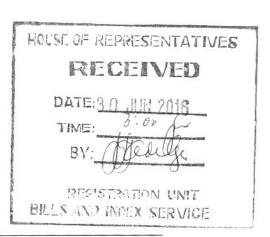
Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City, Metro Manila

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 122



Introduced by: REPRESENTATIVE CELSO L. LOBREGAT

# AN ACT CREATING THE MINDANAO POWER CORPORATION AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

This is a re-filed bill, which adopts the substitute bill approved on May 19, 2015 during the Joint Committee Meeting of the Committees on Government Enterprises and Privatization, Energy and Mindanao Affairs, which consolidated House Bill Nos. 676, 4883, and 2621, originally filed during the 16<sup>th</sup> Congress, by Representatives Edgardo Masongsong, Rufus and Maximo Rodriguez and the undersigned, respectively. Said substitute bill was also approved by the Committee on Ways and Means on September 22, 2015.

Republic Act No. 9136 or the Electric Power Industry Reform Act (EPIRA) of 2001 which liberalized and privatized the power industry, was aimed at securing the country's power supply and reducing cost of electricity through greater competition and efficiency. It was intended to free the government from subsidizing capital-intensive power projects, and allow instead the private sector to put up these crucial projects. Thus, the law directed the government to privatize or sell its power generation assets and the capacities it contracted with the independent power producers (IPPs). However, more than a decade after the law's enactment, power outages, particularly in Mindanao, continue to be experienced by consumers.

The most concrete effect of the EPIRA specific to Mindanao is the treatment extended to Agus-Pulangui Hydropower Complexes. The Agus-Pulangui Hydropower Complexes continue to bring low power rates in Mindanao. For the first 10 years of EPIRA's enforcement, Mindanao's Agus and Pulangui hydropower complexes, located in Lanao del Sur and Bukidnon provinces, respectively, were exempted from privatization. The EPIRA provided that the ownership of the Agus and Pulangui power complexes was to be transferred to the Power Sector Assets and Liabilities Management Corp. (PSALM), the state agency that was created to handle the privatization of National Power Corporation's (NPC's) assets, and that both would continue to be operated by NPC. After 10 years, the privatization of the Agus and Pulangi complexes was to be left to the discretion of PSALM in consultation with Congress, as the law provided.

This bill seeks for the non-privatization of Agus-Pulangui hydropower complexes, which are considered as the crown jewels of the Mindanao power industry, and to formulate a viable way to operate and maintain these assets that provide majority of the electricity in Mindanao. There were calls to stop the sale of the Agus and Pulangui complexes since these are sources of cheap power in Mindanao that should not fall into the hands of profit-driven private interest. Policy should be adopted on the non-privatization of the Agus-Pulangui hydropower complexes because these are essential to the public welfare of the communities of Mindanao and would be better left under government control considering their inherently profitable nature, and therefore, the operation, maintenance, expansion, and/or improvement of such hydropower complexes could be done with no government subsidy, while sustaining the required level of power supply in Mindanao.

There are two issues related to the matter. First argument is that non-privatization of the Agus-Pulangui hydropower complexes would discourage entry of private investors because they will not be able to compete with low power rates of the hydroelectric complex. The demand for power in Mindanao has continuously risen through the years with rapid urbanization and increased industrialization and citing 2015 data from the Department of Energy (DOE), of the total 2,067 megawatts committed capacity and 1,939.33 indicative capacity of Mindanao, 131.80 megawatts of committed capacity and 387.84 indicative capacity come from hydropower plants, such as the Agus and Pulangui.

Second, there is an allegation that Mindanao electric cooperatives and consumers refuse to share the burden in the costs of power. This bill addresses this concern by having a Mindanao Power Corporation (MINPOCOR) with regulated rates that enable it to raise (a) sufficient funds for buying Agus-Pulangui from NPC/PSALM; (b) sufficient funds for operating and maintaining such assets efficiently; and (c) sufficient funds for improving such assets.

The creation of the MINPOCOR was first proposed by the Mindanao Development Authority (MinDA) during the 2012 Mindanao Power Summit. The Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry (PCCI) immediately expressed its support considering that the Agus-Pulangui hydropower plants are Mindanao's patrimony and should be in government hands.

It is the government's duty and responsibility to promote the economic development of the country, particularly the Mindanao region, and the availability of electricity at reasonable cost as a catalyst for economic growth.

In view of the foregoing, approval of the bill is earnestly sought.

Celso L. LOBREGAT

Representative

Zamboanga City, 1<sup>st</sup> District

## Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City, Metro Manila

#### SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO.

#### Introduced by: REPRESENTATIVE CELSO L. LOBREGAT

# AN ACT CREATING THE MINDANAO POWER CORPORATION AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

**SECTION 1.** Short Title.-This Act shall be known as the "Charter of the Mindanao Power Corporation (MINPOCOR)".

SEC. 2. Declaration of State Policy.-It is the policy of the State not to privatize the Agus and Pulangui hydropower complexes in Mindanao because these are essential to public welfare. The public would be better served and benefited if the government retains ownership and control over these inherently profitable hydropower plants. There would be no need for government subsidy for the operation, maintenance, expansion, and improvement of these hydropower complexes, even as the required level of power supply in Mindanao is sustained.

It is the government's duty and responsibility to promote the economic development of the country, particularly the Mindanao region, and the availability of electricity at reasonable cost is a catalyst for economic growth.

Towards this end, the National Government shall ensure the dependable and reliable supply of electric power through the acquisition by the appropriate government agency of the generation assets of the Power Sector Assets and Liabilities Management (PSALM) located in Agus and Pulangui, hereinafter referred to as the Agus-Pulangui Hydropower Complexes (APHC), an assurance that the electricity rates shall, at all times, reflect the true cost of power.

The creation of an organized government-owned corporate entity in Mindanao is necessary to attain these ends.

1	SEC. 3. Definition of Terms The following terms are herein defined as follows:
2	(a) Distribution of electricity refers to the conveyance of electric power by a distribution utility through its distribution system.
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5 6 7	(b) Distribution Utility refers to any electric cooperative, private corporation, government—owned utility or existing local government unit which has an exclusive franchise to operate an electric power distribution system in a specified area.
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9 10 11	(c) Electric cooperative refers to an electric power distribution utility organized pursuant to Presidential Decree No. 269, otherwise known as the National Electrification Administration Decree, as amended.
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13 14	(d) End-user refers to any person or entity requiring the supply and delivery of electricity for its own use.
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16 17	(e) NPC-Mindanao Generation refers to the Mindanao office of the National Power Corporation.
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19 20 21	(f) Return-On-Rate-Base or RORB refers to the rate setting methodology that allow public utilities to recover just and reasonable costs and earn a reasonable return so as to enable such entities to operate viably.
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23 24 25	(g) Retail Rate refers to the total price paid by end-users consisting of the charges for generation, transmission and related ancillary services, distribution, supply and other related charges for electric service.
26	SEC. 4.Creation, Name, Domicile, and TermThere is hereby created a
27	government-owned and -controlled corporation to be known as the Mindanao Power
28 29	Corporation(MINPOCOR), hereinafter referred to as the "Corporation", under the Office of the President of the Philippines and attached to the Department of Energy for policy
30	supervision.

The principal office of the Corporation shall be determined by its Board of

Directors: Provided, That such office shall be located in the Island of Mindanao. It may

also establish liaison or satellite offices, branches, agencies or correspondents, or other

units in other parts of the Philippines as its business operations may require.

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The Corporation shall have a term of fifty (50) years from its creation hereof and shall be deemed renewed for an equal period unless sooner dissolved by law. The Corporation shall be covered by the provisions of Republic Act No. 10149, otherwise known as the "GOCC Governance Act of 2011", and be subject to the regulatory jurisdiction of the Governance Commission for GOCCs (GCG).

SEC.5. *Powers and General Functions.*-The powers, functions, rights and activities of the Corporation shallbe the following:

- a. To have continuous succession under its corporate name until otherwise
   provided by law;
  - b. To prescribe its by-laws not inconsistent with this Act;
  - To adopt and use a seal and alter it at its pleasure;
- d. To sue and be sued in any court of law;

- e. To conduct investigations and surveys for the development of water power in the Mindanao region;
- f. To take water from any public stream, river, creek, lake, spring, or waterfall in Mindanao, for the purposes specified in this Act; to intercept and divert the flow of waters from lands of riparian owners and from persons owning or interested in waters which are or may be necessary for said purposes, upon payment of just compensation therefor; to alter, straighten, obstruct or increase the flow of water in streams or water channels intersecting or connecting therewith or contiguous to its works or any part thereof: *Provided*, That just compensation shall be paid to any person or persons whose property is, directly or indirectly, adversely affected or damaged thereby;
- g. To operate, maintain, repair, rehabilitate, expand, or improve the APHC acquired from the PSALM under the terms and conditions provided in this Act with authority to sell electric power in bulk to electric cooperatives, distribution utilities, and other entities in accordance with this Act;
- h. To adopt measures necessary and desirable to ensure sufficiency of power it committed to electric cooperatives and distribution utilities, and to supply power in Mindanao in general, including the expansion of existing power plants, establishment of new hydropower plants, and contracting of ancillary or support services with other power generators, subject to the market share limitation as provided in Republic Act No. 9136, otherwise known as the "Electric Power Industry Reform Act of 2001";

 To acquire whether by way of negotiation or by eminent domain, promote, hold, transfer, sell, lease, rent, mortgage, encumber, and otherwise dispose of property incident to, or necessary, convenient, or proper to carry out the purposes for which the Corporation was created;

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- j. Subject to Constitutional requirements and with mandate from the President of the Philippines, to exercise the authority to operate idle power plants in Mindanao, whether temporarily or permanently, to curb any imminent and actual Mindanao power shortages that would impact on the national interest:
- k. To construct work across or otherwise, any stream, watercourse, canal, ditch, flume, street, avenue, highway, or railway of private and public ownership, as the location of said works may require: Provided, That said works shall be constructed in such a manner as not to endanger life or property: Provided, further, That the stream, watercourse, canal, ditch, flume, street, avenue, highway, or railway so crossed or intersected shall be restored as near as possible to their former state, or in a manner not to impair unnecessarily their usefulness. Every person or entity whose rightof-way or property is lawfully crossed or intersected by said works shall not obstruct any such crossings or intersection and shall grant the Corporation or its representative, the proper authority for the execution of such work. The Corporation is hereby given the right-of-way to locate, construct and maintain such works over and throughout the lands owned by the Republic of the Philippines or any of its branches and political subdivisions. The Corporation or its representative may also enter upon private property in the lawful performance or prosecution of its business and purposes, including the construction of the transmission lines thereon: Provided, That the owner of such private property shall be indemnified for any actual damage caused thereby: Provided, further, That said action for damages is filed within five (5) years after the rights-of-way have been established: Provided, finally, That after the said period, no suit shall be brought to question the said rights-of-way, transmission lines, substations, plants, or other facilities;
- To exercise the right of eminent domain for the purpose of this Act in the manner provided by law for instituting condemnation proceedings by the national, provincial, and municipal governments;
- m. When essential to the proper administration of its corporate affairs or necessary for the proper transaction of its business or to carry out the purposes for which it was organized, to contract indebtedness and issue

bonds subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines upon recommendation of the Secretary of Finance;

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- n. To invest in the power industry, as well as in any activity related to energy resources development, and to set-up or form business subsidiaries under the provisions of Batas PambansaBlg. 68, otherwise known as the Corporation Code of the Philippines, or through the acquisition of the controlling interests of existing corporations which may be necessary or will contribute to the economic development of the Mindanao region, or important in the public interest, or deemed convenient or incidental to the carrying on of any of the purposes of the Corporation, or which will promote the well-being of the Corporation;
- o. To exercise such powers and do such things as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the business and purposes for which it was organized, or which, from time to time, may be declared by the Board to be necessary, useful, incidental, or auxiliary to accomplish the said purpose;
- To exercise complete jurisdiction and control over the watersheds p. surrounding the reservoirs of the APHC and other plants or projects constructed or proposed to be constructed by the Corporation. For this purpose, the National Power Corporation (NAPOCOR) and the PSALM shall, upon written advice by the Corporation, forthwith surrender jurisdiction to the Corporation all areas embraced within the watersheds that the NAPOCOR currently holds in Mindanao, subject to existing private rights, the needs of waterworks systems, and the requirements of domestic water supply. For new projects and upon determination by the Corporation of the areas required for watersheds for specific projects in Mindanao, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources and any attached agency thereof as well as other relevant government agencies, institutions, or entities shall, upon written advice, surrender jurisdiction to the Corporation all areas embraced within the said watersheds, subject to existing private rights, the needs of waterworks systems, and the requirements of domestic water supply. A proportionate share of the watershed management fees being collected by these concerned agencies likewise shall be automatically transferred to the Corporation to be used for the management of the watersheds of the APHC and those surrounding other power plants or projects of the Corporation;
- q. To extend the benefits of the APHC to the greatest number of the population as possible, with preferential right to benefit accorded to

energy consumers and host communities where such energy or water resources originate;

- To cooperate with and to coordinate its operations with those of the National Electrification Administration and public service entities, as may be appropriate;
  - s. In the prosecution and maintenance of its projects, the Corporation shall adopt measures to prevent environmental pollution and promote the conservation, development, and maximum utilization of natural resources; and,
  - t. Generally, to exercise all the powers of a corporation under the Corporation Code of the Philippines insofar as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.
- SEC. 6. Acquisition of APHC Facilities, Intangible Assets, and Liabilities.—The Corporation shall acquire by purchase all existing APHC facilities, plants, lands, buildings and other properties, movable and immovable, and all assets, powers, rights, interests and privileges relating to hydroelectric power plant operations, including all equipment which are necessary for their operations, from the PSALM pursuant to Republic Act No. 9136, otherwise known as the Electric Power Industry Reform Act of 2001. The value of these assets shall be determined by the Commission on Audit.

The acquisition cost of the APHC including their existing liabilities, which shall also be transferred to the Corporation, shall be amortized for twenty-five (25) years.

**SEC.7.** Disposition of Hydroelectric Power.-The Corporation shall have authority to sell hydroelectricity pursuant to the following parameters or as may be determined by the Board:

- a. The existing capacity of the APHC shall be allocated pro-rata primarily to electric cooperatives and distribution utilities, the majority of whose customers are residential ratepayers in Mindanao.
- b. Consumers other than electric cooperatives and distribution utilities may contract for direct supply of electricity that has been unsold or uncommitted to Mindanao electric cooperatives and distribution utilities.
- c. To devise ways and means of giving direct benefits to the province, city, or municipality, especially the communities and people affected, and equitable and preferential benefit to the region that hosts the energy resource or the energy-generating facility: *Provided, however*, That the other provinces, cities, municipalities, or regions shall not be deprived of their energy requirements. For this purpose, the relevant provisions under sections 289

to 294, Chapter 2, Title III, Book II, of Republic Act No. 7160 or the Local Government Code of the Philippines, shall continue to apply;

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d. If and when possible, the Corporation may participate in the Wholesale Electric Spot Market (WESM) provided that any and all its income shall be utilized solely for operating, maintaining, expanding, and improving the hydropower complexes and its other assets.

Existing power supply agreements involving the APHC shall, within a period of one year from the effectivity of this Act, be reviewed and renegotiated to comply with the foregoing parameters. Non-committed power generated by the APHC shall immediately be allocated to electric cooperatives and distribution utilities that cater mainly to residential ratepayers.

**SEC.8.** Rate-fixing.-The rates charged by the Corporation shall be subject to approval by the Energy Regulatory Commission (ERC) and the following guidelines, as follows:

- a. Rates shall allow the recovery of just and reasonable costs and a reasonable return on rate base (RORB) or other internationally accepted methodology to enable the Corporation to operate viably. In case the rate setting methodology used is RORB, it shall be subject to the following guidelines:
  - (i) For purposes of determining the rate base, the Corporation may be allowed to revalue its eligible assets not more than once every three
     (3) years by an independent appraisal company: *Provided, however*, That ERC shall exert efforts to minimize price shocks in order to protect the consumers;
  - (ii) Interest expenses are not allowable deductions from permissible return on rate base;
  - (iii) In determining eligible cost of services that will be passed on to the end-users, the ERC shall establish minimum efficiency performance standards for the Corporation including systems losses, interruption frequency rates, and collection efficiency;
  - (iv) Further, in determining the rate base, the Corporation shall not be allowed to include management inefficiencies like cost of project delays not excused by force majeure, penalties, and related interest during construction applicable to these unexcused delays; and
  - (v) Any significant operating costs or project investments of the Corporation which shall become part of the rate base shall be subject to verification by the ERC to ensure that the contracting and procurement of the equipment, assets, and services have been

- subjected to transparent and accepted industry procurement and purchasing practices to protect the public interest.
- b. The rate shall ensure that the Corporation would be able to service the acquisition cost of the APHC;

- c.The rate is sufficient for operating and maintenance expenses, as well as capital expenditures projected to be necessary within the next ten (10) years pursuant to a development plan: *Provided*, That interest on loans and other debts shall not be included as expenses.
- d. The rate allows for systems losses subject to the caps determined by the ERC based on the load density, sales mix, cost of service, delivery voltage, and other technical considerations it may promulgate.
- **SEC.9.** *Authorized Capital.* The Corporation shall have an authorized capital stock equal to:
- (a) The value of APHC fixed assets, including dams, facilities, and equipment, and such other properties pertaining to the APHC, movable and immovable, as valued on the date of the acquisition thereof pursuant to Section 6 hereof; and
- (b) The value of such real estate owned or administered by the NPC-MinGen in connection with its operation of the APHC.

The National Government shall make additional equity investment into the Authority out of funds appropriated in the annual General Appropriations Act.

SEC.10.Board of Directors; Composition; Qualifications; Compensation of Members; Powers and Duties.-The powers of the Corporation shall be vested in and exercised by the Board composed of eleven (11) directors consisting of the Chairperson of the Mindanao Development Authority and the Secretary of the Department of Energy (DOE) as co-chairpersons; the General Manager of the Corporation as the vice-chairperson; the Secretary of the Department of Finance (DOF), the Secretary of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, a representative of the Governor of the ARMM or its successor entity, as ex-officio members; and the following other members to be appointed by the President of the Philippines from a shortlist prepared by the GCG in accordance with the provisions of Republic ActNo. 10149: One (1) representative from Mindanao electric cooperatives; One (1) representative from the education or academic community in Mindanao; One (1) representative from Mindanao consumers or rate-payers; and One (1) representative of the business or private sector.

The chairpersons and the Secretaries of the DOF, DOE, DENR, the General Manager, and the representative of the ARMM Governor or its successor entity shall sit in an ex-officio capacity. The other members of the board shall each serve a term of one

(1) year, subject to reappointment, pursuant to Republic Act No. 10149, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term of the member being succeeded. The General Manager shall be appointed annually by the members of the Board from among their ranks.

Except for the directors who sit in an *ex officio* capacity, every member of the Board shall possess any one or a combination of the following qualifications: a duly licensed professional or with recognized competence in engineering or any other energy-related discipline, environmental science, business management and finance, or law, and of good moral character. Every member of the Board must also be qualified by the "Fit and Proper Rule" as determined by the GCG in accordance with the provisions of Republic Act No. 10149. All appointive members of the Board, including the General Manager, shall be residents of Mindanao for at least five (5) years prior to their appointment.

A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of the Board.

The General Counsel of the Corporation shall be the ex-officio Secretary of the Board.

The members of the Board and the Board Secretary shall receive a per diem and allowances for actual meetings attended or actual work done in such amounts as generally practiced in the industry.

**SEC.11.***Powers and Functions of the Board.*-The Board shall have the following specific powers and duties:

- (a) To formulate and adopt policies and measures for the management and operation of the Corporation: Provided, That policies and measures for the management and operation of the Corporation that impact on the rates or otherwise affects the prices of electricity sold to residential consumers shall be subject to approval by the ERC;
- (b) To adopt an annual and supplemental budget of receipts and expenditures of the Corporation according to its requirements, which may include financial assistance to municipalities which are the site of or are contiguous to watersheds, lakes, or natural sources of hydroelectric power being utilized by the Corporation, subject to the approval of the Energy Regulatory Commission (ERC): Provided, That copies of the budgets or receipts and expenditures herein referred to shall be disclosed to and shall be subject of audit and verification by the ERC during rate fixing;
- (c) Subject to the provisions of existing laws and regulations and upon the recommendation of the General Manager, to organize, reorganize and

determine the Corporation's staffing pattern and the number of personnel; to fix their salaries; and to define their powers and duties: *Provided*, That the Corporation shall be covered by the Compensation and Position Classification System (CPCS) for GOCCs under Republic Act No. 10149 as approved by the President of the Philippines: *Provided*, *further*, That prior approval from the GCG shall be obtained therefor;

- (d) To appoint and fix the compensation of the General Manager, Assistant General Manager, Regional Managers, and Department Heads;
- (e) For cause, to suspend or remove, by majority vote of all members of the Board, the Assistant General Manager, Regional Managers, and Department Heads; and
- (f) To adopt and set down guidelines for the employment of personnel on the basis of merit, technical competence, and moral character.
- SEC. 12. The General Manager; Powers and Duties; Regional Managers, and Other Officers and Employees of the Corporation.-The management of the Corporation shall be vested in the General Manager, assisted by an Assistant General Manager, a Department Head for Finance, a Department Head for Engineering and Construction, a Department Head for Administration, and such additional officers and employees as the Board may provide and choose. For this purpose, the General Manager shall have the following powers and duties:
  - (a) To execute and administer the policies and measures approved by the Board, and have the responsibility for the efficient discharge of management functions;
  - (b) To submit for the consideration of the Board such other policies and measures deemed necessary to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act;
  - (c) To direct and supervise the operation and internal administration of the Corporation and, for this purpose, may delegate some or any of his administrative responsibilities and duties to other officers of the Corporation;
  - (d) Subject to the guidelines and policies prescribed by the Board, to appoint and fix the number and compensation of other officials and employees of the Corporation not herein provided; and, for cause, to remove, suspend or otherwise discipline any subordinate employee with the approval of the Board;
  - (e) To prepare an annual report on the activities of the Corporation at the close of each fiscal year and submit a copy thereof to the Board for transmittal to

the President of the Philippines, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Joint Congressional Power Corporation (JCPC), and to the chairman of the committee concerned in the Senate and in the House of Representatives: *Provided*, That the Corporation shall similarly submit to the respective chairperson of the said committees of Congress a report of its operations and financial statements within fifteen (15) days from the end of every quarter: *Provided*, *further*, That said committees, either motu proprio or upon the request of any of their members, or of any Member of Congress, as the case may be, shall have the authority to look into all the matters relative to the financial and business operations and expenditures of the Corporation;

(f) To exercise such other powers and duties as may be vested by the Board from time to time. In the absence or disability of the General Manager, the Assistant General Manager shall act in his place.

Under the supervision and control of the General Manager, relevant officers of the Corporation shall take charge of the operations of the Corporation as well as its power development program.

### SEC. 13. Authority to Incur Indebtedness and Issue Bonds; Conditions, Privileges and Exemptions, Sinking Funds; and Guarantee thereof.-

(a) Domestic Indebtedness.-Whenever the Board deems it necessary for the Corporation to incur indebtedness or to issue bonds to carry out the purpose for which the Corporation has been organized, it shall, by resolution, so declare and state the purpose for which the proposed debt is to be incurred and the conditions of the bonds. In order that such resolution be valid, it shall be passed by affirmative vote of at least four (4) members of the Board and approved by the President of the Philippines upon recommendation of the Secretary of Finance.

The bonds shall be issued under the following conditions: (1) they shall be in registered form and transferable at the Office of the Treasurer of the Philippines; (2) they shall not be sold at less than par; (3) they shall be payable for ten (10) years or more from date of issue as may be determined by the Secretary of Finance before their issuance but may be redeemable, at the pleasure of the Board, after five (5) years from such date of issue; (4) they shall bear interest at an annual rate to be determined before their issuance by the Secretary of Finance; (5) interest maybe payable quarterly, semi-annually, or annually as may be determined by the Secretary of Finance before the issuance of the bonds; and (6) both principal and interest shall be payable in legal tender of the Philippines.

The bonds issued under the authority of this subsection shall be exempt from the payment of all taxes by the Republic of the Philippines, or by any authority, branch, division, or political subdivision thereof which facts shall be stated upon the face of said bonds. Said bonds shall be receivable as security in any transaction with the Government in which such security is required.

A sinking fund shall be created, the total thereof at each annual due date of the bonds shall be equal to an amount of annuity earning an annual interest of nine-tenths (9/10) of the rate of interest of the bonds as fixed by the Secretary of Finance.

The Republic of the Philippines or any of its agencies, instrumentalities, organized for the purpose of issuing guarantees, shall guarantee the payment by the Corporation of both the principal and the interest of the bonds issued by said Corporation by virtue of this Act, and shall pay such principal and interest in case the Corporation fails to do so. Such government guarantees shall be covered by the sums necessary to make the payments guaranteed by this Act duly appropriated, out of the general funds in the National Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sums necessary to make the payments guaranteed by this Act: Provided, That the sums so paid by the Republic of the Philippines shall be refunded by the Corporation: Provided, further, That the Corporation shall set aside ten per centum (10%) of its annual net operating revenues before interests as a reserve or sinking fund to answer for amounts advanced to it by the National Government for any loan, credit and indebtedness contracted by the former for which the latter shall be held answerable as primary obligor or guarantor under the provisions of this Act: Provided, furthermore, That the setting aside of the amounts mentioned herein shall automatically cease the moment the accumulated sinking fund or reserve exceeds the amounts advanced to the Corporation by the National Government under this Act: Provided, finally, That the Corporation may periodically make partial payments to the National Government out of the said reserves.

The total principal indebtedness of the Corporation under this subsection, exclusive of interest, shall not at any time exceed Ten billion pesos (P10,000,000,000.00)

(b) Foreign Loans.- The Corporation is hereby authorized to contract loans, credits, any convertible foreign currency or capital goods, and indebtedness from time to time from foreign governments, or any international financial institutions or fund sources the total outstanding amount of which, exclusive of interests, shall not exceed One Billion United States dollars (US\$1,000,000,000.00) or the equivalent thereof in other currencies, on such terms and conditions as it shall deem appropriate for the accomplishment of its purposes and to enter into and execute agreements and other documents specifying such terms and conditions.

The President of the Philippines, by himself, or through the Secretary of Finance or the Governor of the BangkoSentral ng Pilipinas, is hereby authorized to negotiate and contract with foreign governments or any international financial institutions, in the

name and on behalf of the Corporation, one or several loans, for the use of the Corporation.

 The President of the Philippines, by himself, or through the Secretary of Finance or the Governor of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, is hereby further authorized to guarantee, absolutely and unconditionally, as primary obligor and not as surety merely, in the name and on behalf of the Republic of the Philippines, the payment of the loan or loans herein authorized as well as the performance of all or any of the obligations undertaken by the Corporation in the territory of the Republic of the Philippines pursuant to loan agreements entered into with foreign governments or any international financial institutions.

Negotiation and contracting of any loan, credit, or indebtedness under this subsection shall be subject to applicable laws.

The loans, credits, and indebtedness contracted under this subsection and the payment of the principal, interest and other charges thereon, as well as the importation of machinery, equipment, materials, and supplies by the Corporation, paid from the proceeds of any loan, credit, or indebtedness incurred under this Act, shall also be exempt from all taxes, fees, imposts, other charges and restrictions, including import restrictions, by the Republic of the Philippines, or any of its agencies and political subdivisions.

SEC. 14. Rehabilitation, Expansion, Construction of the Agus-Pulangui Hydropower Complexes and other Power Projects Recommended by the General Manager.-Upon determination by the General Manager, on his own initiative or on the recommendation of any interested party, that the construction of any project by the Corporation is advisable, a report to the Board on the engineering and economic feasibility of the project together with preliminary plans and estimates of the cost of the proposed development and the estimated income to be derived therefrom shall be submitted by the General Manager.

**SEC. 15.** Construction or Repair Work Awarded upon Public Bidding: Exceptions.- All work of construction or repair of the Corporation involving an estimated cost of One million pesos (P1,000,000.00) or more shall be awarded by the General Manager, with the approval of the Board, to the responsible bidder who made the lowest or most advantageous bid. Notice to bidders shall be published as provided by law. In case no satisfactory bid is received, the General Manager may proceed to advertise anew, or with the approval of the Board, do the work by administration. Before award of contract is made, the General Manager shall require the contractor to give an adequate bond to secure the proper accomplishment of the work under contract and to satisfy all obligations for materials used and labor employed upon the same: Provided, That any repair, reconstruction or other work of an emergency nature may be authorized by the Board to be undertaken by administration or by

contract: Provided, further, That any single work of construction or repair involving an estimated total cost of less than One Million Pesos (P1,000,000.00) may, at the option of the General Manager, be authorized by him to be undertaken by administration or by other advantageous means after a canvass of the market to determine the lowest or most advantageous price.

SEC. 16. Penalty for Destroying, Injuring or Interfering with any project of the Corporation, or maliciously Interfering with any Person in the Discharge of his Duties Connected therewith.-Any person or persons who shall maliciously destroy, injure, or interfere with any canal, raceway, ditch, lock, pier, inlet, crib, bulkhead, dam, gate, sluice, reservoir, aqueduct, conduit, pipes, culvert, post, abutment, conductor, cablewire, insulator, weir, benchmark, monument, or other works, appliance, machinery, building, or property of the Corporation, or who shall maliciously do any act which shall injuriously affect the quantity or quality of the water or electrical energy of the Corporation or the supply, transmission, measurement, or regulation thereof, or who shall maliciously interfere with any person engaged in the discharge of duties connected therewith, or who shall maliciously prevent, obstruct, and interfere with the survey, works, and the construction of access road and transmission lines or any related works of the Corporation, shall be guilty of felony and punished with a fine ranging from one thousand pesos (P1,000.00) to Five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) or with imprisonment ranging from one (1) to five (5) years, or both such fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the Court, and any injured party, shall have the right to recover all damages suffered and cost of suit in a separate civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction.

**SEC. 17.** Appropriation of Public Waters.-Subject to existing rights, all unappropriated public waters which may be used and developed for hydraulic power purposes shall be granted to the Corporation: Provided, That in case of conflict with the needs for domestic water supply, the latter shall prevail.

SEC. 18.Non-profit Character of the Corporation; Exemption from all Taxes, Duties, Fees, Imposts, and other Charges by Government and Governmental Instrumentalities.- The Corporation shall be non-profit and shall devote all its returns from its capital investment, as well as excess revenues from its operation, for operating, maintaining, expanding and improving the hydropower complexes and its other assets. It shall be subject to audit by the Commission on Audit.

To enable the Corporation to pay its indebtedness and obligations and in furtherance and effective implementation of the policy enunciated in Section 1 of this Act, the Corporation is hereby declared exempt:

(a) From the payment of all taxes, duties, fees, imposts, charges, costs, and service fees in any court or administrative proceedings in which it may be a

party, restrictions and duties to the Republic of the Philippines, its provinces, cities, municipalities, and other government agencies and instrumentalities;

- (b) From all income taxes, franchise taxes, and realty taxes to be paid to the National Government, its provinces, cities, municipalities, and other government agencies and instrumentalities;
- (c) From all import duties, compensating taxes, and advanced sales tax, and wharfage fees on import of foreign goods required for its operations and projects; and
- (d) From all taxes, duties, fees, imposts, and all other charges imposed by the Republic of the Philippines, its provinces, cities, municipalities, and other government agencies and instrumentalities, on all petroleum products used by the Corporation in the generation, transmission, utilization, and sale of electric power.
- **SEC. 19.** Appropriations.-The amount necessary for the initial operations of the Corporation shall be sourced from its earnings. Subsequent funding requirements, if necessary, shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.
- **SEC. 20.** *Transitory Provision.* The ownership, possession, authority and control of NPC-MinGen over the APHC and all other properties, assets, and facilities in Mindanao, including its budgetary appropriations, finances, records, equipment, rights as well as liabilities are hereby transferred to the Corporation.

The Board may reorganize the existing APHC personnel structure and the current personnel placement of NPC-MinGen. Any incumbent employee of NPC-MinGen who may be separated as a result of the said restructuring or who elects to leave the service or retire shall be entitled to claim separation or retirement benefits as may be provided under existing laws or issuances or be entitled to a separation plan which shall be one and one-half month salary for every year of service in the government excluding those already considered or paid in a prior separation plan, whichever may be beneficial to the employee concerned: *Provided, however*, That those who avail of such privilege shall start their government service anew if absorbed by any government agency, branch, unit, or any GOCC.

- **SEC.21.**Separability Clause.-Should any provision of this Act is held to be invalid or unconstitutional, the same shall not affect the validity and effectivity of the other provisions hereof.
- **SEC.22.** Repealing Clause.-Section 47(f) of Republic Act No. 9136, as well as all laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations and other issuances or part thereof, which are inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed, amended, or modified accordingly.

- SEC.23. *Effectivity.*-This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a national newspaper of general circulation.
- 3 Approved,