SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session 27 SEP 2016 4:45 PM REZI

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES H. No. 3795

Introduced by Representative Raul C. Tupas

EXPLANATORY NOTE

AN ACT GRANTING ASSISTANCE TO FRESH GRADUATES BY WAIVING GOVERNMENT FEES AND CHARGES COLLECTED IN CONNECTION WITH DOCUMENTARY REQUIREMENTS FOR EMPLOYMENT

Based on the Labor Force Survey conducted by the Philippine Statistics Authority, the unemployment rate in July 2016 was estimated at 5.4 percent. Among the regions, CALABARZON (7.6%), National Capital Region (NCR) (6.5%), Central Luzon (6.2%), and Northern Mindanao (6.1%) were the regions with the highest unemployment rates.

Among the unemployed persons in July 2016, 60.7 percent were males. Of the total unemployed, the age group 15 to 24 years comprised 48.2 percent, while the age group 25 to 34, 28.2 percent. By educational attainment, 21.9 percent of the unemployed were college graduates, 14.4 percent were college undergraduates, and 28.1 percent were high school graduates.

The unemployment rate for the age group 15 to 24 years old is significant and it is important to assist individuals belonging to this group since they are part of the population that are entering the labor force.

Every year, the government tries to improve employment facilitation strategies and address the country's job-skills mismatch problem.

To assist new graduates who are applying for first time employment, this bill seeks to mitigate the expenses incurred by graduates by waiving fees collected by government agencies for various pre-employment documents, clearances, and mandatory memberships to government agencies as a pre-requisite for employment.

The bill is supportive of the government's endeavor to provide fresh opportunities for development by creating support a system that improve access to employment.

¹ https://psa.gov.ph/content/employment-rate-july-2016-estimated-946-percent

The short-term loss in revenue will eventually compensated when fresh graduates are eventually employed and become part of the working population that pay income taxes.

In viewing of the foregoing, the passage of this measure is earnestly sought.

RAUL C. TUPAS

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Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as "Fresh Graduates Pre-Employment Assistance Act of 2016."

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. – Article II, Section 13 of the 1987 Philippine Constitution states, "The State recognizes the vital role of the youth in nation building and shall promote and protect their physical, moral, spiritual, intellectual and social well-being. it shall inculcate in the youth patriotism and nationalism, and encourage their involvement in public and civic affairs."

It is the policy of the State to protect the interest of the youth. The State shall endeavor to provide the youth with opportunities for development by creating policies that improve access to employment.

SECTION 3. Waiver of Fees and Charges. – All government agencies and instrumentalities, including government-owned and controlled corporations (GOCCs) and local government units (LGUs), shall not collect fees or charges from a fresh graduate Filipino citizen; *Provided*, that such fee or charge is paid in connection with the application for and the granting of licenses that serve as proof of identification, clearance, certificate, membership or other document usually required in the course of employment; *Provided further*, that the person is applying for such license, proof of identification, clearance, certificate, membership or other document within one (1) year after graduation from high school, college or any vocational or technical course; *Provided, furthermore*, that the fees and charges to be waived shall not include those collected in connection with the granting of a professional licensure examination by the Professional Regulation Commission or with granting of a Philippine passport by the Department of Foreign Affairs.

SECTION 4. Proof of Graduation. - To avail of the waiver authorized this Act, the graduate must submit to the government agency or instrumentality concerned a copy of his or her diploma, certification, document or communication from the

academic, vocational or technical institution from which he or she has graduated, written or issued to the effect that such person has indeed successfully completed the course required. The diploma, certification, document, or communication should clearly state the date of graduation or completion and the course completed or degree earned, and should be signed by the institution's duly authorized representative.

Such copy of the diploma, certification, document, or communication submitted, even if not original or certified true copy, shall serve as prima facie evidence of the fact and date of graduation and shall be sufficient for the government agency to grant the waiver; Provided, that any person found to be guilty of fabricating or falsifying any proof of graduation as described in this Section, shall be liable under Article 172 (Falsification and Use of Falsified Documents) of the Revised Penal Code.

SECTION 5. Administrative Offense. – No government agency or instrumentality shall issue unduly restrictive regulations for the carrying out of the provisions to render nugatory the benefit of the waiver prescribed. Such shall constitute an administrative offense punishable under the Administrative Code and other pertinent laws.

SECTION 6. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – The Commission on Higher Education (CHED) in consultation with the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE), Civil Service Commission (CSC), and the Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG) shall issue the relevant rules and regulations to effectively implement the provisions of this Act.

SECTION 7. Effectivity. – This shall take effect fifteen (15) days after publication the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation, whichever comes earlier.

Approved,