SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS
CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES
First Regular Session
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

House Bill No. 3222

REGISTRATION UNIT BILLS AND INDEX SERVICE

Introduced by REPRESENTATIVE PIA S. CAYETANO

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Eye disorders or ailments are usually diagnosed and addressed only in the adolescent or adult stage. But unknown to many, these problems can be detected and resolved at an early stage with the help of simple diagnostic tests and non-surgical procedures.

Vision screening tests are simple methods used to identify children who have, or are at risk of, developing eye problems. It is deemed to be more efficient since it can identify numerous eye problems such as strabismus, cataract, glaucoma, amblyopia and other refractive errors. It is also cost-effective because instead of undergoing a comprehensive examination, the student is just required to look at a penlight or flashlight, or to read a chart specifically made for vision screening.

According to the Philippine Eye Research Institute (PERI), one (1) in twenty (20) preschoolers and one (1) in four (4) school-aged children have an eye problem. Furthermore, more than ten percent (10%) of young children have visual acuity problems, including errors of refraction (EOR) and amblyopia, even higher than the five to ten percent (5-10%) of the United States and Europe. Because children cannot, by themselves, identify that they have eye problems, studies recommend that vision screening should ideally be conducted for children starting at age three (3).

The Philippine Academy of Ophthalmology likewise emphasizes the importance of normal eye alignment during infancy and childhood since poor vision at this stage affects the child's performance in school, or the way he or she interacts with the community. Leaving this disorder untreated may lead to more serious eye problems and sometimes, even blindness.

Among all our senses, the sense of sight is the most abused and neglected. Hence, it is important that vision screening tests be conducted at an early stage to prevent complications in the future. This is thus a call for the Department of Health, the Department of Education and all related institutions to collaborate and establish a centralized and organized program for vision screening tests.

For the reasons aforementioned, approval of the Bill is urgently sought.

Pia S. Cayetano PIA S. CAYETANO 2nd District of Taguig City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

House Bill No. 3222

Introduced by REPRESENTATIVE PIA S. CAYETANO

AN ACT ESTABLISHING A NATIONAL VISION SCREENING PROGRAM FOR KINDERGARTEN PUPILS AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- SECTION 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as the "National Vision 1 2 Screening Act."
- 3 SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. - Pursuant to Article II, Section 15 of the 1987
- Philippine Constitution, it is hereby declared the policy of the State to protect and 4
- 5 promote the right to health of the people and instill health consciousness among
- them. In line with this policy, the State shall endeavor to promote every Filipino's
- 7 full potential through good vision by creating ways and means to address vision
- problems, including blindness, among children. 8
- 9 Towards this end, the State shall institute a program that will help screen the 10 school children for visual problems.
- 11 SEC. 3. Establishment of a National Vision Screening Program. - A National
- 12 Vision Screening Program (NVSP) is hereby established under the Department of
- 13 Education (DepEd) which is primarily intended to screen the eye vision of
- 14 kindergarten pupils.
- 15 SEC. 4. Program Objectives. - The objectives of the NVSP are:
- 16 (a) To conduct a simple vision screening test on kindergarten pupils through 17 trained teachers and identify pupils with possible visual problems;
- 18 (b) To identify early childhood visual problems:
- (c) To provide immediate attention to visually impaired kindergarten pupils 19 20 and create a referral system so that they may be checked and treated by 21 eye care practitioners;

- 1 (d) To develop a vision screening results database for all kindergarten pupils; and
- 3 (e) To conduct continuing research on the state of visual impairment among 4 kindergarten pupils.
- SEC. 5. Program Implementation. The DepEd shall lead the implementation of the NVSP, in coordination with the Department of Health (DOH) and the Philippine Eye Research Institute (PERI), which is under the National Institutes of Health of the University of the Philippines (UP).

In the implementation of the NVSP, the DepEd shall:

- (a) In coordination with the DOH and the PERI, administer the vision screening program to all public kindergarten pupils using a Vision Screening Kit which includes charts with symbols or numbers, occluders, and transparent response key: *Provided*, That the DOH and PERI may recommend to adopt new modes or methods of vision screening based on the latest trends and developments;
 - (b) In coordination with the DOH and PERI, shall train and certify teachers in conducting the vision screening program;
 - (c) In consultation with the DOH and PERI, develop a system of referral and corrective measures for kindergarten pupils who are suspected or diagnosed to have possible eye ailments;
- 21 (d) Create a vision screening database containing the results of the 22 screening per child and visual conditions diagnosed by the eye care practitioners; 23 and
- (e) Monitor and evaluate the implementation of the NVSP.
- The private schools shall be encouraged to adopt their own system of vision screening for kindergarten pupils enrolled in their respective schools, subject to standards under the NVSP.
- 28 **SEC. 6.** *PhilHealth's Benefit Package.* The Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth) shall develop a benefit package for the consultation and
- 30 treatment of eye diseases of children.
- 31 SEC. 7. Vision Screening Training. The PERI shall be mainly responsible for
- 32 training of Vision Screening Trainers for purposes of quality assurance. It shall
- 33 likewise recommend the appropriate Vision Screening material to be used.
- 34 SEC. 8. Research. The DOH and the PERI shall conduct research and provide
- 35 evidence-based recommendations to the DepEd on matters pertaining to the
- 36 NVSP. Furthermore, the PERI shall perform continuing research on childhood
- 37 related eye vision ailments.

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- 1 SEC. 9. The Vision Screening Continuing Research Fund. There is hereby
- 2 created a Vision Screening Continuing Research (VSCR) Fund to be sourced from
- 3 any donation or bequest made to the DepEd or DOH in favor of the NVSP. The
- 4 VSCR Fund shall be used to fund the PERI for its continuing research program in
- 5 connection with childhood related eye vision ailments.
- 6 SEC. 10. Tax Exemption. Any donation or bequest made to the DepEd, DOH, or
- 7 PERI for the NVSP and for the VSCR Fund shall be exempt from donor's tax and
- 8 the same shall be considered allowable deduction from the gross income of the
- 9 donor, in accordance with the provisions of the National Internal Revenue Code of
- 10 1997, as amended: Provided, That the donation is duly approved by the DepEd,
- 11 DOH, or UP.
- 12 SEC. 11. Appropriations. The amount currently appropriated in the General
- 13 Appropriations Act for related activities under the DepEd and DOH shall be
- 14 allocated and utilized for the initial implementation of this Act. Thereafter, such
- 15 amount as may be necessary for the NVSP's implementation, including continuing
- 16 research, shall be included under the budget of the DepEd and DOH in the annual
- 17 General Appropriations Act.
- 18 For kindergarten pupils enrolled in private schools, the funding needed for
- 19 the implementation of their respective school's vision screening program shall be
- 20 assumed by the private schools concerned.
- 21 SEC. 12. Implementing Rules and Regulations. Within ninety (90) days from
- 22 the approval of this Act, the DepEd, in consultation with the DOH, PERI and other
- 23 participating government agencies, shall formulate the implementing rules and
- 24 regulations (IRR) of this Act.
- 25 SEC. 13. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act is held invalid or
- 26 unconstitutional, the other provisions not so declared shall remain in force and
- 27 effect.
- 28 SEC. 14. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, orders and rules and regulations
- 29 contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or
- 30 amended accordingly.
- 31 SEC. 15. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
- 32 publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,