Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City, Metro Manila

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 5567



Introduced by Representative JONATHAN KEITH T. FLORES

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 5 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8498 OR THE PHILIPPINE SCIENCE HIGH SCHOOL (PSHS) SYSTEM ACT OF 1997 IN ORDER TO ALLOW FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF MORE THAN ONE PSHS CAMPUSES WITHIN A REGION

## **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

The State recognizes the importance of education, science and technology as a vital tool by which the Philippines can develop and progress. Towards this end, it has devoted Article XIV of the Philippine Constitution to ensure that all citizens is given the right and access to quality education and pursue the science, research, invention and innovation through the availability of education, training and other services. Pursuant to this objective, the Philippine Science High School (PSHS) Act of 1997 or RA 8498 was enacted to rationalize, integrated and assume the leadership role in secondary level science and technology education.

For 24 years, since its establishment in 1963 the PSHS was a single campus on Agham Road, Diliman, Quezon City where the top 240 examinees in the National Competitive Examination held yearly were accepted as government scholars. In 1980 however, the PSHS system has started to spread throughout the Philippines with the establishment of regional campuses all over the Philippines. To date, each region in the country has a PSHS campus except for the Autonomous Region of Muslim Mindanao. All campuses have at most 30 students in each class thereby ensuring quality education to all the scholars. However, regional campuses only have three classes in contrast to the main campus which has eight classes per batch. Not only is there a smaller number classes per batch at the regional level, the present system also caps the limit on the establishment of a PSHS campus to only one (1) per region. This limitation runs contrary to the constitutional mandate of providing quality education that is accessible to all and undermines the importance of cultivating interest in the research and development and to science and technology education, training and services.

This bill seeks to amend the scope of RA 8498 specifically to allow and encourage the setting up of more PSHS campuses anywhere in the country. It is believed that there is no shortage of deserving students that can qualify for scholarship under the PSHS System. Establishing as many campuses as is necessary anywhere in the country wll increase the accessibility of free high quality science education to as many deserving students. It will also bolster the discovery of new indigenous, appropriate, and self-reliant scientific and technological capabilities, and their application to the country's productive systems and national life.

Support of this bill is therefore encouraged.

JONATHAN KEITH T. FLORES

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Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. Amendment. - Section 5 of Republic Act no. 8498 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 5. Scope. – The Philippine Science High School System shall be composed of the existing PSHS campuses at Diliman, Eastern Visayas, Western Visayas and Mindanao, and future campuses which shall be established under this law PROVIDED THAT, THERE SHALL BE NO LIMIT ON THE CAMPUSES TO BE ESTABLISHED PER REGION."

**Section 2.** *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – The Board of Trustees shall formulate the implementing rules and regulations to carry out the implementation of this Act.

**Section 3.** Separability Clause. – If, for any reason, any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the other parts or provisions hereof which are not affected shall continue to be in full force and effect.

**Section 4.** Repealing Clause. – All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations or portions thereof, inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

**Section 15.** *Effectivity.* – This Act shall take effect on the day following its complete publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,