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REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
 Quezon City, Metro Manila

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS
 First Regular Session

HOUSEBILL NO. 1990

INTRODUCED BY HONORABLE RANDOLPH S. TING

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The bill aims to establish the Peñablanca Protected Landscape and Seascapes (PPLS) as a component of the National Integrated Protected Areas System (NIPAS), which was established pursuant to Republic Act No. 7586, otherwise known as the "National Integrated Protected Areas System Act of 1992," in order to protect and conserve the remaining natural resources of the country. The bill seeks to ensure biodiversity protection and conservation of the PPLS through participatory and sustainable development and to promote and protect the interest of the inhabitants.

Undoubtedly one of the most famous landscapes in the country, the Peñablanca Protected Landscape is located in Cagayan Province and is traversed by Pinacanauan de Tuguegarao River. The area is an Eden for people who love hiking, boating, bird watching, swimming and spelunking in its various cave systems. Moreover, the protection of the area is very crucial to the socio-economic progress of the province of Cagayan because it is the watershed that provides domestic water for the municipality of Peñablanca and Tuguegarao City.

An area of very high biodiversity, the Peñablanca Protected Landscape and Seascapes is a home to threatened endemic species like the Philippine Eagle and Isabela Oriole. A recent survey conducted by a team composed of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Conservation International and local communities confirmed the richness of its biodiversity. There is a total of 109 species of birds, 15 species of mammals, 8 species of amphibians and 7 species of reptiles; and that the area contains premium species of trees like Narra (*Pterocarpus indicus*), Ipil (*Intia vijuga*), Molave (*Vitex parviflora*) and other endemic species of plants.

As early as July 16, 1935, a small portion of the municipality of Peñablanca, Cagayan covering 192 hectares was proclaimed Callao Caves National Park by virtue of Presidential Proclamation No. 827. An adjacent area was later on proclaimed as the Callao Forest Reserve by virtue of Presidential Proclamation No. 584 on July 28, 1940, with a total area of 10,102 hectares. Finally, on June 29, 1994, the Peñablanca Protected Landscape was proclaimed by virtue of Presidential Proclamation No. 416 consolidating the Callao Caves National Park and Callao Forest Reserve and southeastern portions of Peñablanca.

The measure will expand the area covered by Peñablanca Protected Landscape from 4,136 hectares to approximately 118,781.582 hectares because of the inclusion of five (5) kilometers of marine areas from the shoreline.

Given the richness of the natural beauty and the importance of the Peñablanca Protected Landscape to the ecological and socio-economic development of the local communities, it is therefore necessary to give primary consideration and protection of this area.

The participation of all the stakeholders of the PPLS, especially the local communities headed by the concerned local government agencies, shall be also maximized to ensure efficient and effective management and protection of the area.

In view of the foregoing, the immediate passage of this bill is earnestly requested.



RANDOLPH S. TING
Representative
3RD Legislative District
Province of Cagayan

1
2 REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
3 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City, Metro Manila

4 SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS
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7 INTRODUCED BY HON. RANDOLPH S. TING

8 AN ACT
9 ESTABLISHING THE PEÑABLANCA PROTECTED LANDSCAPE AND SEASCAPE
10 LOCATED IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF PEÑABLANCA, PROVINCE OF CAGAYAN,
11 AS A PROTECTED AREA AND ITS PERIPHERAL AREAS AS BUFFER ZONE.

12 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the Philippines in
13 Congress assembled:

14 **SECTION 1. Title.** – This Act shall be known as “Peñablanca Protected Landscape and
15 Seascape (PPLS) Act of 2015.”

16 **SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy.** – Cognizant to the remarkable ecological and biological
17 importance of the Peñablanca Protected Landscape and Seascapes as part of the
18 remaining tropical rainforest in the country; owing to its rich and diverse ecosystems
19 comprising coastal, riverine, agricultural and forest; existence of the famous multi-
20 chambered caves, waterfalls and deep canyons; for having been home to numerous
21 plants and animals like the rare Philippine Eagle, endangered Isabella Oriole, Mottled-
22 Wing Flying Fox, threatened Luzon Bleeding Heart Pigeon and millions of Insect Bats
23 that display their awesome circadian flight at dusk; and due to its aesthetic, historical,
24 archeological, cultural and economic significance to the country, it is hereby declared
25 the policy of the State to secure the protection, preservation and rehabilitation of the
26 PPLS, its communities, their culture and way of life provided they are in harmony with
27 nature and not detrimental to the ecological ecosystems and biodiversity of the area. As
28 such, the State shall ensure biodiversity protection and conservation of the PPLS
29 through participatory and sustainable development, to promote and protect the interest
30 of the inhabitants and recognize the customary laws consistent with Republic Act No.
31 7586 or the National Integrated Protected Areas System (NIPAS) Act of 1992 and
32 Republic Act No. 8371 or the Indigenous Peoples Rights Act (IPRA) of 1997, including
33 international Convention Agreements to which the Philippines is a signatory.

34 **SEC 3. Category** – The area is categorized as protected landscape and seascapes
35 based on the result of the resource basic inventory and protected area suitability
36 assessment undertaken in the area.

37 Upholding the categories are the several deep-seated multi-chambered caves of
38 pristine stalactites and stalagmites. These caves, which include the famous Callao, and
39 Sierra caves offer wonderful caving experiences to tourist serious/professional cavers/
40 spelunkers. Other significant features sustaining the said category are rock formations;
41 water falls; bat cave where millions of insect bats abound and display their circadian
42 flight at dusk; rich biodiversity spanning coastal, freshwater, agricultural/grassland and
43 forest ecosystems teemed with multitudes of plants and animals, some of which are
44 rare and endangered species.

45 **SEC. 4. Definition of Terms.** – For purposes of this Act the following terms shall be
46 defined as follows.

- 47 (a) "Biodiversity" shall refer to the variety and variability among all living organisms
48 and the ecological complexes in which they occur.
- 49 (b) "Buffer zone" shall refer to identified areas outside the boundaries of and
50 immediately adjacent to the PPLS pursuant to the management plan.
- 51
- 52 (c) "Collection" shall refer to the act of gathering, harvesting or catching wildlife, or
53 the taking of any of its parts, derivatives or by-products.
- 54 (d) "Commercial" shall refer to market sale in volume in excess of that required to
55 maintain a basic subsistence for workers and their dependents.
- 56 (e) "Commercial Fishing" the taking of fishery species by passive or active gear or
57 trade, business or profit beyond subsistence or sports fishing, to be further
58 classified as;
- 59 Small scale commercial fishing – fishing with passive or active gear
60 utilizing fishing vessels of 3.1 gross tons (GT) up to twenty (20) GT;
- 61 Medium scale commercial fishing – fishing utilizing active gears and
62 vessels of 20.1 GT up to One Hundred Fifty (150) GT; and
- 63 Large scale commercial fishing – fishing utilizing active gears and vessels
64 of more than One Hundred Fifty (150) GT.
- 65 (f) "DENR" shall refer to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources.
- 66 (g) "Endangered species" shall refer to species or subspecies of plants or animals
67 whose populations are in danger of extinction and whose survival is unlikely if
68 the causal factors continue operating.
- 69 (h) "Endemic species" shall refer to species or subspecies of plants or animals
70 which has limited distribution, often within the geographic limits of the State.
- 71 (i) "Exotic species" shall refer to species or subspecies which do not naturally
72 occur within the biogeography region of the PPLS at present or in historical
73 time.
- 74 (j) "Exploration" shall refer to searching or prospecting for mineral resources, as
75 defined by law, by geological, geochemical or geophysical surveys, remote
76 sensing, test pitting, trenching, drilling, shaft sinking, tunneling or any other
77 means for the purpose of determining the existence, extent, quantity and quality
78 thereof and the feasibility of mining them for profit.
- 79 (k) "Exploitation" shall refer to any mode of use, extraction, development, utilization
80 or disposition of resources, for whatever purpose, whether commercial or
81 otherwise.
- 82 (l) "FARMC" shall refer to the Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Management
83 Council.
- 84 (m) "Fishing with Explosive" the use of dynamite, other explosives or other chemical
85 compounds that contains combustible elements or ingredients, which upon
86 ignition by friction, concussion, percussion or detonation of all or parts of
87 species. It also refers to the use of any other substance and/or device which
88 causes an explosion that is capable of producing the said harmful effects on

89 any fishery species and aquatic resources and capable of damaging and
90 altering the natural habitat.

- 91 (n) "Fishing with noxious or poisonous substance" is the use of any substance,
92 plant extracts or juice thereof, sodium cyanide and/or cyanide compounds or
93 other chemicals either in raw or processed form, harmful or harmless to human
94 beings, which will kill, stupefy, disable or render unconscious any fishery
95 species and aquatic resources and capable of damaging and altering the
96 natural habitat.
- 97 (o) "General Management Plan (GMP)" is the basic long-term framework plan in
98 the management of the protected area and as guide in the preparation of the
99 annual operations plan and budget.
- 100 (p) "General Management Plan and Strategy "(GMPS)" is the guide in the
101 formulation of site specific management plans including buffer zones.
- 102 (q) "Habitats" shall refer to an inhabited by wildlife in the natural state.
- 103 (r) "Indigenous Peoples or IPs shall refer to People sharing common bonds of
104 language, customs, traditions, and other distinctive cultural traits and who have
105 since time immemorial occupied, proceeds and utilize the PPL's territory
- 106 (s) "Indigenous species" shall refer to native Philippine species and/or subspecies
107 with an existing or historical natural occurrence and distribution within the PPLS
108 and its buffer zones.
- 109 (t) "IPRA" shall refer to the Indigenous Peoples Right Act of Republic Act No. 8371
110 and its pertinent rules and regulations.
- 111 (u) "Integrated Protected Area Fund" is a trust fund established for the purpose of
112 financing projects of the system.
- 113 (v) "Large-scale infrastructure projects" shall refer to major port facilities, major
114 highways, tall edifices, major dams, and the like.
- 115 (w) "Management Manual" is an individual management plan, continuing basic
116 background information, field inventory of the resources area, assessment of
117 assets and limitations regional interrelationships objectives for managing the
118 area, appropriate division of the area into management zones, boundaries and
119 design of the management programs.
- 120 (x) "NIPAS Act" shall refer to the National Integrated Protected Areas System Act
121 of 1992 or Republic Act No. 7586, and its pertinent rules and regulations.
- 122 (y) "Non-government organization (NGO)" shall refer to any civic, development,
123 conservation or philanthropic, non-stock, non-profit organization, duly
124 registered, having constitution and by-laws, a democratically elected
125 representation and multi-sectoral in character.
- 126 (z) "Non-renewable resources" shall refer to those resources within the PPLS and
127 its buffer zones, the natural replenishment rate of which is not known.
- 128 (aa)Protected Area Superintendent (PASU) - is the chief operating DENR officer of
129 the PPLS.
- 130 (bb) "Protected Area Management Board (PAMB)" shall refer to the site-based
131 decision making body responsible in the planning, resource protection and

132 general administration of the area in accordance with the grouped management
133 plan.

134 (cc) "People's organization (PO)" shall refer to any organized group of people
135 residing the PPLS and its buffer zones formed to advance the interests of the
136 sector they represent which does not necessarily have by-laws.

137 (dd) "Protected Area (PA)" shall refer to identified portions of land and water set
138 aside by reason of their unique physical and biological significance, managed
139 to enhance biological diversity and protected against destructive human
140 exploitation, and unless the context otherwise provides shall refer to the PPLS.

141 (ee) "Protected species" shall refer to any plant or animal that is declared protected
142 under Philippine laws, rules and regulations. This shall also include all plants
143 and animals listed under CITIES, the Bonn Convention on Migratory Animals,
144 those specified under the red-list categories of the International Union for the
145 Conservation of Nature (IUCN), and those species which may not be
146 considered threatened elsewhere but are in danger of extinction within the
147 PPLS as determined by the PAMB.

148 (ff) "Quarrying" shall refer to the process of extracting, removing and disposing
149 quarry resources, as defined by law, found on or underneath the surface of
150 private or public land.

151 (gg) "Recreation zones" shall refer to areas of high recreational, tourism,
152 educational or environmental awareness values where sustainable eco-tourism,
153 recreational, conservation, education or public awareness activities may be
154 allowed as prescribed in the management plan.

155 (hh) "Sustainable use" shall refer to the use of components of biological diversity in
156 a way and at a rate that does not lead to the decline of the species and not
157 causing permanent or long-term diminishment or qualitative degradation of
158 biological species, ecological functions or of other resources extracted or
159 disturbed, thereby maintaining its potential to meet the needs and aspirations of
160 the present and future Filipino generations.

161 (ii) "Tenured migrants" shall refer to any person within, who has actually and
162 continuously occupied an area of the PPLS for five (5) years prior to June 29,
163 1994 and are solely dependent therein for subsistence.

164 (jj) "Traditional" shall refer to using no power machinery resource in extraction
165 process and consistent with historically customary techniques of production.

166 (kk) "Wildlife" shall refer to wild forms and varieties of flora and fauna, including
167 captive-bred or propagated individuals, parts, derivatives and by-products
168 thereof.

169 (ll) "Zones" shall refer to the divisions within the PPLS established into levels of
170 protection and permitted use of natural resources such as strict protection
171 zone, sustainable use zone, cultural zone, recreational zone and special use
172 zone, as provided under existing rules and regulations and appropriate land
173 uses.

174 **SEC. 5. Scope.** – The Peñablanca Protected Landscape and Seascape (PPLS) is
175 hereby declared as part of the NIPAS under the category of Protected Landscapes and
176 Seascape as defined herein. The PPLS area includes the good forest cover, the
177 seascapes in the eastern side, and a buffer zone of not more than one (1) kilometer of

178 Baggao and the province of Isabela, respectively. The protected area boundaries shall
179 be as follows:

180 Beginning at a point marked 1 in the map with geographical coordinates 17°34'59.18"
181 North Latitude and 121°49'13.43" East Longitude.

182 thence N 05°E, 370 meters to corner 2;

183 thence N 08°W, 190 meters to corner 3;

184 thence N 18°E, 200 meters to corner 4;

185 thence N 07°E, 200 meters to corner 5;

186 thence N 78°E, 240 meters to corner 6;

187 thence N 02°W, 180 meters to corner 7;

188 thence N 08°E, 160 meters to corner 8;

189 thence N 41°W, 169 meters to corner 9;

190 thence N 12°E, 740 meters to corner 10;

191 thence N 72°E, 240 meters to corner 11;

192 thence N 39°E, 240 meters to corner 12;

193 thence N 15°W, 280 meters to corner 13;

194 thence N 28°E, 180 meters to corner 14;

195 thence N 84°E, 280 meters to corner 15;

196 thence N 05°W, 230 meters to corner 16;

197 thence N 42°E, 45 meters to corner 17;

198 thence N 22°E, 230 meters to corner 18;

199 thence N 42°E, 280 meters to corner 19;

200 thence N 19°W, 175 meters to corner 20;

201 thence N 25°E, 150 meters to corner 21;

202 thence N 55°E, 195 meters to corner 22;

203 thence N 12°E, 270 meters to corner 23;

204 thence N 19°W, 250 meters to corner 24;

205 thence N 29°E, 145 meters to corner 25;

206 thence N 43°W, 170 meters to corner 26;

207 thence N 08°W, 205 meters to corner 27;

208 thence N 30°W, 190 meters to corner 28;
209 thence N 28°E, 270 meters to corner 29;
210 thence N 46°E, 240 meters to corner 30;
211 thence N 10°W, 195 meters to corner 31;
212 thence N 25°W, 225 meters to corner 32;
213 thence N 51°E, 240 meters to corner 33;
214 thence N 62°E, 325 meters to corner 34;
215 thence N 11°W, 225 meters to corner 35;
216 thence N 36°W, 225 meters to corner 36;
217 thence N 53°E, 60 meters to corner 37;
218 thence N 34°E, 115 meters to corner 38;
219 thence N 20°W, 240 meters to corner 39;
220 thence N 75°E, 70 meters to corner 40;
221 thence N 04°E, 120 meters to corner 41;
222 thence N 07°E, 160 meters to corner 42;
223 thence N 18°E, 180 meters to corner 43;
224 thence N 59°E, 205 meters to corner 44;
225 thence N 75°E, 190 meters to corner 45;
226 thence N 61°E, 200 meters to corner 46;
227 thence N 46°E, 130 meters to corner 47;
228 thence N 81°E, 130 meters to corner 48;
229 thence N 74°E, 300 meters to corner 49;
230 thence N 70°E, 205 meters to corner 50;
231 thence N 35°E, 190 meters to corner 51;
232 thence N 13°E, 160 meters to corner 52;
233 thence N 09°E, 185 meters to corner 53;
234 thence N 11°W, 100 meters to corner 54;
235 thence N 81°E, 120 meters to corner 55;
236 thence N 89°E, 145 meters to corner 56;

237 thence N 83°E, 250 meters to corner 57;
238 thence N 83°E, 185 meters to corner 58;
239 thence N 56°E, 170 meters to corner 59;
240 thence N 48°E, 360 meters to corner 60;
241 thence N 42°E, 315 meters to corner 61;
242 thence N 40°E, 145 meters to corner 62;
243 thence N 46°E, 195 meters to corner 63;
244 thence N 71°E, 225 meters to corner 64;
245 thence N 10°E, 210 meters to corner 65;
246 thence N 34°E, 190 meters to corner 66;
247 thence N 11°E, 250 meters to corner 67;
248 thence N 84°E, 185 meters to corner 68;
249 thence N 40°E, 210 meters to corner 69;
250 thence N 21°E, 80 meters to corner 70;
251 thence N 76°E, 110 meters to corner 71;
252 thence DUE N, 150 meters to corner 72;
253 thence N 60°E, 185 meters to corner 73;
254 thence N 49°E, 210 meters to corner 74;
255 thence N 84°E, 230 meters to corner 75;
256 thence N 57°E, 210 meters to corner 76;
257 thence N 33°E, 275 meters to corner 77;
258 thence N 33°E, 225 meters to corner 78;
259 thence S 35°E, 250 meters to corner 79;
260 thence N 39°E, 200 meters to corner 80;
261 thence N 76°E, 200 meters to corner 81;
262 thence N 81°E, 435 meters to corner 82;
263 thence S 79°E, 235 meters to corner 83;
264 thence S 82°E, 250 meters to corner 84;
265 thence N 80°E, 200 meters to corner 85;

266 thence S 69°E, 195 meters to corner 86;
267 thence S 25°E, 360 meters to corner 87;
268 thence S 53°E, 290 meters to corner 88;
269 thence S 36°E, 240 meters to corner 89;
270 thence S 55°E, 200 meters to corner 90;
271 thence S 27°E, 170 meters to corner 91;
272 thence N 23°E, 230 meters to corner 92;
273 thence S 47°E, 280 meters to corner 93;
274 thence N 05°W, 300 meters to corner 94;
275 thence N 35°W, 200 meters to corner 95;
276 thence N 37°E, 120 meters to corner 96;
277 thence S 47°E, 190 meters to corner 98;
278 thence S 40°E, 240 meters to corner 99;
279 thence DUE, 180 meters to corner 100;
280 thence N 02°E, 160 meters to corner 101;
281 thence N 18°W, 240 meters to corner 102;
282 thence N 32°E, meters to corner 103;
283 thence N 20°W, 240 meters to corner 104;
284 thence N 17°E, 200 meters to corner 105;
285 thence N 03°E, 220 meters to corner 106;
286 thence N 61°E, 180 meters to corner 107;
287 thence N 39°E, 235 meters to corner 108;
288 thence N 49°W, 300 meters to corner 109;
289 thence N 65°E, 190 meters to corner 110;
290 thence N 37°W, 145 meters to corner 111;
291 thence N 57°W, 235 meters to corner 112;
292 thence N 68°W, 115 meters to corner 113;
293 thence N 38°W, 240 meters to corner 114;
294 thence N 39°W, 150 meters to corner 115;

295 thence N 67°W, 200 meters to corner 116;
296 thence N 57°W, 260 meters to corner 117;
297 thence N 52°W, 230meters to corner 118;
298 thence N 22°E, 200 meters to corner 119;
299 thence N 42°E, 260 meters to corner 120;
300 thence N 30°E,781 meters to corner 121;
301 thence D - E, 2,388 meters to corner 122;
302 thence D - E, 22,658 meters to corner 123;
303 thence S 02°W, 274 meters to corner 124;
304 thence S 71°W, 359.29 meters to corner 125;
305 thence S 14°E, 691 meters to corner 126;
306 thence N 69°E, 498 meters to corner 127;
307 thence S 31°E, 708 meters to corner 128;
308 thence S 33°W, 956meters to corner 129;
309 thence S 50°W, 494.29 meters to corner 130;
310 thence S 74°W, 546meters to corner 1131;
311 thence S 28°W, 507 meters to corner 132;
312 thence S 20°E, 342 meters to corner 133;
313 thence S 37°W, 656 meters to corner 134;
314 thence S 02°W, 621 meters to corner 135;
315 thence S 35°E, 300 meters to corner 136;
316 thence S 08°W, 804 meters to corner 137;
317 thence S 34°E, 1,010 meters to corner 138;
318 thence S 05°E, 402 meters to corner 139;
319 thence S 46°W, 260.98 meters to corner 140;
320 thence S 35°E, 357meters to corner 141;
321 thence S 08°E, 486meters to corner 142;
322 thence S 24°E, 659 meters to corner 143;
323 thence S 25°W, 806 meters to corner 144;

324 thence S 03°W, 862 meters to corner 145;
325 thence S 25°E, 701 meters to corner 146;
326 thence S 54°E, 459.15 meters to corner 147;
327 thence S 09°W, 451 meters to corner 148;
328 thence S 18°E, 1,021 meters to corner 149;
329 thence S 55°E, 570 meters to corner 150;
330 thence S 23°W, 952 meters to corner 151;
331 thence S 44°W, 364 meters to corner 152;
332 thence S 15°E, 451 meters to corner 153;
333 thence N 71°E, 358 meters to corner 154;
334 thence S 34°E, 826 meters to corner 155;
335 thence S 46°W, 904 meters to corner 156;
336 thence S 21°W, 918 meters to corner 157;
337 thence S 02°E, 611 meters to corner 158;
338 thence S 36°E, 550 meters to corner 159;
339 thence S 59°E, 431 meters to corner 160;
340 thence S 08°W, 368 meters to corner 161;
341 thence S 41°E, 349 meters to corner 162;
342 thence S 14°W, 653 meters to corner 163;
343 thence S 12°W, 788 meters to corner 164;
344 thence S 14°E, 1,071 meters to corner 165;
345 thence S 08°W, 834 meters to corner 166;
346 thence S 23°E, 556 meters to corner 167;
347 thence S 15°W, 406 meters to corner 168;
348 thence S 14°W, 1,168 meters to corner 169;
349 thence S 05°E, 1,110 meters to corner 170;
350 thence S 16°E, 1,756 meters to corner 171;
351 thence S 22°E, 1,432 meters to corner 172;
352 thence S 53°E, 615 meters to corner 173;

353 thence S 10°E, 460 meters to corner 174;
354 thence S 08°W, 776 meters to corner 175;
355 thence S 58°E, 302 meters to corner 176;
356 thence S 02°E, 431 meters to corner 177;
357 thence N 82°E, 300 meters to corner 178;
358 thence S 33°E, 348 meters to corner 179;
359 thence S 11°E, 401 meters to corner 180;
360 thence S 10°W, 375 meters to corner 181;
361 thence S 31°E, 400 meters to corner 182;
362 thence S 60°E, 412 meters to corner 183;
363 thence S 10°W, 540 meters to corner 184;
364 thence S 89°23'W, 30,430 meters to corner 185;
365 thence N 26°W, 1,371 meters to corner 186;
366 thence N 18°E, 968 meters to corner 187;
367 thence N 33°W, 701 meters to corner 188;
368 thence D - W, 253 meters to corner 189;
369 thence N 21°E, 432meters to corner 190;
370 thence N 62°W, 1,112meters to corner 191;
371 thence N 05°E, 878meters to corner 192;
372 thence N 28°E, 479 meters to corner 193;
373 thence N 32°E, 618 meters to corner 194;
374 thence N 77°E, 631 meters to corner 195;
375 thence N 86°E, 498 meters to corner 196;
376 thence N 30°E, 881 meters to corner 197;
377 thence N 17°E, 631 meters to corner 198;
378 thence N 25°E, 872 meters to corner 199;
379 thence N 35°E, 459 meters to corner 200;
380 thence N 46°E, 1,616 meters to corner 201;
381 thence N 28°E, 878 meters to corner 202;

382 thence N 28°E, 638 meters to corner 203;
383 thence N 08°E, 1,423 meters to corner 204;
384 thence N 80°W, 590 meters to corner 205;
385 thence S 50°W, 1,002 meters to corner 206;
386 thence D - W, 710 meters to corner 207;
387 thence S 04°E, 1,007 meters to corner 208;
388 thence S 24°W, 701 meters to corner 209;
389 thence S 24°W, 1,240 meters to corner 210;
390 thence S 24°W, 1,040 meters to corner 211;
391 thence S 85°W, 2,008 meters to corner 212;
392 thence N 70°08'W, 310 meters to corner 213;
393 thence S 77°29'W, 550 meters to corner 214;
394 thence S 65°20'W, 1,122 meters to corner 215;
395 thence N 53°W, 180 meters to corner 216;
396 thence N 07°W, 310 meters to corner 217;
397 thence N 20°W, 410 meters to corner 218;
398 thence N 20°W, 330 meters to corner 219;
399 thence N 51°E, 140 meters to corner 220;
400 thence N 25°E, 140 meters to corner 221;
401 thence N 18°E, 350 meters to corner 222;
402 thence N 30°W, 370 meters to corner 223;
403 thence N 30°W, 130 meters to corner 224;
404 thence N 58°E, 110 meters to corner 225;
405 thence N 29°W, 220 meters to corner 226;
406 thence N 22°E, 510 meters to corner 227;
407 thence S 79°W, 240 meters to corner 228;
408 thence N 20°W, 140 meters to corner 229;
409 thence N 27°E, 200 meters to corner 230;
410 thence N 18°E, 240 meters to corner 231;

411 thence N 15°W, 360 meters to corner 232;
412 thence N 37°E, 130 meters to corner 233;
413 thence N 18°41'W, 471 meters to corner 234;
414 thence N 09°E, 50 meters to corner 235;
415 thence N 30°E, 180 meters to corner 236;
416 thence D - N, 160 meters to corner 237;
417 thence D - N, 300 meters to corner 238;
418 thence N 30°W, 60 meters to corner 239;
419 thence N 40°E, 50 meters to corner 240;
420 thence N 07°W, 100 meters to corner 241;
421 thence N 02°W, 160 meters to corner 242;
422 thence N 37°W, 440 meters to corner 243;
423 thence N 01°W, 1,060 meters to corner 244;
424 thence D - N, 800 meters to corner 245;
425 thence N 02°W, 3,060 meters to corner 246;
426 thence N 09°W, 915 meters to corner 247;
427 thence N 41°E, 210 meters to corner 248;
428 thence N 26°W, 190 meters to corner 249;
429 thence N 07°W, 210 meters to corner 250;
430 thence N 05°E, 270 meters to corner 251;
431 thence N 20°E, 250 meters to corner 252;
432 thence N 20°E, 210 meters to corner 253;
433 thence N 16°E, 350meters to corner 254;
434 thence N 18°E, 220 meters to corner 255;
435 thence N 31°E, 180 meters to corner 256;
436 thence N 31°E, 190 meters to corner 257;
437 thence N 31°E, 230 meters to corner 01, which is the point of beginning comprising an
438 approximate total area of One Hundred Eighteen Thousand Seven Hundred Eighty One
439 and 582/100 hectares (118,781.582 has.) of which 87% or One Hundred Three
440 Thousand Two Hundred Eighteen and 582/100 hectares (103, 218.582 has.) is the land

441 area and 13% or Fifteen Thousand Five Hundred Sixty Three hectares (15,563 has.) is
442 the coastline water area.

443 All existing land-use and resource use permits within the PPLS and its buffer zones as
444 provided herein, shall be reviewed and shall not be renewed upon the expiration, unless
445 in conformity with the management plan as provided herein and upon recommendation
446 of the PAMB to the DENR Secretary for approval; Provided that all Alienable and
447 Disposable lands enclosed is subject to prior rights.

448 **SEC. 6. Control and Supervision.** The PPLS shall be managed through co-
449 management scheme with other government agencies such as the Local Government
450 Unit, Department of Agriculture, Department of Education, Department of Tourism and
451 Development of Health, etc, with the DENR as the lead implementing agency in
452 implementing developmental projects and other basic services.

453 **SEC. 7. Management of the PPLS.** The management and administration of the PPLS
454 shall be vested with the DENR through the PAMB. There is hereby created a Protected
455 Area Management Board (PAMB) which shall be the sole policy-making and governing
456 body of the PPLS and its buffer zones.

457 The PAMB shall by consensus or majority vote, approve or take the necessary action
458 to:

459 (a) Decide matters relating to planning, resource protection and general
460 administration of the area in accordance with the General Management Planning
461 Strategy (GMPS)

462 (b) Approve proposals, work plans, action plans, and guidelines, for management
463 of the protected area in accordance with the approved Management Plan.

464 (c) Delineate and demarcate protected area boundaries buffer zones, ancestral
465 domains, and recognize the rights and privileges of indigenous communities
466 under the provisions of the Act.

467 (d) Promulgate rules and regulations to promote development programs and
468 projects on biodiversity conservation and sustainable development consistent
469 with the Management Manual of the protected area.

470 (e) Ensure the implementation of programs as prescribed in the Management
471 Plan in order to provide employment to the people dwelling in and around the
472 protected area.

473 (f) Control and regulate the construction, operation and maintenance of roads,
474 trails, waterworks, sewerage, fire protection and sanitation systems and other
475 public utilities within the protected area.

476 (g) Monitor and evaluate the performance of protected area personnel, NGOs
477 and the communities in providing for the biodiversity conservation and socio-
478 cultural and economic development (NPPSC) and the IPAF Governing Board.

479 (h) Issue rules and regulations in accordance with the management plan to
480 prohibit and regulate acts that may be prejudicial to the PPLS and its buffer
481 zones pursuant to the policy declarations herein set forth

482 (i) Adopt rules of procedures for the conduct of business, including the creation of
483 committees to which the PAMB's powers may be delegated;

484 (j) Recommended to the Regional Executive Director (RED) the deputation of
485 individuals for the enforcement of the laws, rules and regulations governing
486 conduct within the PPLS and its buffer zones and prescribe the necessary
487 qualifications;

488 (k) Accept donations, approve proposals for funding, budget allocations, and
489 exercise accountability over all funds that may accrue to the PPLS;

490 (l) Coordinate with the appropriate agencies of the Government; and

491 (m) Retain legal counsel and deputized officer to defend cases against the PAMB
492 and the Office of PASU whenever they are sued in connection with the
493 performance of their duties under this Act.

494 The DENR, through the RED, shall ensure that the PAMB shall act within the scope of
495 its powers and functions. In case of conflict between administrative orders issued by the
496 DENR pursuant to the NIPAS Act and the resolutions issued by the PAMB, the DENR
497 Secretary shall decide whether to apply the rule withdraw its application within the
498 PPLS.

499 The PAMB shall be composed of the following;

500 (a) The RED of the DENR Region 02 and LGU as Chairperson;

501 (b) The Provincial Environment and Natural Resources Offices (PENRO) of
502 Cagayan;

503 (c) One (1) representative from the Local Government Unit of Peñablanca to be
504 appointed by the Sangguniang Bayan

505 (d) One (1) representative from the Local Government Unit of Tuguegarao City to
506 be appointed by the Sangguniang Panglungsod..

507 (e) The Provincial Planning and Development Officer (PPDO) of Cagayan; Chief
508 Executive of the Local Government Unit

509 (f) Barangay captains of the following barangay: Lapi, Minanga, Mangga, Cabbo,
510 Bical, Baliuag, Nanguilatan, Callao, San Roque, Nabbabalayan, Nannarian,
511 Malibagbag, Sisim, Bugatay, Quibal, Aggugaddan, Cabasan and Buyun to be
512 appointed by the respective Barangay Council.

513 (g) One (1) representative from the Sangguniang Kabataan not chosen from
514 among the chairpersons of each of the barangays within PPLS;

515 (h) Three (3) representatives from NGOs based in the area or with recognized
516 interest within the PPLS, chosen from among themselves;

517 (i) Two (2) representatives from Pos from within the PPLS, chosen from among
518 themselves;

519 (j) Two (2) ICC/IP representatives, chosen directly from among the ICCs/IPs;

520 (k) One (1) representative from the women's sector to be chosen from among the
521 accredited women's organizations;

522 (l) Two (2) representatives from national government agencies, particularly DOT
523 and BFAR;

524 (n) One (1) representative from the federation of irrigators association benefiting
525 from the water resources of PPLS.

526 Each PAMB member shall serve for a term of five (5) years; *Provided*, That said
527 member remains connected with the sector being represented. Whenever a vacancy
528 occurs during the term of a member, a new member shall be appointed in the same
529 manner as the original selection process; *Provided*, That said new member shall only
530 serve the remaining term.

531 A PAMB member may be removed for cause and upon majority vote on the following
532 grounds:

- 533 (a) More than three (3) consecutive unexcused absences in regular PAMB
534 meetings;
- 535 (b) Commission of any of the prohibited acts as provided in this Act, the NIPAS
536 Act or other rules and regulations governing protected areas and protected
537 species;
- 538 (c) Graft and corruption; and
- 539 (d) Conviction of any criminal offense.

540 Within one (1) year from the effectivity of this Act and in consonance with the General
541 Management Planning Strategy as provided for in the NIPAS Act, the office of the
542 PASU shall prepare a site specific management plan and management manual in
543 coordination with the local communities, IPs, LGUs' NGOs' other government agencies
544 and individuals experts. The PAMB shall review and approve the management plan
545 which shall be certified by the DENR Secretary that it conforms to all laws, rules and
546 regulations issued by the DENR. The management plan shall not be revised nor
547 modified without prior consultation with the PAMB. The plan shall contain, among
548 others, the following:

- 549 (a) A period of applicability for twenty five (25) years subject to periodic review
550 every three (3) years.
- 551 (b) Management goals and objectives supporting Section 2 hereof;
- 552 (c) Key management issues such as but not limited to issuance of tenurial
553 instruments, screening, approval and issuance of all developmental and land-
554 use activities within the PPLS and its buffer zones, and adequate restoration,
555 maintenance and protection of wildlife species and fragile ecosystems.
- 556 (d) Site Management Strategy consistent with the NIPAS Act and this Act shall
557 be allowed within the zones. Strategies shall include but not limited to clear
558 and simplified guidelines on activities.
- 559 (e) Major management activities such as but not limited to law enforcement,
560 habitat and wildlife resources management, sustainable use management,
561 infrastructure development and maintenance, fire, pest and disease
562 prevention and control;
- 563 (f) Management zones of the area and its buffer zones in consonance with its
564 appropriate use and in consultation with the primary communities, local
565 government units and other stakeholders. Zoning shall give prime
566 consideration to the preservation and conservation of the biodiversity and
567 with due respect to the traditional areas used by the Indigenous Cultural
568 Communities provided such use is not adverse to the features of the area.

569 The zoning shall also take into account the tenurial and livelihood concerns of
570 the other communities.

- 571 (g) Mechanisms for the protection of the rights of the occupants therein;
- 572 (h) Regulation for the sustainable use of abundant or common species of flora
573 and fauna and their habitats;
- 574 (i) Sustainable livelihood activities; and
- 575 (j) Visitor management programs.

576 The management plan shall be made available to the public review/study at the office of
577 PASU and DENR Provincial offices.

578 **SEC. 8. Special Prosecutor.** – Within thirty (30) days from the effectivity of this Act, the
579 Department of Justice (DOJ) shall designate the prosecutor to whom all cases of
580 violation of protected area laws, rules and regulation within the PPLS and its buffer
581 zones shall be assigned. The special prosecutor shall coordinate with the PAMB and
582 the PASU in the performance of his/her duties and assists in the training of warden and
583 rangers in arresting and filing criminal procedures.

584 The PAMB may appoint a private prosecutor on case-to-case basis to assist the public
585 prosecutor in the enforcement of protected areas laws.

586 **SEC. 9. Integrated Protected Areas Fund (IPAF).** This is hereby established a trust
587 fund to be known as the Integrated Protected Areas Fund (IPAF) for purposes of
588 financing projects of the system. All incomes generated from the operations of the
589 system or management of wild flora and fauna as well as the caves within the PPLS
590 shall accrue to the fund. These incomes shall be derived from fees from permitted sales
591 and export of flora and fauna and other resources from the protected area and its buffer
592 zones as may be set by the DENR and PAMB, proceeds from the multiple-use areas,
593 contributions from industries and facilities directly benefiting from the protected area and
594 such other fees and incomes derived from the operation of the protected area, including
595 fines from violators found guilty of the herein prohibited acts as may be promulgated by
596 the PAMB (if possible) or appropriate Court of Justice.

597 A PA sub-fund shall be established as special trust fund and shall be disbursed solely
598 for the protection, maintenance, administration and management of Peñablanca
599 Protected Landscape and Seascapes and the system. At least (75%) of the fund
600 collected shall form part of the Peñablanca Protected Landscape and Seascapes sub-
601 fund which shall be solely disbursed for its use. The Peñablanca Protected Landscape
602 and Seascapes shall likewise be exempted from being deposited in the National
603 Treasury and shall be made readily available for disbursement upon proper approval of
604 Peñablanca Protected Landscape and Seascapes and PAMB, subject to the usual
605 accounting and auditing rules and regulations.

606 **SEC. 10. Prohibited Acts.** – The following acts shall be prohibited within the PPLS and
607 its buffer zones, in addition to the acts prohibited acts provided for in the NIPAS Act of
608 1992 and its pertinent rules and regulations:

- 609 a. Cutting, gathering, collecting or removal forest products without prior permit from
610 the DENR: *Provided*, That any permit issued shall be valid for any one (1) year at
611 a time given only to: (i) tenured migrants within sustainable, monitored and
612 controlled quotas, and (ii) for scientific purposes necessary for protected area
613 management in accordance with existing guidelines;

- b. Exploring, exploiting or extracting, drilling, or prospecting for mineral resources.
- c. Quarrying without the necessary permit;
- d. Hunting, collecting, catching, capturing, wounding, killing, destroying or possessing any protected plant or animal species or their by-products or derivatives without prior PAMB approval;
- e. Hunting, collecting, catching, capturing, wounding, killing or destroying any other species of plant or animal or their by-products or derivatives the trade of which is regulated by the PAMB, without prior PAMB approval;
- f. Bio-prospecting without obtaining prior PAMB approval and the prior informed consent of ICCs/IPs in accordance with existing guidelines;
- g. Transporting within or outside the protected area or its buffer zones any protected species of plant or animal or their by-products or derivatives from the PPLS and its buffer zones without the necessary transport permit from the PAMB.
- h. The deliberate disturbance of protected species or their habitats, reproductive cycle, roosting and feeding grounds, and migratory paths;
- i. Introducing exotic species with allelopathic or detrimental effect to the endemic species or without PAMB approval;
- j. Destroying, excavating, defacing, vandalizing, or in any manner damaging any natural formations, burial or religious/spiritual sites, artifacts, and objects belonging to ICCs/IPs and other objects of natural and scenic value;
- k. Possession or use of blasting caps, explosives or cyanide;
- l. Possession or use of chainsaws and band saws without a prior permit from the PAMB: *Provided*, That permits may only be issued for use within the multiple-use and buffer zones and will be subject in accordance with the Chainsaw Law;
- m. Use of mechanized motorized equipment anywhere within the strict protection zone without a prior permit from the PAMB;
- n. Construction or maintaining any kind of road, edifice, facility, or any infrastructure project without a prior clearance permit from the PAMB: *Provided*, That no PAMB clearance permit can be issued unless:
 - i. The PAMB has been fully informed of the project or undertaking and its environmental consequences through consultative process;
 - ii. All other legal requirements have been complied with; and
 - iii. The project is consistent with the nature of the PPLS as a protected area.
 - iv. Passes the ECC requirement of public acceptability.
- o. Occupying any portion of land without a permit from PAMB: *Provided*, that, land clearing, construction of residence, or any introduction of improvements on any portion of land shall constitute *prima facie* evidence of occupation or settlement;
- p. Alteration, removal, or destruction of boundary marks or signs;
- q. Engaging in slash and burn agriculture or "kaingin" or causing a forest fire inside the protected area or its buffer zones;
- r. Commercial fishing without a prior permit from BFAR through the recommendation of the PAMB;
- s. Introduction, disposal, dumping or causing to be dumped any waste material, including but not limited to, non-biodegradable, toxic, nuclear, hazardous and other prohibited substances; and

660 t. Violation of any rules and regulations provided in the management plan of any
661 resolution reached by the PAMB in the exercise of its adjudicative functions.

662 **SECTION 11. *Penalties*.** – Whoever violates this Act or any rules and regulations
663 issued by the DENR pursuant to this Act or whoever is found guilty by a competent
664 court of justice of any offenses in the herein prohibited acts shall suffer the following
665 penalties:

- 666 a. Fine of not less the Five Thousand Pesos (5,000.00) but not more the Five
667 Hundred Thousand Pesos (500,000.00) exclusive of the value of the thing
668 damaged or imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than six (6)
669 years or both as determined by the court.
- 670 b. If the area requires rehabilitation or restoration as determined by the Court, the
671 offender shall also be required to restore or compensate for the restoration of the
672 damaged.
- 673 c. The Court shall order the eviction of the offender from the Protected Area or its
674 buffer zones, and the forfeiture in favor of the government of all minerals, timber
675 or any species collected or removed including equipment, devices, weapons or
676 any other instruments used in the commission of the offense or any construction
677 or improvements made thereon by the offender. Pending the outcome of the
678 case, any resource confiscated shall be turned over to the PAMB immediately for
679 proper disposal and the proceeds thereof deposited in a trust fund. However,
680 confiscated or rescued animal species shall not be sold or disposed of but shall
681 be turned over to the PASU Office immediately for release in its natural habitat.
682 Valuation of the damage shall take into account biodiversity and conservation
683 considerations, aesthetic and socio-economic values, and rehabilitation and
684 restorations costs.
- 685 d. If the offender is an association or corporation, the president or manager shall be
686 directly responsible for the act of his employees and laborers.
- 687 e. The DENR may impose additional administrative fines and penalties consistent
688 with this Act, the Caves and Cave Resources Management and Protection Act,
689 and the Wildlife Resources Conservation and Protection Act.
- 690 f. Penalties for illegal fishing shall be in consonance with Republic Act 8550.

691 **SECTION 12. *Exemptions*.** – Members of ICCs/IPs who commit any of the
692 abovementioned acts in the exercise of their certified customary laws, traditional rights,
693 and traditional economic, cultural, and spiritual practices without having been
694 adequately informed by the PAMB of restricting rules and regulations for the PPLS shall
695 be exempted from any liability provided herein. Except for the protected species, the
696 certified customs and traditional practices of ICCs/ IPs when sustainable and carried out
697 with traditional tools and equipment allowable activities over which the above
698 prohibitions shall not apply.

699 All activities contained in management plan and such other measures as are necessary
700 for protection, preservation and protected area management as certified by the PAMB
701 and the DENR Secretary and those undertaken by the PASU or those deputized by the
702 PAMB shall likewise be exempted.

703 **SECTION 13. *Existing Facilities within the PPLS*.** – within the ninety (90) days from
704 the affectivity of this Act, all existing commercial facilities within the PPLS or its buffer
705 zones with the total capitalization in excess of Fifty Thousand Pesos (50,000) shall
706 submit to the PAMB through the PASU the following information:

- 707 (a) Potential for disturbance of protected species and their habitat, reproductive
708 cycle, nesting and feeding grounds and migratory paths;
709 (b) Noise levels at all stages of operation;
710 (c) Emission and effluent at all stages of operation;
711 (d) Energy requirement and source of energy; and
712 (e) Requirements of water supply and sources of water.

713 Based on these submission, the PAMB with the assistance of the DENR, shall
714 determine whether the existence of such facility/ies and its future plans and operation
715 will be determine or not to the PPLS and its buffer zones.

716 Failure to submit the required information shall constitute a violation of this Act
717 punishable by a fine and ejection from the PPLS. The PAMB may prescribe further
718 conditions for the operation of the facility to ensure that it does not conflict with the
719 management objectives of the PPLS. If any of such conditions are violated, a fine shall
720 be imposed to be determined by the PAMB based on fines imposed in existing rules
721 and regulations.

722 Existing facilities allowed to continue operating within the PPLS or its buffer zones shall
723 be charged a fee by the PAMB in consonance with the existing laws, rules regulations
724 and recent scientific studies.

725 **SEC. 14. Utilization of Energy and Non-renewable Resources.** – Except for
726 protected species or whenever detrimental to the ecosystem, the use of resources
727 derived from the PPLS by tenured migrants and ICCs/IPs for their domestic needs or for
728 their subsistence shall not be restricted: *Provided, however,* That livelihood activities
729 requiring the use of these resources shall be allowed only when sustainable and
730 protected with the management plan, and after prior PAMB approval. Only non-timber
731 protected area resources can be used for livelihood purposes.

732 The PAMB is authorized to impose regulatory measures such as hunting moratoriums,
733 closed hunting seasons and other restrictions on the use of resources within the PPLS
734 and its buffer zones to ensure the sustainability of species and ecosystems, *provided*,
735 that these will not pose a threat to the food security of the ICCs/IPs or other tenured
736 migrants.

737 Any exploration, exploitation or utilization of non-renewable resources within the PPLS
738 for commercial purposes or by non-tenured migrants or non ICCs/IPs may be allowed,
739 provided that it shall be endorsed by the PAMB to the concerned government agency
740 and shall undergo the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) System.

741 Energy projects within the PPLS shall be allowed only through an act of Congress
742 except energy from wind, sun, waves and water sources, *provided*, that in all instances,
743 the primary beneficiaries shall be residents of the PPLS and its buffer zones. *Provided,*
744 *further*, that it shall undergo the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) as provided by
745 law and, that the PAMB has endorsed the project.

746 Commercial exploitation of water resources within the PPLS shall required prior PAMB
747 approval, must be in accordance with the management plan, and should undergo the
748 EIA System.

749 Any exploitation and utilization of energy and other non-renewable resources within the
750 protected area shall be allowed only through PAMB approval, in consultation with the
751 Department of Energy. *Provided*, that it shall undergo the Environmental impact

752 assessment for energy and non-renewable resource exploitation projects within
753 protected areas.

754 **SEC. 15. Indigenous People's Rights.** – The rights of ICCs/IPs in the PPLS to their
755 lands shall be fully recognized. Traditional property regimes exercised by ICCs/IPs in
756 accordance with their customary laws shall govern the relationship of all individuals
757 within their communities with respect to all land and other resources found within the
758 ancestral lands and domains traditionally used by them.

759 The provisions of this Act shall be construed liberally in favor of the ICCs/IPs in
760 accordance with the preservation and conservation objectives of the PPLS and its
761 resources. Nothing herein shall be construed to impair or diminish prior and existing
762 rights currently enjoyed by the ICCs/IPs as provided by existing laws.

763 **SEC. 16. Tenured Migrants.** – Whenever practicable, tenured migrant communities of
764 more than five (5) households occupying contiguous lots shall be provided tenurial
765 rights over their current habitation sites. However, if despite the foregoing, these areas
766 are subsequently identified as crucial for conservation, tenured migrants shall, after due
767 consultation, be offered alternative sites within the appropriate zones or buffer zones
768 shall be undertaken using humanitarian considerations including payment of
769 compensation, providing tenure to alternative land and facilities of equivalent standard,
770 and other measures to reach agreement with the affected tenured migrants.

771 In all other cases, the grant to tenurial rights must take into account the need to promote
772 clustering and to avoid unnecessary displacement. In areas where tenurial instruments
773 are granted, appropriate use zones shall be established for the purpose of maintaining
774 non-commercial livelihood activities.

775 Lands used as home lots of farm lots shall preferably be held by individual household.
776 Lands currently used on a communal basis shall not be held individually.

777 Tenurial instruments shall not be issued solely on the basis of tax declaration receipts
778 but must be supported by indisputable evidence of permanent land-use from five (5)
779 years before 10 March 1997, such as:

- 780 (a) Cultivated trees at their fruit-bearing stage;
- 781 (b) Physical structures in the area indicating prolonged occupancy;
- 782 (c) Certification from the barangay captain or any two (2) respected members of the
783 nearest community attesting to occupancy; and
- 784 (d) Other relevant data (e.g. previous census reports) that may be accepted by the
785 PAMB.

786 All persons who fail to qualify as tenured migrants including transient farmers shall be
787 allowed to gather and collect whatever they have planted within five (5) years from the
788 effectivity of this Act. Any transfer of non-tenured migrants from the PPLS shall be
789 undertaken using humanitarian considerations.

790 **SEC 17. Appropriations.** The Secretary of the DENR shall include in its program the
791 implementations the funding of this act including creation of PA positions. The funding
792 of which shall be charged against the appropriations authorized in the annual General
793 Appropriations Act. The LGU of Peñablanca shall allocate 5% of its IRA for protection
794 and development of the PPLS.

795 **SEC. 18. Reporting Responsibility.** – There shall be an office of the Protected Area
796 Superintendent (PASU) within the DENR to be headed by the PASU who shall serve as
797 the chief operating DENR officer of the entire PPLS and its buffer zones. The PASU and
798 his/her staff shall be visible within the protected area and establish an office, or if
799 necessary, sub-offices within the PPLS and its buffer zones in order to implement this
800 Act.

801 The PASU shall have full responsibility for the protection of land, water, wildlife and
802 other resources within the PPLS. As such, he/she shall have the following duties and
803 responsibilities in addition to those provided under the existing laws and regulations:

- 804 (a) Prepare the management plan and its successor plans as herein provided;
- 805 (b) Serve as secretariat to the PAMB with the duty to provide the PAMB with all
806 the information necessary to make appropriate decisions for the
807 implementation of this Act;
- 808 (c) Hire and supervise the necessary personnel to support operations as the
809 budget may allow;
- 810 (d) Establish a productive partnership with local communities, including groups
811 supporting the achievements of the goals and objectives of this Act;
- 812 (e) Develop and implement park information, education and visitor programs;
- 813 (f) Enforce the laws, rules and regulations and PAMB resolutions relevant to the
814 protected area and its buffer zones, and assist in the prosecution of offenses;
- 815 (g) Monitor all activities within the PPLS and its buffer zones in conformity with
816 the management plan; and

- 817 (h) Prepare accomplishment reports on the activities undertaken in the area for
818 submission to the Secretary.

819 **SEC. 19. Repealing Clause** – Any law, presidential decree, issuance, executive order,
820 letter of instruction, administrative order, rules and regulations contrary to or
821 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified
822 accordingly.

823 **SEC. 20. Separability Clause** – If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional
824 or invalid, the provisions not affected thereby shall remain valid and shall continue to be
825 in full force and effect.

826 **SEC. 21. Effectivity Clause** – This Act shall take after fifteen (15) days from its
827 publication in at least two (2) papers of general circulation in the locality or in the Official
828 Gazette.

829 Approved.