HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH (17TH) CONGRESS First Regular Session

House Bill No. 1837

DATE: 21 JUL 2016

REGISTRATION UNIT

BILLS AND INDEX SERVICE

Introduced by: Rep. BERNADETTE R. HERRERA-DY

#### AN ACT

DEFINING EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP AMENDING FOR THIS PURPOSE ARTICLES 279, 280 AND 281 OF PRESIDENTIAL DEGREE NO. 442, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE LABOR CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES, AS AMENDED

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

It is a policy of the State, under Section 3, Art. XIII of the Constitution, to afford full protection to labor and guarantee the right of all workers to security of tenure.

This bill aims to end "Endo", or the practice of "5-5-5" or "6-6-6" end-of-contract work arrangements—a form of abusive 'contractualization' which violates the right to security of tenure under the Constitution. The bill also strengthens the right of security of tenure by providing that *all* employees irrespective of employment status or position shall not be dismissed without cause and due process.

Endo is a contractualization scheme which refers to short-term and unprotected temporary work arrangements that has become rampant in the country. Endo workers, in particular, are bound by a five-month timeframe so that companies will not make them regular employees after six months under the Labor Code. From this arrangement stems the "5-5-5" scheme in which an endo worker is hired and fired every five months so that employers will not make them permanent employees.

The bill builds upon and borrows from a prior house bill, H.B. 5806, which was filed during the 16<sup>th</sup> Congress. In addressing "5-5-5" abusive practices, this bill provides that the repeated engagement of the same employee after the expiration of probationary employment or contract of employment will, by operation of law, render the employment regular; and provides for probationary employment which shall not exceed six months.

In view of the foregoing, immediate approval of this, bill is earnestly sought.

REP. BERNADETTE HERRERA-DY

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Kirstin Bernabe et al., Special Report: Worker hired, fired every 5 months, INQUIRER.NET, May 1, 2014, http://newsinfo.inquirer.net/598582/worker-hired-fired-every-5-months (last accessed on July 20, 2016).

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# DEFINING EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP AMENDING FOR THIS PURPOSE ARTICLES 279 AND 281 OF PRESIDENTIAL DEGREE NO. 442, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE LABOR CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES, AS AMENDED

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

**SECTION 1.** Article 279 of the Labor Code, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

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"ARTICLE 279 [293]. SECURITY OF TENURE — ALL EMPLOYEES IRRESPECTIVE OF EMPLOYMENT STATUS OR POSITION SHALL NOT BE DISMISSED WITHOUT CAUSE AND DUE PROCESS.

AN ILLEGALLY DISMISSED EMPLOYEE WHO IS DISMISSED WITHOUT CAUSE AND DUE PROCESS SHALL BE ENTITLED TO REINSTATEMENT WITHOUT LOSS OF SENIORITY RIGHTS AND BENEFITS, AND FULL BACKWAGES, ALLOWANCES, AND COMMISSIONS, INCLUDING SSS, PHILHEALTH. PAG-IBIG AND ALL OTHER BENEFITS AND LAW, COMPANY REMUNERATIONS PROVIDED BY **POLICY** AND COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT, COMPUTED **FROM** THE TIME COMPENSATION WAS WITHHELD UP TO THE TIME OF ACTUAL REINSTATEMENT.

THE EMPLOYER SHALL HAVE THE BURDEN OF PROVING THAT THE TERMINATION IS WITH CAUSE AND DUE PROCESS."

**SECTION 2.** A new provision shall be inserted after Article 280 [294] of the Labor Code, as amended, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 280-A. REPEATED ENGAGEMENT – ENGAGEMENT OF THE SAME EMPLOYEE AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE PROBATIONARY EMPLOYMENT OR CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT WOULD RENDER THE EMPLOYMENT REGULAR.

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SECTION 3. Article 281 of the Labor Code, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE 281 [295]. **PROBATIONARY** EMPLOYMENT. PROBATIONARY EMPLOYMENT SHALL NOT EXCEED SIX (6) MONTHS FROM THE FIRST DAY OF SERVICE REGARDLESS OF THE NATURE OF WORK TO BE PERFORMED.

RIGHTS, TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT OF THE PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEE, WHICH SHALL NOT BE LOWER THAN THE MINIMUM STANDARDS SET BY LAWS OR REGULATIONS, THE JOB DESCRIPTION, AND THE QUALIFICATION **STANDARDS** QUALIFY FOR REGULAR EMPLOYMENT SHALL BE IN A WRITTEN CONTRACT AND MADE KNOWN BY THE EMPLOYER TO THE EMPLOYEE AT THE TIME OF HIS/HER ENGAGEMENT.

THE SERVICES OF A PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEE MAY BE TERMINATED FOR JUST AND AUTHORIZED CAUSE UNDER ARTICLES 282 AND 283 OF THE LABOR CODE, AS AMENDED, OR WHEN HE/SHE FAILS TO QUALIFY AS A REGULAR EMPLOYEE.

THE PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEE SHALL AUTOMATICALLY BECOME A REGULAR EMPLOYEE AFTER MEETING THE STANDARDS STIPULATED IN THE WRITTEN CONTRACT OF PROBATIONARY EMPLOYMENT.

SECTION 4. Rules and Regulations. - The Secretary of Labor and Employment shall promulgate the necessary implementing rules and regulations within one hundred and twenty (120) days from the effectivity of this Act.

SECTION 5. Repealing Clause. - All laws, decrees, rules, and regulations or parts thereof, which are contrary to or inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 6. Separability Provisions. If any provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this law, or the application of such provision or part to other persons of circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

SECTION 7. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,