SENATE	NECEIVED BY:
Senate Bill No.	2051

## **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

This bill seeks to declare to provide for the development of the BURIAS and TINAYTAY REEFS in San Isidro, Davao Oriental as Marine Reserve and Sanctuary respectively.

Burias and Tinaytay Reefs were once a haven of unscrupulous fisherman, practicing illegal fishing activities such as dynamite fishing, fish poisoning, aerial gathering, etc. these activities have greatly affected the livelihood of the fishing communities along the area. Local folks have expressed their strong support for the proposed establishment of the subject fish sanctuary were manifested during the assembly meetings and consultations.

The declining yield of fisheries in the Davao Gulf and adjacent areas and the rapid increase in population in coastal communicates are threats of possible depletion of the resources, hence there is an urgent need to establish a fish sanctuary that will provide a sanctum fish lings to propagate and grow undisturbed.

The proposed site is large enough to function as an ecological unit. It has an area of more than 50 hectares that is significant to affect an increase in fish production and to ensure continuity of the ecological linkages and processes.

In view of the above considerations, support and early approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

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SENATOR COMPANERA PIA S. CAYETANO

SENATE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Thirteenth Congress of the Republic of the Philippines First Regular Session	) ) )	5 JUN -8 P4 55
	SENATE Senate Bill No	2051
Introduced by SE	NATOR COMPAŇERA	PIA S. CAYETANO

## AN ACT

DECLARING A PORTION OF THE SAN ISIDRO COASTAL WATERS AS PROTECTED AREA AND IT PERIPHERAL AREAS AS BUFFER ZONES TO BE KNOWN AS THE SAN ISIDRO PROTECTED SEASCAPE AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the "San Isidro Protected Seascape Act of 2005."

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. – Cognizant of the profound impact of man's activities on all components of the natural environment particularly the effect of increasing population, resource exploitation and industrial advancement and recognizing the critical importance of protecting and maintaining the natural biological and physical diversities of the environment notably on areas with biologically unique features to sustain human life and development as well as plant and animal life, it is hereby declared the policy of the State to provide that the management, protection, sustainable development, and rehabilitation of protected areas shall be undertaken primarily to ensure the conservation of biological diversity and that the use and enjoyment of protected areas must be consistent with that principle.

SEC. 3. Scope. – Certain parcels of land and water situated in the Municipality of San Isidro, Province of Davao Oriental, Island of Mindanao, are hereby declared as protected areas and its immediate peripheral areas as buffer zone under the category of protected seascape to be known as the San Isidro Protected Seascape and shall become part of the National Integrated Area System (NIPAS) subject to private rights as provided for in this Act. The boundaries of the San Isidro Protected Seascape, hereinafter referred to as the Protected Area (PA), shall be as follows:

Bounded on the East by the mainland Municipality of San Isidro, from the south of Cuabo and Sumlog Rivers to the San Isidro-Governor Generoso Municipal Boundary Monument;

On the South, West and North directions by portion of the Davao Gulf. Beginning a point marked "1" on the map and on the ground being at the south bank of Sumlog and Cuabo Rivers.

1	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southeasterly and Southwesterly
2		direction of about 4, 500.00 meters straight distance to corner 2;
3	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Northeasterly and Southwesterly
4		direction of about 1, 100.00 meters straight distance to corner 3;
5	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southeasterly direction of about 5,
6		200.00 meters straight to distance to corner 4;
7	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southeasterly direction of about 2,
8		200.00 meters straight distance to corner 5;
9	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southeasterly direction of about 2,
10		200.00 meters straight distance to corner 6;
11	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southeasterly direction of about
12		600.00 meters straight distance to corner 7;
13	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southwesterly direction of about 1,
14	3	050.00 meters straight distance to corner 8;
15	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southwesterly direction of about 2,
16		400.00 meters straight distance to corner 9;
17	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southerly direction of about 500.00
18		meters straight distance to corner 10;
19	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southerly direction of about 900.00
20		meters straight distance to corner 11;
21	Thence	following the shoreline generally in Southeasterly direction of about
22		650.00 meters straight distance to corner 12;
23	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 13;
24	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 14;
25	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 15;
26	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 16;
27	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 17;
28	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 18;
29	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 19;
30	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 20;
31	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 21;
32	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 22;
33	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 23;
34	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 24;
35	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 25;
36	Thence	Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 26;

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Due West; 1, 000.00 meters to corner 27;
1
             Thence
2
             Thence N. 10° 00' E., 1, 000.00 meters to corner 28;
             Thence N. 10° 00' E., 1, 000.00 meters to corner 29;
3
             Thence N. 10° 00' E., 1, 000.00 meters to corner 30;
4
             Thence N. 10° 00' E., 1, 000.00 meters to corner 31;
 5
             Thence N. 10° 00' E., 1, 000.00 meters to corner 32;
 6
             Thence N. 10° 00' E., 1, 000.00 meters to corner 33;
 7
             Thence N. 10° 00' E., 1, 000.00 meters to corner 34;
 8
 9
             Thence N. 10° 00' E., 800,000 meters to corner 35;
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 900,000 meters to corner 36;
10
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 37;
11
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 38;
12
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 39;
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             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 40;
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             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 41
15
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 42;
16
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 43;
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             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 44;
18
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 45;
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             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 46;
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             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 47;
21
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 48;
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             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 49;
23
             Thence N. 45° 00' E., 1, 000,000 meters to corner 50;
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      containing an area of Seventeen thousand nine hundred seventy (17, 970) hectares more or less.
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              SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. – For purposes of this Act, the following terms shall mean:
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             "National Integrated Protected Area System (NIPAS)" refers to all designated protected
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      areas so classified to ensure the maintenance of essential ecological processes and life support
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      systems therein, to preserve genetic diversity, to ensure sustainable use of resources found
      therein, and to maintain their natural conditions to the greatest extent possible;
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              "Protected Area" refers to identified positions of land and water set aside by reasons of
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      their physical and biological diversity and protected against destructive human exploitation;
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              "Buffer Zone" are areas immediately adjacent to and outside the boundaries of designated
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      protected areas that need special development control in order to avoid or minimize harm to the
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latter;

"Indigenous Cultural Community" refers to a groups of people sharing common bonds language, customs, and tradition and other distinct cultural traits, and who have since time immemorial, occupied, possessed and utilized a territory;

"Natural Park" is a relatively large area not materially altered by human activity, where extractive resource uses are not allowed, and maintained to protect outstanding natural and scenic uses of national or international significance for scientific, educational and recreational use;

"Tenured Migrants" are occupants within the protected area which have actually and continuously occupied such area for five (5) years before the designation of the same as protected area and are solely dependent therein for subsistence. Tenured migrants shall be treated individually and assessed or based on household's head of family with a minimum of three legitimate dependents.

"Biodiversity" refers to the variety of life in all its forms found on earth;

. "Protected Area Management Board (PAMB)" refers to a multi-sectoral body tasked in planning for the appropriate management strategy to ensure resource protection and in the general administration of the protected area.

"Private Rights" as used in this Act, shall mean rights of individual persons to ownership under existing laws and, in the case of indigenous cultural communities, to rights of possession since time immemorial, which possession may include places of abode and worship, burial grounds, and well-defined territories.

SEC. 5. Management Plan. – A management plan and a management manual consistent with the General Management Planning Strategy shall be prepared by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) in coordination with the PAMB, concerned Local Government Units (LGUs) and other sectors affected to serve as basis for the protection and conservation of the biodiversity of the PA for sustainable development.

The management plan shall be approved by the PAMB and certified by the DENR Secretary.

**SEC. 6.** Administrative and Management. – The PA shall be under the administrative jurisdiction of the DENR through the PAMB as constituted pursuant to Republic Act No. 7586 and its implementing rules and regulations.

The PA is hereby placed under the following institutional arrangement;

- A. Department of Environment and Natural Resources. The DENR Secretary shall have supervision on the management of San Isidro Protected Seascape and is empowered to perform any and all of the following acts:
  - a) Cause the boundary demarcation of the PA;
  - b) Conduct studies on various characteristics, features, and condition of the PA;

1	c) Adopt and enforce land-use scheme and zoning plan in adjoining areas that may
2	threaten the ecological balance in the PA;
3	d) Certify that the PA Management Plan conforms to all national rules and regulations on
4	protected area management, and in case objections, to communicate objections to the PAMB
5	within 60 days upon receipt thereof, otherwise the same is considered approved;
6	e) Coordinate with other government agencies, academic institutions, etc., for
7	collaborative programs, projects, and activities;
8	Submit to the Office of the President and to Congress the Annual Report of the PA;
9	g) Formulate the Implementing Rules and Regulations necessary to carry out the
10	provisions of this Act.
11	B. The Protected Area Management Board (PAMB). Specifically, the PAMB shall:
12	1) Review, approve, and adopt a Management Plan for the PA;
13	2) Review the deputation of individuals/groups to augment parks protection personnel
14	and thereafter endorse to the Regional Executive Director for approval;
15	3) Fix and impose administrative fees for the use of the PA and fines for violations of
16	prohibited acts in the PA;
17	4) Approve contracts and agreements consistent with the purpose of this Act, except for
18	international contracts and agreements;
19	5) Accept donations, grants in the form of contributions, and endowments;
20	6) Review and approve the work and financial plan for the PA:
21	7) Coordinate with other government agencies, academic institutions, and private
22	organizations involved in the management, development, and conservation of the PA;
23	8) Submit an annual report to the DENR Secretary:
24	9) Delegate authority to the PAMB Executive Committee;
25	10) Prepare or cause the listing of protected flora and fauna;
26	11) Permit, control, and regulate the following within the PA;
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	a. Infrastructures; b. Public Utilities; c. Occupancy of appropriate management zone; d. Dumping of waste; e. Use of motorized equipment; f. Business enterprise; and g. Other use of the PA such as mountain climbing, research/study, and recreational activities;
35	12) Promulgate rules and policies for the conduct of its business; and
36	13) File suit against entities whose operations have determined/negative effect on the PA.
37	C. The DENR Regional Executive Director (RED) for Region XI

- 1) Acts as chairman of the PAMB and signs/approves contracts and agreements consistent, with this Act except international contracts and agreements;
  - 2) Approves the deputation of field officers.

- D. The Protected Area Superintendent Office (PASO). There is hereby created a Protected Area Superintendent's Office that shall be supported by a sufficient number of personnel who shall be performing day-to-day management, protection and administration of the PA. The head of office shall be the Chief Operation Officer of the PA and shall be accountable to the RED and the PAMB.
- SEC. 7. Existing Facilities within the Protected Area. Existing facilities within the PA prior to the enactment of the NIPAS Act shall be subject to inventory and assessment by the PAMB using the criteria to be formulated by the PAMB considering its impact on the PA, biodiversity consideration, public interest against local interest, and national significance of said facilities.

The PAMB shall monitor the operations of said facilities and recommend appropriate actions/measures if said facilities are found not consistent with the purpose of this Act. The PAMB shall also impose royalties or administrative fees, which shall be determined upon negotiations with concerned proponent/s.

SEC. 8. Ancestral Lands and Rights over them. – Ancestral lands and customary rights and interest arising therefrom shall be accorded due recognition. The DENR through the Protected Areas and Wildlife Bureau (PAWB) shall determine the appropriate procedure for the recognition of ancestral domain claim of the members of the indigenous cultural committees within protected areas: *Provided*, That the DENR shall not evict indigenous communities from their present occupancy nor resettle them to another area without their consent: *Provided*, however, That all rules and regulations whether adversely affecting said communities or not shall be subject to notice and hearing to be participated in by members of the concerned indigenous community.

For proper coordination with the DENR, a Certificate of Ancestral Domain Claim (CADC) Committee shall be established which shall include a representative from the Special Provincial Task Force for Ancestral Domain (PSTFAD), and with adequate representation from indigenous cultural communities and their organizations.

The DENR Secretary shall approve and issue the CADC upon recommendation of the PA-CADC Committee through the PAMB.

**SEC. 9.** Tenured Migrants. – Tenured migrants shall be eligible to become stewards of portions of land within zones that may be designated by DENR and from which tenured migrants may derive subsistence. The DENR shall develop an appropriate tenurial instrument for these inhabitants within the PA.

Tenured migrants shall be considered and treated individually or per household on the basis of head of families with legal dependents.

Tenured migrants occupying portions of ancestral domain shall be treated separately. The PAMB shall develop appropriate mechanisms to resolve this dispute.

Absentee/transient migrants in the PA who do not qualify as tenured migrants shall not be eligible to become stewards of portions of land within multiple-use and sustainable-use zones.

SEC. 10. Other Activities within the PA. – Proposals for the construction of dams, irrigation canals, transmission lines, access roads/trails and buildings which are outside the scope of he management plan for the PA shall, upon the permission of the PAMB, be subject to an environmental impact assessment as required by law before they are adopted, and the results thereof shall be taken into consideration in the decision-making process. No actual implementation of such activities shall be allowed without the required Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) under the Philippine Environmental Assessment (EIA) System. In instances where such activities are allowed to be undertaken, the proponent shall plan and carry them out in such manner as will minimize any adverse effects and take preventive and remedial action when appropriate. The proponent shall be liable for any damage due to lack of action of indiscretion.

The PAMB shall determine which activities for the essential use of the communities shall be allowable, consistent with the management plan, and based on biodiversity criteria and management zoning plan.

Area under the management of other agencies of the government shall be integrated in the overall management plan of the PA.

SEC.11. Local Government Units (LGUs). – LGUs with territory inside the PA shall be found to follow the management plan and adopt it once approved. An LGU cannot just pass ordinances to amend the management plan nor can the management plan be overturned by an ordinance.

Segregation of portions of the PA for LGU use, such as for tourism and industrial estate, shall be assessed based on biodiversity criteria and consistent with the management plan.

Any development/project proposal of the LGU within the PA shall, prior to its implementation, be reviewed, evaluated, and approved by the PAMB.

SEC.12. Income Derived from the PA. – There is hereby established a trust fund to be known as the Integrated Protected Areas Fund (IPAF) for purposes of financing projects of the system. All incomes generated from the operation of the system or management of wild flora and fauna in the PA shall accrue to the Fund. These incomes shall be derived from: fees from permitted sale and export of flora and fauna and other resources from the PA; proceeds from

lease of multiple-used areas; contributions from industries and facilities directly benefiting from the PA; and such other fees and incomes derived from the operation of the PA.

The Fund maybe augmented by grants, donations, endowments from various sources, domestic or foreign for purposes related to their functions: *Provided*, That the Fund shall be deposited as a special account in the National Treasury and disbursement there from shall be made solely for the protection, maintenance, administration and management of the System, and duly approved projects endorsed by the PAMB in accordance with existing accounting and budgeting rules and regulations.

All donations and grants, endowments shall be exempted from donor's taxes and all other taxes, charges and fees imposed by the government.

SEC. 13. Special Prosecutors. – The Department of Justice shall designate special prosecutors to prosecute violations of laws and rules and regulations in the PA:

## SEC. 14. Prohibited Acts. The following are prohibited within the PA:

- 1) Cutting/gathering and/or collecting timber or other forest products without license.- Any person who shall cut, gather, collect, or remove timber or other forest products from any forest land within the PA without any authority under a license or permit, or possess timber or other forest products without the legal documents as required under existing forestry laws and regulations, shall be guilty of Qualified Theft as defined and punishable under Articles 309 and 310 of the Revised Penal Code.
- 2) Squatting Any person, who with the use of force, intimidation or threat, or taking advantage of the absence of tolerance of the landowner/claimant, succeeds in occupying or possessing the property/claim of the later, against his will for residential, commercial or any other purposes, shall be punished by imprisonment ranging from six (6) months to one (1) year or a fine of not less than One thousand pesos (P1,000.00) nor more than Five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) at the discretion of the Court, with subsidiary imprisonment in case of insolvency.

If the offender is a corporation or association, the maximum penalty of five (5) years and the fine of Five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) shall be imposed upon the president, director, manager, or managing partners thereof.

3) Unlawful occupation or destruction within the PA. – Any person who enters and occupies or possesses or makes kaingin for his own private use or for others any land within the PA without authority or permit from the PAMB or in any manner destroys such land or part thereof or causes any damage to the timber stand and other forest products and forest growth found therein shall be punishable by the penalties provided for in Section 15 hereof.

1	4) Except as may be allowed by the nature of their categories and pursuant to the rules
2	and regulations governing the same, the following acts or likewise prohibited within
3	the PA and shall subject those found guilty by the penalties provided in Section 15
4	hereof:
5	a) Hunting, destroying, disturbing, or mere possession of any plants or animals
6	or products derived therefrom without a permit from concern authorities;
7	b) Dumping of any waste products detrimental to the PA, or to the plants and
8	animals or human inhabitants therein;
9	c) Using any motorized equipments with permit from PAMB;
10	d) Mutilating, defacing or destroying objects of natural beauty or objects of
11	interest to cultural communities;
12	e) Damaging and leaving roads and trails in a damaged condition;
13	f) Mineral exploration, and survey of energy resources;
14	g) Constructing or maintaining any kind of structure, fence or enclosures, and
15	conducting any business enterprise without a permit;
16	h) Leaving in exposed or unsanitary conditions refused or debris, or depositing
17	such in the grounds or in bodies of water;
18	i) Altering, removing, destroying or defacing boundary markers monuments or
19	interpretative signs; and
20	j) Entry without a permit of the following:
21	1. Mountain Climbers;
22 23	<ul><li>2. Campers;</li><li>3. Spelunkers;</li></ul>
24	4. Study/Research Groups/Individuals; and
25	5. Visitors
26	The following are absolutely prohibited acts within the PA:
27	a) Mining and sand and gravel quarrying or extraction, and
28	b) Buying, selling, or transferring of rights over any land within the
29	protected area.
30	SEC. 15. Penalties Whoever is found guilty of the acts prohibited under Section 14
31	subsection 3 and 4, of this Act or any rules and regulations issued by the Department pursuant to
32	this Act or whoever is found guilty by competent court of justice of any offenses in the preceding
33	section shall be fined the amount of not less than Five thousand Pesos (P5, 000.00) exclusive or
34	the value of the thing damaged or imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than
35	six (6) years or both as determined by the Court. The offender shall also be required to restore or
36	compensate for the restoration to the damage: Provided, That the court shall order the eviction of
37	the offender from the land and forfeiture in favor of the Government of all minerals, timber, or

1	any plant or animal or animal species collected or removed therefrom including all equipment,
2	devices and firearms used in the connection therewith, or any construction of improvements
3	made thereon by the offender. If the offender is an association or corporation, the president or
4	manager shall be directly responsible for the act of his employees and laborers: Provided, finally,
5	That the DENR shall impose administrative fines and penalties it shall deem fit and consistent

- That the DENR shall impose administrative fines and penalties it shall deem fit and consistent with this Act.
- **SEC. 16.** Appropriations. The Secretary of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources should include in its program the implementation of this Act, the funding of it shall be charged against the Integrated Protected Area Fund authorized under Section 12 hereof and from the appropriations authorized under the annual General Appropriations Act.
- **SEC. 17.** *Transitory Provisions.* All regular and other personnel of DENR Region XI assigned/detailed to the San Isidro Seascape Office prior to the approval of this Act shall form part of the PA regular staff.
- SEC. 18. Separability Clause. If any part or section of this Act is declared unconstitutional such declaration shall not in any manner the other parts or section of this Act.
- SEC. 19. Repealing Clause. All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations found inconsistent with any provision of this Act shall be deemed repealed or modified accordingly.
- SEC. 20. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,