FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF T	ΓHE REPUBLIC)	
OF THE PHILIPPINES	)	8 APR 17 (23:11)
First Regular Session	)	
	SENATE S. No. <u>2172</u>	HICEIVED HY:

## Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Constitution, Article II, Section 13 provides:

The State recognizes the vital role of the youth in nation-building and shall promote and protect their physical, moral, spiritual, intellectual, and social well-being. It shall inculcate in the youth patriotism and nationalism, and encourage their involvement in public and civic affairs.

The convention on the Rights of the Child provides for minimum standard of protection of children against sexual abuse and exploitation. The Philippines, in compliance with its state obligation has provided legislative measure to address the child sexual abuse and exploitation which the Committee on the Rights of the Child characterized as a "relatively advanced legal framework." Nevertheless, the Committee still has grave concerns about the sexual exploitation of children, including growing child prostitution, and the reported cases of child pornography in the state party."

More specifically, the Committee observes that the "minimum age of sexual consent" is not "clearly established" in the law and that the Penal code "imposes maximum penalties for sexual offenses when the victim is under twelve (12) years of age but imposes lower penalties for sexual offenses against minors over twelve (12) years of age." Thus, the Committee recommends that the Philippines review its domestic legislation on children's protection against sexual abuse and exploitation including providing equal sanctions to all sexual offenders. It likewise recommends that the Philippines "set a clearly defined minimum age of sexual consent at an internationally acceptable level in its domestic law."

Based on a comparative observation, the Philippines has one of the lowest minimum age established in determining statutory sexual abuses committed against children. Existing legislation also provides differential treatment on children in terms of application of particular provisions of sexual abuse protection laws and in terms of imposition of these laws when a child is below or above the minimum age of consent.

Pursuant to the obligation of the Philippines under the Convention on the Rights of the Child, this bill amends the provision of the Penal Code by raising the minimum age of consent to determine statutory rape to below 16 years of age. In this regard, it amends or repeals the other provisions of the Penal Code, as well as special laws with the attempt to address the disparity in the treatment of those persons who are below twelve (12) years old and those twelve (12) years but below 18 years of age.

The Committee did not state the particular age that is acceptable at the international level but a comparative observation of other countries' laws around the world shows that the Philippines has one of the lowest minimum age for determining statutory rape.

MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGO

OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session	,	B MR 17 P3:1
	SENATE S. No. <u>2172</u>	HECEIVED BY:
Introduced b	oy Senator Miriam Defenso	r Santiago
INCREASING THE AGE FOR ACTS OF SEXUAL ABUSE PROTECTION FOR CHILDRI 3815, AS AMENDE	AND EXPLOITATION T	O PROVIDE STRONGER R THIS PURPOSE ACT NO.
Be it enacted by the Sena Congress assembled:	te and the House of Repres	entatives of the Philippines in
SECTION 1. Short Title.	- This Act shall be known	as the "Age of Statutory Rape
and Acts of Sexual Abuse Act of	f 2008."	
SECTION 2. The Penal	Code, Article 266-A (1) (d)	is hereby amended to read as
follows:		
"Article 266-A. Rape – When an	nd How Committed. Rape is	s committed:
1) By a man who shall	have carnal knowledge o	f a woman under any of the
following circumstances:		
••••		
(d) When the off	ended party is under SIXT	EEN (16) [twelve (12)] years
of age or is demented, ev	ren though none of the circu	ımstances mentioned above be
present."		
NO RAPE IS COMMIT	TED IF THE PERSON WI	HO SHALL HAVE CARNAL
KNOWLEDGE WITH ANOTH	ER WHO IS UNDER SIX	TEEN (16) YEARS OF AGE
IS HIMSELF OR HERSELF U	NDER EIGHTEEN (18) Y	EARS OF AGE; PROVIDED
THAT THE PERSON IS NOT	MORE THAN TWO (2)	YEARS OLDER THAN THE
VICTIM; PROVIDED FURT	HER THAT NONE OF	THE CIRCUMSTANCES,
MENTIONED IN PARAGRAP	H 1 A, B, OR C ARE PRES	SENT.

- SECTION 3. Repealing Clause. Republic Act No. 7610 Section 5 (b), Act No.
- 2 3815 Articles 337, 338, 339, 342 and 343, and all laws, acts, presidential decrees,
- 3 executive orders, administrative orders, rules and regulations inconsistent with or
- 4 contrary to the provisions of this Act are deemed amended, modified or repealed
- 5 accordingly.
- 6 SECTION 4. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act is held invalid or
- 7 unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act or the provision not otherwise affected shall
- 8 remain valid and subsisting.
- 9 SECTION 5. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
- its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.
- 11 Approved,

/jps