budget and Management and other concerned agencies, shall formulate such rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. The implementing rules and regulations shall be published in the Official Gazette or in any newspaper of general circulation.

SEC. 35. Separability Clause – If any section of this Act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, the same shall not affect the validity of the other section of this Act.

SEC. 36. Repealing Clause. - Republic Act Nos. 5527 and 6138, Presidential Decree Nos. 498 and 1534 and all other laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

SEC 37. Effectivity. - This Act takes effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the *Official Gazette* or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,