Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

49

House Bill No.

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REGISTRATION UNIT

BILLS AND INCEX SERVICE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Introduced by Rep. LAWRENCE LEMUEL H. FORTUN

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Philippines as an archipelagic nation has a rich marine life which is constantly threatened from various pollutants. Wastes and polluted effluents from ships are sources of threats to our environment and eco system which needs to be addressed.

The Presidential Decree 979, otherwise entitled Marine Pollution Decree of 1976, was promulgated in 1976 when the polluted effluents and wastes from ships were not yet ostensibly pervasive. P.D. 979 is viewed as too general in its implementing regulation or standard and no longer responsive to the prevalent threat of pollution from ships.

This measure seeks to remedy the shortcomings of the 1976 Presidential Decree and more significantly, seeks to implement the provision of the MARPOL 73/78, otherwise known as the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships 1973, as amended by the Protocol of 1978.

The highlights of this measure are to establish guidelines for the identification of harmful substances including emission of oil, noxious liquid substances and other harmful substances. It also seeks to set emission standards for ships plying Philippine seas. The bill likewise seeks to establish a Marine Pollution Adjudication Board that has quasi-judicial powers and exclusive jurisdiction over all marine pollution cases.

A version of this measure, filed in the 15th and 16th Congresses, had had its success in the legislative mill short of passage into a law. It is prayed that in the 17th Congress, this measure is finally passed and approved into a law.

In view of the foregoing considerations, approval of this bill is earnesfly sought.

LAWRENCE LEMUEL H. FORTUN

Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

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House Bill No. 49

Introduced by Rep. LAWRENCE LEMUEL H. FORTUN

AN ACT

TO PREVENT AND CONTROL POLLUTION FROM SHIPS, PROVIDE PENALTIES THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

CHAPTER 1

General Provisions

1	Section1. Short Title This Act shall be known as the "Prevention of
2	Pollution from Ships Act".
3	Section 2. Declaration of Policy In pursuit of the constitutional mandate
4	to protect and advance the right of the people of the people to a balanced and healthful
5	ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature, the State shall prevent and
6	control pollution resulting from the operations of ships.
7	It shall likewise implement the Convention as herein defined, including its
8	amendments and protocols that have been ratified by the Philippines.
9	Section 3. Definition of Terms As used in this Act:
10	(a) Atmospheric discharges or emission from ships refer to any discharge
11	or emission of nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, volatile organic
12	compounds and other ozone depleting substances when the discharges
13	do not meet the requirements of the Convention;

14	(b)	Chemical tanker refers to a ship constructed or adapted for the carriage
15	35.7	in bulk of any liquid product listed in the International Bulk Chemical
16		Code or any noxious liquid substance;
17	(c)	Coastal state refers to the relationship of the Philippines to a foreign-
18	100	flagged vessel traversing Philippine waters and its corollary right to
19		exercise jurisdiction and regulatory control over the vessel;
20	(d)	Convention refers to:
21	(-/	(1) The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution
22		from Ships 1973, as amended by the Protocol of 1978 or
23		MARPOL 73/78;
24		(2) Protocol I and II of MARPOL 73/78;
25		(3) Annexes I, II, III, IV, V and VI, their relevant appendices, any
26		technical code referred to, as well as any amendment to any of
27		these documents which may enter into force in accordance with
28		the procedure referred to in Article 16 of MARPOL 73/78;
29		(4) Any subsequent protocol of and amendment to the Convention
30		which the Philippine Government may ratify necessary to
31		advance the purposes of this Act; and
32		(5) Any mandatory Code referred to in the Convention or any
33		subsequent protocol to the Convention which the Philippine
34		Government may ratify or any amendment which may enter into
35		force in accordance with Article 16 of the Convention;
36	(e)	Discharge refers to any release, however caused, of harmful
37		substances from a ship, including any escape, disposal, spilling,
38		leaking, pumping, emitting or emptying of the substances, except:
39		(1) Release of harmful substances directly arising from the
40		exploration, exploitation and associated off-shore processing of
41		sea-bed mineral resources; or
42		(2) Release of harmful substances for purposes of legitimate
43		scientific research on pollution abatement or control;
44	(f)	Dirty ballast refers to water carried in the cargo tank;
45	(g)	Flag state refers to the relationship of the Philippines to vessels
46	200	registered under its flag and corollary right to exercise jurisdiction and
47		regulatory control over these vessels;

18	(h)	Foreign-flagged ship refers to any ship registered in another State of
19		authorized to fly it flag, whether or not it is a State party to MARPOL
50		73/78, when found in any of the ports, terminal facilities or waters
51		within the jurisdiction or sovereignty of the Philippines;
52	(i)	Garbage refers to all kinds of victuals, domestic and operational
53		wastes, excluding fresh fish and parts thereof, generated during the
54		normal operation of the ship and liable to be disposed of continuously
55		or periodically;
56	(j)	Harmful substance in packaged form refers to those substances which
57		are identified as marine pollutants in the International Maritime
58		Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code and are held in forms of containment
59		specified for harmful substances in the IMDG Code. Other harmful
60		substances in package form shall include substances identified in
61		accordance with the following criteria as provided in the Convention:
62		(1) Those which are bio-accumulated to a significant extent and
63		known to produce a hazard to aquatic life or to human health; or
64		(2) Those which are bio-accumulated with attendant risk to aquatic
65		organisms or to human health with a short retention of the order
66		of one (1) week or less; or
67		 Those which are highly toxic to aquatic life;
68	(k)	Incident refers to an event involving the actual or probable discharge
69		into the sea, or emission into the atmosphere, of a harmful substance or
70		effluents containing such a substance;
71	(1)	Marine casualty refers to any accident or incident of navigation which
72		results in producing a harmful, deleterious or damaging effect upon the
73		marine environment;
74	(m)	Master refers to any person having command or charge of any ship,
75		including a boat captain;
76	(n)	Noxious liquid substance refers to any substance identified as such
77		under the relevant chapter of the International Bulk Chemical Code
78		and/or provisionally assessed as such be Annex II of the Convention;
79	(0)	Oil refers to petroleum in any form including crude oil, fuel oil, sludge,
80		oil refuse and refined products, other than petrochemicals which are
81		classified as noxious liquid substances in accordance with Annex II of

82		the Convention, and including substances listed under Annex I of the
83		Convention;
84	(p)	Oily mixture refers to a mixture with any oil content;
85	(q)	Oil tanker refers to a ship constructed or adapted primarily to carry oil
86		in bulk in its cargo spaces and includes combination carriers or any
87		other tanker when it is carrying cargo or part cargo of oil in bulk;
88	(r)	Other harmful substances refers to any substance other than oil,
89		noxious liquid substances, harmful substances in package form,
90		garbage, and sewage, which, if introduced in the sea, is liable to create
91		hazards to human health, harm living resources and marine life,
92		damage amenities or to interfere with other legitimate uses of the sea,
93		and includes atmospheric discharges and other substances identified as
94		marine pollutants in the Convention, which may be subject to control
95		pursuant to the provisions of this Act and other relevant environmental
96		laws of the Philippines;
97	(s)	Owner refers to the person registered as the owner of the ship or who
98		assumes the operation of the ship, or, in the absence of registration, the
99		person owning the ship or the bareboat charterer of the ship, and, in the
100		case of a ship owned by a State and operated by a company which in
101		that State is registered as the ship's operator, "owner" shall include
102		State;
103	(t)	Philippine ship refers to any ship registered under the laws of the
104		Philippines and entitled to fly its flag wherever the ship may be;
105	(u)	Philippine waters refers to the internal waters, archipelagic waters,
106		territorial seas, waters within the contiguous and exclusive economic
107		zones;
108	(v)	Port state refers to the relationship of the Philippines to a foreign
109		flagged-flagged vessel which may be found in any of its ports, terminal
110		facilities or harbors and its corollary right to exercise jurisdiction and
111		regulatory control over the vessel;
112	(w)	Sewage refers to:
113		(1) Drainage and other wastes from any form of toilets and urinals;

114	(2) Drainage from medical premises including dispensary and sick bay
115	through wash basins, wash tubs and scuppers located in the
116	premises;
117	(3) Drainage from spaces containing living animals; or
118	(4) Other waste waters when mixed with the drainages defined above;
119	(x) Ship refers to a vessel of any type operating in the marine environment
120	and includes pleasure crafts, fishing vessels, hydrofoil boats, air-
121	cushion vehicles, submersibles, floating crafts, drilling rigs and fixed
122	or floating platforms; and
123	(y) Undue delay refers to a delay that is unreasonable and unnecessary in
124	light of the particular conditions of the ship, the ship's cargo,
125	destination and schedule, and in light of the purpose and scope of the
126	investigation, inspection or other cause for detaining the ship.
127	CHAPTER 2
128	Scope and Application
129	Section 4. Scope and Application of this Act Unless otherwise specified
130	herein, this Act shall apply to:
131	(a) All Philippine ships, wherever they may be;
132	(b) All foreign-flagged ships in Philippine waters, whether or not they are
133	registered with State parties to the Convention; and
134	(c) All other ships operating within Philippine waters: Provided, That the
135	provisions of the Convention setting forth technical requirements that
136	ships must meet which are inapplicable or impractical in Philippine local
137	setting may be suspended or equivalents prescribed therefor upon
138	determination by the Department of Transportation and Communications
139	(DOTC), subject to public consultation: Provided, further, That nothing
140	herein shall prevent the enactment of any law providing for standards,
141	requirements or regulations higher than those provided for the by the
142	Convention.
143	Section 5. Exemptions This Act shall not apply to warships, naval
144	auxiliary ships, and man-of-war vessels: Provided, That all government or
145	noncommercial ships shall be exempted from the coverage of this Act during
146	emergency response cases: Provided, however, That the DOTC, through the Maritime
147	Industry Authority (MARINA), the Philippine Coast Guard (PCG) the Philippine
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148	Ports Authority (PPA), and other concerned agencies, shall adopt appropriate
149	measures that will ensure that these ships operate, so far as is reasonable and
150	practicable, in a manner consistent with this Act: Provided, finally, That the measure
151	will not impair the operational capabilities of these ships.
152	CHAPTER 3
153	Exercise of Jurisdiction Over Ships
154	Section 6. Powers and Functions of the Department of Transportation and
155	Communications (DOTC) The DOTC shall be the principal government agency
156	responsible for the overall implementation and enforcement of this Act and any
157	requirement of the Convention. For this purpose, the Secretary of the DOTC shall
158	exercise the following general powers and functions:
159	(a) Oversee the implementation of this Act and coordinate the efforts
160	of concerned agencies;
161	(b) Formulate a comprehensive program to prevent or minimize
162	marine pollution from ships in coordination with the Department
163	of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), the Department
164	of Agriculture (DA), the Department of Interior and Local
165	Government (DILG), the Department of Energy (DOE), port
166	authorities and other relevant agencies and stakeholders;
167	(c) Constitute the Marine Pollution Adjudication Board (MPAB);
168	(d) Reorganize or streamline the functions of its different line, staff,
169	and attached or bureaus, authorities, or agencies for purposes of
170	the effective and efficient implementation of the provisions of this
171	Act; and
172	(e) Exercise powers and perform other functions as may be necessary
173	to carry out its duties and responsibilities under this Act.
174	Section 7. Powers and Functions of the Maritime Industry Authority
175	(MARINA) - The MARINA shall have the sole and exclusively authority and
176	and pollution regulations and standards for
177	of their registration are complied with. For this
178	the following duties and functions:
179	the all Philippine ships are constructed and equipped with
180	Cuing motorial appliance or apparatus deemed appropriate
181	any management of the state of

182	and effective for the prevention of any discharge or emission of
183	harmful substances in consonance with the requirements of the
184	Convention;
185	(b) Survey all Philippine ships for purposes of the provisions of the
186	immediately preceding paragraph, which function may be
187	delegated to MARINA-recognized organization through a
188	deputation process to be formulated pursuant to this Act:
189	Provided, That, except for direct replacement, no change in the
190	ship's structure, equipment, fittings, arrangement and materials
191	shall be made without the approval of the MARINA;
192	(c) Issue the required statutory certificates to all Philippine ships;
193	(d) Review and revise, whenever appropriate, the existing system of
194	certification, survey, inspection and monitoring of ships, with
195	respect to pollution prevention to ensure efficiency and
196	transparency, consistent with the overall management of the
197	maritime sector and in accordance with the requirements of the
198	Convention;
199	(e) Conduct surveys and issue certificates of endorsements to foreign
200	ships registered with another State party, if so requested by a
201	State which is a party to the Convention;
202	(f) Require ships to keep and maintain relevant record books in
203	accordance with the Convention;
204	(g) Suspend, withdraw or revoke any certificate it may have issued to
205	any Philippine ship found not compliant with this Act and with
206	rules and regulations promulgated therefor;
207	(h) Accredit, appoint and authorize recognized organizations to act
208	on its behalf and, for this purpose, execute the requisite
209	memorandum of agreement defining the extent of powers that
210	may be exercised by the recognized organizations including the
211	following:
212	(1) Perform and conduct statutory surveys on Philippine ships;
213	(2) Require repairs on a Philippine ship pursuant to finding
214	resulting from port state inspection;
215	(3) Carry out surveys requested by port state authorities; and

216	(4) Withdraw any statutory certificates if appropriate corrective
217	action is not taken by the Philippine ships;
218 (i)	Provide the International Maritime Organization (IMO) with a list
219	of recognized organizations authorized to act on behalf of the
220	Philippines, together with the specific responsibilities they are
221	empowered to perform and the conditions of the authority
222	delegated to them;
223 (j)	Impose, fix, collect and receive, in accordance with the duly
224	approved schedules, fees necessary for the survey and
225	certification of ships pursuant to this section. The fees shall be
226	imposed and collected in order to recover the cost for rendering
227	the service and shall not be used in order to impose a penalty:
228	Provided, That excessive fees, multiple fees and duplicative fees
229	shall at all times be avoided;
230 (k)	Issue rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions
231	of this section: Provided, that the rules shall be in consonance
232	with the Convention and shall not change or in any way amend or
233	be contrary to the intent and purposes of this Act;
234 (l)	Provide its officers and personnel with adequate training and
235	continuing education to ensure an efficient and professional
236	pollution regulatory machinery;
237 (m)	Impose and collect fees and charges in connection with the
238	performance of its functions under this section, which fees and
239	charges shall accrue to the Marine Environmental Management
240	Fund (MEMF) established under Section 42 of this Act:
241	Provided, That the fees shall be imposed and collected in order to
242	recover the cost for rendering the service and shall not be used in
243	order to impose a penalty: Provided, further, That excessive fees
244	multiple fees and duplicative fees shall at all times be avoided;
245 (n)	Hear, adjudicate and impose such fines and penalties on
246	Philippine ships which shall fail to comply with the rules and
247	regulations issued pursuant to this section; and
248 (o)	Exercise powers and perform other functions as may be necessary
249	to carry out its duties and responsibilities under this Act.

	Section	of Towers and Tanctions of the Tanappine Court Gaura.
251	otherwise provi	ded under Section 9 of this Act, the Philippine Coast Guard (PCG)
252	shall have th	e sole and exclusive authority and responsibility to enforce
253	environmental	and pollution regulations and standards to all ships which may be
254	operating within	Philippine waters, or in ports, terminal facilities or harbors. It shall
255	include the aut	hority to board and inspect ships to ensure compliance with such
256	regulations and	standards.
257	For this	purpose, the PCG shall have the following duties and functions:
258	(a)	Ensure that all ships are operated and certificated in accordance
259		with the requirements of the Convention;
260	(b)	Inspect the certificates and record books required of any ship
261		pursuant to Section 12 of this Act;
262	(c)	Conduct a physical inspection of the ship if there should be clear
263		grounds for believing that the condition of the ship or its
264		equipment does not correspond substantially with what is stated in
265		the ship's certificates;
266	(d)	Investigate any complaint involving the alleged violation of the
267		Convention committed by a ship regardless of source of the
268		complaint or the location of the violation and request the
269		submission of evidence which the complainant may have
270		regarding the alleged violation;
271	(e)	Request the assistance of any other State whose cooperation may
272		be useful to the investigation against a ship;
273	(f)	Detain a ship pursuant to Section 16 of this Act;
274	(g)	Require a ship to proceed to the nearest repair yard and ensure that
275		the ship does not leave until it can proceed to sea without posing
276		an unreasonable threat or harm to the marine environment;
277	(h)	Initiate proceedings against any person for violation of this act
278		when sufficient evidence exists with respect to the alleged
279		violation;
280	(i)	Inform the complainant and the IMO of the results of the
281		investigation and any action taken against the ship operator of the
282		Philippine ship in respect of any alleged violation;

Section 8. Powers and Functions of the Philippine Coast Guard. - Unless

283	(j)	Deny entry of a foreign-flagged ship to any Philippine port or
284		terminal facility if it fails to comply with the requirements of the
285		Convention;
286	(k)	Coordinate with, and inform, the diplomatic representative of the
287		State, or the flag state administration, of any violation of the
288		foreign ship and any action taken against the ship;
289	(l)	Inspect, verify and investigate a ship if it has discharged any
290		harmful substance into the marine environment under any of the
291		following circumstances:
292		1. It has reasonable grounds to believe that a discharge has
293		occurred in Philippine waters;
294		2. It receives a report from another coastal State; or
295		3. It receives a request from the flag State.
296	(m)	Forward the report of any violation committed by the ship, with
297		respect to any discharge of harmful substances into marine
298		environment, to the ship's flag state administration, together wit
299		any evidence it may have;
300	(n)	Immediately inform any affected coastal State of the discharge;
301	(o)	Ensure that the ship is not unduly delayed or detained;
302	(p)	Order into port any ship found in the territorial seas if there are
303		clear grounds to believe that the ship has discharged harmful
304		substances into the marine environment;
305	(q)	Establish procedures for reporting incidents involving any actual
306		or probable discharge or emission which may be in violation of
307		this act and of the requirement of the Convention consistent with
308		the reporting requirements under this Act;
309	(r)	Require all ships and aircrafts registered under the Philippine flag
310		to immediately report any marine casualty witnessed while
311		navigating;
312	(s)	Upon inquiry or investigation, cause or recommend regulatory or
313		other appropriate actions to be taken in connection with any
314		violation of the provisions of this Act;
315	(t)	Cooperate with the government of other States which are members
316		of international organization on the prevention of pollution from

317		ships concerning the detection of violations and enforcement of
318		this Act using all appropriate and practicable measures of
319		detection and environmental monitoring, adequate procedures for
320		reporting and accumulation of evidence;
321	(u)	Provide its officers and personnel with adequate training and
322		continuing education to ensure and efficient and professional
323		pollution regulatory machinery;
324	(v)	Adopt a continuing information campaign on marine resources
325		protection aimed at developing public awareness of the health
326		hazards and other adverse effects of ship pollution;
327	(w)	Administer the MEMF;
328	(x)	Issue such rules and regulations necessary to implement the
329		provisions of this Act: Provided, That the rules and regulations
330		shall be in consonance with the Convention and shall not change
331		or in any way amend or be contrary to the intent and purposes of
332		this Act; and
333	(y)	Exercise powers and perform other functions as any be necessary
334		to carry out its duties and responsibilities under this Act.
335	Sect	ion 9. Role of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources
336	(DENR) -	For purposes of this Act, the DENR shall have the following powers and
337	functions:	
338	(a)	Provide technical assistance on pollution prevention to the concerned
339		government agencies in the implementation of this Act;
340	(b)	Establish guidelines for the identification of harmful substances in
341		packaged form in accordance with the guidelines and listings provided by
342		the IMDG Code in coordination with the PCG, PPA and other port
343		authorities;
344	(c)	Set effluent and emission standards for ships in accordance with the
345		requirements of the Convention;
346	(d)	The floating crafts, drilling rigs and fixed or floating platforms, and
347		vessels which primarily operate or undertake business, commercial, or
348		industrial activities while anchored, the DENR shall enforce, in
349		coordination with the PCG, the applicable provisions of Presidential
350		Decree No. 1586, otherwise known as the Environmental Impact

351	Statement System law; Republic Act No. 8749, otherwise known as the
352	Philippine Clean Air Act of 1999; and Republic Act No. 9275, otherwise
353	known as the Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004; and
354	(e) Monitor, in coordination with the PCG, hazardous and radioactive wastes
355	being transported by ships in the country, and prevent the disposal thereof
356	and/or the entry of ships carrying the same.
357	
358	CHAPTER 4
359	Prevention of Pollution From Ships
360	Section 10. Prohibition of Discharge or Emission of Harmful Substances.
361	- It shall be unlawful for any person to discharge or emit the following substances
362	from any Philippine ship, or from any other ship while it is within Philippine waters:
363	(a) Oil, whether carried as cargo or as bunker;
364	(b) Oily mixture, whether generated from cargo operations or from machinery
365	spaces;
366	(c) Noxious liquid substances carried in bulk;
367	(d) Harmful substances in packaged form;
368	(e) Sewage;
369	(f) Garbage; and
370	(g) Other harmful substances, whether generated during the operation of the
371	ship or not.
372	The provisions of this section shall not apply in the following cases:
373	(1) The discharge or emission is necessary for the purpose of securing the
374	safety of a ship and those on board or saving life at sea; or
375	(2) The discharge result from unintentional damage to the ship or its
376	equipment, and all reasonable precautions have been taken after the
377	occurrence of the damage or the discovery of the discharge, unless the
378	master, owner or agent of the ship acted either with intent to cause
379	damage or recklessly and with knowledge that damage would probably
380	result; or
381	(3) The discharge is for the purpose of combating specific pollution incidents
382	in order to minimize the damage from pollution.
383	For this purpose, the DOTC shall promulgate rules and regulations to
384	implement the immediately preceding paragraph as regards its application

385 in general, or with respect to the following considerations in consonance 386 with the requirements of the consonance with the requirements of the Convention: 387 388 Classes of ships; (i) 389 (ii) Description of harmful substances; 390 Disposal or discharge of these substances in prescribed (iii) 391 circumstances; and 392 Areas of the sea. (iv) 393 Section 11. Immediate Report of Discharge of Harmful Substances. - If any 394 actual or probable discharge of any harmful substance occurs from any Philippine 395 ship into any part of the sea or atmosphere the master shall immediately report the incident to the nearest affected coastal State and to the DOTC. 396 397 If any actual or probable discharge of any harmful substance occurs from any Philippine ship or foreign-flagged ship while it is operating in Philippine waters, the 398 399 master of the ship shall immediately report the incident to the PCG. The PCG shall 400 immediately inform the flag State of the ship. If the master of the ship fails to report the incident, or the discharge occurs in 401 circumstances where the ship, or the agent of the owner, charterer, manager and 402 403 operator of the ship shall without delay, report the incident to the DOTC. 404 405 SEC. 12. Record Books. - Philippine ships and all ships within Philippine 406 waters shall maintain on board record books in the English language, whether as part 407 of their official logbook or nor. For this purpose: (a) Every oil tanker which is one hundred fifty (150) gross tonnage or more 408 and every ship, other than an oil tanker which is four hundred (400) gross 409 tonnage or more shall be provided with, and shall be required to maintain, 410 an Oil Report Part I for Machinery Space Operations in accordance with 411 412 the requirements of the Convention; (b) Every oil tanker which is one hundred fifty (150) gross tonnage or more 413 shall be provided with, and shall be required to maintain, an Oil Record 414 Book Part II for Cargo/Ballast Operations in accordance with the 415 416 requirements of the Convention;

- (c) Every chemical tanker shall be provided with, and shall be required to maintain, a Cargo Record Book in accordance with the requirements of the Convention; and
- (d) Every ship which is four hundred (400) gross tonnage or more and every ship which is certified to carry fifteen (15) persons or more shall be provided with, and shall be required to maintain a Shipboard Garbage Management Plan in accordance with the requirements of the Convention.

SEC. 13 Reception Facilities. – Port authorities shall ensure that public and private ports and terminal ports in the Philippines are appropriately and adequately provided with facilities to meet the needs of ships for the reception of their oily residues, oily mixtures, dirty ballast, tank washing water, noxious liquid substances, sewage, garbage, ozone depleting substances, and equipment containing these substances, and for cleaning of exhaust gases in consonance with this Act and the requirements on the Convention.

For this purpose, port authorities shall: (a) determine and establish the most effective and efficient means for meeting internationally –accepted requirements with respect to reception facilities in public and private ports without causing such ships undue delay; (b) formulate and implement an integrated waste management system for the use and operation of reception and treatment facilities in coordination with the DENR and the PCG; and (c) coordinate with the DENR and concerned local government units (LGUs) on the proper handling and disposal of wastes collected at ports.

Port authorities may accredited or enter into agreements with private entities in relation to the establishment and operation of reception and treatment facilities upon verification of compliance with standards established for said facilities by the DENR and PCG.

SEC. 14. Use of Reception Facilities. – All ships entering or availing the services of ports, terminals and repair reports shall use reception facilities established pursuant to the immediately preceding section, subject to the integrated waste management system to be established by port authorities.

450	SEC. 15. Denial of Entry Should there be a probability that a foreign-
451	flagged ship has violated or may violate the requirements of this Act, or the rules and
452	regulations promulgated therefor, the ship may be denied entry to any port in the
453	Philippines.
454	
455	SEC. 16. Detention of Ships Ships shall be detained in any of the following
456	cases:
457	(a) The fine or fines imposed on ship, owner or operator of the ship pursuant to
458	Chapter 5 of this Act, except those imposed for violations of administrative
459	regulations under Sections 127, 28 and 29 of this Act, have not been paid;
460	(b) The condition of the ship does not substantially correspond with what is stated
461	in the ship's certificates;
462	(c) The ship does not hold valid ship certificates;
463	(d) There are reasonable or probable grounds to believe that:
464	(1) the ship incurred a pollution cost liability under Section 33 of this Act;
465	(2) the ship violated any of the requirements of this Act or rules and
466	regulations promulgated therefore; and
467	(3) the ship caused harm or damage or exhibited a reasonable environmental
468	threat to the marine environment.
469	
470	A ship detained under paragraph (d) of this section may be released after the
471	owner of the ship posts with the Marine Pollution Adjudication Board (MPAB)
472	established under Section 35 of this Act, an adequate cash bond, insurance guaranty,
473	or protection indemnity guaranty or a combination thereof, as approved by the
474	MPAB, to cover the liability of the owner, master or agent of the ship under this Act.
475	
476	CHAPTER 5
477	FINES, PENALTIES, AND LIABILITIES
478	SEC. 17. Imposition of Finances, Penalties and Liabilities Except for fines
479	and penalties for violations of administrative regulations under Section 27, 28 and 29
480	of this Act, all fines and penalties imposed for violations of the provisions of this
481	Chapter, or the Philippine Clean Air Act and the Philippine Clean Water Act,
482	whenever applicable, shall be imposed by the MPAB established pursuant to Section
483	35 of this Act.

484	
485	For this purpose, an appropriate fine rating system shall be established by the
486	MPAB, taking into consideration degree of willfulness, negligence or recalcitrance of
487	the master, owner or operator of the ship, their history of noncompliance and the
488	gravity of the damage caused by the ship to the environment.
489	
490	SEC. 18. Discharge of Emission of Harmful Substances A ship which is
491	found to have discharged or emitted harmful substances under Section 10 of this Act
492	shall be liable to pay the following fines:
493	(a) In the case of a Philippine ship, unless the discharge or emission is
494	committed and appropriately fined in other States' jurisdiction:
495	
496	(1) For oil or oily mixture under paragraphs (a) and (b) of Section 10 of
497	this Act - not less than Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php
498	200,000.00) but not more than Ten Million Pesos (Php10,000.00);
499	(2) For noxious liquid substances or harmful substances in packaged form
500	under paragraphs (c) and (d) of Section 10 of this Act - not less than
501	Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php200,000.00) but not more than Ten
502	Million Pesos (Php10,000,000.00);
503	(3) For sewage or garbage under paragraphs (e) and (f) Section 10 of this
504	Act- not less than Fifty Thousand Pesos (Php50,000.00) but not more
505	than Two Million Pesos (Php2,000,000.00); and
506	(4) For other harmful substances as defined in this Act - not less than Two
507	Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php200,000.00) but not more than Ten
508	Million Pesos (PHp10,000,000.00).
509	
510	(b) In the case of a foreign-flagged ship:
511	(1) For oil or oily mixture under paragraphs (a) and (b) of Section 10 of
512	this Act not less than Fifty Thousand US dollars (US\$50,000) but not
513	more than Five Million US dollars (US\$5,000,000), or its equivalent in
514	Philippine pesos;
515	(2) For noxious liquid substances or harmful substances in packaged from
516	under paragraphs (c) and (d) of Section 10 of this Act - not less than
517	Fifty Thousand US dollars (US\$50,000.00) but not more than Three

Million US dollars (US\$3,000,000.00), or its equivalent in Philippine 518 519 (3) For sewage or garbage under paragraphs (e) and (f) of this Act - not 520 less than Ten Thousand US dollars (US\$10,000.00) but not more than 521 One Million US dollars (US\$1,000,000.00), or its equivalent in 522 Philippine pesos; and 523 (4) For other harmful substances as defined in this Act - not less than Fifty 524 Thousand US dollars (US\$50,000.00) but not more than Five Million 525 US dollars (US\$5,000,000.00), or its equivalent in Philippine pesos. 526 Any person directly or negligently responsible for the discharge or emission 527 into Philippine waters or a atmosphere shall be liable for a fine of not less than Five 528 Thousand Pesos (Php5,000.00) but not more than Five Million Pesos 529 (Php5,000,000.00) and, whenever appropriate, to the costs any measure reasonably 530 taken in removing or eliminating the discharged or emitted substances. 531 532 Unless the fines and penalties established under Environmental Impact 533 Statement System Law, the Philippine Clean Air Act and the Philippine Clean Water 534 Act are higher, the fines set in this Act shall be imposed for floating craft, drilling rigs 535 and fixed or floating platforms, and vessels which primarily operate or undertake 536 business, commercial or industrial activities while anchored. 537 538 SEC. 19. Failure to Maintain Record Books. - (a) A ship which operate 539 without record books required under Section 12 of this Act or fails to maintain said 540 record books on board shall be liable to pay a fine of Two Hundred Thousand Pesos 541 (Php200,000.00); (b) Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of Section 542 12 of this Act or the rules and regulations promulgated therefor shall be liable to pay a 543 fine not more than Five Thousand Pesos (Php5,000.00) but not more than Five 544 Hundred Thousand pesos (Php500,000.00). 545 546 SEC. 20. Refusal to Use Reception Facilities. - A ship which unjustifiably 547 refuses to use reception facilities shall be liable to pay a fine of not less than Ten 548 Thousand Pesos (Php10,000.00) but not more than Five Hundred Thousand Pesos 549 (Php500,000.00): Provided, That disposal of oil in reception facilities shall be 550

required upon determination by the PCG.

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SEC. 21. Absence of and Noncompliance with Shipboard Garbage
Management. - If a ship operates without a shipboard garbage management plan as
required under the Convention or fails to operate in accordance with such plan, it shall
be liable to pay a fine of not less than Ten Thousand Pesos (Php10,000.00) but not
more than Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php200,000.00).

SEC. 22. Unauthorized Change in the Ship's Structure, Equipment, Fittings, Arrangements and Materials. – Unless authorized under this Act or the Convention, any ship owner who made or caused any change in the structure, equipment, fittings, arrangements and materials of the ship without the approval of the MARINA shall be punished by a fine of not more than Ten Thousand Pesos (Php10,000.00) but not more than One Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php100,000.00).

 SEC. 23. Operating Without the Required Certification. – A ship which is operated or is allowed to operate without the certification required under this Act or the Convention shall be detained and shall be liable for a fine of not less than Ten Thousand Pesos (Php10,000.00) but not more than Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php500,000.00).

SEC. 24. Violation of Detention Order. - A ship which proceeds to sea in violation of a detention order issued pursuant to Section 16 hereof shall be liable to the following fines:

(a) Philippine ship – not less than Ten Thousand Pesos (Php10,000.00) but not more than One Million Pesos (Php1,000,000.00); and

(b) Foreign-flagged ship - Not less than Five Million US dollars (US\$5,000,000.00), or its equivalent in Philippine pesos.

SEC. 25. Continuing Violation. – A ship, which continuously discharges or emits harmful substances in violation of Section 10 of this Act, shall be held liable for the fines stipulated under Section 18. Likewise, it shall be made liable to pay an additional fine of not less than Ten Thousand Pesos (Php10,000.00) but not more than Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php200,000.00) for every day or part thereof during which the violation continues to be committed.

586	
587	SEC. 26. Obstruction of Investigation Any person who shall, without
588	justifiable reason, obstruct or hamper the conduct of an investigation of a violation of
589	this Act shall shall be liable to pay a fine of not less than Ten Thousand Peso
590	(Php10,000.00) but nor more than One Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php100,000.00).
591	
592	SEC. 27. Neglect of Duty Any government official or employee charged
593	with the responsibility of enforcing any provision of this Act, who is found guilty of
594	gross negligence of duty, shall be dismissed from the service with prejudice to
595	reinstatement. Neglect of duty shall be prosecuted in accordance with existing laws.
596	
597	SEC. 28. Connivance in Violation of this Act Any government official or

SEC. 28. Connivance in Violation of this Act. – Any government official or employee charged with the responsibility of enforcing and/or implementing any provision of this Act who connives with the ship owner, master or operator of a ship or any person to violate, or permits the commission of, any violation of this Act shall be dismissed from the service and shall be jointly and severally liable with any person found to be liable for the fine imposed pursuant to this Act.

SEC. 29. Violations of Administrative Regulations. – Any person who commits or omits acts in violation of rules and regulations issued by concerned agencies pursuant to this Act, unless the violations are otherwise covered under Section 19 to 28 hereof, shall be liable to the following fines:

- (a) First violation a fine of not less than One Thousand Pesos
 (Php1,000.00) but not more than One Hundred thousand Pesos
 (Php100,000.00);
- (b) Second violation a fine more than One Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php100,000.00) but not more than Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php200,000.00); and
- (c) Third violation a fine more than Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php200,000.00) but not more than One Million Pesos (Php1,000,000.00) and the suspension of vessel safety certificate for sis (6) months to one (1) year.

The concerned agency shall promulgate rules and regulations for the summary imposition of administrative sanctions, subject to due process, for failure to comply

with any order, decision, rules and regulations of the Department issued pursuant to this Act shall accrue to the MEMF.

SEC. 30. Intentional Violation - In case the discharge or emission of harmful substances or toxic pollutants identified pursuant to Republic Act No. 6969, otherwise known as the "Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Wastes Control Act of 1990", is in toxic amounts or is deliberate and willful, in violation of Section 10 of this Act, the offender, without prejudice to the civil liability that may be imposed, shall be accordingly liable for a fine or imprisonment or not less than six (6) years, but not more than twelve (12) years, or both, at the discretion of the court:

- (a) Philippine ship not less than Fifty thousand pesos (Php50,000.00) but not more than Twenty million pesos (Php20,000,000.00); and
- (b) Foreign-flagged ship not less than Fifty thousand US dollars (US\$50,000.00) but not more that Eight Million US dollars (US\$8,000,000.00), or its equivalent in Philippine Pesos.

 SEC. 31. Automatic Adjustment of Penalties and Fines. – The fines prescribes in this Act shall be automatically increased by ten percent (10%) every three (3) years from the effectivity of this Act.

SEC. 32. Clean-up Operations. – In the event harmful substances, under Section 10 of this Act are discharged or emitted from any ship into Philippine waters or into any part of the sea or waters outside Philippine waters but such substances subsequently flowed or drifted into Philippine waters, or into the Philippine atmosphere, the PCG, in coordination with other agencies concerned, shall be responsible for the cleanup and containment of discharged substances, and the prevention or mitigation of the resulting damage to the environment, human health, tourist and fishing industries, public and private properties: Provided, The necessary initial cleanup and containment shall be made by the owner of the ship which discharged or cause the discharge of such harmful substances.

654	SEC. 33. Cost Liability for the Discharge or Emission of Harmful Substances The
655	owner of the ship liable for the discharge of harmful substances under Section 32
656	hereof shall be primarily responsible for the following pollution costs:
657	(a) Reasonable expenses that the PCG and other agencies concerned
658	may reasonably undertake or has undertaken pursuant to the
659	immediately preceding section; and
660	(b) Environmental damages and/or other reasonable measures taken
661	for environmental rehabilitation.
662	In case the responsibility for the above pollution cost liability falls on two (2)
663	or more ships, and the liability of each of the owners thereof cannot be reasonably
664	distinguished from that of the other, each of the owners shall be jointly and severally
665	liable for the whole amount of the cost.
666	Republic Act. No. 9483, otherwise known as the Oil Pollution Compensation
667	Act of 2007, shall govern the civil liability for the discharge of oil, including the oily
668	mixture, discharged as part of the incident under the said Act.
669	Reimbursement of the cost incurred shall be made to the MEMF or to such
670	other funds where disbursements were sourced.
671	
672	SEC. 34. Informer's Reward to Persons Instrumental in the Discovery of
673	Violations of this Act Any person with the exception of the officials or employees
674	of the DOTC, the DENR, the LGUs, the MARINA, the PCG or port authority or their
675	relatives with the sixth degree of consanguinity, who voluntarily gives definite and
676	sworn information, not yet in the possession of the MARINA or the PCG, leading to
677	the discovery of the violation of this Act and resulting in the imposition of fines or
678	fees, or conviction of the guilty party of any of the fines or penalties, shall be
679	rewarded a sum equivalent to ten percent (10%) of the fines or fees paid or recovered.
680	CHAPTER 6
581	Marine Pollution Adjudication Board
682	45
683	SEC. 35. Marine Pollution Adjudication Board There is hereby
684	constituted a Marine Pollution Adjudication Board (MPAB) vested with quasi-judicial
685	powers under the Office of the DOTC Secretary. The Board shall have sole and
686	exclusive jurisdiction over all marine pollution cases as provided for in Section 17 of
687	this Act. It shall be composed of the following members:

688	
689	(a) Secretary of the DENR, or his duly authorized permanent
690	representative; as Chairperson
691	(b) Secretary of the DENR, or his duly authorized permanent
692	representative;
693	(c) Administrator of the MARINA, or his duly authorized permanent
694	representative;
695	(d) Commandant of the PCG, or his duly authorized permanent
696	representative;
697	(e) General Manager of the PPA, or his duly authorized permanent
698	representative;
699	(f) A permanent representative endorsed by the Association of Masters
700	and Mates;
701	(g) A permanent representative endorsed by the Marine Engineers
702	Association;
703	(h) A member of the Philippine Bar duly endorsed by the Integrated
704	Bar of the Philippines (IBP); and
705	 A member of the Sea Transport Association.
706	The grant of honoraria to members of the MPAB shall be subject to existing
707	laws, accounting and auditing rules and regulations.
708	
709	SEC. 36. Powers and Functions The MPAB shall have the following powers
710	and functions:
711	(a) To hear and decide cases falling under their jurisdiction pursuant to
712	Section 17 of this Act;
713	(b) To conduct hearings on all matters within its jurisdiction, proceed to
714	hear and determine the disputes in the absence of any party thereto who
715	has been summoned or served with notice to appear, conduct its
716	proceedings or any part thereof in public or in private, adjourn its
717	hearings at any time and palace, refer technical matters or accounts to
718	an expert and to accept the experts' reports thereon as evidence after
719	hearing of the parties upon due notice, direct parties to be joined in or
720	excluded from the proceedings, correct amend or waive any error,
721	defect or irregularity, whether in substance or in form, give all such

723 the dispute before it and dismiss the dispute as part thereof, where it is 724 trivial or where further proceedings by the Commission are not 725 necessary or desirable; 726 (c) To promulgate and adopt its own rules of procedure. It shall not be 727 strictly bound by the Rules of Court but shall proceed to hear and 728 cases, disputes or controversies in a most expeditious 729 manner, employing all reasonable means to ascertain the facts of every 730 case in accordance with justice and equity and the merit's of the case; 731 (d) To summon witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, require 732 submission of reports, compel the production of books and documents 733 and answers to interrogatories and issue subpoena duces tecum and to 734 enforce its writs through sheriffs or other duly deputized officers; 735 (e) To punish direct contempt in the same manner and subject to the same 736 penalties as provided in the Rules of Court; 737 (f) To enjoin any or all acts involving or arising from any case depending 738 before it which if not restrained forthwith, may cause grave or 739 irreparable damage to any of the parties to the case or seriously affect 740 social or economic stability; 741 (g) To issue orders and decisions to compel compliance with the provisions 742 of this Act and the Convention and issuances or decisions of the 743 MPAB: 744 (h) To deputize in writing or request assistance to appropriate government 745 agencies or instrumentalities for the purpose of enforcing its decisions; 746 747 (i) To issue an ex parte order directing the discontinuance of the discharge of substances the cause marine pollution, or the temporary suspension 748 or cessation of operation of operation of the equipment, project or 749 750 activity and other acts causing environmental degradation, generating 751 pollutants or wastes, without the necessity of a previous public hearing: 752 Provided, That the ex parte order shall be issued only in case of 753 immediate threat to life or property, public health, safety or welfare or

to animal or plant life, or exceeds the allowable environmental

directions as it may deem necessary or expedient in the determination of

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MPAB shall be decided by majority of all its members within thirty (30) days after it is submitted for resolution. Only one (1) motion for reconsideration shall be allowed Unless as appeal is perfected and a cash bond equivalent to the fine imposed is deposited, any order, decision or ruling issued by the MPAB shall be final and executory. SEC. 38. Appeals Any decision, order or judgment of the MPAB may be appealed to the Court of Appeals by certiorari within fifteen (15) days from receipt of a copy thereof: Provided, That cease and desist orders shall be immediately executory. CHAPTER 7 Miscellaneous Provisions SEC. 39. Ship Pollution Prevention Program. – The DOTC, in coordination with concerned agencies and stakeholders, shall establish a Prevention of Ship Pollution Program to enhance government implementation of this Act particularly on: (a) awareness building and capacity building; (b) data banking; (c) development of reception facilities; (d) marine environment protection; and (e) research. SEC. 40. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – The Department and the concerned agencies shall promulgate the implementing rules and regulations for this Act within one (1) year after the enactment of this Act. The proposed implementing rules and regulations shall be subjected to public consultations with affected sectors. The DOTC shall ensure that functions of the implementing agencies and rules and regulation promulgated prior to and after the effectivity of this Act are devoid of any duplication or inconsistency. The rules and regulations issued by other government agencies and instrumentalities for the prevention of marine pollution not inconsistent with and instrumentalities for the prevention of marine pollution not inconsistent with and instrumentalities for the prevention of marine pollution not inconsistent with and	755	standards. The ex parte order shall be immediately executory and shall
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2007-00 US 1	786	instrumentalities for the prevention of marine pollution not inconsistent with and
regulations issued by the Department pursuant to this Act.	787	appropriate to the implementation of this Act shall supplement the rules and
	788	regulations issued by the Department pursuant to this Act.

790 SEC. 41. Joint Congressional Oversight Committee (JCOC). – The Joint
791 Congressional Oversight Committee created under Section 33 of Republic Act. No.
792 9275 or the Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004 shall also monitor the
793 implementation of this Act and review the implementing rules and regulations
794 promulgated by the DOTC.

The JCOC shall continue to exist or a period not exceeding five (5) years from the effectivity of this Act and thereafter, its oversight functions shall be exercised by the Committee on Environment of the Senate and the Committee on Ecology of the House of Representatives, acting separately.

The Secretariat of the Congressional Oversight Committee shall come from the secretariat personnel of the Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives comprising the JCOC.

- SEC. 42. Marine Environmental Management Fund (MEMF). There is hereby established a Marine Environmental Management Fund (MEMF) to be administered by the MPAB. The Oil Pollution Management Fund (OPMF) created under Section 22 of Republic Act No. 9483, otherwise known as the Oil Pollution Compensation Act of 2007, is hereby abolished. All balances, including the liabilities incurred by the OPMF, shall be transferred to the MEMF. The MEMF shall be sourced from the following:
 - (a) Within one (1) year following the effectivity of the Act contributions of owners and operators of tankers and barges hauling oil and for petroleum products in Philippine waterways and coast wise shipping routes consisting of five centavos (5c) per liter for every transshipment of oil made by a tanker barge or tanker hauler based on the volume it loaded for the purpose of transshipment regardless of its origin or destination; thereafter, reasonable amount of contribution shall be jointly determined by MARINA, other concerned government agencies, and representatives from the owners of tankers barges, tankers haulers, and ship hauling oil and/or petroleum products. In determining the amount of contribution, the purposes for which the fund was set up shall always be considered;
 - (b) Fees, charges and fines imposed pursuant to this Act and Republic Act. No 9483;

823	 (c) Donations, endowments, grants and contributions; and
824	(d) Amounts specifically appropriated for the MEMF under the
825	annual General Appropriations Act.
826	The MEMF shall be utilized for the following activities:
827	(1) Containment, removal and clean-up operations of the PCG in all oil
828	pollution cases; and
829	(2) Enforcement and monitoring activities of the MARINA, the PCG
830	and port authorities of the Department and other relevant agencies:
831	Provided, That ninety percent (90%) of the funds shall be
832	maintained annually for the containment, removal and clean-up
833	operations of the PCG in all cases of pollution from ships: Provided,
834	further, That in no case shall the MEMF be used to fund
835	personal services expenditures except for the compensation of those
836	involved in clean-up operations.
837	SEC. 43. Appropriations The amount necessary to carry out the provisions
838	of this Act shall be charged against the current year's appropriations of the concerned
839	agencies. Thereafter, such sums as may be necessary for the operation and
840	maintenance of this Act shall be included in the General Appropriations Act.
841	
842	SEC. 44. Separability Clause In the event that any provision of this Act is
843	declared unconstitutional, the validity of the remainder shall not be affected thereby.
844	
845	SEC. 45. Repealing Clause The fifth paragraph of Section 28 of the
846	Philippine Clean Water Act and Section 22 of the Oil Pollution Compensation Act are
847	hereby repealed. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Wastes Control
848	Act, the Marine Pollution Control Decree of 1974 and 1976 are hereby amended and
849	modified accordingly. All laws, decrees, rules and regulations and executive orders
850	contrary to or inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
851	
852	SEC. 46. Effectivity Clause This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
853	its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.
854	Approved,