Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City, Metro Manila

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

House Bill No.



Introduced by Representatives Ron P. Salo

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Consumers often experience high prices and poor quality of basic services in the Philippines, because only a few local players or oligarchs effectively control the market. Competition and foreign investment are inhibited, because limitations that should only apply to the operation of a public utility are usually also applied to all public services. This situation is caused by the ambiguity in the definition of public utility that is often used interchangeably with public service under Commonwealth Act No. 146 or the Public Service Act. The key to fixing this problem is to develop a clear statutory definition of a public utility by amending the Public Service Act.

The Public Service Act is a law that was crafted in 1936 to govern public services in the Philippines. Understandably, it no longer sufficiently addresses the changes in the economic framework brought about by globalization and rapid technological innovation. Hence, there is a need to adjust the provisions of the law to bring it to the 21st century and enable it to fulfil its purpose of truly serving the public.

This bill proposes to further amend the Public Service Act to effect the necessary changes in the antiquated provisions of the law to increase its relevance to contemporary concerns, in the interest of providing the general public with more choices, better services, and lower prices.

This legislative reform will significantly contribute to increasing competition, as well as protecting the public interest. More competition among providers would result in lower prices and improved quality of basic services in the Philippines creating a more competitive economy towards a better quality of life for all.

In view of the foregoing, the approval of this bill is urgently sought.

RON P. SALO KABAYAN Partylist

Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Quezon City, Metro Manila

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

House Bill No. 1781

Introduced by Representatives Ron P. Salo

AN ACT

PROVIDING FOR THE DEFINITION OF PUBLIC UIILITY, FURTHER AMENDING FOR PURPOSE COMMONWEALTH NO. 146, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "PUBLIC SERVICE ACT, AS AMENDED

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Public Utility. – Section 13 of Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Section 13. x x x

"(b) The term "public service" includes every person that now or hereafter may own, operate, manage, or control in the Philippines, for hire or compensation, with general or limited clientele, whether permanent, occasional or accidental, and done for general purpose, $x \times x$ canal, **PUBLIC MARKET**, irrigation system $x \times x$.

"XXX

- "(D) (1) PUBLIC UTILITY DEFINITION. 'PUBLIC UTILITY' REFERSTO A PERSON THAT OPERATES, MANAGES AND CONTROLS FOR PUBLIC USE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- "(I) DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY (AS DEFINED BY SECTION 4(N) OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9136, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE 'ELECTRIC POWER INDUSTRY REFORM ACT OF 2001') SYSTEM;
- "(II) TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICTY (AS DEFINED BY SECTION 4(CCC) OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9136) SYSTEM; AND
- "(III) WATER PIPELINE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM OR SEWERAGE PIPELINE SYSTEM (AS DEFINED BY REPUBLIC ACT NO. 6234, ENTITLED 'AN ACT CREATING THE METROPOLITAN WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM AND DISSOLVING THE NATIONAL WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE

AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES', AS AMENDED, AND PRESIDENTIAL DECREE NO. 198, KNOWN AND REFERRED TO AS THE 'PROVINCIAL WATER UTILITIES ACT OF 1973', AS AMENDED).

- "(2) AMENDMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITY DEFINITION. NO OTHER PERSON SHALL BE DEEMED A PUBLIC UTILITY UNDER SECTION 13(D)(1) UNLESS OTHERWISE SUBSEQUENTLY PROVIDED BY LAW.
- "THE NATIONAL ECONOMIC AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (NEDA) SECRETARIAT, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE PHILIPPINE COMPETITION COMMISSION (PCC) SHALL RECOMMEND TO CONGRESS THE CLASSIFICATION OF A PUBLIC SERVICE AS A PUBLIC UTILITY ON THE BASIS OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
- "(I) THE PERSON REGULARLY SUPPLIES AND DIRECTLY TRANSMITS AND DISTRIBUTES TO THE PUBLIC THROUGH A NETWORK A COMMODITY OR SERVICE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE;
- "(II) THE COMMODITY OR SERVICE IS NECESSARY TO THE PUBLIC AND A NATURAL MONOPOLY THAT NEEDS TO BE REGULATED WHEN THE COMMON GOOD SO REQUIRES;
- "(III) THE COMMODITY OR SERVICE IS NECESSARY FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF LIFE AND OCCUPATION OF RESIDENTS; AND
- "(IV) THE COMMODITY OR SERVICE IS OBLIGATED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE SERVICE TO THE PUBLIC ON DEMAND."
- **SEC. 2. Certificate of Authority.** Section 15 of Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Section 15. With the exception of those enumerated in the preceding section, no public service shall operate in the Philippines without possessing a valid and subsisting FRANCHISE, certificate, OR ANY OTHER APPROPRIATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR THE OPERATION OF A PUBLIC SERVICE [from the Public Service Commission known as "certificate of public convenience," or "certificate of public convenience and necessity,"] as the case may be, to the effect that the operation of said service and the authorization to do business will promote the public interests in a proper and suitable manner.

The [Commission] **ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY** may prescribe as a condition for the issuance of the certificate provided in the preceding paragraph that the service can be acquired by the Republic of the Philippines or any instrumentality thereof upon payment of the cost price of its **CAPITAL STOCK**, **OR** useful equipment, less reasonable depreciation; and likewise, that the certificate shall be valid only for a definite period of time; and that the violation of any of these conditions shall produce the immediate cancellation of the certificate without the necessity of any express action on the part of the [Commission] **ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY**.

SEC. 3. Proceedings Upon Notice and Hearing. – Section 16 of Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Section 16. Proceedings of the [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY, upon notice and hearing. - The [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY shall have power, upon proper notice and hearing in accordance with the rules and provisions of this Act, subject to the limitations and exceptions mentioned and saving provisions to the contrary:

(a) To issue certificates which shall be known as certificates of public convenience, authorizing the operation of public service within the Philippines whenever the [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY finds that the operation of the public service proposed and the authorization to do business will promote the public interest in a proper and suitable manner. [Provided, That thereafter, certificates of public convenience and necessity will be granted only to citizens of the Philippines or of the United States or to corporations, co-partnerships, associations or joint-stock companies constituted and organized under the laws of the Philippines; Provided, That sixty per centum of the stock or paid-up capital of any such corporations, co-partnership, association or joint-stock company must belong entirely to citizens of the Philippines or of the United States: Provided, further, That no such certificates shall be issued for a period of more than fifty years.]

"X X X."

(c) To fix and determine **MAXIMUM** individual or joint rates, tolls, charges, classifications, **REVENUES**, or schedules thereof, as well as commutation, mileage, kilometrage, and other special rates which shall be imposed observed and followed thereafter by any public service **WHEN THE PUBLIC INTEREST SO REQUIRES**: Provided, That the [Commission] **ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY** may, in its discretion, approve rates proposed by public services provisionally and without necessity of any hearing; but it shall call a hearing thereon within thirty days, thereafter, upon publication and notice to the concerns operating in the territory affected: Provided, further, That in case the public service equipment of an operator is used principally or secondarily for the promotion of a private business, the net profits of said private business shall be considered in relation with the public service of such operator for the purpose of fixing the rates.

"IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST, THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY MAY ESTABLISH AND ENFORCE A METHODOLOGY FOR SETTING RATES, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT ALL RELEVANT CONSIDERATIONS, INCLUDING THE EFFICIENCY OF THE REGULATED PUBLIC SERVICE. THE RATES MUST BE SUCH AS TO ALLOW THE RECOVERY OF JUST AND REASONABLE COSTS AND A REASONABLE RATE OF RETURN TO ENABLE THE PUBLIC SERVICE TO OPERATE VIABLY. THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY MAY ADOPT ALTERNATIVE FORMS OF INTERNATIONALLY ACCEPTED RATE-SETTING METHODOLOGY AS IT MAY DEEM APPROPRIATE AND WILL PROMOTE EFFICIENCY. THE RATE SETTING METHODOLOGY SO ADOPTED AND

APPLIED MUST ENSURE A REASONABLE PRICE OF COMMODITY OR SERVICE. THE RATES PRESCRIBED SHALL BE NONDISCRIMINATORY.

"THIS PROVISION SHALL NOT BE INTERPRETED AS MANDATING RATE REGULATION AND AMENDING OR REPEALING (1) LAWS PROVIDING A DEREGULATION POLICY, SUCH AS REPUBLIC ACT NOS. 7925, 8479, 9136, AND 9295 AND (2) REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THESE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCIES TO DEREGULATE RATES.

"THE PCC IS HEREBY MANDATED TO CONDUCT REGULAR STUDIES ON WHETHER DEREGULATION IS WARRANTED IN A SECTOR AND SUBMIT ITS RECOMMENDATION TO CONGRESS.

"X X X."

SEC. 4. Proceedings Without Hearing. – Section 17 of Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Section 17. Proceedings of Commission without previous hearing. - The Commission shall have power without previous hearing, subject to established limitations and exception and saving provisions to the contrary:

"X X X.

"(b) To require any public service to pay the actual expenses incurred by the [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY in any investigation if it shall be found in the same that any rate, tool, charge, schedule, regulation, practice, act or service thereof is in violation of any provision of this Act or any certificate, order, rule, regulation or requirement issued or established by the [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY may also assess against any public service REASONABLE costs [not to exceed twenty-five pesos] with reference to such investigation.

"x x x."

SEC. 5. Acts Requiring Approval. – Section 20 of Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Section 20. Acts requiring the approval of the [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY - Subject to established limitations and exceptions and saving provisions to the contrary, it shall be unlawful for any public service or for the owner, lessee or operator thereof, without the approval and authorization of the [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY previously had -

"X X X.

"(i) To sell, alienate or in any manner transfer shares of its capital stock to any alien if the result of that sale, alienation, or transfer in itself or in connection with another previous sale shall be the reduction to less than sixty per centum of the capital

stock belonging to Philippine citizens, **IN THE OPERATION, MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL OF A PUBLIC UTILITY AS REQUIRED BY THE CONSTITUTION**. Such sale, alienation or transfer shall be void and of no effect and shall be sufficient cause for ordering the cancellation of the certificate.

"X X X."

SEC. 6. Penalities for Violations. – Section 21 of Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Section 21. Every public service violating or failing to comply with the terms and conditions of any certificate or any order[s], decision[s] or regulation[s] of the [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY shall be subject to DISGORGEMENT OF PROFITS, TREBLE DAMAGES, a fine [of not exceeding two hundred peses] OF UP TO FIVE MILLION PESOS per day for every day during which such default or violation continues [;], DIVESTMENT, OR ALL OR ANY COMBINATION THEREOF; and the [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY is hereby authorized and empowered to impose such fine, after due notice and hearing. THE MAXIMUM DAILY FINE OF FIVE MILLION PESOS SHALL BE INCREASED EVERY FIVE YEARS UPON CERTIFICATION BY THE NEDA ON THE COMPUTATION OF THE COST OF MONEY BASED ON THE CUMULATIVE THREE HUNDRED SIXTY DAY TREASURY BILL RATE.

"The **PENALITIES AND** fines so imposed shall be paid to the Government of the Philippines through the [Commission] **ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY**, and failure to pay the **PENALTY OR** fine in any case within the same specified in the order or decision of the [Commission] **ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY** shall be deemed good and sufficient reason for the suspension of the certificate of said public service until payment [shall be] **IS** made. Payment may also be enforced by appropriate action brought in a court of competent jurisdiction. The remedy provided in this section shall not be a bar to, or affect any other remedy provided in this Act but shall be cumulative and additional to such remedy or remedies."

SEC. 7. Administrative Costs Recovery Mechanism. – Section 40 of Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Section 40. The [Commission] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY is authorized and ordered to charge and collect from any public service or applicant, as the case may be, [the following] REASONABLE fees as reimbursement of its expenses in the authorization, supervision and/or regulation of public services[:], AND TO IMPOSE APPROPRIATE PENALTIES AND FINES AS PROVIDED BY LAW."

[(a) x x x

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 $(i) \times \times \times$

This section shall not be applicable to the Republic of the Philippines, nor to its instrumentalities.

Aside from the appropriations for the Commission under the annual General Appropriation Act, any unexpended balance of the fees collected by the Commission under this section shall be constituted receipts automatically appropriated each year, and together with any surplus in the standardizing meter laboratory revolving fund under Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred forty-nine, shall be disbursed by the Public Service Commissioner in accordance with special budgets to be approved by the Department of Justice, the Budget Commission and the Office of the President of the Philippines for additional needed personal services, maintenance and operating expenses, acquisition of urgently needed vehicles, furniture and equipment, maintenance of an adequate reference library, acquisition of a lot and building for the Commission, and other expenses necessary for efficient administration and effective supervision and regulation of public services. (As amended by Com. Act No. 454 and RA No. 3792, approved June 22, 1963.)]

- **SEC. 8. Recognition of Administrative Agencies.** All references to the Public Service Commission in Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, shall mean any administrative agency to which the powers and duties of the Public Service Commission were transferred in accordance with their respective charters and related statutes.
- **SEC. 9. Interpretation.** This Act shall be subjected to the regulatory powers of the State to promote public interest in Article IX-C, Section 4 and Article XII, Section 17 of the Constitution. A person qualified as a public utility prior to the effectivity of this Act and declassified as such under this Act shall be considered a public service and a business affected with public interest for the purpose of Article XII, Section 17 of the Constitution. Such person shall continue to be subject to regulation by relevant administrative agencies under existing laws.

No franchise, certificate, or authorization granted by appropriate administrative agencies shall be (1) exclusive in character, (2) for longer period than Fifty years, and (3) granted except under the condition that it shall be subject to amendment, alteration, or repeal by Congress when the common good so requires.

- **SEC. 10. General Law.** Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, shall be construed as general law that shall apply suppletorily to special laws or existing sector-specific laws governing public services, except for Section 13(d) of Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, as further amended by Section 1 of this Act.
- **SEC. 11. Comprehensive Baseline Policy.** The PCC shall commission the University of the Philippines Law Center (UPLC) or such other institutions to conduct a comprehensive baseline survey of the regulatory governance and regulatory substance of public services within six (6) months from the effectivity of this Act.
- **SEC. 12. Performance Audit.** Administrative agencies must ensure the annual conduct of performance audit by an independent evaluation team to ensure cost-norms and the quality of services provided to the public and the ability of manpower and system resources of the public service provider to immediately respond to emergency cases. Metrics for various types of services must be established to sustain reliability, security, and safety of the public.

- **SEC. 13. Rules and Regulations.** Administrative agencies under Section 8 of this Act shall, in coordination with the UPLC, promulgate rules and regulations to implement this Act within Ninety (90) days from the effectivity of this Act.
- **SEC. 14. Separability Clause.** If any section or provision of this Act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, other sections or provisions not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.
- **SEC. 15. Repealing Clause.** All acts, executive orders, administrative orders, proclamations, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
- **SEC. 16.** Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved.