Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session

> . October 5, 2016



MEMORANDUM

FOR

THE DEPUTY SECRETARY GENERAL

For Operations

ATTENTION

THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Plenary Affairs Bureau

THE SERVICE DIRECTOR

Bills and Index Service

FROM

THE DEPUTY SECRETARY GENERAL

For Committee Affairs

RE

COMMITTEE REPORT NO.

08

We are transmitting three (3) copies of the Committee Report submitted by the Committee on Revision of Laws on House Bill No. 1344, entitled:

"AN ACT

PRESCRIBING STIFFER: PENALTIES FOR THE CRIME OF DELIVERING PRISONERS FROM JAIL AND INFIDELITY IN THE CUSTODY OF PRISONERS, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE ARTICLES 156, 223 AND 224 OF ACT NO. 3815, AS AMENDED, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "REVISED PENAL CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES"

For your appropriate action.

Atty. ARLENE C. DADA-ARNAL Deputy Secretary General

For Committee Affairs

Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session



		COMMITTEE REPORT NO.	08			
Submitted b	by the	Committee on Revision of Laws or	1 1 OCT 2016	-		
Re		House Bill No. 1344				
Récommen	ding it	s approval without amendment.				
Sponsors		Representatives Marlyn L. Pr Acop	imicias-Agabas	and	Romeo	M.

Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on Revision of Laws to which was referred House Bill No. 1344, introduced by Rep. Romeo M. Acop, entitled:

"AN ACT

PRESCRIBING STIFFER PENALTIES FOR THE CRIME OF DELIVERING PRISONERS FROM JAIL AND INFIDELITY IN THE CUSTODY OF PRISONERS, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE ARTICLES 156, 223 AND 224 OF ACT NO. 3815, AS AMENDED, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE REVISED PENAL CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES";

has considered the same and recommends its approval without amendment with Reps. Joseph Stephen S. Paduano, Gwendolyn F. Garcia, Ramon V.A. Rocamora and Marlyn L. Primicias-Agabas as co-authors thereof.

Respectfully submitted,

MARLYN L. PRINICIAS-AGABAS Chairperson

THE HONORABLE SPEAKER HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Quezon City

Republic of the Philippines HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Quezon City

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS

First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 1344*

Introduced by Representative ROMEO M. ACOP

AN ACT

PRESCRIBING STIFFER PENALTIES FOR THE CRIME OF DELIVERING PRISONERS FROM JAIL AND INFIDELITY IN THE CUSTODY OF PRISONERS, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE ARTICLES 156, 223 AND 224 OF ACT NO. 3815, AS AMENDED, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE REVISED PENAL CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Republic of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Article 156, Chapter 5, Title Three, Book Two of Act No. 3815, as
 amended, otherwise known as the "Revised Penal Code of the Philippines", is
 hereby amended to read as follows:

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"ART. 156. Delivering prisoners from jail. – The penalty of [arresto-mayor] PRISION MAYOR in its MEDIUM AND maximum periodS [to-prision correccional in its-minimum period] OR THE PENALTY NEXT LOWER IN DEGREE THAN THAT IMPOSED ON THE PRISONER IN ITS MEDIUM AND MAXIMUM PERIODS shall be imposed upon any person who shall remove from any jail or penal establishment any person confined therein or shall help the escape of such person, by means of violence, intimidation or bribery [-], WHICHEVER IS HIGHER. If other means are used, the penalty of [arresto] PRISION mayor IN ITS MINIMUM AND MEDIUM PERIODS OR TWO DEGREES LOWER THAN THAT IMPOSED TO THE PRISONER IN ITS MEDIUM PERIOD shall be imposed [.], WHICHEVER IS HIGHER."

"If the escape of the prisoner shall take place outside of said establishments by taking the guards by surprise, the same penalties

3 SEC. 2. Article 223, Section One, Chapter Five, Title Seven, Book Two of Act No.

4 3815, as amended, otherwise known as the "Revised Penal Code of the Philippines",

5 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"ART. 223. Conniving with or consenting to evasion. – Any public officer
 who shall consent to the escape of a CONVICT OR DETENTION
 prisoner in his custody or charge, OR WHO SHALL RELEASE SUCH
 CONVICT OR DETENTION PRISONER AND ALLOW HIM TO RETURN
 TO PRISON OR DETENTION WITHOUT ANY PROPER COURT
 AUTHORIZATION shall be punished:

- 1. By prision [correccional] MAYOR in its medium and maximum periods OR THE PENALTY NEXT LOWER IN DEGREE THAN THAT IMPOSED ON THE PRISONER, IN ITS MEDIUM AND MAXIMUM PERIODS, WHICHEVER IS HIGHER and [temporary special disqualification in its maximum period to perpetual special] PERPETUAL ABSOLUTE disqualification, if the fugitive shall have been sentenced by final judgment to any penalty.
- 2. By prision [correccional] MAYOR in its minimum period OR THE PENALTY EQUIVALENT TO THAT PRESCRIBED TO AN ACCESSORY BASED ON THE CRIME IMPUTED UPON THE PRISONER, IN ITS MAXIMUM PERIOD, WHICHEVER IS HIGHER and [temporary special] PERPETUAL ABSOLUTE disqualification, in case the fugitive shall not have been finally convicted but only held as a detention prisoner for any crime or violation of law or municipal ordinance.

3. BY RECLUSION PERPETUA AND PERMANENT ABSOLUTE DISQUALIFICATION, IF THE FUGITIVE WHO IS HELD AS A DETENTION PRISONER OR CONVICT HAS BEEN CHARGED FOR OF CONVICTED OF ANY CRIME PENALIZED BY RECLUSION PERPETUA."

- 34 SEC. 3. Article 224, Section One, Chapter Five, Title Seven, Book Two of Act No.
- 35 3815 as amended, otherwise known as the "Revised Penal Code of the Philippines",
- 36 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"ART. 224. Evasion through negligence. - If the evasion of the CONVICT OR DETENTION prisoner shall have taken place through the negligence of the officer charged with the conveyance or custody of the escaping prisoner, said officer shall suffer the penalties of [arresto mayor in its maximum period to prision correccional in its minimum period] PRISION CORRECCIONAL IN ITS MEDIUM AND MAXIMUM PERIODS OR THE PENALTY **EQUIVALENT** TO THAT PRESCRIBED TO ACCESSORY BASED ON THE CRIME IMPUTED UPON THE CONVICT OR DETENTION PRISONER IN ITS MAXIMUM PERIOD WHICHEVER IS HIGHER and [temporary special] ABSOLUTE disqualification."

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- SEC. 4. Repealing Clause. All laws, executive orders, administrative orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof, which are inconsistent with this Act are hereby amended, repealed or modified accordingly.
- SEC. 5. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following the
 completion of its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general
 circulation.
- 19 Approved,



House of Representatives Committee Affairs Department

FACT SHEET

House Bill No. 1344*
Approved the Committee on 26 September 2016

PRESCRIBING STIFFER PENALTIES FOR THE CRIME OF DELIVERING PRISONERS FROM JAIL AND INFIDELITY IN THE CUSTODY OF PRISONERS, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE ARTICLES 156, 223 AND 224 OF ACT NO 3815, AS AMENDED OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE REVISED PENAL CODE

Introduced by

REPRESENTATIVES ROMEO M. ACOP AND

MARLYN L. PRIMICAS-AGABAS

Committee Referral

Revision of Laws

Committee Chairperson :

Rep. Marlyn L. Primicias-Agabas

OBJECTIVE:

 To discourage public officers entrusted with the custody of convicts and detention prisoners from betraying the trust bestowed upon them by the public by faithfully discharging their sworn duties

KEY PROVISIONS:

- Increases the penalty imposed upon any person who shall remove from jail or penal establishment any person confined therein or shall help the escape of convicts or detainees by means of violence, intimidation or bribery
- Imposes higher penalties upon public officers when the convict or detainee in their custody or charge escapes with their consent
- Penalizes a public officer who releases a convict or a detainee and allows the return to prison or detention without proper court order or authorization
- Provides for higher penalties upon the officer charged with conveyance or custody of the convict or detainee who is able to evade detention through negligence of the officer

RELATED LAWS:

Articles 156, 223 and 224 of the Revised Penal Code