

Republic of the Philippines  
**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**  
Quezon City

**SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS**

First Regular Session

**1969**

House Bill No. \_\_\_\_\_

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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**Introduced by Representatives**  
**Estrellita B. Suansing and Horacio P. Suansing, Jr.**

**EXPLANATORY NOTE**

While the State provides for free basic education, there are those that miss out opportunities to receive these benefits, especially as their needs are not similar with the average child. According to data from the Department of Education as of late 2012, children with special needs are estimated to account for 13 percent of the total population of children, figuring to 5.49 million; 1.27 million are gifted while persons with disability (PWDs) comprise 4.2 million.

The proposed measure seeks to provide Special Education (SPED) Centers in all Schools Divisions to provide children with special needs access to basic education and facilitate their inclusion and integration with mainstream education, and ensure that they fully develop their potentials towards self-sufficiency and become more effective partners in the affairs of the country; to equip parents, caregivers, and teachers with the capabilities to identify, prevent, refer and intervene with the developmental disorders and disabilities of children; and to create significant and positive changes in community attitudes towards disability and the need to provide special education and proper care for children with special needs.


The bill defines children with special needs as those who are gifted or are fast learners and those who are disabled, impaired or handicapped and in need of special education as well as services for rehabilitation.

The establishment of a SPED Center in each schools division, especially where none exists, will ensure nationwide access of the children with special needs to basic education through the formal system and other alternative delivery services in education and later facilitate integration with mainstream education.

This bill has been filed during the 16<sup>th</sup> Congress and approved on Third Reading on June 10, 2014 and was transmitted to the Senate for its consideration. Due to lack of material time, however, no further action was taken on it. This bill is filed for the consideration of the 17<sup>th</sup> Congress.

In view of the foregoing, immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

  
**ESTRELLITA B. SUANSING**  
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**AN ACT**

**ESTABLISHING SPECIAL EDUCATION (SPED) CENTERS FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS IN ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS DIVISION AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR**

*Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:*

1       **SECTION 1.   Short Title.** – This Act shall be known as the “Special  
2   Education (SPED) Centers Act.”

3       **SECTION 2.   Declaration of Policy.** – It is hereby declared the policy of the  
4   State to protect and promote the rights of children with special needs to quality  
5   education and to take appropriate steps to make such education accessible to them.  
6   The State recognizes their vital role in society and endeavors to include their needs as  
7   an integral part of national development strategies.

8       It is also the policy of the State to fully support their welfare and development,  
9   ensure their full integration in society, as well as facilitate their active participation in  
10   the affairs of the State. Towards these ends, and pursuant to the 1987 Constitution  
11   specifically: Section 13, Article II; Section 13, Article XIII; and Sections 1 and 2,  
12   paragraphs 1 and 3, Article XIV, Article 3 of Presidential Decree No. 603 (The Child  
13   and Youth Welfare Code); and Sections 12, 13, and 14 of Republic Act No. 7277  
14   (Magna Carta for the Disabled), the State shall institutionalize an adequate and  
15   relevant educational program for every child with special need through the  
16   establishment of SPED Centers and the provision of vital support mechanisms  
17   required to ensure their effectivity. All children with special needs, in any degree of  
18   sensory, physical or intellectual disability or need, shall therefore have the  
19   opportunity to be developed in the most enhancing environment, consistent with the  
20   provision of a quality education that best meets their needs.

21       **SECTION 3.   Objectives.** – SPED Centers shall pursue the following:

- 22           a. Provide children with special needs access to basic information through  
23           the formal system and other alternative delivery services in education;
- 24           b. Facilitate the inclusion and integration of children with special needs  
25           into the mainstream education in accordance with the United Nations  
26           Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities in Asia and the  
27           Pacific;

- c. Develop, implement, and oversee the Individual Education Program;
- d. Ensure that children with special needs fully develop their potentials toward self-sufficiency and become more effective partners in the affairs of the country;
- e. Ensure that children with special needs understand, appreciate and respect differences amongst groups and members of society, and to understand the nature of the society in which they live;
- f. Identify gifted and talented children from ages three (3) to sixteen (16);;
- g. Provide parents with information on the full continuum of SPED services and possible placement options for their children, and thus enable them to make informed choices and decisions;
- h. Support the role of parents by training and equipping them with capabilities to identify, prevent, refer or intervene with the developmental disorders and disabilities of children;
- i. Train, equip, and educate teachers and other caregivers as primary sources of care, development, education and advancement of children; and
- j. Create significant and positive changes in community attitudes towards disability and the need to provide special education and proper care for children with special needs.

**SECTION 4. Definition of Terms.** – As used in this Act:

- a. *Basic Education* refers to meeting the basic learning needs which provide the foundation on which subsequent learning can be based. It encompasses kindergarten, elementary and secondary education as well as alternative learning systems for out-of-school learners and those with special needs;
- b. *Children with special needs* refer to children who are gifted or talented, or with neuropsychological retardation, learning disabilities, emotional or behavioral disorders, speech and language disorders, hearing impairments, visual impairments, autism, physical or health disabilities, deaf-blindness and multiple handicapping conditions and are in need of special education as well as services for rehabilitation. They differ from the average children in neuropsychological characteristics, sensory abilities, neuromuscular or physical characteristics, and social attributes to such an extent that the use of modified school practices or special education services are required to develop them to maximum capability. They may be classified as children with exceptionalities such as the following:
  - 1) *Autism* – those with developmental disabilities marked by disturbance in development, language and relationship with persons, activities and objects and which may coexist with intellectual disability and epilepsy. Children afflicted with this disorder have perceptual, cognitive, communication and social difficulties that change over time;

2) *Behavior problems* – those who cannot adjust to the socially-accepted norms of behavior and consequently disrupt their academic progress, the learning efforts of their classmates, and their interpersonal relations;

3) *Gifted or talented* – those who are capable of superior performance including those with demonstrated achievement or potential ability in one (1) or more of the following areas: general intellectual ability, specific academic aptitude, creative or productive thinking ability, leadership ability, ability in the visual or performing arts and psychomotor ability; or those individuals who consistently manifest the following cluster of traits: above average ability (including intelligence), high creativity (implies the developmental appreciation of innovative ideas) and high task commitment (related to a high degree of motivation); and those who, by reason thereof, require services or activities not ordinarily provided by a school;

4) *Hearing impairment* – those who are deaf or hard-of-hearing. Deaf persons are those whose hearing is nonfunctional for ordinary purposes in life; the hard-of-hearing have a defective sense of hearing but are still functional with or without a hearing aid;

5) *Learning disabilities* – those, although normal in sensory, emotional and intellectual abilities, have a condition that causes impediment/impairment in perception, comprehension, listening, thinking, reading, writing, spelling or arithmetic;

6) *Multiple disabilities* – those with more than one (1) disability such as the deaf-blind or those diagnosed with autism and intellectual disability;

7) *Neuropsychological retardation/intellectual disability* – those who have substantial limitation in present functioning characterized by significant sub-average intellectual functioning coexisting with other limitations in two (2) or more of the following applicable adaptive skill areas: communication, self-care, home living, social skills, community use, self-direction, health and safety, functional academics, leisure and work;

8) *Orthopedic/physical disabilities* – those whose impairment permanently or temporarily cause difficulty in mobility and all activities of daily life;

9) *Special health problems* – those who have health conditions that tend to keep them out of school, or those with chronic and/or debilitating illnesses such as cardiac disease, asthma, diabetes, tuberculosis and other respiratory ailments, carcinoma, epilepsy and malnutrition;

10) *Speech impairment and delays* – those who have difficulty in expressing or articulating words in a manner understandable to others; and

1           11) *Visual impairment* – those who are blind or have low vision.  
2       Persons are blind if they have visual capacity of 20/200 or less in the  
3       better eye after maximum correction. Low vision persons retain relatively  
4       low degree of vision and can read only enlarged print or regular print  
5       under special conditions;

6       c. *Handicap* refers to a disadvantage of an individual, resulting from an  
7       impairment or a disability that limits or prevents the function or activity  
8       that is considered normal, given the age and gender of the individual;

9       d. *Impairment* refers to any loss, diminution or aberration of psychological,  
10      physiological or anatomical structure or function;

11      e. *Individual Education Program* refers to the systemic, purposive and  
12      developmental educational programming of curricular and instructional  
13      priorities and contents designed to meet a learner's special needs and  
14      aimed at ensuring mastery learning of target skills and behaviors;

15      f. *Learning differences* refer to any of the following:

16           1) A physical or mental or sensory and intellectual impairment that  
17           substantially limits one or more psychological, physiological, anatomical,  
18           sensory or intellectual function of an individual;

19           2) A record of such an impairment; or

20           3) Being regarded as having such an impairment.

21      g. *Private sector participation* refers to all forms of indispensable,  
22      substantial and meaningful participation of private individuals,  
23      partnerships, groups or entities, community-based organizations or  
24      nongovernmental organizations, in the delivery of educational and  
25      rehabilitative services for children with special needs;

26      h. *Special education* refers to the customized instructional program/service  
27      designed to meet the unique needs of individual learners who differ from  
28      societal or community standards of normalcy because of differences due  
29      to significant physical, sensory, neuropsychological, cognitive or  
30      behavioral characteristics that may necessitate the use of specialized  
31      materials, equipment, services and/or teaching strategies. It is geared  
32      towards the integration of children with special needs into the  
33      mainstream education; and

34      i. *Special instructional materials* refer to textbooks in Braille, large type or  
35      any other medium or apparatus that convey information to a student or  
36      otherwise contribute to the learning process.

37      **SECTION 5.   Establishment of SPED Centers for Children With Special**  
38      **Needs in all Public Schools Divisions.** – A SPED Center for children with special  
39      needs shall be established in all public schools divisions nationwide where there are  
40      no existing SPED Centers. Existing SPED Centers shall continue to function and  
41      additional ones shall be established where the need arises due to increased number of  
42      enrollees, upon the recommendation of the Schools Division Superintendent and the  
43      approval of the Secretary of the Department of Education (DepED).



1 All SPED Centers and facilities shall be compliant with the requirements of  
2 Batas Pambansa Blg. 344 or the Accessibility Law.

3 **SECTION 6. Functions of a SPED Center.** – The SPED Center shall  
4 function as a resource center that shall assist in promoting inclusive education as to  
5 capacitate regular schools to effectively handle the needs of children with special  
6 needs. It shall:

- 7 a. Support children with special needs so that they could be  
8 integrated/included in regular schools;
- 9 b. Conduct school-based training of children with special needs;
- 10 c. Produce appropriate teaching materials for children with special needs;
- 11 d. Conduct assessment of children with special needs to evaluate  
12 developmental domains and specific areas of concern and determine  
13 grade placement;
- 14 e. Implement the programs of the SPED Centers such as the Alternative  
15 Educational Program and the Early Intervention Program;
- 16 f. Provide auxiliary aids and services, or services that are basically  
17 noneducational, but which enhance the education process of the child  
18 with special needs. These services include:
  - 19 1) Language and speech therapy, occupational therapy, physical  
20 and physiotherapy, among other modes of therapy;
  - 21 2) Qualified interpretations or other effective methods of delivering  
22 materials;
  - 23 3) Qualified reading, taped tests or other effective methods of  
24 delivering materials to individuals with visual impairments;
  - 25 4) Acquisition or modification of equipment or devices;
  - 26 5) Appropriate classroom accommodation;
  - 27 6) Other similar services and actions or all types of aids and  
28 services that facilitate the learning process of children with  
29 special needs; and
  - 30 7) Assist, facilitate and monitor the transfer or admission of  
31 qualified children with disabilities to post-secondary or tertiary  
32 education institutions.

33 **SECTION 7. Staffing and Responsibilities.** – In addition to teachers with  
34 special training to handle children with special needs, each SPED Center shall have a  
35 Program Director, an Administrative Core and Placement Committee and itinerant  
36 SPED teachers as manpower complement:

- 37 a. Program Director – The Program Director shall:
  - 38 1) Head the SPED Center;

- 2) Administer and supervise the SPED Center programs;
- 3) Oversee the other components of the special education program;
- 4) Monitor, supervise and provide technical assistance, training and enhancement programs to SPED personnel;
- 5) Issue procedures for referrals and placement;
- 6) Form and supervise the placement committee; and
- 7) Resolve disagreements on placement and services.

b. Administrative Core and Placement Committee – The Placement Committee shall, in consultation with and active participation of parents and developmental pediatrician among others, ensure that students with disabilities are educated by appropriate qualified personnel as close as possible to their homes and alongside with their age-appropriate peer groups. It is also tasked to develop and maintain a databank on special education in its respective jurisdiction. This Committee shall be composed of:

- 1) Any one (1) of the following: Developmental Pediatrician, Neurological Psychiatrist, Educational Psychologist or Psychometrician;
- 2) One (1) Physical Therapist;
- 3) One (1) Occupational Therapist;
- 4) One (1) Speech and Language Therapist/Speech Correction Teacher;
- 5) One (1) Reading Specialist; and
- 6) The SPED Center Program Director.

c. Itinerant SPED Teachers – Itinerant SPED teachers shall be appointed whenever necessary. They shall share responsibility for program planning and scheduling, and assist isolated or remote schools with specialized equipment, individual programs, curriculum adjustment, teaching aids and building modifications. They shall likewise reach out to children with special needs who have accessibility and mobility limitations.

**SECTION 8. Remuneration and Benefits for SPED Center Personnel.** – The salary grades of SPED teachers and Program Directors managing the SPED Centers shall be in accordance with the Revised Compensation and Position Classification System and other civil service rules and regulations.

The DepED shall enhance the right of the teachers/instructors to professional advancement and ensure that the SPED Centers shall attract the best available teaching staff and talents through adequate remuneration, scholarship and training grants, teacher exchange programs, incentives and allowances and other means of securing their job satisfaction and fulfillment as well as their long and stable tenure in

1 their respective posts. A similar program shall be designed for support personnel to  
2 include interpreters, psychologists and social workers involved in the education and  
3 rehabilitation of children with special needs.

4 The DepED shall identify at least one (1) leading institution or university in  
5 Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao whose faculty is considered or regarded as highly  
6 competent in the area of special education and where a uniform or standardized  
7 curriculum for any postgraduate education program shall be designed to benefit SPED  
8 teachers and other personnel of SPED Centers. The manner of selection of such  
9 institution shall be provided under the rules and regulations to be formulated to  
10 implement the provisions of this Act.

11 **SECTION 9. Authority of the Secretary of Education to Give Grants to,**  
12 **or Enter Into Cooperative Arrangements for the Creation of SPED Centers.** – The  
13 Secretary of Education is hereby authorized to give grants to, or enter into cooperative  
14 arrangements or contracts with public or private nonprofit agencies, institutions or  
15 organizations for the establishment or creation of SPED Centers or the  
16 implementation of programs such as the following:

- 17 a. Technical assistance to SPED Centers;
- 18 b. Training of professionals or related services personnel including all  
19 regular teachers who are preparing to serve or are serving children with  
20 special needs for inclusion and mainstreaming;
- 21 c. Replication of successful innovative approaches in providing educational  
22 or related services to children with special needs;
- 23 d. Facilitation of parental involvement in the education of their children  
24 with special needs;
- 25 e. Diagnosis and educational evaluation of children with special needs;
- 26 f. Consultative, counseling and training services for the families of children  
27 with special needs; and
- 28 g. Familiarization of the municipality or city being served by a SPED Center  
29 with the problems and potentialities of such children.

30 **SECTION 10. Continuing Research to Identify the Needs of Children**  
31 **With Special Needs.** – The DepED, by itself or in coordination with organizations or  
32 institutions, shall undertake continuing research to identify and design programs that  
33 shall meet the full range of needs of children with special needs: *Provided,* That such  
34 continuing research shall also be used to develop instructional techniques for use by  
35 the SPED Centers towards improving the children's acquisition of skills necessary for  
36 their transition to independent living, vocational training or competitive development:  
37 *Provided, further,* That such continuing research shall be used by the DepED in  
38 designing a physical education and therapeutic recreation program to be used by the  
39 SPED Centers to increase the potential of the children for community participation.

40 **SECTION 11. Student Assistance.** – The DepED shall provide financial  
41 assistance to the marginalized or disadvantaged children with special needs at the  
42 elementary and secondary levels which may come in the form of scholarship grants;  
43 allowances for transportation, food, lodging, and books; student loan programs;



1 artistic and cultural tours; training programs; subsidies; and other incentives. These  
2 include those who lack access to rehabilitative services and educational opportunities  
3 due to being poor, as defined in Republic Act No. 8425, otherwise known as the  
4 “Social Reform and Poverty Alleviation Act”, have been abandoned, are ill, or are  
5 neglected.

6 Marginalized or disadvantaged children with special needs coming from  
7 indigenous communities shall be given priority in the grant of assistance.

8 Special equipment like wheelchairs, crutches, special toilet and hygiene  
9 requirements; hearing aids, eyeglasses and such other assistive devices required by  
10 the students to optimize education and participation in the education process shall  
11 also be provided for free or at discounted rate to deserving students, and at very  
12 affordable rates, in general, through a reasonable funding scheme that shall be  
13 designed by the DepED.

14 **SECTION 12. *Recreational and Artistic Opportunities.*** – The DepED shall  
15 institute a program for children with special needs that will afford them full  
16 opportunities for:

- 17 a. Safe and wholesome individual as well as interactive group recreation  
18 and social activities;
- 19 b. Optimal use of their leisure hours; and
- 20 c. Advancement of their physical, mental, social and cultural development.

21 **SECTION 13. *Special Instructional Material.*** – Publishers shall grant the  
22 DepED the authority to transcribe adopted instructional materials into Braille, large  
23 type and audio-tape, without penalty or payment of royalty in accordance with  
24 Republic Act No. 8293, otherwise known as the “Intellectual Property Code of the  
25 Philippines”. Further, a publisher of a newly adopted instructional material shall  
26 provide, not later than the second working day after the adoption of a textbook title by  
27 the DepED, the computerized files as specified by the DepED which may be copied  
28 and distributed upon request to a Schools Division for instructional purposes.

29 Copies of these instructional materials shall be furnished without cost to either  
30 the children with special needs or the teacher who is handling their instruction.

31 **SECTION 14. *Incentives for Private Sector Participation.*** – Partnership  
32 between the government and private institutions catering to the needs of children with  
33 special needs shall be encouraged. All revenues generated by the SPED Center in  
34 public elementary and secondary schools, owned, operated and controlled by the  
35 DepED shall be exempt from income tax. Any donation, contribution, bequest and  
36 grant which may be made to the SPED Center shall be exempt from donor’s tax and  
37 the same shall be considered as allowable deduction from the gross income in the  
38 computation of the income tax of the donor, in accordance with the provisions of  
39 Republic Act No. 8424, otherwise known as the “National Internal Revenue Code of  
40 1997”, as amended: *Provided, That* such donations shall not be disposed of,  
41 transferred or sold. Economic, technical and cultural books and publications shall be  
42 imported duty-free upon certification by the DepED that such imported books and  
43 publications are for economic, technical, vocational, scientific, philosophical,

historical or cultural purposes, in accordance with the provisions of the Tariff and Customs Code, as amended.

**SECTION 15. *Establishment of Specialized Day Care Centers.*** – Day care centers especially designed for pre-school children and their parents, where early identification of disabilities and special needs and introductory educational and intervention programs will be administered, shall also be established near or within existing SPED Centers, or in other Centers that shall be created by the DepED with the support of the local government unit (LGU) in the area. As far as practicable, the use of existing day care centers and facilities shall be maximized.

**SECTION 16. *Nutritional Programs.*** – The National Nutrition Council (NNC) shall determine and prescribe appropriate nutritional programs for children with special needs for implementation by the Department of Health (DOH) and the DepED.

**SECTION 17. *Parent, Sibling and Caregiver Education.*** – A formal training and counseling program shall be developed through joint efforts of the DepED, the DSWD and the LGUs to equip parents, siblings and caregivers of children with special needs with a working knowledge of special education, an understanding of the psychology of children with special needs, and the awareness of their crucial role as educators so that they, in turn, can maximize their knowledge and skills to fully develop the potentials of children with special needs.

**SECTION 18. *Local Government Unit Participation.*** – The LGUs may make use of their SPED Fund for the following:

- a. Provision of sites, buildings or centers where there are no existing school facilities that may be used for the special education of children with special needs, as well as the establishment of a day care center pursuant to Section 15 hereof;
- b. Identification, coordination and the tapping of public or private volunteers and private organizations, national or international, for information dissemination campaigns, funding programs and other projects to augment the funding for SPED programs and equipment, among others; and
- c. Provision of counterpart funds for nutritional programs and the training and seminars of parents and teachers, nutritional programs for children with special needs in their respective localities that would be initiated by the DepED, in coordination with the Department of Budget and Management (DBM) and the Department of Finance (DOF).

**SECTION 19. *Public Information, Education and Communication.*** – A nationwide information dissemination campaign on the prevention, early identification and the strategic intervention programs for children with special needs shall be intensified. This shall be the joint responsibility of the Philippine Information Agency (PIA), the Council for the Welfare of Children (CWC) and the DepED. Likewise, the DepED, in collaboration with the DOH and the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE), shall disseminate materials and information concerning effective practices in working with, training and educating children with special needs.

1       **SECTION 20. Appropriations.** – The Secretary of the DepED shall  
2 immediately include in the Department’s program the implementation of this Act, the  
3 funding of which shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

4       **SECTION 21. Implementing Rules and Regulations.** – The DepED, in  
5 coordination with the DSWD, the Department of Interior and Local Government  
6 (DILG), the DOH, the DOF, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR), the CWC and the  
7 National Council on Disability Affairs (NCDA), shall promulgate and issue the  
8 necessary guidelines for the creation and operation of SPED Centers within sixty (60)  
9 days after the effectivity of this Act.

10       **SECTION 22. Separability Clause.** – If, for any reason, a provision or part  
11 hereof is declared invalid or unconstitutional, other provisions not affected thereby  
12 shall remain in full force and effect.

13       **SECTION 23. Repealing Clause.** – All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules  
14 and regulations contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby  
15 repealed or modified accordingly.

16       **SECTION 24. Effectivity.** – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its  
17 publication in the *Official Gazette* or in a newspaper of general circulation.

18       Approved,