Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Quezon City, Metro Manila

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 4558



Introduced by Honorable Michael L. Romero

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The 1987 Philippine Constitution laid down the framework for the protection of the people, promotion of the people's right to health and right to a clean and healthy environment. Article II, Section 4 specified that it is the prime duty of the Government to serve and protect the people, while Article II, Section 8, explicitly forbids the presence of nuclear weapons in the country. It is the State's duty and obligation to ensure the health, welfare and safety of the present and future generation of Filipinos.

The threat of **Chemical**, **Biological**, **Radiological**, **Nuclear** (**CBRN**) materials and weapons is a global challenge. The Philippines, an archipelagic country with vast coastline and porous borders, is vulnerable to different threats or risks to its population.

The latest development or advancement in science and technology, have also increased the risks brought about by chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear (CBRN) materials. If these materials are used malevolently, or if the laboratories or facilities containing these CBRN materials have not followed safety and security protocols, the probabilities of exposing the Filipinos and the

environment to grave threats and risks are increased.

The different international conventions and treaties and its objectives have introduced us to the safety and security threats posed by Chemical, Biological, Radiological and Nuclear (CBRN) weapons and materials. Threats that if not addressed, can greatly impact our country's national survival.

Thus, passage of this *Chemical*, *Biological*, *Radiological*, *Nuclear* (*CBRN*) House Bill is earnestly sought to maintain the safety and security of the present and future generations of Filipino.

MICHAEL L. ROMERO

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AN ACT

PROVIDING FOR A STRATEGIC AND INTEGRATED CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RADIOLOGICAL, NUCLEAR (CBRN) RESILIENCY APPROACH, TO FOSTER SAFETY AND SECURITY OF THE FILIPINO PEOPLE, PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	CHAPTER I
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	Article 1
4	Declaration of Principles and Policies
5	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This Act shall be known as the
6	"Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear (CBRN) Act of 2019."
7	SECTION 2. DECLARATION OF POLICY. The State shall serve and
8	protect the people and promote the right to health of the people and instill health
9	consciousness among them.
0	The State recognizes that a safe and secure environment is for the good of all

and should be the responsibility and concern of all;

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- 2 The State is fully aware of the safety and security threats posed by Chemical,
- 3 Biological, Radiological and Nuclear (CBRN) materials and weapons.
- 4 Towards this end and consistent with our commitment to international
- 5 conventions and to pursue national and international security interests, the
- 6 State recognizes its duty and obligation to protect and promote welfare, safety
- 7 and security of the present and future generation of Filipinos.
- **SECTION 3. COVERAGE OF THE ACT**. This Act shall cover the national territory of the Philippines, its exclusive economic zone and area of responsibility.

Article 2 Definition of Terms

SECTION 4. DEFINITION OF TERMS. As used in this Act:

- a. Chemical, Biological, Radiological and Nuclear (CBRN) Materials -refers to Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear materials used deliberately or intentionally by terrorists or criminals to cause harm.
- b. Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear expansion of the term CBRN referring to threats due to the weaponization of hazardous and dangerous goods.
- c. CBRN Event refers to event involving a potential, perceived, or actual act with chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials that are, or are suspected to be, used in a deliberate or intentional way to cause harm. These acts are considered criminal acts and are often acts of terrorism. These are intended to instigate fear and disorder among the citizens, and the deliberate actions may be large and dispersed and may require a specialized emergency management and response.
- d. Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) refers to any destructive device or weapon that is designed or intended to cause death or

serious bodily injury through the release, dissemination, or impact of toxic or poisonous chemicals, or their precursors, any weapon involving a biological agent, toxin, or vector, or any weapon that is designed to release radiation or radioactivity at a level dangerous to human life. This includes, but not limited to: (a) nuclear and radiological explosive devices and their major sub-systems; (b) chemicals covered by Schedule I, II and III of the Chemical Weapons Convention; and (c) biological agents and biologically derived substances specifically developed, configured, adapted, or modified for the purpose of increasing their capability to produce casualties in humans or livestock, degrade equipment, or damage crops.

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CHAPTER II GOAL AND IMPLEMENTING STRUCTURE AND MECHANISM

SECTION 5. GOAL OF STRATEGIC AND INTEGRATED CBRN RESILIENCY APPROACH. The Goal of the Strategic and Integrated CBRN Resiliency Approach is to prevent, control, respond and/or manage risks brought about by Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear (CBRN) materials and weapons to the Filipino's welfare, safety and security.

SECTION 6. CREATION OF THE CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RADIOLOGICAL, NUCLEAR (CBRN) AUTHORITY. The CBRN Authority, is hereby created, under the Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG). It shall be headed by a Director General (with a rank of Undersecretary), assisted by two (2) Deputy Director General (with a rank of Assistant Secretary), and five (5) Directors.

- **SECTION 7. POWERS AND FUNCTIONS.** The CBRN Authority shall have the following powers and functions:
 - a. Formulate policies, develop programs and strategies, promulgate guidelines including operational responsibilities of the Authority:

b. Prepare within twelve (12) months a National CBRN Action Plan
 which includes, but is not limited to CBRN preparedness, response,
 containment of CBRN sites, and decontamination of CBRN wastes,
 and the following:

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- 1. Risk identification, assessment and management, with options to prescribe permitting requirements;
- 2. Identification of CBRN agents and materials and their listing in the regulations
- Identification of CBRN Enforcement Officers and their functions including the development of inter-agency cooperation, coordination and communication protocols with other officials such as customs and health/quarantine/police officers on matters relating to suspected CBRN materials;
- 4. Compliance and non-compliance and the corresponding penalties for the non-compliance;
- Procedures for the monitoring of CBRN threats, emergency response on the detection of incursions including isolation of areas, control, eradication processes and disposal processes for the CBRN wastes;
- 6. Payment of compensation as a consequence of action;
- Development of CBRN Emergency Response and Crisis Management, including the release of appropriate funds, for different Tiers of CBRN threats in all levels of government;
- 8. Development of the list of prohibited, regulated and restricted biological organisms or agents and non-biological agents.
- 9. Development of the procedures and guidelines for decontamination and disposal of CBRN wastes at CBRN sites.
- Review and update every three (3) years the CBRN strategies and policies;
- d. Coordinate, monitor and evaluate programs and development projects initiated by the Government and private agencies to achieve CBRN resiliency;
- e. Undertake information dissemination and education campaigns on CBRN resiliency programs to create greater awareness on CBRN preparedness and response;
- f. Establish and maintain coordination, cooperation, assistance and

1	information sharing with government agencies in the							
2	implementation of their CBRN functions;							
3	g. Establish and maintain coordination, cooperation, assistance and							
4	information sharing with other nations on matters relating to CBRN;							
5	h. Coordinate in, assist and/or support the conduct of researches,							
6	trainings, infrastructure and capability development and relevant							
7	activities for CBRN;							
8	i. Act as National Competent Authority of International Conventions							
9	related to Chemical Weapons, Biological Weapons, Radiological and							
10	Nuclear Weapons and other related international conventions.							
11	SECTION 8. POLICY AND PROGRAM ADVISORY BODY. The							
12	CBRN Authority shall have a Policy and Program Advisory Body, hereinafter							
13	referred as Advisory Body to be composed of the all relevant officials and staff of							
14	the Authority, and the following:							
1.5	a Secretary Department of Interior and Level Community (DILC)							
15	a. Secretary, Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG);							
16	b. Secretary, Department of Agriculture (DA)							
17	c. Secretary, Department of Agriculture (DA)							
18	d. Secretary, Department of Health (DOH);							
19	e. Secretary, Department of Trade and Industry (DTI);							
20	f. Secretary, Department of National Defense (DND)							
21	g. Secretary, Department of Science and Technology (DOST)							
22	h. Director General, National Security Council;							
23	i. Secretary, Department of Finance (DOF);							
24	j. Secretary, Department of Foreign Affairs (DFA);							
25	k. Secretary, Department of Justice (DOJ);							
26	1. Secretary, Department of Education (DepEd)							
27	m. Executive Director, Anti-Terrorism Council (ATC) - Program							
28	Management Center (PMC)							

29 The Advisory Body shall serve as the consultative assembly that shall assist the

30 Authority in the formulation and development of comprehensive strategic multi-

- year plans and programs on Strategic and Integrated CBRN Approach; Provided,
- that the herein actual composition shall be listed and appropriate authorization
- 3 shall be issued by the Director-General for the attendance of such individuals
- 4 and entities in every meeting or assembly of the Advisory Body called for a
- 5 purpose; Provided further, that the Advisory Body shall meet at least once every
- 6 calendar year; Provided, finally, that such attendance shall be voluntary and
- 7 authorized attendees shall not be entitled to any form of compensation
- 8 The Advisory Body may designate a representative to the CBRN Authority who
- 9 shall have a rank not lower than an Undersecretary. Five (5) members of the
- 10 Advisory Body shall constitute a quorum in order to transact any business.

11 SECTION 9. SUPPORT FROM OTHER AGENCIES. The CBRN

- 12 Authority shall be complemented by the following support agencies and bureaus:
- a. Environmental Management Bureau (DENR-EMB);
- b. Food and Drug Administration (DOH-FDA);
- c. Bureau of Quarantine (DOH-BOQ);
- d. Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (DOH-RITM);
- e. Philippine Nuclear Research Institute (DOST-PNRI);
- f. National Committee on Biosafety of the Philippines (DOST-NCBP)
- 19 g. Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP);
- 20 h. Philippine National Police (PNP);
 - i. Bureau of Fire Protection (BFP)
- j. Philippine Coast Guard (PCG)

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- 23 k. National Bureau of Investigation (DOJ-NBI);
- 1. University of the Philippines; and
- m. Such other offices, agencies or units as necessary.
- 26 SECTION 10. FIELD OFFICES OF THE AUTHORITY. Field Offices
- of the Authority are hereby created and established in the seventeen (17)
- 28 administrative and autonomous regions of the country. It shall have the
- 29 following powers and functions:
 - a. Assist the local government units in the local implementation of CBRN

Strategic Action Plan in order to achieve the objective of this Act;

- b. Provide for the efficient and cost-effective delivery of the Authority's
 services to the people;
 - c. Coordinate with the regional offices of other departments, offices, agencies in the region and local government units in the enforcement of this Act;
 - d. The CBRN Regional Offices shall submit periodic updates to the CBRN Authority;
 - e. Perform such other tasks as may be necessary and incidental to carry out the provisions of this Act and the purpose for which the BMOs had been established.

SECTION 11. STAFF AND BUDGETARY SUPPORT. The CBRN Authority shall be headed by a Director General (with a rank of Undersecretary), assisted by two (2) Deputy Director General (with a rank of Assistant Secretary), and five (5) Directors of appropriate rank who shall be responsible for the pursuit of their respective CBRN mandate, the discharge of its duties and functions and the exercise of supervision and control over the CBRN Regional Offices and its constituent units. Personnel of the CBRN Authority shall be called CBRN Enforcement Officers.

- 20 The organizational structure and staffing pattern of the CBRN Authority shall be
- formulated by the Secretary of Interior and Local Government in coordination
- 22 with the Advisory Body, subject to the approval by the Department of Budget
- 23 and Management (DBM) in accordance with Executive Order No. 292
- 24 (Administrative Code of 1987).
- 25 The initial amount of Twenty Million Pesos for CBRN Authority shall be sourced
- 26 from the Intelligence Fund (IF) of the DILG, subject to existing budgeting,
- 27 accounting and auditing laws, rules and regulations, in order to carry out the
- 28 provisions of this Act. Thereafter, the subsequent budget shall be incorporated
- 29 in the General Appropriations Act under the operating expenses of the CBRN
- 30 Authority.

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SECTION 12. NATIONAL CBRN STRATEGIC ACTION PLAN

- (NATIONAL CBRN SAP). Within twelve (12) months after the approval of this
- 2 Act, the CBRN Authority shall formulate and develop the National CBRN
- 3 Strategic Action Plan which shall be adopted by the different agencies and
- 4 instrumentalities of the government nationwide. The NBS shall be reviewed and
- 5 updated every three (3) years. The strategy shall include, but is not limited to:
- a. Risk identification, assessment and management, with options to prescribe permitting requirements;

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- b. Vulnerability assessment of existing laboratories and the safety and biosecurity practices across all laboratories including, but not limited to laboratories of State Universities and Colleges (SUCs);
 - Identification of CBRN agents and materials and their listing in the regulations;
 - d. Identification of CBRN Enforcement Officers and their functions including the development of inter-agency cooperation, coordination and communication protocols with other officials such as customs and health/quarantine/police officers on matters relating to suspected CBRN materials;
 - e. Compliance and non-compliance and the corresponding penalties for the non-compliance;
 - f. Procedures for the monitoring of CBRN threats, emergency response on the detection of incursions including isolation of areas, control, eradication processes and disposal processes for the CBRN wastes;
 - g. Payment of compensation as a consequence of action;
 - Development of CBRN Emergency Response and Crisis Management, including the release of appropriate funds, for different Tiers of CBRN threats in all levels of government;
 - Development of the list of prohibited, regulated and restricted biological organisms or agents and non-biological agents.
- Development of the procedures and guidelines for decontamination and disposal of CBRN wastes at CBRN sites.

1	SECTION 13. DESIGNATION OF CRISIS MANAGERS AND/OR								
2	CABINET OFFICERS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE DURING CBRN CRISIS. The								
3	Crisis Managers and/or Cabinet Officers Primarily Responsible (C-OPR) shall								
4	assume authority; effectively carry out functions; and take on responsibilities								
5	and accountabilities prescribed in the Practical Guide for National Crisis								
6	Managers, the Core Manual and the approved March 2011 revisions to Chapter								
7	4 of the 2000 Crisis Management Manual. Specifically, that:								

- a. The **Executive Secretary** shall be the Cabinet-Officer Primarily Responsible (C-OPR) for emerging and current threats of terrorism, as Chairperson of the *Anti-Terrorism Council* created under Republic Act 9372 or the Human Security Act of 2007;
- b. The Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources shall be the Cabinet-Officer Primarily Responsible (C-OPR) for emerging and current threats brought about by chemicals and chemical substances.
- c. The **Secretary of Health** shall be the Cabinet-Officer Primarily Responsible (C-OPR) for emerging and current threats to public health brought about by biological agents.
- d. The Secretary of Science and Technology shall be the Cabinet-Officer Primarily Responsible (C-OPR) for emerging and current threats brought about by radiological and nuclear materials.
- **SECTION 14. AGENCY ASSISTANCE.** The CBRN Authority is hereby authorized to call on and mobilize any government agency or instrumentality, including local government units and government-owned or controlled corporations and also non-governmental agencies or institutions, for support and assistance in the implementation of this Executive Order.
- SECTION 15. ROLE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS (LGUS). Local government units (LGUs) shall share the responsibility in protecting the general welfare, safety and security of humans, plant and animal population, environment and ecosystem within their territorial jurisdictions. CBRN Offices shall also be created and established in the government units of provinces, cities

- and municipalities.
- 2 Each local government unit shall prepare a compliance scheme in accordance
- with the National CBRN Strategic Action Plan.

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CHAPTER III PERMITTING, INSPECTION, MONITORING

SECTION 16. PERMITTING. – The interpretation of the provisions of this Act shall not negate the effectivity and application of the permitting requirements of other laws. The CBRN Authority shall require owners / operators / exporters / importers of goods or products which may be a CBRN risk to secure the necessary permits of other applicable laws.

- SECTION 17. RECORD-KEEPING, INSPECTION, MONITORING AND ENTRY BY THE CBRN ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS The CBRN Authority or its duly authorized representative shall, after proper consultation and notice, require any person who owns or operates any source of CBRN risk or threat is subject to any requirement of this Act to:
- a. establish and maintain relevant records;
- b. make relevant reports;
 - c. install, use and maintain monitoring equipment or methods;
- d. provide such other information as the CBRN Authority may reasonably require.
- Pursuant to this Act, the CBRN Authority, through its authorized representatives, shall have the right to:
 - a. enter or to have access to any premises including documents and relevant materials as referred to in the herein preceding paragraph;
 - inspect any area with CBRN threat, pollution or waste source, control device, monitoring equipment or method required;

- 4 Any record, report or information obtained under this section shall be made
- 5 available to the public, except upon a satisfactory showing to the CBRN Authority
- 6 by the entity concerned that the record, report, or information or parts thereof,
- 7 if made public, would divulge secret methods or processes entitled to protection
- 8 as intellectual property.

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CHAPTER IV LIABILITIES / PENAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 18. LIABILITY ON CBRN DAMAGE. - The owners / operators / exporters / importers of goods or products which may be a CBRN risk at the time of an Incident, or where the Incident consists of a series of occurrences, at the time of the first such occurrence, shall be liable for any CBRN Damage caused by the said goods or products as a result of the Incident. Such damages shall include, but not limited to:

- Reasonable expenses actually incurred in isolating the areas, control, eradication processes and disposal processes for the CBRN wastes;
 - b. Reasonable expenses of Preventive Measures and further loss or damage caused by preventive measures;
 - c. Consequential loss or loss of earnings suffered by Owners or users of property contaminated or damaged as a direct result of an Incident;
 - d. Pure economic loss or loss of earnings sustained by persons although the property contaminated or damaged as a direct result of an Incident does not belong to them;
 - e. Damage to human health or loss of life as a direct result of the Incident, including expenses for rehabilitation and recuperation: *Provided*, That costs of studies or diagnoses to determine the long-term damage shall also be included; and

f. Environmental and ecological damages and other reasonable measures 1 of environmental restoration. 2 SECTION 19. **EXEMPTING CIRCUMSTANCES.** - No liability as 3 stated in the immediately preceding section shall attach to the owners / 4 operators / exporters / importers of goods or products which may be a CBRN 5 risk if he proves that the damage: 6 a. Resulted from an act of war, hostilities, civil war, insurrection or a natural 7 phenomenon of an exceptional, inevitable and irresistible character; and 8 b. Was wholly caused by an act or omission done with intent to cause damage 9 by third party. 10 SECTION 20. PROHIBITED ACT AND PENALTIES: 11 a. Any person who willfully and intentionally engages in any of the 12 following activities shall be imprisoned for a period from six (6) years 13 and one (1) day to twelve (12) years imprisonment, and a fine from one 14 million pesos (P1,000,000.00) to five million pesos (P5,000,000.00): 15 1. To engage in any of the regulated activity prohibited by, or in 16 contravention of, this Act, 17 2. To make false or misleading representations or conceal any material 18 fact, including in the submission of any document, to the CBRN 19 Authority or any other Philippine government agency: 20 3. To engage in any activity prohibited by, or in contravention of, any 21 orders or regulations issued by the CBRN Authority to implement 22 the provisions of this Act; 23 4. To conspire or act in concert with one or more persons in any 24 manner or for any purpose to bring about or to do any act that 25 constitutes a violation of this Act, or any order, regulation, or 26 authorization issued thereunder; 27 5. To forge or alter any authorization, registration, certificate or any or 28 other document issued in relation to the provisions of this Act; 29 6. To obstruct or hinder the CBRN Authority or any government agency 30 in the execution of its powers conferred under this Act: or 31 7. To induce a violation of this Act or any order, regulation, or 32 authorization issued thereunder; and 33

8. To cause, aid or facilitate, directly or indirectly, in the storage, importation, or bringing into Philippines territory, including its maritime economic zones, even in transit, either by means of land, air or sea transportation or otherwise keeping in storage any amount of CBRN materials, weapons or wastes in any part of the Philippines.

- b. Any person found guilty of committing any of the following shall be imprisoned for a period from six (6) months and one (1) day to six (6) years imprisonment, and a fine from one hundred thousand pesos (P 100,000.00) to one million pesos (P1,000,000.00):
 - 1. To fail to report or notify the CBRN Authority as required by this Act;
 - To fail to comply with record keeping requirements as provided in this Act; or
 - 3. To engage in any activity with intent to evade the provisions of this Act, or any order, regulation, or authorization issued thereunder.

SECTION 21. ATTEMPT TO COMMIT VIOLATIONS OF THIS ACT.

Any attempt to commit any crime under Section 16(a) of this Act shall be penalized by imprisonment for a period from six (6) months and one (1) day to six (6) years, and a fine from one hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) to one million pesos (P1,000,000.00).

SECTION 22. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES. – The CBRN Authority shall impose on any person found to have committed violations under this Act the following administrative penalties:

- a. Limitation, revocation or annulment of any authorization and/or registration;
- Imposition of fines of up to two hundred fifty thousand pesos (P250,000.00) or twice the value of the CBRN material under the contract or as assessed by the CBRN Authority; and
- c. Upon request by the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or the Department of Trade and Industry or any other relevant agencies, order the cancellation or suspension of the registration and authorization/license to operate of the partnership, corporation,

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- The imposition of the penalty shall be without prejudice to the filing of appropriate criminal charges against the persons responsible for the violation.
- 4 SECTION 23. CBRN MANAGEMENT FUND Proceeds from the
- 5 penalties prescribed in preceding Sections and other penalties imposed by this
- 6 Act, the CBRN Authority, as authorized by this Act, shall be automatically
- 7 appropriated into a CBRN Management Fund hereby created.
- 8 The CBRN Management Fund to be administered by the CBRN Authority, as a
- 9 special account in the National Treasury is hereby established.
- 10 Grants, endowments and donations received for the purpose of CBRN
- preparedness and resiliency shall also be accepted and disbursed as part of the
- 12 CBRN Management Fund.

- 13 The fund shall be used to finance the following:
- a. finance containment and clean-up operations of the government in CBRN cases;
- b. guarantee restoration of ecosystems and rehabilitation of affected
 areas; support research enforcement and monitoring activities;
- c. provide technical assistance to the implementing agencies;
- d. grant rewards and incentives;
- e. support information and educational campaign;
- f. such other disbursements made solely for the prevention, control or abatement of CBRN threats in the amounts authorized by the Authority.
- SECTION 24. INVESTIGATION. If in the course of the conduct of an investigation for violations committed under this Act, the Authority comes across evidence of possible criminal violations, it shall refer the matter and turn over all available evidence to the Department of Justice for preliminary investigation.
- 28 Appropriate forfeiture proceedings for materials and goods confiscated shall be

filed in accordance with existing laws, rules and regulations.

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CRIMINAL LIABILITY SECTION 25. OF OFFICERS OF 2 PARTNERSHIPS, CORPORATIONS, AND OTHER JURIDICAL ENTITIES. In 3 case any of the violations of this Act is committed by a partnership, corporation, 4 association, or any other juridical persons, the partner, president, director, 5 manager, trustee, administrator, or officer who willfully and intentionally 6 consents to, or tolerates such violation shall be held criminally liable as co-7 principal. The penalty provided for the offense shall be imposed upon the 8 responsible officers who participated in the commission of the crime or who have 9 willfully and intentionally permitted its commission. 10

SECTION 26. ADMINISTRATIVE LIABILITY OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES. Any government official or employee who commits, or facilitates the commission of, any violation of this Act shall be administratively liable under Civil Service rules, without prejudice to criminal liability under this Act. The concerned government official or employee shall, upon conviction, be dismissed from the service.

SECTION 27. ADDITIONAL PENALTY IF OFFENDER IS AN ALIEN / FOREIGN NATIONAL. In addition to the penalties prescribed in this Act, any alien/foreign national who violates any provision of this Act shall, after service of sentence, be deported immediately without further proceedings, and be barred permanently from entering the country.

SECTION 28. FORFEITURE. In addition to imprisonment and fine, the CBRN materials or items subject of the offense, including the proceeds derived therefrom, shall be forfeited in favor of the government.

- After conviction, the Regional Trial Court shall enter a judgment of forfeiture of the goods, including its proceeds, in favor of the Government of the Philippines and shall authorize the forfeiture of the seized goods.
- 28 Following the seizure of the CBRN materials, the Authority may call on relevant

government agency who shall direct the destruction of said CBRN materials. All proper expenses incurred in the proceedings for the confiscation, forfeiture, custody and maintenance of the property pending disposition, as well as expenses for publication and court costs shall be taken from the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

SECTION 29. PROTECTION OF CBRN ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.

- No action or prosecution shall be brought, instituted or maintained against the CBRN Authority or an authorized officer for or on account of or in respect of any act ordered or done for the purpose of carrying into effect this Act or its IRR if the act was done in good faith and under a reasonable belief that it was necessary for the purpose intended to be served thereby.

SECTION 30. JURISDICTION. The Regional Trial Court shall have jurisdiction over criminal prosecutions for violation of any provision of this Act, as well as over applications for the issuance and grant of applicable provisional remedies under the Rules of Court.

SECTION 31. INTERNATIONAL LEGAL COOPERATION. – For the purposes of this section, the Department of Justice (DOJ) and the Department of Foreign Affairs (DFA) shall develop, as part of the National CBRN Strategic Action Plan, procedures on International Legal Cooperation which includes, but is not limited to types of assistance, requests for legal assistance from a foreign State, and requirements for requests for mutual assistance from foreign States, authentication of documents, and extraditable offenses.

CHAPTER V MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SECTION 32. PUBLIC EDUCATION AND INFORMATION- The CBRN Authority and the local government units shall, in coordination with the Department of Education (DepEd) and the Commission on Higher Education (CHED), the Department of Interior of Local Government (DILG), the Philippine

- Information Agency (PIA), and Civil Society shall conduct a continuing education
- and information campaign on CBRN awareness. Said campaign shall aim at 2
- developing public awareness of the ill-effects of CBRN threats; the policy and 3
- decision-making in the national, provincial, city or municipal level to engage in 4
- activities to protect the human, plant and animal population, environment and 5
- ecosystem from CBRN threats and its control. 6
- The civil society and other sectors, particularly labor, the academe and business 7
- involved in environment-related activities, shall be encouraged to undertake 8
- efforts to organize, educate and motivate the people in addressing and be 9
- proactive partners of the government when addressing pertinent CBRN issues 10
- and problems at the local and national levels through the institutionalization of 11
- programs, projects and activities for the purpose of this Act. 12

SECTION 33. IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS (IRR).

- Within twelve (12) months from the effectivity of this Act, the Implementing Rules 14
- and Regulations Committee to be composed of the member-agencies of the 15
- Advisory Board shall draft and issue the IRR for its effective implementation, 16
- after public consultations with stakeholders: Provided, That the non-issuance of 17
- the IRR shall not prevent the coming into force of this Act: 18
- SECTION 34. **RELATIONS WITH OTHER LAWS.** The interpretation 19
- of the provisions of this Act shall not negate the effectivity and application of 20
- other laws. 21

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23 CHAPTER VI 24

TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

- APPROPRIATIONS. The initial amount of Twenty SECTION 35. 25
- Million Pesos for CBRN Authority shall be sourced from the Intelligence Fund 26
- (IF) of the DILG, subject to existing budgeting, accounting and auditing laws, 27
- rules and regulations, in order to carry out the provisions of this Act. Thereafter, 28
- the subsequent budget shall be incorporated in the General Appropriations Act 29

l un	der the	operating	expenses	of	the	CBRN	Authority.	,
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CHAPTER VII SEPARABILITY AND REPEALING CLAUSES

SECTION 36. SEPARABILITY CLAUSE. The provisions of this Act is declared separable. If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances is declared unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act or the application of such provision to other person or circumstances shall not be affected by such declaration.

SECTION 37. REPEALING CLAUSE. All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders and their implementing rules, or parts thereof, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby, repealed; amended or modified accordingly.

CHAPTER VIII EFFECTIVITY CLAUSE

SECTION 38. EFFECTIVITY. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

23 Approved,