Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City, Metro Manila

First Regular Session

House Bill No. 6243



Introduced by Representative SHARON S. GARIN

AN ACT STRENGTHENING THE POWERS OF THE PHILIPPINE COMPETITION COMMISSION AND LEGISLATING THE NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10667, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "PHILIPPINE COMPETITION ACT"

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Since its enactment in July 2015, Republic Act No. 10667, otherwise known as the Philippine Competition Act ("PCA"), has been regarded to be revolutionary and game-changing. Almost three decades in the making, the PCA is the country's first comprehensive legal framework on competition. It codifies the government's adoption of the recognized principle that genuine and effective market competition encourages innovation among market players, rewards efficient and productive use of resources, and ultimately redounds to the benefit of consumers by lowering prices and enhancing their right of choice over goods and services offered in the market.

Taking the lead in the promotion of the PCA's policy objectives is the Philippine Competition Commission ("PCC"), the country's first central competition authority. Formally established in 2016, the PCC has dutifully served its statutory role of leveling the playing field across all markets by enforcing the three pillars of competition law provided for under the PCA: anti-competitive agreements, abuse of dominant position, and anti-competitive mergers and acquisitions.

Within four years after its establishment, PCC has undertaken the implementation of competition law in the country, and stands shoulder-to-shoulder with its fellow competition authorities in other jurisdictions with a far more advanced level of competition enforcement. Despite being a relatively young agency, PCC has been recognized by global peers and practitioners for its active and advanced merger control regime. From 2016 to 31 December 2019, the PCC had received 204 notifications for M&A transactions, cumulatively worth PHP 3.3 trillion, of which 188 had been approved.

The PCC had also intensified its enforcement activities across a broad range of industries in 2019. As a result of its greater public visibility, the PCC had received a total of 309 queries to date, 135 of which are informal complaints on possible cartels and abuses of dominance. Recognizing that market competition can also be stifled by existing laws and regulations, the PCC has also increased its competition research and policy advocacy efforts, especially in priority sectors identified by the Commission.

Despite all these efforts, however, mainstreaming a culture of competition in the country remains to be a gargantuan undertaking. While the Philippines' competition regime is a marked improvement from its previous state prior to the passage of the PCA, the PCC has experienced constraints in carrying out some enforcement activities due to the current wording of its charter that prevents full potential of detecting and prosecuting anti-competitive activities.

Hence, this measure aims to improve the PCC's ability to investigate cartels, market foreclosure activities, and other types of monopolistic conduct. It also seeks to amend relevant the provisions of the PCA to strengthen the organizational and administrative structure of the PCC to ensure a more effective and efficient exercise of its mandate.

Finally, in recognition of the vital role that the government plays in ensuring fair competition, this measure seeks to institutionalize and legislate the principles of the National Competition Policy. A whole-of-government approach towards imbibing competition policy can be achieved by applying the principle of competitive neutrality in government-owned and controlled corporations, as well as in the entire gamut of government activities and interventions.

In view of the foregoing, the approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

Rep. SHARON S. GARIN

Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City, Metro Manila

Eighteenth Congress First Regular Session

House Bill No. ____

Introduced by Representative SHARON S. GARIN

AN ACT

STRENGTHENING THE POWERS OF THE PHILIPPINE COMPETITION
COMMISSION AND LEGISLATING THE NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY,
AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10667,
OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "PHILIPPINE COMPETITION ACT"

Be enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 4 of Republic Act No. 10667 shall be amended to read as follows:
- 2 "Sec. 4. Definition of Terms. As used in this Act:
- 3 "X x x
- "(g) Dominant position refers to a position of economic strength that an entity or entities hold which makes it capable of controlling the relevant market independently from any or a combination of the following: competitors, customers, suppliers, or consumers. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ACT, DOMINANT POSITION SHALL ALSO MEAN SIGNIFICANT MARKET POWER:
- "(h) Entity refers to any person, natural or juridical, sole proprietorship, partnership, combination or association in any form, whether incorporated or not, INCLUDING JOINT VENTURE
 AGREEMENTS OR CORPORATIONS WHETHER REGISTERED OR NOT, domestic or foreign, including those owned or controlled by the government[,] engaged directly or indirectly in any economic activity;
- 14 "X xx
- 15 "(L) JOINT VENTURE REFERS TO A BUSINESS ARRANGEMENT WHEREBY AN ENTITY
 16 OR GROUP OF ENTITIES CONTRIBUTE CAPITAL, SERVICES, ASSETS, OR A
 17 COMBINATION OF ANY OR ALL OF THE FOREGOING, TO UNDERTAKE AN

- 1 INVESTMENT ACTIVITY OR A SPECIFIC PROJECT, WHERE EACH ENTITY SHALL
 2 HAVE THE RIGHT TO DIRECT AND GOVERN THE POLICIES IN CONNECTION
- 3 THEREWITH, WITH THE INTENTION TO SHARE BOTH PROFITS AND RISKS AND
- 4 LOSSES SUBJECT TO AGREEMENT BY THE ENTITIES.
- 5 SECTION 2. A new chapter shall be inserted, and the numbering of sections shall be
- 6 revised accordingly:
- 7 "CHAPTER
- 8 "NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY
- 9 "SEC. . KEY ELEMENTS OF NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY. IN THE EXERCISE
- 10 OF THEIR RESPECTIVE FUNCTIONS, ALL NATIONAL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES.
- 11 OFFICES, INSTRUMENTALITIES, LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS AND GOVERNMENT-
- 12 OWNED OR CONTROLLED CORPORATIONS (GOCCs)SHALL ADOPT AND BE GUIDED
- 13 BY THE FOLLOWING KEY ELEMENTS:
- 14 (A) ALL GOVERNENT POLICIES, LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS, ISSUANCES
 15 AND OTHER INTERVENTIONS SHALL PROMOTE MARKET EFFICIENCY AND
 16 ENHANCE CONSUMER WELFARE, AND SHALL NOT DISTORT COMPETITION BY
 17 CREATING BARRIERS TO ENTRY, PROMOTONG COLLUSIVE MARKET
 18 OUTCOMES, OR RESTRICTING TRADE, EXCEPT WHEN THE RESTRICTIONS ARE
 19 PROVEN CONSISTENT WITH THE PROMOTION OF CONSUMER WELFARE AND
 20 CANNOT BE ACHIEVED BY OTHER MEANS, OR WHEN THE PENESITS TO THE
- 20 CANNOT BE ACHIEVED BY OTHER MEANS, OR WHEN THE BENEFITS TO THE
- 21 COMMUNITY OUTWEIGH THE COSTS; AND
- 22 (B) GOCCS AND PRIVATE SECTOR BUSINESSES SHALL COMPETE ON A LEVEL
 23 PLAYING FIELD. GOVERNMENT-OWNED OR CONTROLLED CORPORATIONS
 24 SHALL BE HELD TO THE SAME STANDARDS AS PRIVATE SECTOR BUSINESSES
 25 AND SHALL NOT ENJOY NET COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES OR DISADVANTAGES
 26 OVER PRIVATE SECTOR BUSINESSES SIMPLY BY VIRTUE OF PUBLIC SECTOR
 27 OWNERSHIP, UNLESS IT CAN BE CLEARLY DEMONSTRATED THAT THE
 28 GREATER PUBLIC INTEREST WILL BE SERVED AND THERE IS LACK OF
- 29 COMMERCIAL VIABILITY.
- 30 "SEC. ___. REVIEW OF RELEVANT POLICIES. ALL NATIONAL GOVERNMENT
- AGENCIES, OFFICES, INSTRUMENTALITIES, LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS, AND
 GOVERNMENT-OWNED OR CONTROLLED CORPORATIONS ARE MANDATED TO
- 32 GOVERNMENT-OWNED OR CONTROLLED CORPORATIONS ARE MANDATED TO REVIEW THEIR RESPECTIVE POLICIES, LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS,
- 34 ISSUANCES AND INTERVENTIONS AND OTHER RELEVANT LAWS APPLICABLE TO
- 35 THEIR RESPECTIVE OFFICES TO DETERMINE WHETHER THEY RESTRICT, PREVENT
- 36 OR LESSEN COMPETITION, IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PRINCIPLES ABOVE AND
- 37 SUBJECT TO THE GUIDELINES FORMULATED BY THE NATIONAL ECONOMIC AND
- 38 DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY AND THE PHILIPPINE COMPETITION COMMISSION.
- 39 "SEC. __. ENFORCEMENT OF COMPETITION-RELATED LAWS AND ISSUANCES. -
- 40 "TO ASSIST THE PHILIPPINE COMPETITION COMMISSION IN ENFORCING AND
- 41 ATTAINING THE OBJECTIVES AND PURPOSES OF THIS ACT, ALL
- 42 NATIONAL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, OFFICES, INSTRUMENTALITIES, LOCAL

1 GOVERNMENT UNITS, AND GOVERNMENT-OWNED OR CONTROLLED CORPORATIONS 2 SHALL:

- (A) COORDINATE WITH THE PHILIPPINE COMPETITION COMMISSION TO
 IDENTIFY SPECIFIC ACTIONS THAT THEY CAN UNDERTAKE IN THEIR AREAS
 OF RESPONSIBILITY TO PROMOTE COMPETITION, ELIMINATE ANTICOMPETITIVE BEHAVIOR AND UNDUE REGULATORY BURDENS
 ON COMPETITION:
- 8 (B) ESTABLISH CHANNELS OF COMMUNICATION AND COOPERATION WITH THE
 9 PHILIPPINE COMPETITION COMMISSION AND REQUEST ITS ASSISTANCE IN
 10 THE CRAFTING OF POLICY INITIATIVES RELATING TO COMPETITION;
- 11 (C) COOPERATE WITH AND EXTEND ASSISTANCE TO THE PHILIPPINE
 12 COMPETITION COMMISSION IN THE ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ACT, AS WELL AS
 13 ITS ORDERS AND DECISIONS; AND
- 14 (D) CONSULT THE PHILIPPINE COMPETITION COMMISSION IN ESTABLISHING A
 15 FAIR, PREDICTABLE AND TRANSPARENT PROCESS OF RESOLVING
 16 COMPETITION-RELATED DISPUTES THAT ARE WITHIN THEIR JURISDICTION."
- SECTION 3. The following sections of Chapter II, entitled "Philippine Competition
 Commission" of Republic Act No. 10667 shall be amended to read as follows:
- 19 "Sec. 6. Composition of the Commission. - The Commission shall be A COLLEGIAL BODY 20 composed of a Chairperson and four (4) Commissioners. The Chairperson and the 21 Commissioners shall be citizens and residents of the Philippines, of good moral character, of recognized probity and independence and must have distinguished themselves professionally in 22 23 public, civic or academic service in any of the following fields: economics, law, finance, commerce or engineering. They must have been in the active practice of their professions for at 24 25 least ten (10) years, and must not have been candidates for any elective national or local office 26 in the immediately preceding elections, whether regular or special: Provided, That at least one (1) shall be a member of the Philippine Bar with at least ten (10) years of experience in the 27 active practice of law, and at least one (1) shall be an economist. The Chairperson and the 28 29 Commissioners who shall have the rank equivalent of cabinet secretary and undersecretary, 30 respectively, shall be appointed by the President."
- 31 X xx
- "Sec. 8. Prohibitions and Disqualifications. The Commissioners shall not, during their tenure, 32 33 hold any other office or employment. They shall not, during their tenure, directly or indirectly practice any profession, except in a teaching capacity, participate in any business, or be 34 financially interested in any contract with, or any franchise, or special privileges granted by the 35 36 government or any subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof, including government-owned and - controlled corporations or their subsidiaries. They shall strictly avoid conflict of interest in 37 the conduct of their office. They shall not be qualified to run for any office in the election 38 39 immediately succeeding their cessation from office: Provided, That the election mentioned hereof is not a Barangay election or a Sangguniang Kabataan election.] Provided, they shall not 40 41 be allowed to personally appear or practice as counsel or agent on any matter pending before the Commission for [two (2)]ONE (1) years following their cessation from office. 42

- "No spouse or relative by consanguinity or affinity within the fourth civil degree of any of the Commissioners, the Chairperson and the Executive Director of the Commission may appear as counsel nor agent on any matter pending before the Commission or transact business directly or indirectly therein during incumbency and within [two (2)]ONE (1) years from cessation of office.
- 6 "Sec. 9. Compensation and Other Emoluments for Members and Personnel of the 7 Commission.—[The compensation and other emoluments for the members and personnel of the 8 Commission shall be exempted from the coverage of Republic Act No. 6758, otherwise known as the "Salary Standardization Act". For this purpose, the salaries and other emoluments of the 9 Chairperson, the Commissioners, and personnel of the Commission shall be set based on an 10 objective classification system, taking into consideration the importance and responsibilities 11 12 attached to the respective positions, and shall be submitted to the President of the Philippines for his approval.]ALL POSITIONS FOR THE MEMBERS AND PERSONNEL OF THE 13 COMMISSION SHALL BE GOVERNED BY A COMPENSATION AND POSITION 14 15 CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM AND QUALIFICATION STANDARDS APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION BASED ON A COMPREHENSIVE JOB ANALYSIS AND AUDIT OF ACTUAL 16 17 DUTIES AND PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITIES. THE COMPENSATION PLAN SHALL BE COMPARABLE WITH THE PREVAILING SALARIES, BENEFITS AND EMOLUMENTS OF 18 THAT OF THE BANGKO SENTRAL NG PILIPINAS, AND SHALL BE SUBJECT TO 19 20 PERIODIC REVIEW BY THE COMMISSION NO MORE THAN ONCE EVERY TWO (2) 21 YEARS, WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO YEARLY MERIT REVIEW OR INCREASES BASED ON PRODUCTIVITY AND EFFICIENCY. THE COMMISSION SHALL, THEREFORE, BE EXEMPT 22 FROM LAWS, RULES, AND REGULATIONS ON COMPENSATION, POSITION 23 CLASSIFICATION, AND QUALIFICATIONS STANDARDS PROMULGATED BY THE CIVIL 24 25 SERVICE COMMISSION.
- "Sec. 10. Quorum. –Three (3) members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum, provided
 however, that the affirmative vote of AT LEAST three (3) members shall be necessary for the
 adoption of any rule, ruling, order, resolution, decision or other acts of the Commission.
- "Sec. 11. Staff. The Commission shall appoint, fix the compensation, and determine the 29 30 status, qualifications, and duties of an adequate staff, which shall include an Executive Director 31 of the Commission. The Executive Director, WHO SHALL HAVE A TERM OF FIVE (5) YEARS, RENEWABLE FOR ANOTHER FIVE-YEAR PERIOD, shall be appointed by the Commission 32 and shall have relevant experience in any of the fields of law, economics, commerce, 33 management, finance or engineering for at least ten (10) years. The members of the technical 34 staff, except those performing purely clerical functions, shall possess at least a Bachelor's 35 36 Degree in any of the following lines of specialization: economicslaw, finance, commerce, 37 engineering, accounting, or management.
- "Sec. 12. Powers and Functions. The Commission shall have original and primary jurisdiction
 over the enforcement and implementation of the provisions of this Act, and its implementing
 rules and regulations. The Commission shall exercise the following powers and functions:
- 41 "(a) x xx
- "(b) Review proposed mergers and acquisitions, determine thresholds for notification, determine
 the requirements and procedures for notification, and upon exercise of its powers to review,
 prohibit mergers and acquisitions that willHAVE OR ARE LIKELY TO substantially prevent,
 restrict, or lessen

- 1 "(c) x xx
- 2 "(d) Upon finding, based on substantial evidence, that an entity has entered into an anti-3 competitive agreement or has abused its dominant position after due notice and hearing, stop or 4 redress the same, by applying remedies, such as, but not limited to, issuance of injunctions, 5
- requirement of divestment, REQUIREMENT OF MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS, OPENING ACCESS TO COMPETITORS, PROHIBITIONS ON RESTRICTIVE 6
- 7 CONTRACTING PRACTICES, SETTING UP OF INFORMATION FIREWALLS, MAKING 8 INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO THIRD PARTIES, and disgorgement of excess profits under
- 9 such reasonable parameters that shall be prescribed by the rules and regulations implementing
- 10 this Act:
- "(e) x xx 11
- "(f) Issue subpoena duces tecum and subpoena ad testificandum to require the production of 12
- 13 books, records, or other documents or data which relate to any matter relevant to the
- 14 investigation and personal appearance before the Commission, summon witnesses, administer
- 15 oaths, and issue [interim orders such as] show cause orders [and cease and desist ordersafter 16
- due notice and hearing] in accordance with the rules and regulations implementing this Act;
- "(g) [Upon order of the court, u]Undertake, BY ITSELF OR THROUGH ITS DEPUTIZED LAW 17
- 18 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, TO SEARCH ANDinspections of INSPECT business premises and
- 19 other offices, STRUCTURES, SPACES, land and vehicles, as used by the entity, where it
- 20 reasonably suspects that relevant [books, tax recordsor other documents]INFORMATION which 21
- relate to any matter relevant to the investigation are kept, [in order to prevent the removal, concealment, tampering with, or destruction of the books, records, or other documents;]AND 22
- 23 EXAMINE, COPY, PHOTOGRAPH, RECORD OR PRINT SUCH INFORMATION;
- 24 "(h) Issue adjustment or divestiture orders including orders for corporate reorganization or 25 divestment in the manner and under such terms and conditions as may be prescribed in the
- rules and regulations implementing this Act. [Adjustment or divestiture orders, which are 26
- 27 structural remedies, should only be imposed:
- 28 (1) Where there is no equally effective behavioral remedy; or
- 29 (2) Where any equally effective behavioral remedy would be more burdensome for the enterprise concerned than the structural remedy. Changes to the structure of an 30 enterprise as it existed before the infringement was committed would only be 31
- 32 proportionate to the substantial risk of a lasting or repeated infringement that derives
- 33 from the very structure of the enterprise:1
- 34 "(i) x xx
- 35 "(i) x xx
- 36 "(k) x xx
- 37 "(I) x xx
- 38 "(m) x xx

- "(n) x xx 1
- 2 "(o) x xx
- 3 "(p) x xx
- 4 "(q) x xx

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- "(r) Advocate pro-competitive policies of the government by: 5
 - (1) Reviewing economic and administrative regulations, motu proprio or upon request, as to whether or not they adversely affect relevant market competition, and advising the concerned agencies against such regulations; and
 - (2) Advising the Executive Branch on the competitive implications of government actions, policies and programs; [and]
- 11 "(s) Charging reasonable fees to defray the administrative cost of the services rendered.;
- "(T) ISSUE WARNINGS FOR ANY POTENTIAL VIOLATIONS OF THIS ACT; 12
- 13 "(U) ISSUE AND IMPOSE INTERIM MEASURES:
- "(V) ISSUE, AFTER DUE NOTICE AND HEARING, CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS; AND 14
- "(W) DEVELOP AND UTILIZE A RESEARCH AND INVESTIGATION FUND FOR PURPOSES 15 OF ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS, INFORMANT'S BENEFITS OR PROTECTION. 16
- "SEC. 12 A . POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE CHAIRPERSON. THE 17 CHAIRPERSON OF THE COMMISSION SHALL ACT AS THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER 18 19 OF THE COMMISSION. THE MANAGEMENT OF THE PCC SHALL BE VESTED IN THE 20 CHAIRPERSON WHO SHALL HAVE THE FOLLOWING POWERS AND DUTIES:
- 21 (A) PRESIDE OVER THE MEETINGS OF THE COMMISSION;
- (B) SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE COMMISSION, DETERMINE THE STAFFING 22 PATTERN AND THE NUMBER OF PERSONNEL OF THE COMMISSION AND 23 24 **DEFINE THEIR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES;**
- (C) SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE COMMISSION, APPOINT, REMOVE, SUSPEND, OR OTHERWISE DISCIPLINE FOR CAUSE, ANY EMPLOYEE OF THE 27 COMMISSION; AND
 - (D) PERFORM SUCH OTHER DUTIES AS MAY BE DELEGATED OR ASSIGNED TO HIM/HER BY THE COMMISSION FROM TIME TO TIME.
- 30 "Sec. 13. Office for Competition (OFC), Powers and Functions. — The OFC under the Department of Justice (DOJ-OFC) shall only conduct preliminary investigation and undertake 31
- prosecution of all criminal offenses arising under this Act and other competition-related laws in 32 accordance with Section 31 of Chapter VI of this Act, UPON THE FILING OF A CRIMINAL 33
- COMPLAINT BY THE PCC WITH THE DOJ. The OFC shall be reorganized and allocated 34
- 35 resources as may be required therefor to effectively pursue such mandate.

- 1 SECTION 4. The following sections of Chapter III, entitled "Prohibited Acts" of Republic
- 2 Act No. 10667 shall be amended to read as follows:
- 3 "Sec. 14. Anti-Competitive Agreements. -
- 4 (a) The following agreements, between or among competitors, are per se prohibited:
- (1) <u>DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY FIXING PURCHASE OR SELLING PRICES, [Restricting competition as to price]</u>, or components thereof, or other terms of trade;
 - (2) [Fixing price at an auction or in] RIGGING any form of bidding including THROUGH cover bidding, bid suppression, bid rotation and market allocation and other analogous practices of bid manipulation;
- 10 [(b) The following agreements, between or among competitors which have the object or effect of substantially preventing, restricting or lessening competition shall be prohibited:]
 - [(1)](3) Setting, limiting, or controlling production, markets, technical development, or investment;
- 14 [(2)](4) Dividing or sharing the market, whether by volume of sales or purchases, territory,
 15 type of goods or services, buyers or sellers or any other means;
- 16 {(c)}(B) Agreements other than those specified in (a) and (b) of this section which have the
 17 object or effect of substantially preventing, restricting or lessening competition shall also be
 18 prohibited: *Provided*, Those which contribute to improving the production or distribution of
 19 goods and services or to promoting technical or economic progress, while allowing
 20 consumers a fair share of the resulting benefits, may not necessarily be deemed a violation
 21 of this Act.
- 22 x xx

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- "SEC. 15. Abuse of Dominant Position. It shall be prohibited for one or more entities to abuse
 their dominant position by engaging in conduct that would substantially prevent, restrict or
- 25 lessen competitionSUCH AS BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:
- 26 x xx
- 27 x xx
- 28 x xx

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- (e) Imposing restrictions on the lease or contract for sale or trade of goods or services
 concerning where, to whom, or in what forms goods or services may be sold or traded, such as
 fixing prices, giving preferential discounts or rebate upon such price, or imposing conditions not
 deal with competing entities, where the object or effect of the restrictions is to prevent, restrict
- to deal with competing entities, where the object or effect of the restrictions is to prevent, restrict or lessen competition substantially: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this Act shall
- 34 NECESSARILY[prohibit or] render unlawful:
 - (1) [Permissible franchising, licensing, exclusive merchandising or exclusive distributorship agreements such as those which give each party the right to unilaterally terminate the

1 2 3 4 5	agreement]THOSE AGREEMENTS OR PRACTICES WHICH CONTRIBUTE TO IMPROVING THE PRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION OF GOODS OR TO PROMOTING TECHNICAL OR ECONOMIC PROGRESS, WHILE ALLOWING CONSUMERS A FAIR SHARE OF THE RESULTING BENEFIT, AND WHICH DOES NOT:
6	(A) IMPOSE ON THE ENTITIES CONCERNED RESTRICTIONS WHICH ARE NOT INDISPENSABLE TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THESE OBJECTIVES; AND
8	(B) AFFORD SUCH ENTITIES THE POSSIBILITY OF ELIMINATING COMPETITION IN RESPECT OF A SUBSTANTIAL PART OF THE PRODUCTS IN QUESTION; or
10	 Agreements protecting intellectual property rights, confidential information, or trade secrets;
12	X XX
13	XXX
L4	X XX
15 16 17 18	"Provided, finally, That the foregoing shall not constrain the Commission [or the relevant regulator] from pursuing measures that would promote fair competition or more competition as provided in this Act, INCLUDING THE IMPOSITION OF SIGNIFICANT MARKET POWER OBLIGATIONS.
19 20 21 22	"SEC. 18. Effect of Notification. — If within the relevant periods stipulated in the preceding section, the Commission determines that such agreement prohibitedHAS OR IS LIKELY TO SUBSTANTIALLY PREVENT, RESTRICT, OR LESSEN COMPETITION[under Section 20] and does not qualify for exemption under Section 21 of this Chapter, the Commission may:
23	(a) Prohibit the implementation of the agreement;
24	(b) Prohibit the implementation of the agreement unless and until it is modified by changes specified by the Commission-;
26	(c) Prohibit the implementation of the agreement unless and until the pertinent party or parties enter into legally enforceable agreements specified by the Commission-; OR
28	(D) APPROVE OR TAKE NO FURTHER ACTION ON THE AGREEMENT, SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH SPECIFIC CONDITIONS."
30	Section 5. A new chapter is hereby inserted and numbering of sections adjusted accordingly to read as follows:
32	"CHAPTER
33	"GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES

- 1 "SEC. ___. REVIEW OF GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES. THE COMMISSION SHALL HAVE
- 2 THE POWER TO REVIEW POSSIBLE ANTI-COMPETITIVE EFFECTS OF INCENTIVE
- 3 SCHEMES OF THE GOVERNMENT BASED ON THE FOLLOWING FACTORS:
- 4 (1) WHETHER THE INCENTIVE SCHEME GRANTS UNDUE COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE
- 5 TO AN ENTITY OR ENTITIES;
- 6 (2) WHETHER THE INCENTIVE SCHEME IS PROPORTIONATE AND NECESSARY TO
- 7 ACHIEVE A GIVEN EFFICIENCY OR EQUITY OBJECTIVE:
- 8 (3) WHETHER THE ACTUAL BENEFIT ACHIEVED THROUGH THE INCENTIVE SCHEME
- 9 OUTWEIGHS THE COST OF DISTORTING COMPETITION; AND
- 10 (4) OTHER FACTORS THAT MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE COMMISSION.
- 11 "SEC. ___. RECOMMENDATION ON GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES. FOR INCENTIVES
- 12 WHICH THE COMMISSION DEEMS TO HAVE ADVERSELY AFFECTED COMPETITION IN
- 13 THE RELEVANT MARKET OR IN THE MARKET FOR GOODS AND SERVICES
- 14 ACCORDING TO SECTION 24, THE COMMISSION SHALL ISSUE A RULING TO THE
- 15 FISCAL INCENTIVES REVIEW BOARD, INCLUDING A RECOMMENDATION FOR
- 16 REMEDIES SUCH AS THE REVISION OR REVOCATION OF SUCH INCENTIVE SCHEME
- 17 AND THE RECOVERY OF INCENTIVES WITH INTEREST."
- 18 Section 6. The following provisions under Chapter V, entitled "Disposition of Cases" of
- 19 R.A. No. 10667 are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 20 "SEC. 26. Determination of Anti-Competitive Agreement or Conduct. In determining whether
- 21 an anti-competitive agreement or conduct [has been committed] SUBSTANTIALLY
- 22 PREVENTS, RESTRICTS, OR LESSENS COMPETITION, the Commission, IN
- 23 APPROPRIATE CASES, shall, INTER ALIA:
- 24 X XX
- 25 "SEC. 28. Forbearance. The Commission may forbear from applying the provisions of this Act,
- 26 for a limited time, in whole or in part, in all or specific cases, on an entity or A group of entities, if
- 27 in its determination:
- 28 X XX
- 29 "The Commission's order exempting the relevant [entity or] group of entities under this section
- 30 shall be made public. Conditions may be attached to the forbearance if the Commission deems
- 31 it appropriate to ensure the long-term interest of consumers."
- 32 Section 7. The provisions found under Chapter VI, entitled "Fines and Penalties" of R.A.
- No. 10667 shall be amended to read thus and renumbered accordingly:
- 34 "Sec. 29. Administrative Penalties. -
- (a) Administrative Fines. In any investigation under Chapter III, Sections 14 and 15, and
 Chapter IV, Sections 17 and 20 of this Act, after due notice and hearing, the Commission

- 1 may impose the following schedule of administrative fines EQUIVALENT UP TO TEN
- 2 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL GLOBAL TURN-OVER OF THE ULTIMATE PARENT
- 3 ENTITY on any OF THE entity found to have violated the said sections [:].
- 4 [First offense: Fine of up to one hundred million pesos (P100,000,000.00);
- Second offense: Fine of not less than one hundred million pesos (P100,000,000.00) but not more than two hundred fifty million pesos (P250,000,000.00).1
- In fixing the amount of the fine, the Commission shall have regard to both the gravity and the duration of the violation.
- 9 (b) Failure or Refusal to Comply with a Ruling, Order, or Decision of the Commission.— An entity which fails or refuses to comply with a ruling, order or decision issued by the Commission
- 11 shall pay a penalty of not less than [fifty]ONE HUNDRED thousand pesos ([P50,000.00]P100,000.00) up to [two]FIVE million pesos ([P2,000,000.00]P5,000,000.00) for
- each violation and a similar amount of penalty for each day thereafter until the said entity fully
- 14 complies. Provided that these fines shall only accrue daily beginning forty-five (45) days from
- 15 the time that the said decision, order or ruling was received.
- 16 (c) Supply of Incorrect, INCOMPLETE or Misleading Information. The Commission may
- likewise impose upon any entity fines of up to [ene]TWO million pesos (P[I]2,000,000.00) where, intentionally or negligently, they supply incorrect INCOMPLETE or misleading information in
- intentionally or negligently, they supply incorrect, **INCOMPLETE** or misleading information in
- any document, application or other paper bled with or submitted to the Commission or supply incorrect or misleading information in an application for a binding ruling, a proposal for a
- 21 consent judgment, proceedings relating to a show cause order, or application for modification of
- 22 the Commission's ruling, order or approval, as the case may be.
- 23 (d) Any other violations not specifically penalized under the relevant provisions of this Act OR
- 24 ITS IMPLEMENTING RULES OR REGULATIONS shall be penalized by a fine of not less
- 25 than[fifty]ONE HUNDRED thousand pesos (P[5]100,000.00) up to tweFIVE million pesos
- 26 (P52,000,000.00).
- 27 (E) OBSTRUCTION. THE COMMISSION MAY IMPOSE A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN ONE
- 28 HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000.00) UP TO FIVE MILLION PESOS
- 29 (P5,000,000.00) ON ANYONE WHO COMMITS ANY OBSTRUCTION OF ANY
- 30 INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMISSION, THE IMPLEMENTATION OF
- THE ORDERS, RULINGS, OR DECISIONS OF THE COMMISSION, OR THE
- 32 ENFORCEMENT OF THE ACT, ITS IMPLEMENTING RULES, OR OTHER COMPETITION
- 33 LAWS
- 34 (F) REPRISAL OR DISCRIMINATION. ANY PERSON THAT COMMITS ANY FORM OF
- 35 REPRISAL OR DISCRIMINATION AGAINST ANYONE COOPERATING OR FURNISHING
- 36 INFORMATION, DOCUMENT, OR DATA TO THE COMMISSION IN CONNECTION WITH AN
- 37 INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDING BEING CONDUCTED, SHALL BE PENALIZED WITH A
- 38 FINE OF NOT LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000.00) UP TO FIVE
- 39 MILLION PESOS (P5,000,000.00).
- 40 REPRISAL OR DISCRIMINATION SHALL INCLUDE REMOVAL, DISCHARGE, DEMOTION,
- 41 SUSPENSION, THREATS, HARASSMENT, OR ANY FORM OF RETALIATION IN THE

- 1 TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT, AGENCY, OR ENGAGEMENT, AS THE
- 2 CASE MAY BE.
- 3 (G) FAILURE TO NOTIFY THE COMMISSION OF SALE, DISPOSITION, OR ANY OTHER
- 4 TRANSFER DURING ADJUDICATION. A RESPONDENT THAT FAILS TO NOTIFY THE
- 5 COMMISSION OF ANY SALE, DONATION, DISPOSITION, OR ANY OTHER TRANSFER,
- 6 WHETHER ABSOLUTE OR OTHERWISE, MADE DURING ADJUDICATION, OF ITS
- 7 INTEREST IN BUSINESSES, SHAREHOLDINGS, BUSINESS UNITS, ASSETS, OR ANY
- 8 OTHER INTEREST RELATED TO MATTERS UNDER ADJUDICATION SHALL BE
- 9 PENALIZED WITH A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS
- 10 (P100,000) UP TO FIVE MILLION PESOS (P5,000,000.00).
- 11 "Provided that the schedule of fines indicated in this section shall be increased by the
- 12 Commission every five (5) years to maintain their real value from the time it was set.
- 13 "SEC. 30. Criminal Penalties. An entity that enters into any anti-competitive agreement as
- 14 covered by Chapter III, Section 14(a) and 14(b) under this Act shall, for each and every
- 15 violation, be penalized by imprisonment from two (2) to seven (7) years, and a fine of not less
- than fifty million pesos (P50,000,000.00) but not more than two hundred fifty million pesos
- 17 (P250,000,000.00). The penalty of imprisonment shall be imposed upon the responsible
- 18 officers, and directors of the entity.
- 19 "When the entities involved are juridical persons, the penalty of imprisonment shall be imposed
- 20 on its officers, directors, or employees holding managerial positions, who are knowingly and
- 21 willfully responsible for such violation.
- 22 "SECTION ___. LIABILITY OF FACILITATORS. ANY PERSON THAT:
- 23 (A) HAS AIDED, ABETTED, OR PROCURED A PERSON TO CONTRAVENE A SECTION OF
- 24 THE PCA:
- 25 (B) HAS INDUCED A PERSON, WHETHER BY THREATS OR PROMISES OR OTHERWISE,
- 26 TO CONTRAVENE SUCH A SECTION:
- 27 (C) HAS BEEN IN ANY WAY, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, KNOWINGLY CONCERNED IN,
- 28 OR PARTY TO, THE CONTRAVENTION BY A PERSON OF SUCH SECTION; OR
- 29 (D) HAS CONSPIRED WITH OTHERS TO CONTRAVENE SUCH A SECTION
- 30 "SHALL BE LIABLE FOR VIOLATION OF THE SAID SECTION."
- 31 Section 8. The following provisions of Chapter VII, entitled "Enforcement" of R.A. No.
- 32 10667, shall be amended to read as follows and renumbered accordingly:
- 33 "Sec. 32. Relationship With Sector Regulators. The Commission shall have original and
- 34 primary jurisdiction in the enforcement OF THIS ACT and THE regulation of all competition-
- 35 related issues.
- 36 "THE COMMISSION SHALL EXERCISE ORIGINAL AND EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OVER
- 37 THE ADJUDICATION OF ALL COMPETITION-RELATED CASES.

- 1 "The Commission shall still have jurisdiction if the issue involves both competition and noncompetition issues, but the concerned sector regulator shall be consulted and afforded
- 3 reasonable opportunity to submit its own opinion and recommendation on the matter before the
- 4 Commission makes a decision on any case.
- 5 "Where appropriate, the Commission and the sector regulators shall work together to issue rules
- 6 and regulations to promote competition, protect consumers, and prevent abuse of market power
- 7 by dominant players within their respective sectors.
- 8 "Sec. 35. Leniency Program. The Commission shall develop a Leniency Program to be
- 9 granted to any entity in the form of immunity from suit or reduction of any fine which would
- otherwise be imposed on a participant in an anti-competitive agreement as provided in Section
- 11 14(a) and 14(b) of this Act in exchange for the voluntary disclosure of information regarding
- 12 such an agreement which satisfies specific criteria prior to or during the fact-finding or
- 13 preliminary inquiry stage of the case.
- 14 "Immunity from suit will be granted to an entity reporting illegal anti-competitive activity before a
- 15 fact-finding or preliminary inquiry has begun if the following conditions are met:
- (a) At the time the entity comes forward, the Commission has not received information about the
 activity from any other source;
- (b) Upon the entity's discovery of illegal activity, it took prompt and effective action to terminate its participation therein, UNDERTAKEN IN CONSULTATION AND WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE COMMISSION;
- (c) The entity reports the wrongdoing with candor and completeness and provides full,
 continuing, and complete cooperation throughout the investigation; and
- (d) The entity did not coerce another party to participate in the activity [and clearly was not the leader in, or the originator of, the activity].
- 25 "Even after the Commission has received information about the illegal activity after a fact-finding
- or preliminary inquiry has commenced, the reporting entity will be granted leniency, provided
- 27 preceding conditions (b) and (c) and the following additional requirements are complied with:
- 28 (1) The entity is the first to come forward and qualify for leniency;
- (2) At the time the entity comes forward, the Commission does not have evidence against the
 entity that is likely to result in a sustainable conviction; and
- 31 (3) The Commission determines that granting leniency would not be unfair to others.
- 32 "Such program shall include the immunity from any suit or charge of affected parties and third
- parties, exemption, waiver, or gradation of fines and/or penalties giving precedence to the entity
- 34 submitting such evidence. [An entity cooperating or furnishing information, document or data to
- 35 the Commission in connection to an investigation being conducted shall not be subjected to any
- 36 form of reprisal or discrimination. Such reprisal or discrimination shall be considered a violation
- 37 of this Act subject to the sanctions provided in this Act 1
- 38 "Nothing in this section shall preclude prosecution for entities that report to the Commission

- 1 false, misleading, or malicious information, data or documents damaging to the business or 2 integrity of the entities under inquiry as a violation of said section. An entity found to have
- 3 reported false, misleading or malicious information, data, or document may be penalized by a
- 4 fine not less than the penalty imposed in the section reported to have been violated by the entity
- 5 complained of.
- "The DOJ-OFC may likewise grant leniency or immunity as provided in this section in the event 6 7 that there is already a preliminary investigation pending before it."
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- 9 "Sec. 37. Non-Adversarial Remedies. - As an implementing and enforcement policy, the
- Commission shall, under such rules and regulations it may prescribe, encourage voluntary 10
- 11 compliance with this Act and other competition laws by making available to the parties
- 12 concerned the following and other analogous non-adversarial administrative remedies, before
- 13 the institution of administrative, civil or criminal action:
- 14 (a) Binding Ruling. — Where no prior complaint or investigation has been initiated, any entity 15 that is in doubt as to whether a contemplated act, course of conduct, agreement, or decision, 16 is in compliance with, is exempt from, or is in violation of any of the provisions of this Act. other competition laws, or implementing rules and regulations thereof, may request the 17 18 Commission, in writing, to render a binding ruling thereon: Provided, That the ruling is for a 19 specified period, subject to extension as may be determined by the Commission, and based 20 on substantial evidence[.]
 - [In the event of an adverse binding ruling on an act, course or conduct, agreement, or decision, the applicant shall be provided with a reasonable period, which in no case shall be more than ninety (90) days, to abide by the ruling of the Commission and shall not be subject to administrative, civil, or criminal action unless the applicant fails to comply with the provisions of this Act];
 - (b) Show Cause Order. Upon preliminary findings motu proprio or on written complaint under oath by an interested party that any entity is conducting its business, in whole or in part in a manner that may not be in accord with the provisions of this Act or other competition laws, [and it finds that the issuance of a show cause order would be in the interest of the public,] the Commission shall issue and serve upon such entity or entities a written description of its business conduct complained of, a statement of the facts, data, and information together with a summary of the evidence thereof, with an order requiring the said entity or entities to show cause, within the period therein fixed, why no order shall issue requiring such person or persons to cease and desist from continuing with its identified business conduct, or pay the administrative fine therein specified, or readjust its business conduct or practices;
 - (c) Consent Order. At any time prior to the conclusion by the Commission of its inquiry, any entity under inquiry may, without in any manner admitting a violation of this Act or any other competition laws, submit to the Commission a written proposal for the entry of a consent order, specifying therein the terms and conditions of the proposed consent order which shall include among others the following:
 - (1) The payment of an amount within the range of fines provided for under this Act PAYMENT OF DAMAGES TO ANY PRIVATE PARTY/PARTIES WHO MAY

HAVE SUFFERED INJURY:

- (2) The required compliance report as well as an entity to submit regular compliance reports;
 - (3) AN UNDERTAKING TO PAYAN AMOUNT WITHIN THE RANGE OF FINES PROVIDED FOR UNDER THIS ACT[Payment of damages to any private party/parties who may have suffered injury]; and
 - (4) Other terms and conditions that the Commission deems appropriate and necessary for the effective enforcement of this Act or other Competition Laws:

Provided, That a consent order shall not bar any inquiry for the same or similar acts if continued or repeated;

PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT THIS REMEDY IS NOT AVAILABLE TO ANY ENTITY UNDER INQUIRY FOR VIOLATIONS OF SECTION 14 (A) AND (B) OF THIS ACT.

(d) x xx

- (e) Inadmissibility of Evidence in Criminal Proceedings. The request for abinding ruling, the show cause order, for the proposal for consent order; the facts, data, and information therein contained or subsequently supplied by the entity or entities concerned; admissions, oral or written, made by them against their interest; all other documents bled by them, including their evidence presented in the proceedings before the Commission; and the judgment or order rendered thereon; shall not be admissible as evidence in any criminal proceedings arising from the same act subject of the binding ruling, show cause order or consent order against such entity or entities, their officers, employees, and agents.
- "Sec. 38. Contempt.— The Commission may [summarily] punish for contempt[by imprisonment not exceeding thirty (30) days or by a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand pesos (P 100,000.00), or both, any entity guilty of such] ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ACTS COMMITTED AGAINST OR BEFORE THE COMMISSION OR AGENCY, OFFICER, OR PERSON VESTED WITH AUTHORITY OR DEPUTIZED BY THE COMMISSION:
- Imisconduct in the presence of the Commission in its vicinity as to seriously interrupt any hearing, session or any proceeding before it, including cases in which an entity willfully fails or refuses, without just cause, to comply with a summons, subpoena or subpoena duces tecum legally issued by the Commission being present at a hearing, proceeding, session or investigation, refused to be sworn as a witness or to answer questions or to furnish information when lawfully required to do so.]
- 34 (A) MISCONDUCT THAT SERIOUSLY INTERRUPTS ANY HEARING, SESSION, OR PROCEEDING.
- 36 (B) REFUSAL TO BE SWORN AS A WITNESS OR TO ANSWER QUESTIONS OR TO FURNISH INFORMATION WHEN LAWFULLY REQUIRED TO DO SO, AT A HEARING, PROCEEDING, SESSION, OR INVESTIGATION:

- 1 (C) WILLFUL FAILURE OR REFUSAL, WITHOUT JUST CAUSE, TO COMPLY WITH A SUMMONS OR SUBPOENA: AND
- 3 (D) FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO COMPLY WITH ANY ORDER, RULING OR DECISION OF THE COMMISSION.
- 5 "CONTEMPT SHALL, AFTER DUE NOTICE AND HEARING, BE PUNISHED BY
- 6 imprisonment not exceeding thirty (30) days or by a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand
- 7 pesos (P100,000.00), or both: PROVIDED, THAT WHEN THE PERSON COMMITS ANY OF
- 8 THE ACTS UNDER (A) AND (B) IN THE PRESENCE OF THE COMMISSION, THE PERSON
- 9 SHALL BE PUNISHED SUMMARILY.
- 10 "WHEN THE CONTEMPT CONSISTS IN THE REFUSAL OR OMISSION TO DO AN ACT
- 11 WHICH IS YET IN THE POWER OF THE PERSON TO PERFORM, HE MAY BE
- 12 IMPRISONED BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION UNTIL HE PERFORMS IT.
- 13 "Sec. 39. Appeals of the Decisions of the Commission. Decisions of the Commission shall be
- 14 appealable to the Court of Appeals in accordance with [the]RULE 65 OF THE Rules of Court.
- 15 The appeal shall not stay the order, ruling or decision sought to be reviewed, unless the Court of
- Appeals shall direct otherwise upon such terms and conditions it may deem just. In the appeal,
- 17 the Commission shall be included as a party respondent to the case."
- 18 Section 9. Sections 46 and 47 of Chapter VIII entitled "Other Provisions" of R.A. No.
- 19 10667 are hereby amended to read as:
- 20 "Sec. 46. Statute of Limitations. Any action arising from a violation of any provision of this Act
- 21 shall be forever barred unless commenced within five (5) years from:
- For criminal actions, the time the violation is discovered by the offended party, the authorities, or their agents;
- For [administrative and] civil actions, the time the cause of action accrues.
- For administrative actions, [the time the cause of action accrues] THE TIME THE VIOLATION IS DISCOVERED BY THE COMMISSION.
- 27 "Sec. 47. Prohibition on the Issuance of Temporary Restraining Orders, Preliminary Injunctions
- 28 and Preliminary Mandatory Injunctions. Except for the Court of Appeals and the Supreme
- Court, no other court shall issue any temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction or preliminary mandatory injunction against the Commission in the exercise of its duties or
- preliminary mandatory injunction against the Commission in the exercise of its duties or functions: *Provided*, That, this prohibition shall apply in all cases, disputes or controversies
- instituted by a private party, including, but not limited to, cases bled by entities or those claiming
- to have rights through such entities: [*Provided, however,* That, this prohibition shall not apply
- 34 when the matter is of extreme urgency involving a constitutional issue, such that the non-
- 35 issuance of a temporary restraining order will result in grave injustice and irreparable injury to
- 36 the public:] Provided, further, That, the applicant shall file a bond, in an amount to be fixed by the
- Court, but in no case shall it exceed twenty percent (20%) of the imposable fines provided for
- under Chapter VI, Section 29 of this Act: *Provided, finally,* That in the event that the court finally
- decides that the applicant was not entitled to the relief applied for, the bond shall accrue in favor of the Commission

- 1 "Any temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction or preliminary mandatory injunction
- 2 issued in violation of this section is void and of no force and effect. Any judge who violates this
- 3 section shall be penalized by suspension of at least one (1) year without pay in addition to other
- 4 criminal, civil or administrative penalties."
- 5 Section 10. Sections 51 and 55 of Chapter IX entitled "Final Provisions" of R.A. No.
- 6 10667 are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 7 "Sec. 51. Appropriations and Use of Fees, Charges and Penalties. The initial budgetary
- 8 requirements of the Commission of three hundred million pesos (P300,000,000.00) is hereby
- 9 appropriated.
- 10 "[All fees, fines, penalties collected by the Commission shall not be retained by the Commission.
- 11 but will be remitted to the National Treasury and shall accrue to the general funds. THE
- 12 COMMISSION SHALL BE AUTHORIZED TO RETAIN 50% OF ALL FEES, FINES, AND
- 13 PENALTIES COLLECTED BY THE COMMISSION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CREATING THE
- 14 ANTITRUST FUND, WHICH SHALL BE USED TO DEVELOP AND UTILIZE A RESEARCH
- 15 AND INVESTIGATION FUND FOR PURPOSES OF ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS,
- 16 INFORMANT'S BENEFITS OR PROTECTION, FUND STAFF DEVELOPMENT AND
- 17 SCHOLARSHIPS, REWARDS FOR REPORTING VIOLATIONS OF THE PCA, THE
- 18 ESTABLISHMENT OF A COMPLIANCE PROGRAM, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
- 19 EDUCATION AND ADVOCACY, AND OTHER NECESSARY EXPENDITURES TO PROMOTE
- 20 FAIR MARKET COMPETITION AND THE OBJECTIVES OF THIS ACT. THE USE OF SUCH
- 21 ADDITIONAL AMOUNT SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE AUDITING REQUIREMENTS.
- 22 STANDARDS, AND PROCEDURES UNDER EXISTING LAWS.
- 23 "Such funds necessary for the continuous and effective operation of the Commission shall be
- 24 included in the annual General Appropriations Act.
- 25 "Sec. 55. Repealing Clause. The following laws, and all other laws, decrees, executive orders
- 26 and regulations, or part or parts thereof inconsistent with any provision of this Act, are hereby
- 27 repealed, amended or otherwise modified accordingly:
- 28 (a) ArticleS 185 AND 186 of Act No. 3815, otherwise known as the Revised Penal Code:
- 29 Provided, That violations of ArticleS 185 AND 186 of the Revised Penal Code committed
- 30 before the effectivity of this Act may continue to be prosecuted unless the same have been
- 31 barred by prescription, and subject to the procedure under Section 31 of this Act;
- 32 (b) xxx
- 33 (c) Section 43 (K), (R), (S), (u) on Functions of the ERC and SECTION 45 of Republic Act No.
- 34 9136, entitled "An Act Ordaining Reforms in the Electric Power Industry, Amending for the
- 35 Purpose Certain Laws and for Other Purposes", otherwise known as the "Electric Power
- 36 Industry Reform Act of 2001", insofar as the provisionS thereof ARE inconsistent with this
- 37 Act;
- 38 (d) xxx
- 39 (e) xxx
- 40 (F) SECTION 5(3) OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7581, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE PRICE

1 ACT, AS AMENDED; AND

- 2 (G) SECTIONS 87 AND 91 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8293, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES."
- 4 Section 11. Separability Clause. Should any provision of this Act or any part hereof
- 5 be declared unconstitutional, the other provisions or parts not affected thereby shall
- 6 remain valid and effective.
- 7 Section 12. Repealing Clause. All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders,
- 8 resolutions, rules and regulations or parts thereof which are inconsistent with the
- 9 provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.
- 10 Section 13. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect after fifteen (15) days
- 11 following its publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) newspapers of general
- 12 circulation.
- 13 Approved,