

Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City

Seventeenth Congress First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO 2509



Introduced by HON. DAKILA CARLO E. CUA

EXPLANATORY NOTE

In the advent of technology and with the interconnectivity of Filipino citizens via the internet worldwide, there is a compelling need to establish a framework that will provide a medium for Filipino netizens to participate in legislative process through the use of internet,

This bill seeks to create a platform through the internet where people can start campaign, petition, review, repeal or create a law of national importance.

This crowdsourcing in the legislative process will provide an avenue for Filipino in the country and abroad to freely engage in the legislative process.

DAKILA CARLO ENRIQUEZ CUA

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC]
OF THE PHILIPPINES	
First Regular Session	

HOUSE BILL NO.

Introduced by: HON. DAKILA CARLO E. CUA

AN ACT PROVIDING A FRAMEWORK FOR CITIZEN PARTICIPATION IN THE LEGISLATIVE PROCESS THROUGH THE USE OF THE INTERNET AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall also be known as the "Crowdsourcing Act".

SEC. 2. *Declaration of Policy-* The sovereignty of the State resides in its people and all government authority emanates from them. This principle is hereby extended to the right of citizens to participate in the legislative process through the use of new, effective, and responsive communication mechanisms to promote and protect participation in all levels of social, political, and economic decisions.

Crowdsourcing is a concept that recognizes and allows an individual and collective power of the people, with the use of the Internet or other ICT systems, to contribute to the formulation, improvement, or creation of laws that benefit the State.

SEC. 3. Crowdsourcing in the Legislative Process. – The Presidential Legislative Liaison Office (PLLO) shall create a platform through the Internet where people can start a campaign or a petition to review, amend, repeal, or create a law. This platform shall be available in their website to serve as the avenue for individuals or groups to propose legislations to the members of Congress. Once a proposed measure reaches three hundred thousand (300,000) verified signatures, the PLLO shall forward the said proposed measure to the Chairperson of the Committees on both Houses of Congress for further action.

All comments sent through the portal shall form part of the official and public records of Congress and shall be considered in the final output of the measure.

SEC. 4. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Act, the PLLO, in coordination with the House of Representatives and Senate if the Philippines' secretariat, shall promulgate the necessary rules and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.

- **SEC. 5.** Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations or other issuances, or parts thereof, inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
- **SEC. 6.** *Separability Clause.* If any portion or provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act or any provisions not affected thereby shall remain in force and effect.
- **SEC. 7.** *Effectivity.* This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or two (2) newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines.
- 9 Approved,