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THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC	C)
OF THE PHILIPPINES) 5
First Regular Session)

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SENATE

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s. B. NO. 1980

Introduced by SENATOR EDGARDO J. ANGARA

EXPLANATORY NOTE

A Philippine passport is an official document of identity and nationality issued to Filipinos intending to travel or sojourn in foreign countries. It gives the bearer the right to receive the protection and assistance of the diplomatic and consular offices of the Republic of the Philippines abroad. Without a passport, departure would be illegal and entry to other countries, difficult and impossible. Being a proclamation of Filipino citizenship, it is superior to all other official documents. As such, it is accorded the highest respect by its holder that to do damage to its integrity and validity is deemed a serious crime that is penalized accordingly.

But like any document, a passport may be tampered with and its contents and its supporting documents spurious, forged or falsified. The Department of Foreign Affairs' statistical data of "fake passport cases" recommended as look-out list for cancellation and prosecution enumerates these instances: a) proliferation of tampered / "baklas" / photo-substituted passports; b) assumed identity; c) declared lost / cancelled passport intercepted by the Bureau of Immigration; d) unclaimed / abandoned Passports at foreign embassies; e) Intercepted passports mailed to US; f) misrepresentation of civil status; g) discrepancy in date; h) submission of spurious / fake documents; i) fake immigration stamps; i) use of stolen passports; and j) double passports.

With the continuing cases of offenses relating to the issuance, possession, use, suspension and revocation of passports, there is an insistent need to amend Republic Act No. 8239, or the Philippine Passport Act of 1996.

These amendments are necessary 1) to simplify the passport documentation requirements and processes before the Office of Consular Affairs, DFA; 2) to add grounds for its amendment, suspension and revocation; 3) to rally for the issuance of passports using tamper proof and the latest data encryption technology, as far as practicable; and 4) to provide stiffer penalties against the perpetrators of the proliferation of "fake passports," among others.

For these, I urge my colleagues to consider the immediate passage of the bill.

DGARDO). ANGARA

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session)		S	APR 26	F1:43
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Introduced by SENATOR EDGARDO J. ANGARA

AN ACT AMENDING CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF REPUBLIC ACT 8239, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "PHILIPPINE PASSPORT ACT OF 1996" AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Section 2 of Republic Act No. 8239, otherwise known as the "Philippine Passport Act of 1996" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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"SEC. 2. Statement of Policy. The people's constitutional right to travel is inviolable. Accordingly, the government has the duty to issue passport **USING TAMPER PROOF** AND LATEST DATA **ENCRYPTION TECHNOLOGY AS MUCH AS PRACTICABLE** or any travel document to any citizen of the Philippines or individual who complies with the requirement of this Act. The right to travel may be impaired only when national security, public safety, or public health requires. To enhance and protect the unimpaired exercise of this right, only minimum requirements for the application and issuance of passports and other travel documents shall be prescribed. Action on such application and the issuance shall be expedited."

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SECTION. 2. Section 5 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as

18 follows:

"SEC. 5. Requirements for the Issuance of Passport. No passport shall be issued to an applicant unless the Secretary or his duly authorized representative is satisfied that the applicant is a Filipino citizen who has complied with the following requirements:

x x x

"[b) The birth certificate duly issued or authenticated by the Office of the Civil Registrar General: Provided, however, That if the birth of the applicant has not been registered yet, or if his birth certificate is destroyed, damaged, or not available due to other causes, he shall apply for delayed registration of his birth with the Office of the Civil Registrar General which shall issue to said applicant a certification of pending application for delayed registration of birth attaching thereto a copy of an accomplished certificate of live birth. Such certification and the accomplished certificate of live birth shall be sufficient to support an application for passport in addition to other papers which the Department may require from the applicant;]"

B) THE APPLICANT'S BIRTH CERTIFICATE IN SECURITY PAPER ISSUED
BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE (NSO) OR A CERTIFICATE
TRUE COPY OF THE BIRTH CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY THE LOCAL
CIVIL REGISTRAR AND DULY AUTHENTICATED BY THE NSO:
PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IF THE APPLICANT WAS BORN
BEFORE 1950 OR HIS BIRTH HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED YET AND
HIS BIRTH CERTIFICATE IS DESTROYED, DAMAGED, OR NOT
AVAILABLE DUE TO OTHER CAUSES, HE / SHE SHALL APPLY FOR
DELAYED REGISTRATION OF HIS / HER BIRTH WITH THE LOCAL
CIVIL REGISTRAR WHERE HE WAS BORN; PROVIDED, FURTHER,
THAT THIS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A JOINT AFFIDAVIT OF
TWO (2) DISINTERESTED PERSONS OF AGE WHO HAVE PERSONAL
KNOWLEDGE OF THE APPLICANT;

"[c) In the absence of a birth certificate, a baptismal certificate for those who are members of a Christian religious organization or similar or equivalent certificate issued by a non-Christian religious group, attesting to the

applicant's having been admitted to such religious group or sect at an early age and where it is indicated that the applicant is a Filipino citizen, which should be accompanied by a joint affidavit by two (2) persons who have personal knowledge of the applicant and of such age as to credibly state the applicant's date and place of birth, citizenship, and names of parents: Provided, That Filipinos who do not believe in any religion and whose parents for any reason failed to have the said applicant baptized shall be exempted, from the baptismal certificate requirement: Provided, further, That in lieu thereof, the applicant shall execute an affidavit to that effect duly corroborated by affidavit of at least two (2) persons of good reputation who personally know such fact;]"

"C) IF THE APPLICANT WAS BORN IN OR AFTER 1950 AND HIS / HER BIRTH CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN DESTROYED, DAMAGED OR IS NOT AVAILABLE AT THE LOCAL CIVIL REGISTRAR AND THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR GENERAL DUE TO OTHER CAUSES, HE / SHE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO FILE FOR LATE REGISTRATION OF BIRTH WITH THE LOCAL CIVIL REGISTRAR: *PROVIDED*, THAT THIS PROVISION WILL NOT PREVENT LATE REGISTRANTS BORN BEFORE 1950 FROM APPLYING FOR LATE REGISTRATION OF BIRTH;

"[d) In case of a woman who is married, separated, divorced or widowed or whose marriage has been annulled or declared by court as void, a copy of the certificate of marriage, court decree of separation, divorce or annulment or certificate of death of the deceased spouse duly issued and authenticated by the Office of tile Civil Registrar General: *Provided*, That in case of a divorce decree, annulment or declaration of marriage as void, the woman applicant may revert to the use of her maiden name: *Provided*, further, That such divorce is recognized under existing laws of the Philippines;

"D) THE APPLICANT'S VOTER'S ID OR AFFIDAVIT DULY ISSUED BY THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS IN THE LOCALITY WHERE THE APPLICANT IS A REGISTERED VOTER IF THE APPLICANT IS ALREADY EIGHTEEN (18) YEARS OF AGE;

authenticated by the Office of tile Civil Registrar General: *Provided*, That in case of a divorce decree, annulment or declaration of marriage as void, the woman applicant may revert to the use of her maiden name: *Provided*, further, That such divorce is recognized under existing laws of the Philippines;

"D) THE APPLICANT'S VOTER'S ID OR AFFIDAVIT DULY ISSUED BY THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS IN THE LOCALITY WHERE THE APPLICANT IS A REGISTERED VOTER IF THE APPLICANT IS ALREADY EIGHTEEN (18) YEARS OF AGE;

"[e) In the case of naturalized citizens, a certified copy of the naturalization certificate; or a certified naturalization certificate of husband or parent duly issued and authenticated by the Office of the Civil Registrar General if citizenship is claimed through naturalization of spouse or parent;]

"E) A MARRIED WOMAN WHO OPTS TO ADOPT THE SURNAME OF HER HUSBAND MUST PRESENT AN AUTHENTICATED COPY OF HER MARRIAGE CONTRACT: *PROVIDED*, THAT A MARRIED WOMAN WHO IS WIDOWED, DIVORCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 26 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 209, AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 227, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE FAMILY CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES OF 1988, OR WHOSE MARRIAGE IS ANNULLED OR DECLARED BY A COURT OF LAW AS VOID, AND WHO OPTS TO REVERT TO THE USE OF HER MAIDEN NAME MUST PRESENT THE AUTHENTICATED DEATH CERTIFICATE OF HER SPOUSE, OR AN AUTHENTICATED COPY OF THE DIVORCE DECREE OR COURT DECREE OF ANNULMENT;

"[f) For an applicant who has not reached the age of majority, an affidavit of consent from a parent as indicated in the passport application if the minor is traveling with either parent, and a clearance from the Department of Social Welfare and Development, if the minor is traveling with a legal guardian or a person other than a parent;]

"F) IN THE CASE OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS, A COPY OF THE NATURALIZATION CERTIFICATE, DULY REGISTERED BY LOCAL CIVIL REGISTRAR AND AUTHENTICATED BY THE OFFICE OF THE CIVILREGISTRAR GENERAL: *PROVIDED*, THAT IN CASE OF DERIVATIVE NATURALIZATION, THE APPLICANT SHALL BE REQUIRED TO PRESENT A COPY OF THE NATURALIZATION CERTIFICATE OF HIS PARENT OR SPOUSE DULY ISSUED AND AUTHENTICATED BY THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR GENERAL;

"[g) If the applicant is an adopted person, the duly certified copy of court order of adoption, together with the original and amended birth certificate duly issued and authenticated by the Office of the Civil Registrar General shall be presented: *Provided*, That in case the adopted person is an infant or a minor or the applicant is for adoption by foreign parents, an authority from the Department of Social Welfare and Development shall be required: *Provided*; *further*, That the adopting foreign parents shall also submit a certificate from their embassy or consulate that they are qualified to adopt such infant or minor child;]

"G) APPLICATIONS FILED BY MINOR PASSPORT APPLICANTS MAY BE PROCESSED ONLY UPON THE PERSONAL APPEARANCE OF EITHER PARENT: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IF A PERSON OTHER THAN THE MINOR'S PARENTS FILES THE APPLICATION, A SPECIAL POWER OF ATTORNEY (SPA) DULY EXECUTED BY EITHER PARENT MUST BE PRESENTED FOR THIS PURPOSE; PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT MINOR APPLICANTS TRAVELING WITH EITHER PARENT MUST PRESENT THE PASSPORT OF HIS TRAVELING COMPANION; PROVIDED, FINALLY, THAT IF HE IS NOT TRAVELING WITH EITHER PARENT, AN AFFIDAVIT OF SUPPORT AND CONSENT FROM EITHER PARENT MUST BE SUBMITTED;

"H) IF THE APPLICANT IS AN ADOPTEE OF FOREIGN PARENTS UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8043, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "INTER-COUNTRY ADOPTION ACT OF 1995," THE CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF A DECREE OF ABANDONMENT OF CHILD, THE DEATH

I	CERTIFICATE OF THE CHILD'S PARENTS, OR THE DEED OF
2	VOLUNTARY COMMITMENT EXECUTED BY EITHER PARENT AFTER
3	THE BIRTH OF THE CHILD SHALL BE PRESENTED: PROVIDED, THAT
4	THE AUTHENTICATED BIRTH CERTIFICATE, THE PLACEMENT
5	AUTHORITY AND THE FORMAL ENDORESEMENT OF THE CHILD TO
6	THE INTER-COUNTRY ADOPTION BOARD BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
7	SOCIAL WELFARE AND DEVELOPMENT MUST ALSO BE PRESENTED;
8	
9	"[(h)] (I) In case of discrepancy between the applicants name in the birth
10	certificate and in any other PUBLIC OR private document[s], the former
11	shall prevail over the latter unless by operation of law or through court
12	order, the applicant is permitted to use A name other than what is
13	officially recorded in the Civil Register; and
14	
15	"(j) If the applicant is a government OFFICIAL OR employee, the travel
16	authority issued by the head of department, agency or office [may] SHALL
17	ONLY be required [only if said applicant] IF HE is applying for A
18	DIPLOMATIC OR an official passport."
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21	SECTION. 3. Section 6 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
22	follows:
23	i -
24	"SEC. 6. Application. The application [may] MUST be filed by ANY OF THE
25	FOLLOWING:
26	
27	a) The applicant himself or herself; or
28	
29	b) The parent or legal guardian on behalf of an applicant who is below the
30	age of majority [.], A SENIOR CITIZEN, OR A PERSON SUFFERING
31	FROM ANY DISABILITY WHICH IMPAIRS HIS / HER MEANS OF
32	COMMUNICATION; OR"
33	; !
34	"C) A TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCY DULY ACCREDITED WITH
35	THE DEPARTMENT.
36	

["In case of first time applicants, the applicant must present himself / 1 2 herself in person to prove that he or she is the same person and of the age claimed in the application form. In case of renewal the application may 3 be filed by any licensed travel agency duly accredited by the Department 4 of Foreign Affairs: Provided, That the agent shall be responsible for the 5 6 authenticity or bona fide of the supporting documents being presented to meet the requirements for the application of passports.]" 7 8 "IN CASE OF FIRST-TIME APPLICANTS, HE / SHE MUST PRESENT 9 HIMSELF / HERSELF IN PERSON TO PROVE THAT HE / SHE IS THE 10 SAME PERSON AND OF THE AGE CLAIMED IN THE APPLICATION 11 REQUIREMENT MAY BE WAIVED WHEN THE 12 APPLICANT IS NOT MORE THAN EIGHT (8) YEARS OLD, OR AT 13 LEAST SIXTY (60) YEARS OLD, OR MENTALLY OR PHYSICALLY 14 INCAPACITATED. 15 16 17 "IN CASE OF A PASSPORT APPLICATION FILED BY A RECRUITMENT OR TRAVEL AGENCY DULY ACCREDITED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF 18 FOREIGN AFFAIRS, THE AGENT SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE 19 **AUTHENTICITY OF THE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS SECURED AND** 20 21 PRESENTED BY THE AGENT TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE APPLICATION OF PASSPORTS. 22 23 24 "THE DEPARTMENT SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE ALTERNATIVE DOCUMENTS AS MAY BE SPECIFIED 25 SUPPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS FORMULATED TO 26 **ENFORCE THIS LAW."** 27 28 29 **SECTION. 4.** Section 7, subsections (a) and (b) of the same Act is hereby 30 amended to read as follows: 31 32

"SEC. 7. Types of Passports. The Secretary or the authorized representative

or consular officer may issue the following types of passports:

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1	"a) Diplomatic [passport] PASSPORTS [for persons imbued] SHALL BE
2	ISSUED TO PERSONS with diplomatic status or are on A diplomatic
3	mission such as:
4	
5	"1. The President and former Presidents of the Republic of the Philippines;
6	
7 .	"2. The Vice-President and former Vice-Presidents of the Republic of the
8	Philippines;
9	
10	"3. The INCUMBENT Senate President and the Speaker of the House of
11	Representatives;
12	
13	"4. The INCUMBENT Chief Justice of the Supreme Court AND
14	INCUMBENT ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT
15	AND THE PRESIDING JUSTICE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS;
16	
17	"5. The [Cabinet Secretaries,] INCUMBENT SECRETARY, [and the]
18	Undersecretaries and Assistant Secretaries of the Department of
19	Foreign Affairs;
20	
21	"6. INCUMBENT MEMBERS OF CONGRESS;
22	
23	"7. [6. Ambassadors, Foreign Service Officers of all ranks in the career
24	diplomatic service. Attaches, and members of their families] THE
25	INCUMBENT SECRETARIES OF ALL OTHER DEPARTMENTS OF
26	THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH;
27	
28	"8 [7. Members of the Congress when on official mission abroad or as
29	delegates to international conferences] AMBASSADORS
30	EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARIES OF THE REPUBLIC
31	OF THE PHILIPPINES;
32	
33	"9. [8. The Governor of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas and delegates to
34	international or regional conferences when on official mission or
35	accorded full powers by the President; and] CHIEFS OF MISSION,
36	FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS OF ALL RANKS IN THE CAREER

1	DIPLOMATIC SERVICE, INCLUDING DESIGNATED DEPARTMENT
2	OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS ATTACHES AND DESIGNATED ATTACHES
3	FROM ATTACHED AGENCIES OF THE GOVERNMENT;
4	
5	"10. [9. Spouses and unmarried minor children of the above-mentioned
6	officials when accompanying or following to join them in an official
7	mission abroad.] FORMAR AMBASSADORS EXTRAORDINARY AND
8	PLENIPOTENTIARIES OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
9	AND FORMER FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS WITH THE RANK OF
10	CHIEFS OF MISSION;
11	
12	"11. THE INCUMBENT GOVERNOR OF THE BANGKO SENTRAL NG
13	PILIPINAS;
14	
15	"12. OFFICIAL DELEGATES TO INTERNATIONAL OR REGIONAL
16	CONFERENCES ACCORDED FULL POWERS BY THE PRESIDENT;
17	AND
18	
19	"13, SPOUSE AND UNMARRIED MINOR CHILDREN OF THE ABOVE-
20	MENTIONED OFFICIALS, WHEN ACCOMPANYING OR
21	FOLLOWING THEM IN AN OFFICIAL MISSION ABROAD.
22	
23	"The President of the Philippines and the Secretary of the Department
24	of Foreign Affairs may grant diplomatic passports to officials and
25	persons other: than those enumerated herein who are on official
26	mission abroad AND ARE GRANTED FULL POWERS BY THE
27	PRESIDENT.
28	
29	"b) Official [Passport] PASSPORTS [to be] SHALL BE issued to all government
30	officials and employees on official trip abroad but who are not on a
31	diplomatic mission [or delegates to international or regional conferences]
32	or not have been accorded diplomatic status such as:
33	
34	"1. INCUMBENT Undersecretaries [and], Assistant Secretaries of the
35	Cabinet other than the Department of Foreign Affairs, the Associate
36	Justices OF THE COURT OF APPEALS and other members of the

1	Judiciary [,] [members of the Congress] and all other government
2	officials and employees traveling on [official business and] official
3	time;
4	
5	"2. [Staff officers and employees of the Department of Foreign Affairs
6	assigned to diplomatic and consular posts and officers and
7	representatives of other government departments and agencies
8	assigned abroad] PAST SENATE PRESIDENTS AND SPEAKERS OF
9	THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES;
10	
11	"3. [Persons in the domestic service and household members of officials
12	assigned to diplomatic or consular posts] RETIRED CHIEF JUSTICES
13	AND ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT;
14	
15	"4. [Spouses and unmarried minor children of the officials mentioned
16	above when accompanying or following to join them.] STAFF
17	OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN
18	AFFAIRS ASSIGNED TO DIPLOMATIC OR CONSULAR POSTS AND
19	OFFICES AND REPRESENTATIVES OF OTHER GOVERNMENT
20	AGENCIES ASSIGNED ABROAD; "
21	
22	"5. PERSONS IN THE DOMESTIC SERVICE AND HOUSEHOLD
23	MEMBERS OF OFFICIALS ASSIGNED TO DIPLOMATIC OR
24	CONSULAR POSTS NOT EXCEEDING TWO (2); AND
25	
26	"6. SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN OF THE INCUMBENT
27	OFFICIALS MENTIONED ABOVE, WHEN ACCOMPANYING OR
28	FOLLOWING TO JOIN THEM."
29	
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31	SECTION. 5. Section 8 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
32	follows:
33	,
34	"SECTION. 8. Grounds for Denial, Cancellation or Restrictions The
35	application for a passport may be denied, cancelled or restricted only on the
36	following grounds:

1	
2	"a) Denial of Passport
3	· ·
4	"1. [On orders of the court, after due notice and hearing, to hold the
5	departure of an applicant because of a pending criminal case] FAILURE
6	OF THE APPLICANT TO PRESENT DOCUMENTARY REQUIREMENTS
7	TO SUPPORT THE PASSPORT APPLICATION;
8	
9	"2. When so requested by the PARENT [natural] or legal guardian, if the
10	applicant is a minor;
11	
12	"3. [When the applicant has been found to have violated any of the
13	provisions of this Act] ON ORDERS OF THE COURT, AFTER DUE
14	NOTICE AND HEARING, TO WITHHOLD THE PROCESSING OF A
15	PASSPORT;
16	
17	"4. WHEN THE APPLICANT IS A FUGITIVE FROM JUSTICE;
18	
19	"5. WHEN THE APPLICANT HAS BEEN CONVICTED BY FINAL
20	JUDGMENT OF A CRIMINAL OFFENSE;
21	
22	"6. [Such other disqualification under existing laws.] VIOLATION BY THE
23	APPLICANT OF ANY OF THE PROVISIONS OF REPUBLIC ACT NO.
24	8239, AS AMENDED;
25	
26	"7. UPON LAWFUL ORDER OF THE SECRETARY WHEN HE DEEMS IT
27	NECESSARY IN THE INTEREST OF NATIONAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC
28	SAFETY;
29	
30	"8. CANCELLATION OF APPLICANT'S PASSPORT UNDER SECTION 8 (b)
31	HEREOF; AND
32	
33	"9. SUCH OTHER DISQUALIFICATIONS UNDER EXISTING LAWS.
34	
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36	"b) Cancellation OF PASSPORT

government policy, enforcement [of] action by the United Nations, or IS

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in a state of war [.];"

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	OR	BY	THE	OFFICE	OF	THE	PRESIDENT	TO	Α	SPECIFIED
	DES	TINA	TION	ONLY; AN	ND					

"5. WHEN THE APPLICANT'S SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS APPEAR INADEQUATE TO ESTABLISH FILIPINO CITIZENSHIP AND THE TRAVEL IS FOR URGENT MEDICAL REASONS AS CERTIFIED BY A PHYSICIAN, OR TO ATTEND TO A SERIOUSLY ILL IMMEDIATE **FAMILY MEMBER** WITHIN THE **SECOND DEGREE** CONSANGUINITY OR AFFINITY."

SECTION. 6. Section 10 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as ollows:

"SEC. 10. Validity. - Regular passports issued under this Act shall be valid for a period of five (5) years: Provided, however, That the issuing authority may limit the period of validity to less than five (5) years whenever [in the national economic interest or political stability of the country such restriction is necessary] THE SECRETARY DEEMS THAT NATIONAL SECURITY, PUBLIC SAFETY OR PUBLIC HEALTH SO REQUIRES OR WHENEVER THE APPLICANT'S SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS APPEAR INADEQUATE TO FSTABLISH FILIPINO CITIZENSHIP AND THE TRAVEL IS FOR A COMPELLING REASON AS MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT: Provided, finally, That a new passport may be issued to replace one which validity has expired [, the old passport being returned to the holder after cancellation]."

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"THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ISSUE TEN (10)YEAR VALIDITY PASSPORTS TWO (2) YEARS AFTER THE EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT, AS AMENDED: PROVIDED, THAT NO SUCH PASSPORT SHALL BE ISSUED TO ANY INDIVIDUAL UNDER TWENTY (20) YEARS OLD.

1	"DIPLOMATIC AND OFFICIAL PASSPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO
2	THE DEPARTMENT FOR REVALIDATION BEFORE EACH DEPARTURE OF
3	THE HOLDER."
4	
5	
6	SECTION. 7. Section 14 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
7	follows:
8	;
9	"SEC. 14. Amendments A passport may be amended at the request of the
10	holder for any [lawful purpose, but such amendment should be approved by
11	the Secretary or his duly authorized diplomatic or consular officers.] OF THE
12	FOLLOWING PURPOSES:
13	
14	"A) AMENDMENTS OF A WOMAN'S NAME DUE TO MARRIAGE; OR
15	
16	"B) AMENDMENT OF A WOMAN'S NAME DUE TO DEATH OF SPOUSE,
17	ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE OR ISSUANCE OF A DIVORCE DECREE
18	GRANTED BY A FOREIGN COURT CONSISTENT WITH ARTICLE 26
19	OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 209, AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE
20	ORDER NO. 227, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE FAMILY CODE OF
21	THE PHILIPPINES OF 1988."
22	
23	"AMENDMENT MAY NOT BE MADE DUE TO ERROR IN SCRIPTING
24	OR DISCREPANCY IN THE PERSONAL DATA OF THE HOLDER.
25	
26	"C) AMENDMENTS BY ORDER OF A COMPETENT COURT AND/OR
27	PURSUANT TO REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9048.
28	
29	["Diplomatic and official passports shall be submitted for revalidation
30	before each departure of the holder.]"
31	
32	
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34	SECTION. 8. Section 16 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
35	follows:
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"SEC. 16. Fees. – Reasonable fees shall be collected for the processing, issuance, [extension] EXTENSIONS, amendment or replacement of a lost passport and the issuance of a Travel Document as may be determined by the Department: *Provided, however*, That any fee shall not be increased more than once every three (3) years."

SECTION. 9. Section 17 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 17. *Passport Revolving Fund.* - The Department may charge a **REASONABLE** service fee [of not more than Two Hundred Fifty Pesos (P250)] for such service rendered to applicants relating to the processing and issuance of passports requiring special consideration, waiver or issuance beyond regular office hours. The service fees received by the Department under this section shall constitute a revolving fund to be called the "Passport Revolving Fund" which may be utilized by the Department for the improvement of its passporting and consular services and other Department services except travel transportation allowances and expenses.

 "The setting up, use and disbursement of funds shall be subject to review, accounting and auditing rules and regulations of the Commission on Audit and will be subject to an annual 'review by Congress, but the Secretary will submit a report on the, disbursement of the fund every six (6) months to both the Senate arid the House Committees on Foreign Relations.

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SECTION. 10. Section 19, subsections (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of the same Act are hereby amended and a new subsection to be designated as subsection (F) is hereby added to read as follows:

"SEC. 19. Offenses and Penalties. - A passport, being a proclamation of [the] citizenship of a Filipino, [is a document that] is superior to all other [official] documents [.], [As such]. AND AS SUCH, [it] should be accorded the highest respect by its holder [that to do damage to its integrity and validity is a

serious crime that should be penalized accordingly']. ANY ACT PREJUDICAL TO ITS INTEGRITY IS A GRAVE CRIME OF SECURITY AGAINST THE STATE AND SHOULD BE PENALIZED ACCORDINGLY.

a.) Offenses Relating to Issuance [s]: Penalties. - Any person who

"1. Acting or claiming to act in any capacity or office under the Republic of the Philippines, without lawful authority, ACCEPT PASSPORT APPLICATIONS, grants, issues or verifies any passport or travel document to any or for any person whomsoever, OR IS CAUGHT SELLING IN WHATEVER CAPACITY PASSPORT APPLICATION FORMS, OR LOST OR STOLEN PASSPORTS AND TRAVEL DOCUMENTS shall be punished by a fine of not less than [Fifteen Thousand pesos (P15,000)] TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P25,000) nor more than [Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000)] SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) and imprisonment of not less than [eighteen (18) months] SIX (6) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY nor more than [six (6) TWELVE (12) years; or

"2. Being a diplomatic or consular official authorized to grant, issue, amend or verify passports, knowingly and willfully grants, issues, amends or verifies any such passport to any or for any person not owing allegiance to the Republic of the Philippines, whether citizen or not, shall be punished by a fine of not less than [Fifteen thousand pesos (P 15,000)] TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P25,000) nor more than [Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000)] SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) and imprisonment of not less than [eighteen (18) months] SIX (6) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY but not more than [six (6)) TWELVE (12) years and upon conviction, be PERPETUALLY disqualified from holding [appointive] public office; AND

"3. Being a diplomatic or consular officer knowingly and willfully grants and issues to, amends or certifies to the authenticity of any passport or travel document for any person not entitled thereto, or knowingly and willfully issues more than one passport to any person except as provided for in this Act shall be punished by a fine of not less than [Fifteen thousand pesos (P 15,000)] TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P25,000) nor more than

[Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000)] SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) and imprisonment of not less than [eighteen (18) months) SIX (6) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY nor more than [six (6) TWELVE (12) years and upon conviction, be PERPETUALLY disqualified from holding [appointive] public office.

"b) Offenses Relating to False Statements: Penalties. - Any person who willfully and knowingly:

"1. Makes any false statement in any application for passport with the intent to induce or secure the issuance of a passport under the authority of the Philippine Government, either for his own use or the use of another, contrary to this Act or rules and regulations prescribed pursuant hereto shall be punished by a fine of not less than [Fifteen thousand pesos (P 15,000)] TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P25,000) nor more than [Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000)] SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) and imprisonment of not less than [three (3) years] SIX (6) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY nor more than [ten (10)] TWELVE (12) years; or

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"2. Uses or attempts to use any passport which was secured in any way by reason of any false statements, shall be punished by a fine of not less than [Fifteen thousand pesos (P 15,000)] TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P25,000) nor more than [Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000)] SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) and imprisonment of not less than [three (3) years] SIX (6) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY, but not more than [ten (10) TWELVE (12) years [; or]. AND

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"3. Travel and recruitment agencies whose OFFICERS, agents, liaison officers or representatives are convicted of offenses relating to false statements shall in addition to the fines and penalties abovementioned have their license revoked with all deposits, escrow accounts or guarantee funds deposited or made as a requirement of their business forfeited in favor of the government [without prejudice to the officials of the branch office or of the agency being charged as accessories to the offense and upon

conviction barred from engaging in the travel or recruitment agency 1 2 business]. IN THE EVENT THAT AN AGENT, LIAISON OFFICER OR 3 REPRESENTATIVE OF THE TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCY IS 4 CONVICTED, HE SHALL BE BARRED FROM ENGAGING IN THE TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCY BUSINESS. 5 6 7 "c) Offenses Relating to Forgery: Penalties. - Any person who: 8 9 "1. Falsely makes, forges, counterfeits, mutilates or alters any passport [or], 10 travel document, DEPARTMENT STAMPS, or any supporting document 11 for a passport application, with the intent of using the same shall be 12 punished by a fine of not less than [Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000)] 13 SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) nor more than [One 14 Hundred Fifty thousand pesos (P150,000)] TWO 15 THOUSAND PESOS (P200,000) and imprisonment of not less than six (6) 16 years nor more than fifteen (15) years; or 17 18 X X X19 20 21 "d) Offenses Relating to Improper Use: Penalties. - Any person who willfully 22 and knowingly: 23 24 "1. Uses or attempts to use any passport issued or designed for the use of 25 another or any supporting documents for a passport application which 26 belongs to another; or 27 28 "2. Uses or attempts to use any passport or supporting document in violation 29 of the conditions or restrictions therein contained, or of the rules 30 prescribed pursuant thereto; or 31 32 "3. Furnishes, disposes or delivers a passport to any person, [for use by 33 another or other than the, person for whose use it was originally issued or 34 designated; or] OTHER THAN THAT IN WHOSE NAME AND FOR 35 WHOSE USE IT WAS ISSUED, DESIGNATED OR INTENDED, EXCEPT 36

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RELEASED TO HIS PARENT, GUARDIAN OR IMMEDIATE RELATIVE: PROVIDED, THAT IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY AND FOR HUMANITARIAN REASONS, THE HEAD OF THE OFFICE OF CONSULAR AFFAIRS OR THE HEAD OF THE CONSULAR SECTION OF ANY EMBASSY OR THE CONSUL GENERAL OF A CONSULATE MAY, UPON HIS DISCRETION, RELEASE THE PASSPORT TO A THIRD PARTY UPON THE SUBMISSION OF A WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM THE APPLICANT; OR

"4. Defaces or destroys a Philippine passport, shall be punished by a fine of not less than Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000) nor more than One hundred and fifty thousand pesos (P150,000) and imprisonment of not less than six (6) years nor more than fifteen (15) years.

"TRAVEL AND RECRUITMENT AGENCIES WHOSE OFFICERS, AGENTS, LIAISON OFFICERS OR REPRESENTATIVES ARE CONVICTED OF OFFENSES RELATING TO IMPROPER USE SHALL BE BARRED FROM ENGAGING IN THE TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCY BUSINESS.

"e) Offenses Relating'to Multiple Possession: Penalties.- No person or individual may hold more than one valid passport, except as provided for in Section 7 hereof, and any individual who possesses more than one unexpired passport shall, for every unexpired passport found in his possession, be punished by a fine of not less [Fifteen thousand pesos (P15,000)] TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P25,000) nor more than [Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000)] SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) and imprisonment of not less than [eighteen (18) months] SIX (6) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY [but not] NOR more than [six (6)] TWELVE (12) years: Provided, That the maximum fine and imprisonment shall be imposed by the court if he attempts to use or actually uses an unexpired passport which is not in his name.

"In case any of the offenses prohibited in this Act constitutes a violation of the Revised Penal Code and the penalty imposed in said Code is heavier than that provided in this Act, the latter shall be imposed.

"1. KNOWINGLY FORGES, COUNTERFEITS, ALTERS, OR FALSELY MAKES ANY IMMIGRANT OR NON-IMMIGRANT VISA, PERMIT, BORDER CROSSING CARD, ALIEN REGISTRATION CARD (ARC), OR OTHER DOCUMENT PRESCRIBED BY STATUTE OR REGULATION FOR ENTRY INTO OR AS EVIDENCE OF AUTHORIZED STAY OR EMPLOYMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES OR ELSEWHERE, OR USES, ATTEMPTS TO USE. POSSESSES, OBTAINS, ACCEPTS, OR RECEIVES ANY SUCH VISA, PERMIT, BORDER CROSSING CARD, ALIEN REGISTRATION RECEIPT CARD, OR OTHER DOCUMENT PRESCRIBED BY STATUTE OR REGULATION FOR ENTRY INTO OR AS EVIDENCE OF AUTHORIZED STAY OR EMPLOYMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES OR ELSEWHERE, KNOWING IT TO BE FORGED, COUNTERFEITED, ALTERED, OR FALSELY MADE, OR TO HAVE BEEN PROCURED BY MEANS OF ANY FALSE CLAIM OR STATEMENT, OR TO HATVE BEEN OTHERWISE PROCURED BY FRAUD OR UNLAWFULLY OBTAINED: PROVIDED, THAT THE USE OF FORGED, COUNTERFEITED, ALTERED, OR FALSELY MADE VISA, PERMIT, BORDER CROSSING CARD, ALIEN REGISTRATION CARD, OR OTHER ENTRY DOCUMENT SHALL BE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF KNOWLEDGE; OR

"2. EXCEPT UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OR OTHER APPROPRIATE OFFICES, KNOWINGLY POSSESSES ANY BLANK PERMIT, OR ENGRAVES, SELLS, BRINGS INTO THE PHILIPPINES, OR HAS IN HIS CONTROL OR POSSESSION IN ANY PLATE OR IN THE LIKENESS OF A PLATE DESIGNED FOR THE PRINTING OF PERMITS, OR MAKES ANY PRINT, PHOTOGRAPH, OR IMPRESSION IN THE LIKENESS OF ANY IMMIGRANT OR NONIMMIGRANT VISA, PERMIT OR OTHER DOCUMENT REQUIRED FOR ENTRY INTO THE PHILIPPINES OR ELSEWHERE, OR HAS IN HIS POSSESSION A DISTINCTIVE PAPER WHICH HAS BEEN ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS FOR THE PRINTING OF SUCH VISAS, PERMITS, OR DOCUMENTS SHALL BE PUNISHED BY A

POSSESSION A DISTINCTIVE PAPER WHICH HAS BEEN ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS FOR THE PRINTING OF SUCH VISAS, PERMITS, OR DOCUMENTS SHALL BE PUNISHED BY A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P25,000) NOR MORE THAN SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) AND IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN THREE (3) YEARS, BUT NOT MORE THAN TEN (10) YEARS: PROVIDED, THAT THE PERSON WHO FORGES, COUNTERFEITS, ALTERS OR FALSELY MAKES ANY IMMIGRANT OR NON-IMMIGRANT VISA, PERMIT, BORDER CROSSING CARD, ALIEN REGISTRATION CARD, OR OTHER ENTRY DOCUMENT SHALL BE PUNISHED BY A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P75,000) NOR MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P200,000) AND IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) YEARS NOR MORE THAN FIFTEEN (15) YEARS FOR EACH VISA OR ENTRY DOCUMENT."

SECTION. 11. Section 20 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 20. Suspension / REVOCATION of Accreditation. - [Any duly accredited travel or recruitment agent or agency which violates the prescription on application for passport under Section 6 hereof shall have such accreditation suspended without prejudice to civil, criminal 'of administrative sanctions including revocation of 'its license to operate.]

DULY ACCREDITED TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCIES ARE ALLOWED THE PRIVILEGE TO TRANSACT BUSINESS, WITH THE DEPARTMENT ON THE BASIS OF TRUST AND CONFIDENCE. FOR THE EXERCISE OF THIS PRIVILEGE, TRAVEL AND RECRUITMENT AGENCIES, SHALL BE REQUIRED TO SECURE ACCREDITATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT.

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"ANY TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCY WHICH VIOLATES ANY
 PROVISION OF THIS ACT SHALL HAVE ITS ACCREDITATION
 SUSPENDED OR REVOKED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SCHEDULE OF

1	OR CRIMINAL SANCTIONS AGAINST THE AGENCY, ITS OFFICERS,
2	AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES.
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4	"The [mere] submission of spurious, forged or falsified documents supporting
5	a passport application by any duly accredited travel or recruitment agency
6	shall be prima facie evidence that the said travel or recruitment agency is the
7	author of such forgery or falsification: PROVIDED, THAT THE SPURIOUS,
8	FORGED OR FALSIFIED DOCUMENT SUBMITTED IS SECURED BY THE
9	TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCY IN BEHALF OF ITS CLIENT."
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12	SECTION. 12. Repealing Clause All laws or parts thereof, decrees, orders,
13	rules and regulations deemed inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby
14	repealed or modified accordingly.
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16	SECTION. 13. Separability Clause If any provision of this act is declared
17	unconstitutional or invalid, the other provisions not affected thereby shall remain in
18	full force and effect.
19	
20	SECTION. 14. Effectivity Clause - This Act shall take effect immediately
21	following its complete and full publication in the Official Gazette or in a
22	newspaper of general circulation.
23	
24 25	Approved,